

Translating Ontologies in Real-World Settings with ESSOT

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to demonstrate why a domain-aware machine translation system can help domain experts in translating ontologies

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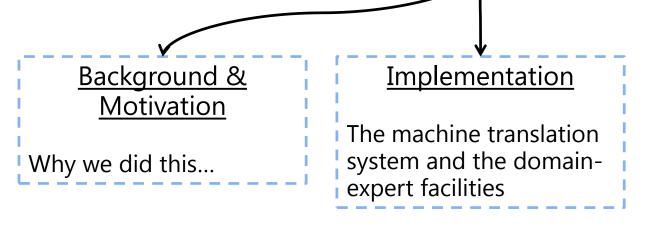
ESSOT: a collaborative knowledge management architecture for ontology translation

Background & Motivation

Why we did this...

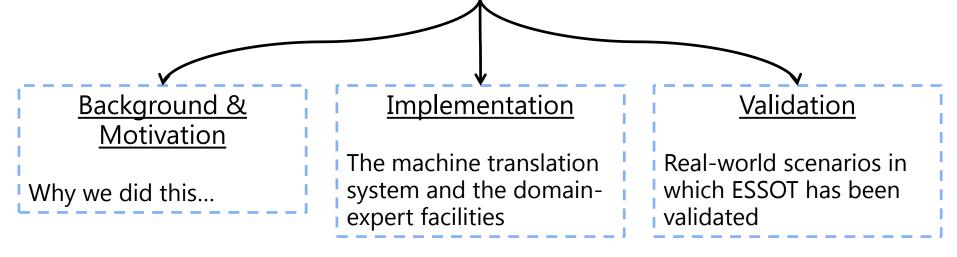
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ESSOT: a collaborative knowledge management architecture for ontology translation

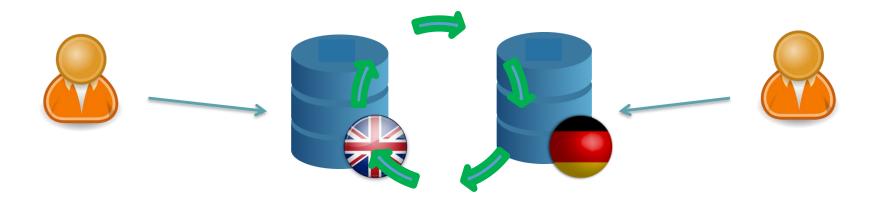


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ESSOT: a collaborative knowledge management architecture for ontology translation

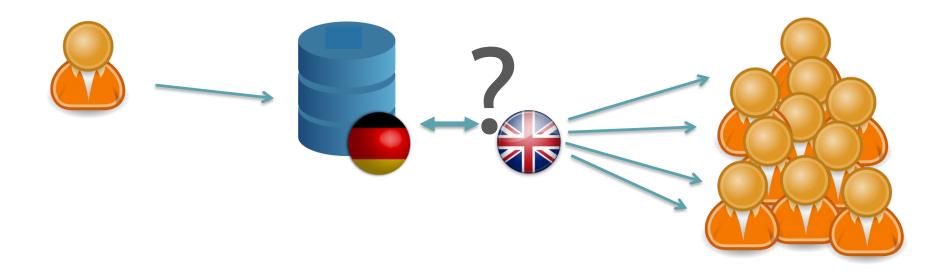


Motivation 1 – Breaking language barriers



- Ontologies created by people do not know other languages than their mother tongue
- Collaborative work and alignment in a multi-lingual scenario.
 - end-user applications

Motivation 2 – Knowledge Dissemination



Artefacts are created in specific languages due to policy constraints

Translation Task: Documents vs Ontologies

Example: "vessels" → Gefäß or Schiff

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DOCUMENT

- Context 1 (<u>Gefäß</u>): The <u>blood</u>
 vessels are the part of the
 circulatory system that transports
 blood throughout the human
 body. There are three major
 types of <u>blood</u> vessels
- Context 2 (<u>Schiff</u>): Ships are typically large <u>ocean-going</u> vessels; whereas <u>boats</u> are smaller, and typically travel most often on inland or coastal waters.

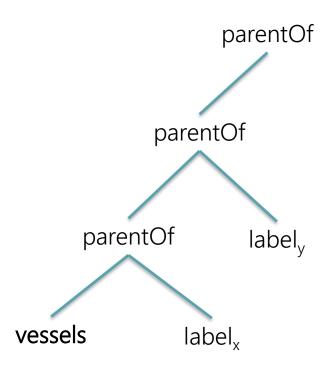
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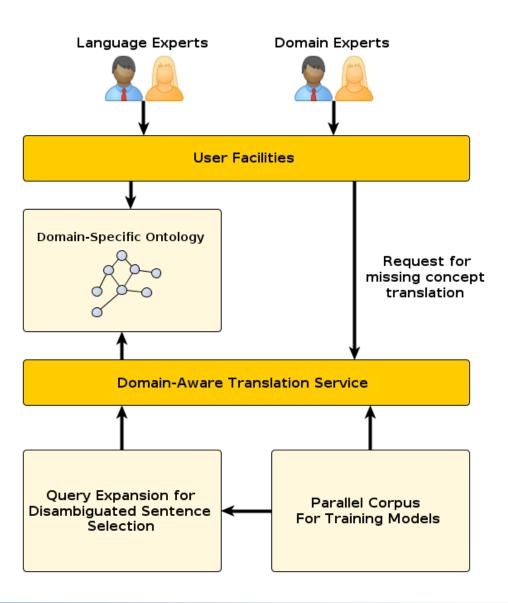
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- Context 1 (<u>Gefäß</u>): The <u>blood</u> vessels are the part of the circulatory system that transports blood throughout the human body. There are three major types of <u>blood</u> vessels
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ONTOLOGY



ESSOT Architecture







Word2Vec Machinery

Multi-dimensional Matrix

vessels0.539560.2232 ...ship0.487830.6540 ...radiator0.512490.6511 ...cruisers0.595400.1213 ...sank0.480960.5415 ...Wreckage0.490360.5165 ...fleet0.481040.5646 ...Shaft0.165410.6544 ...

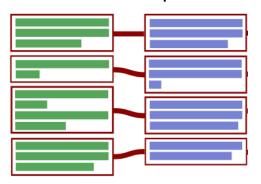


Word2Vec Machinery

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Parallel Corpora



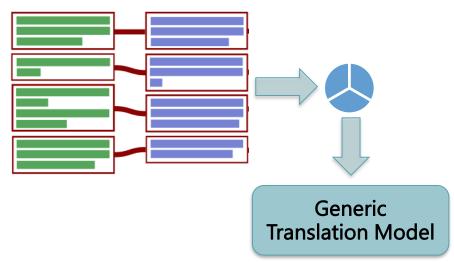


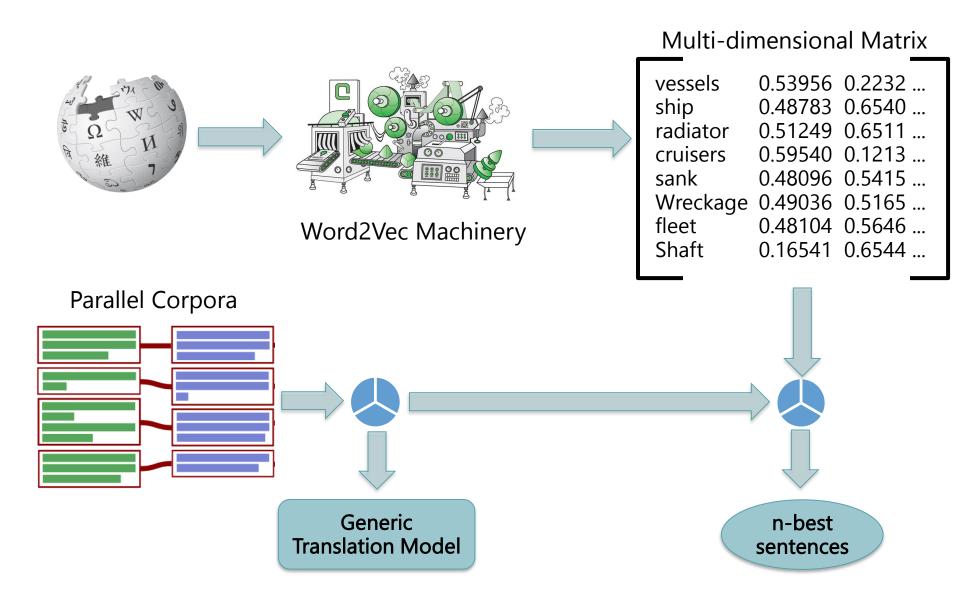
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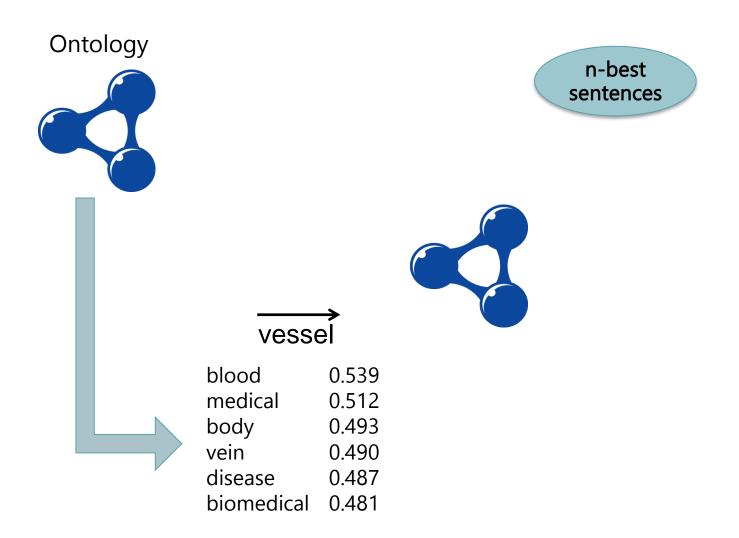
Ontology

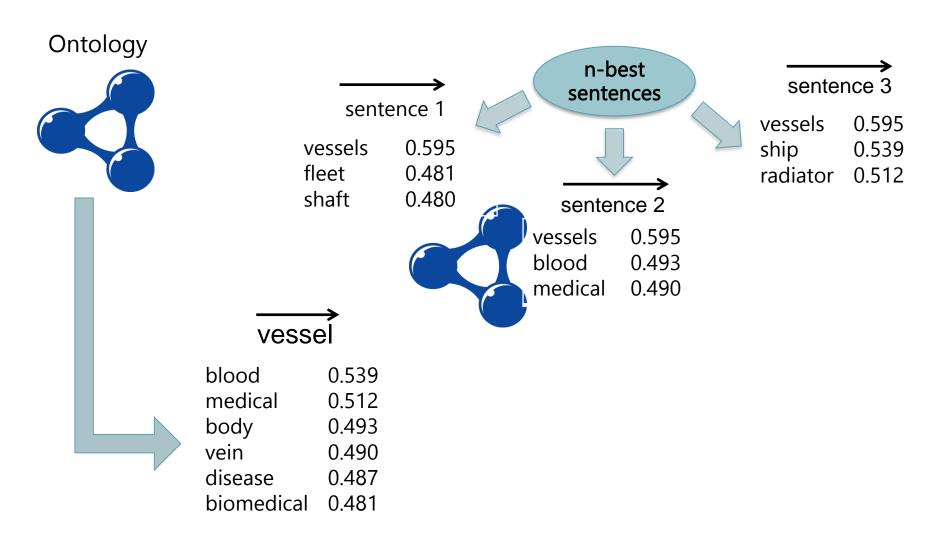


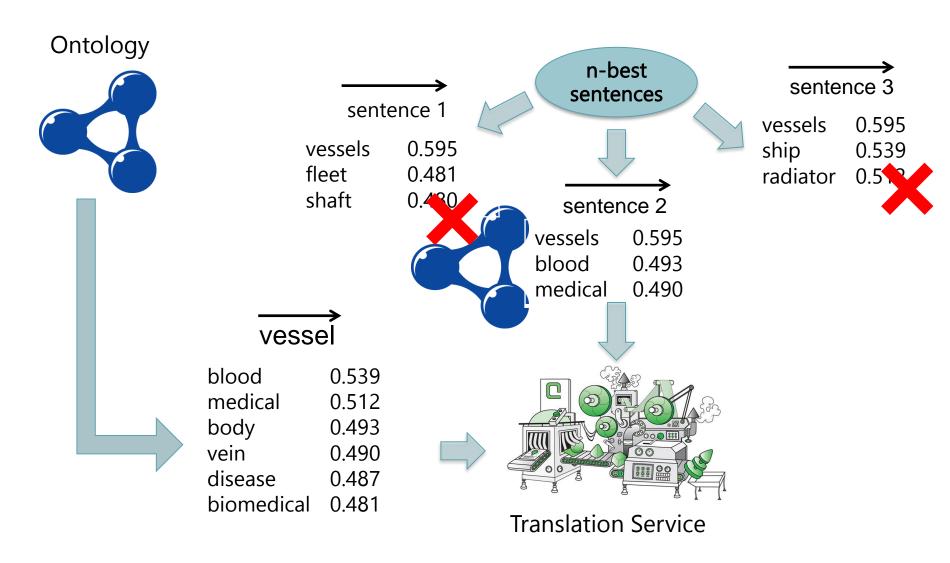


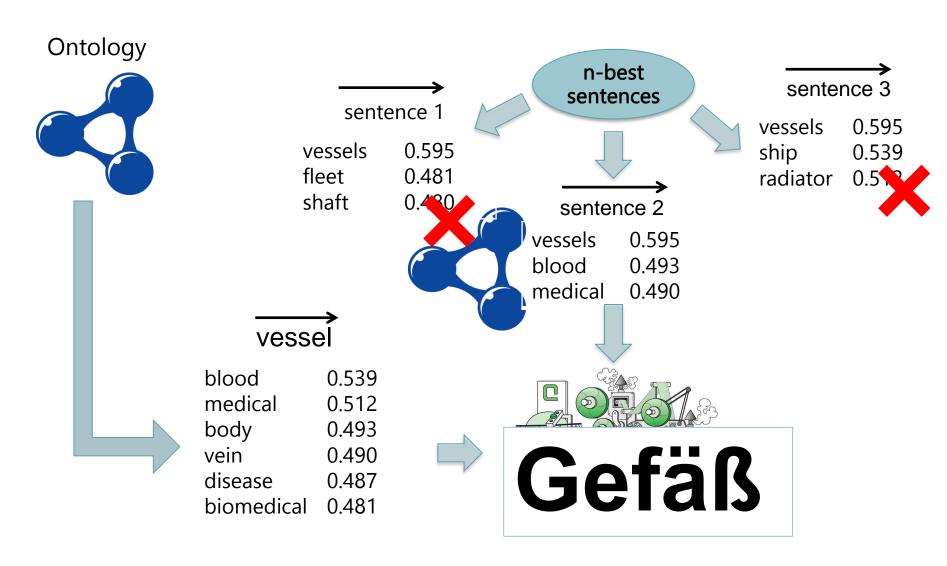
vessel

blood	0.539
medical	0.512
body	0.493
vein	0.490
disease	0.487
biomedical	0.481

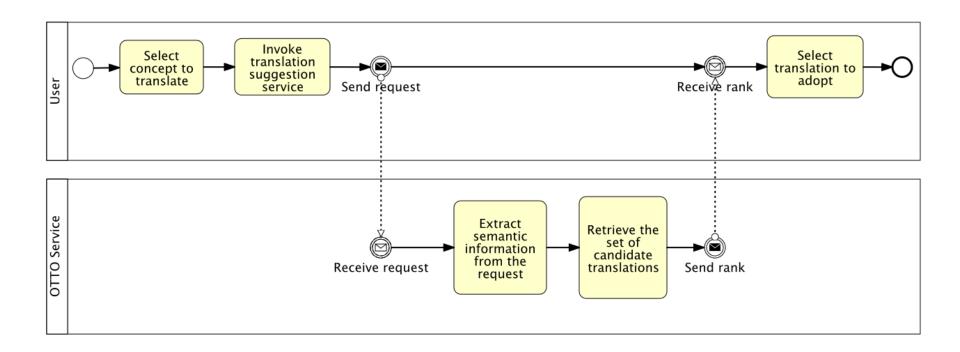


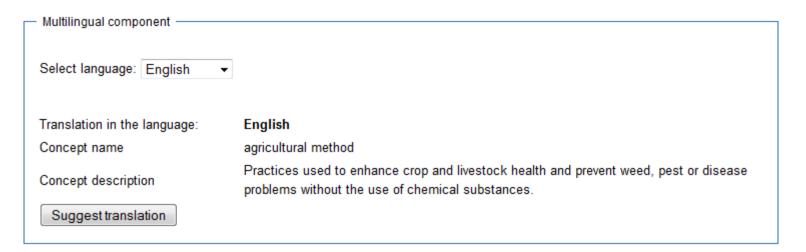


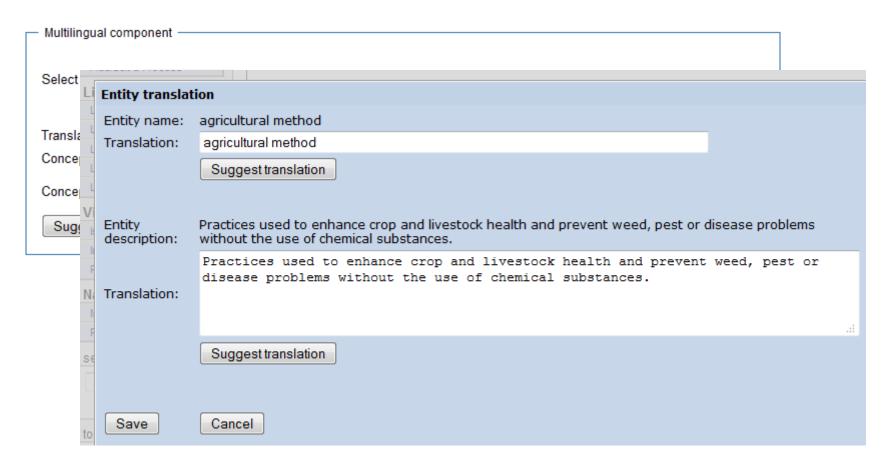


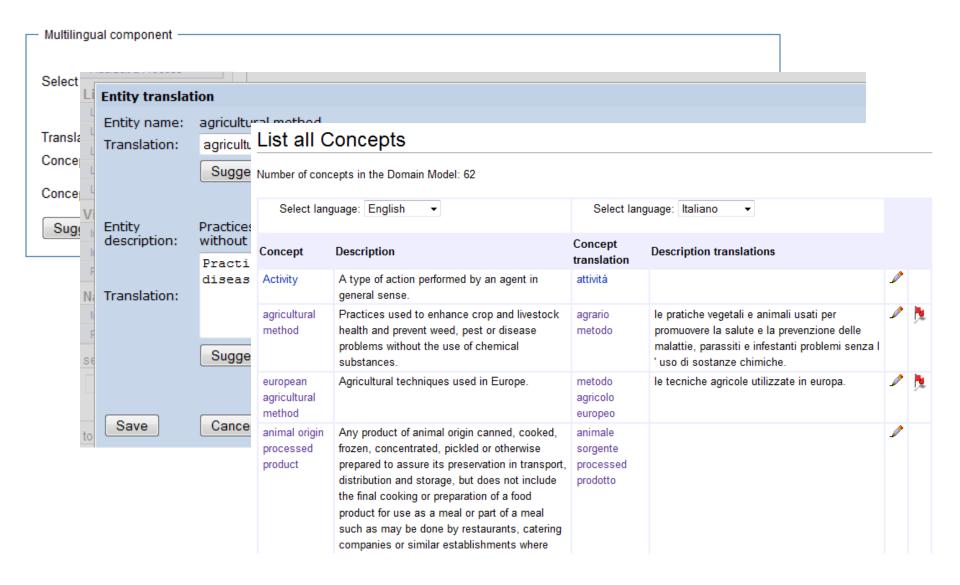


Translation Request Pipeline









ESSOT: The OTTO Translation Service

OTTO OnTology TranslatiOn System	● About 👺 Team 🐗 API 🔊 Other Projects
Upload the ontology to be translated: Choose File No file chosen or provide the internet address to it: Enter ontology address	The OTTO Translation System was developed to enhance English monolingual ontologies in RDF (n-triples) or Owl with multilingual lexical knowledge. Currently, OTTO translates from English into German,
Submit Data E-mail (optional):	Spanish, Italian, Irish, Slovenian and Czech. Example of an RDF representation in the financial domain (see rdf/n-triples file). Bank holding companies Bodding company
The extraction and translation of an ontology may take several minutes (or hours. The provided optional email will be used to inform the user of the start and end of the translation process, as well the web address where the data will be stored. After the translation process, the provided email will be deleted from the system.	credit makers Private coupit Investor protecti Capitar Harkets Wall Street Hedge funds Financial markets
This service is brought to you b http://nlp.insight-centre.org	

http://server1.nlp.insight-centre.org/otto

Example

Input

Output

```
{
    "label2translate": "vessels",
    "concept_context":
    [
        "blood",
        "medical",
        "disease",
        "biomedical",
      ],
    "translate2":"de"
}
```

```
{
  "possible_translations":
  {
    "blutgefäßen":-15.8438,
    "gefäßen":-2.4100,
    "halsgefäße":-2.6682
    .....
  },
  "time":"24 wallclock secs",
  "source_label":"vessels",
  "best":"gefäßen"
  }
```

http://server1.nlp.insight-centre.org/otto/rest_service.html

Evaluation Procedure

Qualitative evaluation:

We collected subjective judgments from the language experts involved in the evaluation of the tool on general usability of the components and to provide feedback for future improvements.

- Research Questions 1: Does the proposed system provide an effective support, in terms of the quality of suggested translations, to the management of multilingual ontologies?
- Research Questions 2: Do the MoKi functionalities provide an effective support to the collaborative management of a multilingual ontology?

□ Quantitative Evaluation:

We collected objective measures concerning the effectiveness of the translations suggested by the embedded machine translation service.

- 3 metrics: BLEU, METEOR, TER
- 3 language pairs: $EN \leftarrow \rightarrow DE$, $EN \leftarrow \rightarrow IT$, $EN \leftarrow \rightarrow ES$
- 6 ontologies:
 - Organic.Lingua, Presto
 - TheSoz, Geoskill, DOAP, STW

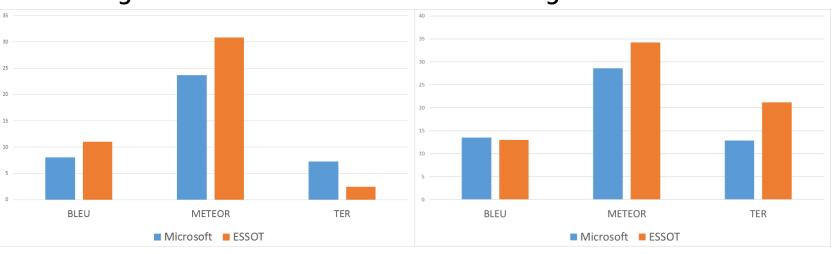
Qualitative Evaluation Results

- Language Experts view
 - Pros: Easy to use for managing translations (9)
 - Cons: Usable interface for showing concept translations (3)
- Approval and Discussion
 - Pros: Pending approvals give a clear situation about concept status (4)
 - Cons: Discussion masks are not very useful and the approval process might be improved (8)
- Quick Translation feature
 - Pros: Best facility for translating concepts (8)
 - Cons: Improvable interface design (3)

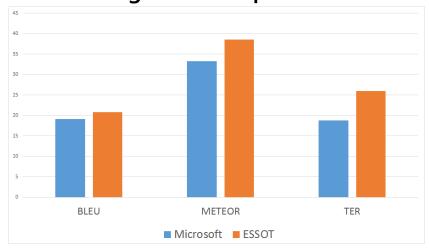
Quantitative Evaluation Results

English $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ German

English $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ Italian



English $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ Spanish



- General robustness of the approach
- $EN \leftarrow \rightarrow DE$: wrong translations needed many editing operations
- Computational time to improve avg. 4.1 seconds per request

Conclusions

- ESSOT integrates the OTTO domain-adaptable semantic translation service and the MoKi collaborative knowledge management tool in an effective pipeline for multilingual ontology management.
- ESSOT provides helpful suggestions for performing ontology translation (RQ1) and the provided interfaces are usable and useful for supporting the language experts in the translation activity (RQ2)
- The translation quantitative evaluation shows significant improvements over the Microsoft Translation system
- Future work:
 - to extend this strategy to other problems (e.g. ontology enrichment);
 - improve the approval management task;
 - improve the service efficiency.

SEE YOU LATER AT THE DEMO SESSION !!!!!



It's time for questions...

Mauro Dragoni Fondazione Bruno Kessler

https://shell.fbk.eu/index.php/Mauro_Dragoni dragoni@fbk.eu

Translation Examples

Ontology Label	Microsoft	ОТТО	Gold standard
driver	Treiber	Fahrer	Fahrer
stroke	Strich	Schlaganfall	Schlaganfall
demonstration	Vorführung	Demonstration	Demonstration
race	Rennen	Rasse	Rasse
fine	feine	Geldbuße	Geldbuße
bonapartism	m Bonapartismus bonapartism		Bonapartismus
shamanism	Schamanismus	shamanism	Schamanismus

ESSOT Training Data

Corpus Name Domain		\rightarrow German	\rightarrow Italian	\rightarrow Spanish
JRC-Acquis	legislative	 		
DGT	legislative	,	$\sqrt{}$	\ \ \
ECB*	financial		\ \ \	\
EMEA*	medical		\ \ \	\
Europarl	proceedings of the EP	\ \ \	\ \ \	\
Gnome*	information technology	,	\ \ \	\
KDE*	information technology		√	
OpenOffice*	information technology.			
PHP*	information technology			
OpenSubtitles13*	translated movie subtitles		√	√
TED	talk transcriptions		\ \ \	\
MultiUn	United Nation Documents			
Wikipedia Titles	terminology expressions		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
N	10,222,259	23,441,275	37,583,385	

The Organic.Lingua and Presto Scenarios

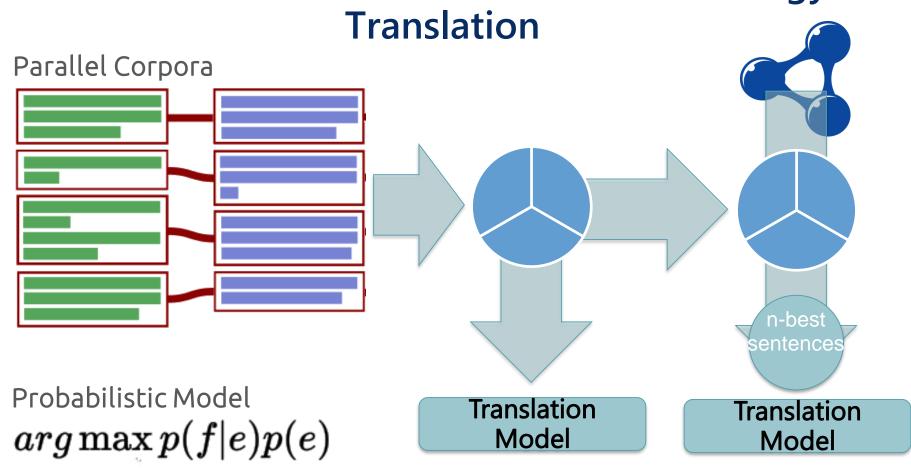
- The <u>Organic.Lingua</u> project: multilingual services for discovery, retrieval, exploitation and extension of content related to Organic Agriculture and AgroEcology, particularly:
 - find resources in languages different from the ones in which the query has been formulated;
 - manage meta-data information for resources in different languages;
 - contribute to evolving content, e.g. providing services for content generation.
- The <u>PRESTO</u> project: the creation of a system for the customization of serious games scenarios based on virtual reality. Ontologies are used for:
 - manage interoperability between different 3D libraries;
 - support developers in developing behaviors of virtual agents.

Construction of the Translation Model

- Word2Vec for building semantic vectors of words
 - Wikipedia pages used as a single huge textual file for building word vectors.
- Parallel corpora used for building a generic SMT model
 - Moses Toolkit has been used.
- Word vectors generated by W2V are used for filtering parallel sentences by detecting the ones that are more relevant.
- When a translation is requested:
 - the context of the concept is extracted from the ontology, packed and sent to the service;
 - vectors associated with each label are aggregated in order to generate a unique vector describing the full concept context; the same is done for the sentences containing the label to translate;
 - The aggregated vector is compared with the vectors of the relevant sentences;
 - Closest sentence is chosen for extracting the concept translation.

Statistical Machine Translation for Ontology

Translation



Problem Space of Ontology Translation within SMT

Out-of-Vocabulary (OOV) Problem

Out-of-Domain Translation

Source text: acroscopic vessels

Reference translation: akroskopisch Gefäße

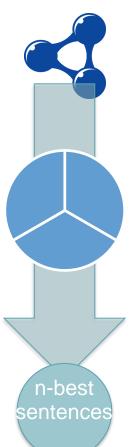
(gold standard)

Target transl. (generic): acroscopic Schiffe⁽¹⁾

Target transl. (specific): acroscopic

Gefäße (1) Google Translate

Domain-specific data selection from available resources



Ontology to be translated labels:

- Administrative Act
- Insurance
- Equity

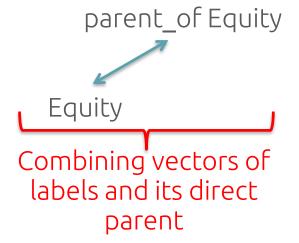
Parallel Resources

source sentences:

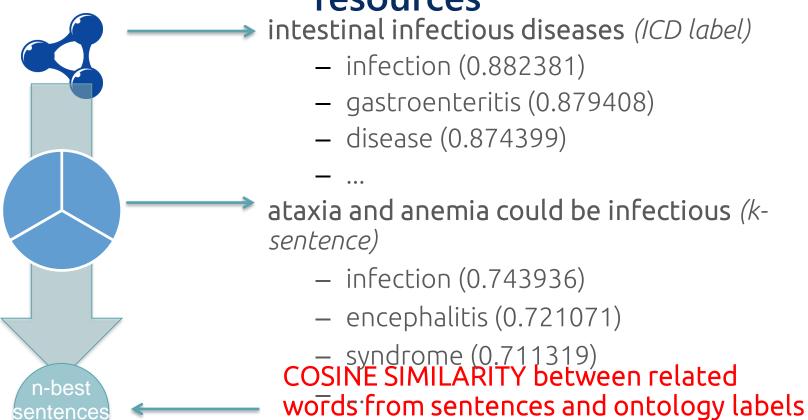
- sentence1
- sentence2
- sentence3

Word2Vec

- two-layer neural network, trained on large amount of text (Wikipedia)
- produces a distributed representation of words

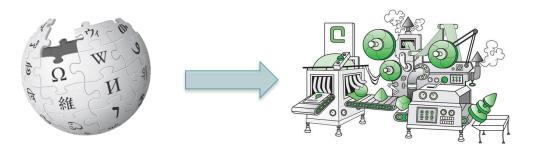


Domain-specific data selection from available resources



sentences





Word2Vec Machinery







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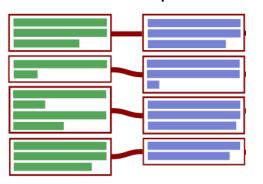
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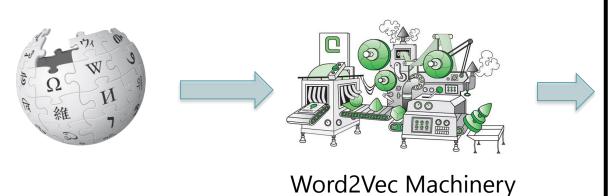
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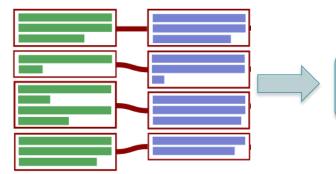




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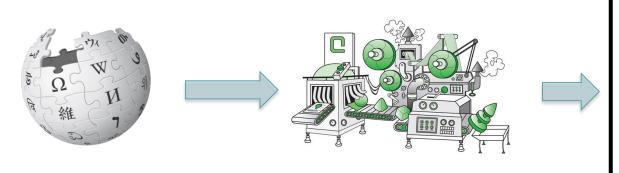
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Generic Translation Model

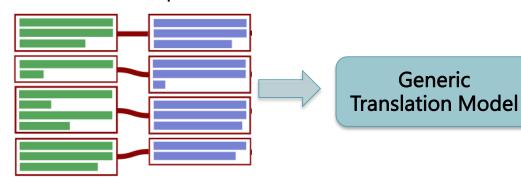
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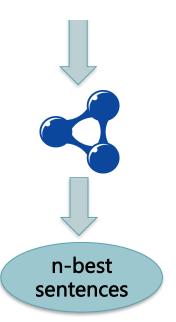


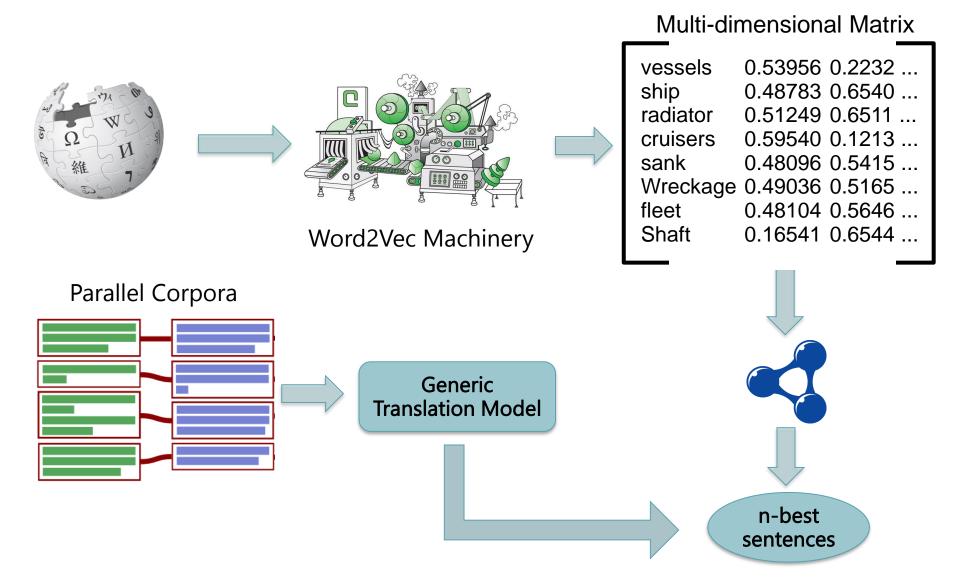
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Parallel Corpora







Domain-specific data selection from available resources

- ... serious inflammation of the vessels ...
- ... vessels inflammation which may result in very rare ...
- ... arteries or of the blood **vessels** supplying the brain ...
- ... puncture of non-compressible **vessels** within the last month

. . .

Statistical Machine Translation System

