Oral history as research data

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CLARIN workshop: Exploring Spoken Word Data in Oral History Archives Oxford 18-19 April 2016





Covering

- 'Research 'data use and by whom
- Data discovery and access
- Representing content and context when publishing data



My organisation - UK Data Archive

- Department of the University of Essex. Established in 1967 as a 'Data Bank'
- 48 years of curating and providing access to social science data
- Data and support services for research, teaching and learning
- Runs the UK Data Service: national service providing access to social science research data
- Speciality in social survey data, qualitative data and now ...'big data'
- Registered to ISO 27001 (information security standard)



UK Data Service

About us

Site Search FAQ Help Contact

UK Data Service



Welcome to the UK Data Service

Get data

Use data

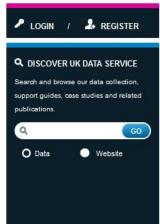
Your resource for quality social research data

A unified point of access to data from ESDS, Census Programme, Secure Data Service and others



Manage data

Deposit data



News and Events

LATEST TWEETS



UKDataService

@Barnard17 There are lots of population statistics available via
@ONS and
@EU_Eurostat. Sent a
list of links to your blog.
Good luck!

UKDataService RT
@Censusacuk:
http://t.co
/qVRh4S0y2m is now
Census Support

LATEST NEWS



Call for papers: Opinions and Lifestyle Survey user meeting

European Social Survey invites EU data users to visit and learn

Digital Futures: Your input needed on data digitisation

UK Data Service featured in Royal

OUR DATA COMMUNITY



The UK Data Service is at the core of a network of trust that includes data owners, producers, funders and users.

Who can most benefit from the data we hold?

- · Academic researchers and students
- · Government analysts
- · Charities and foundations

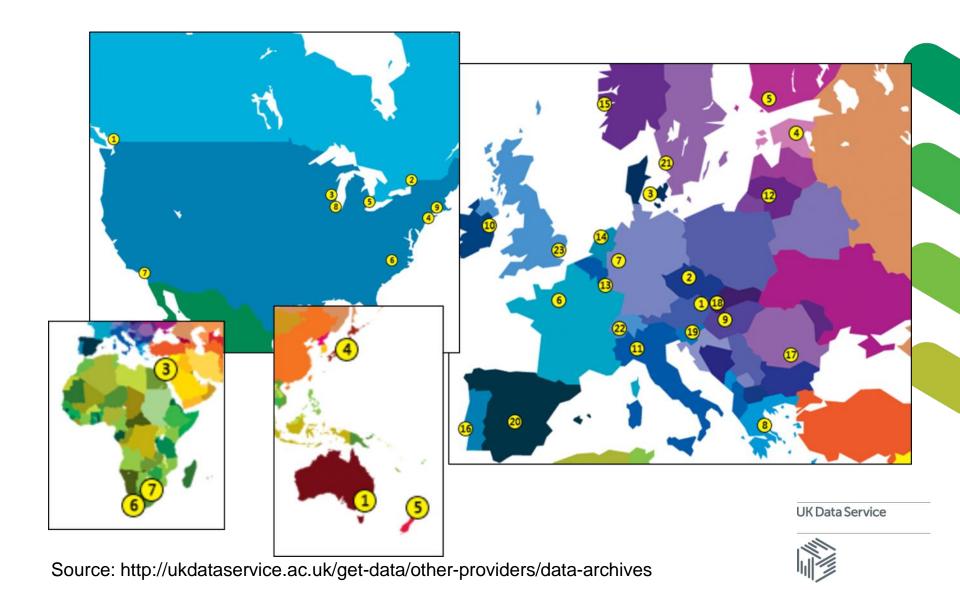
QUICK ACCESS TO

Key data
Census Support
Information for new users
Frequently asked questions

ukdataservice.ac.uk



Sister data archives



Some statistics about our Service

Data for research and teaching purposes, used in all sectors and by many different disciplines

- 6,000 datasets in the collection
- 400 new datasets /new editions added within last 12 months
- 25,000 registered users
 - c.75,000 "downloads" from Core service
 - c.40,000 page views on UKDS.stat
 - c. 82,000 census downloads
- 2000,000 downloads worldwide per annum
- 6500+ user support queries per annum
- c.3,000,000 web page views



Qualitative data services

- 1994 Qualidata ESRC
- 6 years for funding. Piloting national approach to qualitative data sharing and archiving
- Fully incorporated into UK Data Service in 2000
- Archiving, data sharing, secondary analysis training and inter(national) advice
- Fully integrated with 4 specialists in house (plus other portfolios) 70 staff



Qualitative data



UK Data Service



About our data

Key data

Data by theme

Data by geography

Open data

How to access

Other providers

Explore online

Data access policy

Thesauri

About us Get data Use data Manage data Deposit data News and events

Home > Discover data > Key data > Qualitative and mixed methods data

Key data

Browse our most popular datasets, by data type.



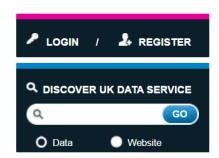
SHARE <

Qualitative data is non-numeric information, such as in-depth interview transcripts, diaries, anthropological field notes, answers to open-ended survey questions, audio-visual recordings and images. Mixed methods approaches combine qualitative data with numeric data.

- Discover qualitative or mixed methods data
- Discover case studies relating to qualitative or mixed methods data

Affluent Worker in the Class Structure

The 'Affluent Worker' project was undertaken to test empirically the thesis of working class embourgeoisement. The research studied the attitudes and behaviour of high wage earners in three mass or continuous flow companies.





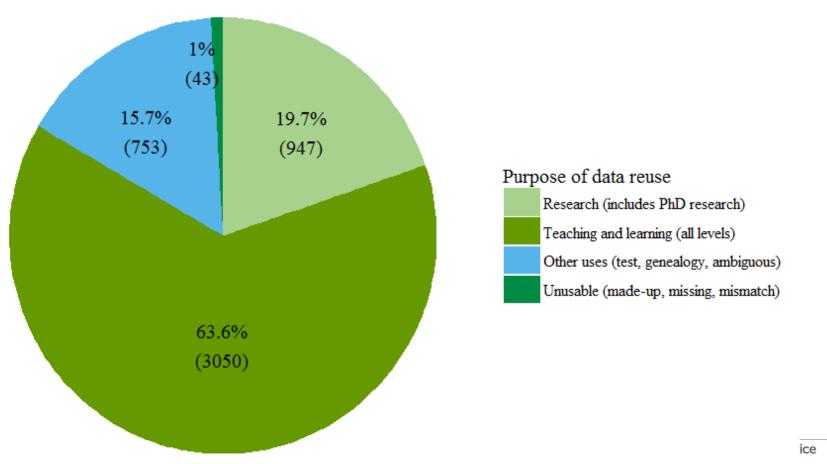
Examples: oral history interviews

957 qualitative collections, mostly text-based

- Family Life and Work Experience before 1918, Middle and Upper Class Families in the Early 20th Century, 1870-1977 (SN 5404)
- British Oral Archive of Political and Administrative History, 1920-1980 (SN 5252)
- Oral History of Cultural Consumption in Italy, 1936-1954 (SN 6479)



Re-use purposes of qualitative data downloaded from UK Data Service, 1994-2013





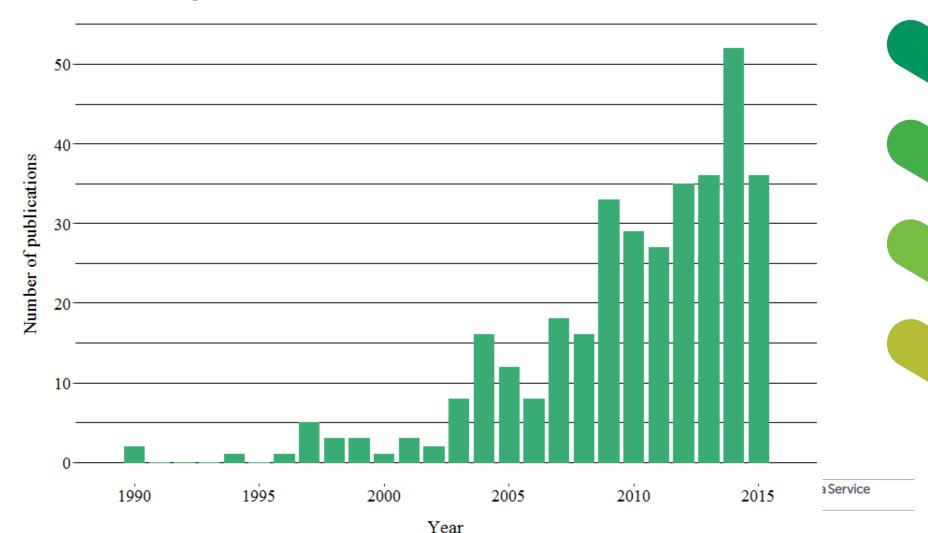
What do users do with the data?

- Comparative research, restudy or follow-up study
- Re-analysis/secondary analysis
- Research design and methodological advancement
- Replication of published statistics
- Teaching and learning





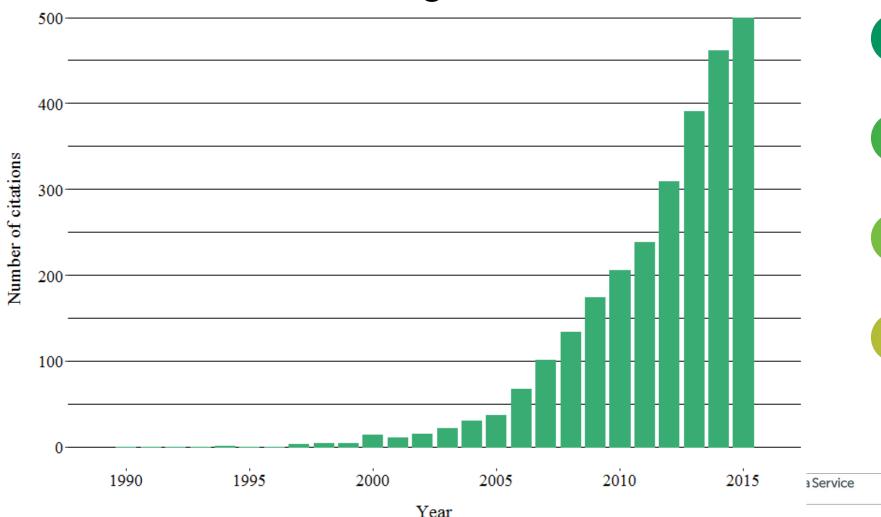
Publications reusing qualitative data, Web of Knowledge, 1990-2015



Source: Bishop & Kuula-LuUmi, Sage Open 2016

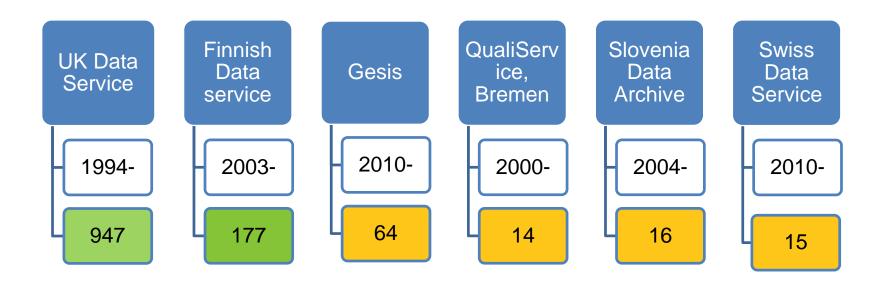


Citations of publications reusing qualitative data, Web of Knowledge, 1990-2015



Source: Bishop & Kuula-LuUmi, Sage Open 2016

The national data (survey) archives – qualitative data volume





Access conditions

Depositor selects, with guidance, the access category most appropriate for the data collection

Open

 available for download/online access under open licence without any registration

Safeguarded

 available for download/online access to logged-in users who have registered and agreed to an End User Licence

Controlled

 available for remote or safe room access registered users whose research proposal has been approved by an access committee and who have received specialist training

Common user scenario

Role: Active Research Professor

Discipline: Sociology of health

Need data: Interviews /testimonies on health behavior

What data: In depth interviews, with socio-demographic

attributes

Expectation: Search and browse catalogue collection-level

records;

Search and browse text; live links to available data

Retrieve: Relevant hits; go to extract. View attributes,

metadata, study context. Link to other related items

and collection level data: read – listen - look

Download full textual data in CAQDAS-friendly format

Use for: Content analysis/coding in Nvivo software

Publish: Journal article citing data extracts (with PI)

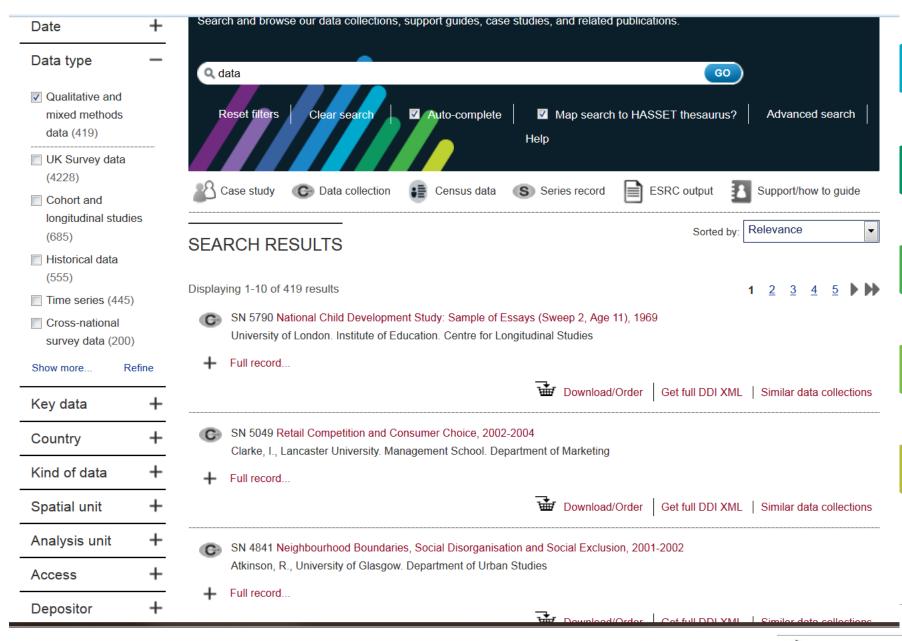


Discovering content and context

Search across collections to find:

- collection characteristics, e.g
 - Date
 - Investigator
 - Substantive topics
 - Method autobiograhy, life story, ethnography etc
- item characteristics
 - Socio-economic attributes of speakers critical for social science
 - Spoken or written words
- Challenge when large no of collections







Study level metadata

Morbidity and mortality - Population, vital statistics and censuses

Child development and child rearing - Social stratification and groupings

Elderly - Social stratification and groupings

Family life and marriage - Social stratification and groupings

Gender roles - Social stratification and groupings

Use and provision of specific social services - Social welfare policy and systems

Depositor(s):

Blaxter, M., University of East Anglia

Principal Investigator(s):

Blaxter, M., University of East Anglia

Data Collector(s):

Blaxter, M., University of East Anglia

Sponsor(s):

Economic and Social Research Council

Abstract:

This is an enhanced qualitative study.

The research looked at beliefs and attitudes to **health** and medical care, inter-generational relationships, and social history of members of a grandmother generation. The original study included interviews with daughters as well; this collection contains only the grandmother interviews.

Grandmothers are asked extensive questions about their own health and the health of other family members. Details are provided on episodes of illness and remedies used, both home and health services. Specific topics of accidents, nutrition, dental care, and immunisation are covered.

More generally, grandmothers are asked about their views of their personal doctors and institutional health services. They give opinions on the quality of health care before and after the introduction of the National Health Service.

Grandmother-daughter relationships are explored, especially around the subject of offering and taking of medical advice concerning care for the grandchildren.

The collection has been enhanced by: conversion from paper to searchable RTF format by OCR and extensive editing and formatting of all interview transcripts. This collection will also be made available through ESDS Qualidata Online.

Main Topics:

The interviews cover health and social history, beliefs and attitudes to medical care, and intergenerational relationships.

There are discussions of the grandmothers' backgrounds, including jobs they held and where they lived.

Many aspects of health are addressed: their own health, childhood diseases, the women's attitudes toward doctors and the National Health Service, including how medical care changed after the start of the NHS. The grandmothers are asked about causes of diseases, remedies and treatments used, and their thoughts on staying healthy.

Relationships with daughters are covered, focusing on whether the grandmothers offer medical advice, and if they do, whether it is accepted by their daughters.

Coverage:

Time Period Covered: 1945-1978 Dates of Fieldwork: 1977-1978 Index date: 1945-1978

Country: Scotland

Spatial Units: No Spatial Unit Observation Units: Individuals

Kind of Data: Textual data: Semi-structured interview transcripts

Universe Sampled:

Location of Units of Observation: Subnational

Population: Women living in a city in Scotland who had a child between 1950-53, who were at that time in social class IV or V, who had a daughter who; had a child or children born in the same city; and were in the same social classes at the time of the birth; and still lived in the city; and were in touch with the grandmother.

Methodology:

Time Dimensions: Cross-sectional (one-time) study
Sampling Procedures: Purposive selection/case studies

Number of Units: 46

Method of Data Collection: Face-to-face interview; Transcription of existing materials; Audio

recording

Weighting: Not applicable Control Operations:



Top level catalogue record / keyword index

- DDI-2 XML catalogue record; international archival standards (based on ISAD(G))
- Citation: standard format with DOI

National Centre for Social Research and University College London. Department of Epidemiology and Public Health (2001) *Health Survey for England,* 2009 [computer file]. 2nd Edition. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], SN: 6732,

http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-6732-1

 Keyword index using social science and humanities HASSET thesaurus (ELSST European language)

Documentation: Being a Doctor

Standard documentation for qualitative collection (46 indepth interviews)

- User guide research report, interview schedule, information for participants and consent form
- Data list (Excel and PDF)
- Citation file
- Read file information on data preparation)

DOCUMENTATION

Title	File Name	
Data List	6124ulist.xls	20
User Guide	6124uguide.pdf	703
Data List	6124ulist.pdf	41
Study information and citation	UKDA_Study_6124_Information.htm	17
READ File	read6124.htm	3



Data listing

Study Number 6124

Being a Doctor: a Sociological Analysis, 2005-2006

Nettleton, S

Interview			Date of	No of	Text File
ID	Gender	Description	Interview	Pages	Name
x001	Male	Interview with a Hospital Doctor in a Multi-Ethnic Northern City	07/09/2005	36	6124int001
x002	Male	Interview with a Hospital Doctor in a Multi-Ethnic Northern City	09/09/2005	41	6124int002
x003	Male	Interview with a Hospital Doctor in a Multi-Ethnic Northern City	09/09/2005	39	6124int003
x004	Female	Interview with a Hospital Doctor in a Multi-Ethnic Northern City	13/09/2005	36	6124int004
x005	Male	Interview with a Hospital Doctor in a Multi-Ethnic Northern City	13/09/2005	34	6124int005
x006	Male	Interview with a Hospital Doctor in a Multi-Ethnic Northern City	14/09/2005	50	6124int006
x007	Male	Interview with a Hospital Doctor in a Multi-Ethnic Northern City	21/09/2005	31	6124int007
x008	Male	Interview with a Hospital Doctor in a Multi-Ethnic Northern City	21/09/2005	35	6124int008
x009	Male	Interview with a Hospital Doctor in a Multi-Ethnic Northern City	22/09/2005	33	6124int009
x010	Female	Interview with a Hospital Doctor in a Multi-Ethnic Northern City	22/09/2005	23	6124int010
x011	Male	Interview with a Hospital Doctor in a Multi-Ethnic Northern City	22/09/2005	36	6124int011
x012	Female	Interview with a Hospital Doctor in a Multi-Ethnic Northern City	27/09/2005	41	6124int012
x013	Female	Interview with a Hospital Doctor in a Multi-Ethnic Northern City	27/09/2005	21	6124int013
x014	Female	Interview with a Hospital Doctor in a Multi-Ethnic Northern City	30/09/2005	20	6124int014
x015	Male	Interview with a Hospital Doctor in a Multi-Ethnic Northern City	05/10/2005	19	6124int015
x016	Female	Interview with a Hospital Doctor in a Multi-Ethnic Northern City	05/10/2005	27	6124int016
x017	Male	Interview with a Hospital Doctor in a Multi-Ethnic Northern City	07/10/2005	27	6124int017
x018	Male	Interview with a Hospital Doctor in a Multi-Ethnic Northern City	17/10/2005	11	6124int018
x019	Male	Interview with a Hospital Doctor in a Multi-Ethnic Northern City	19/10/2005	33	6124int019
x020	Female	Interview with a Hospital Doctor in a Multi-Ethnic Northern City	07/11/2005	21	6124int020
z001	Male	Interview with Hospital Doctor in Northern Tourist City	19/07/2005	50	6124int021
z002	Male	Interview with Hospital Doctor in Northern Tourist City	10/08/2005	45	6124int022
z003	Male	Interview with Hospital Doctor in Northern Tourist City	17/08/2005	56	6124int023
z004	Male	Interview with Hospital Doctor in Northern Tourist City	07/11/2005	21	6124int024
z005	Female	Interview with Hospital Doctor in Northern Tourist City	14/11/2005	32	6124int025
z006	Male	Interview with Hospital Doctor in Northern Tourist City	15/11/2005	23	6124int026
z007	Male	Interview with Hospital Doctor in Northern Tourist City	16/11/2005	23	6124int027
z008	Female	Interview with Hospital Doctor in Northern Tourist City	17/11/2005	18	6124int028
z009	Male	Interview with Hospital Doctor in Northern Tourist City	18/11/2005	20	6124int029



Depositor stories



Home > Deposit data > Depositor stories

How to deposit

Preparing data

Owners and producers

ORCID

Depositor stories

Pat Caplan

Maggie Mort

Jane Elliott

Sheila Henderson

Depositor stories

"How researchers have tackled the task of archiving their challenging data"



SHARE <

Sharing data may be a simple task but it may unearth some complex issues that need to be thought through carefully.

View our <u>short videos</u> made with some of our key depositing rganisations, including Natcen, DECC and ISER and the academics who collect the Skills and employment Survey series.

Our staff have advised many hundreds of depositors from governent departments to academcis on how to prepare and, where necessary, protect data. While we provide



Self deposit system for smaller datasets

Logged in as Louise Corti Logout UK Data Service home Help About FAQ Contact

UK Data Service ReShare



My data

Home Legal Review procedures

Edit collection: Data Collection #851515



To deposit a data collection, you must accept the ReShare Terms and Conditions

- I confirm that I am the owner of the copyright and associated intellectual property rights in the whole Data Collection or am otherwise lawfully entitled to grant this licence on behalf of each and every owner;
- I grant a non-exclusive, royalty-free licence to the UK Data Archive (a department of the University of Essex and not a separate
 legal entity) of Wivenhoe Park, Colchester, CO4 3SQ (the "University") to hold, make copies of, and disseminate copies of the
 Data collection, in accordance with the access conditions I will specify when uploading data files: open data accessible to
 users without registration; or safeguarded data accessible to users registered with the data services provided by the UK Data
 Archive.





Typical rft transcript template

Study Name: Depositor: Interviewer: Interview number: Interview ID: Firstname Lastname Date of interview:

<u>Information about interviewee</u>

Date of birth:

Gender:

Marital status:

Occupation:

🖰 ographic region:

- I: Just one or two factual details first of all before we go on to your health and that....
- FL: I'm 58 in June.
- I: What schools did you go to? Can you remember that far back!
- FL: Oh... the last school was at Longside,, aye, ken Longside?
- I: No, where is that?
- FL: Peterheid. Village... That was the last school.
- I: Uh-huh, so you lived in Peterhead...
- FL: No, Longside.
- I: Longside. And, do you work at all? At the moment?
- FL: Just look efter my grandchildren. Like that... well, my grand-daughter comes in at night, well, her mither cleans the school... and I look efter my grandson whose mother works... aye, that kind of thing. I take him in an' keep an eye on him. Well, he's at the school but I give him his dinner an' look efter him at night till she comes an' picks him up.
- I: Just one or two factual details first of all before we go on to your health and that... how old are you?
- FL: I'm 58 in June.
- I: What schools did you go to? Can you remember that far back!
- FL: Oh... the last school was at Longside, aye, ken Longside?
- I: No, where is that?
- FL: Peterheid. Village... That was the last school.

Header in from data list

Speaker tags



Audio

- Very little in collection
- Converted to mp3 for dissemination (download, stream)
- Archived in original lossless formats, and converted to open storage formats e.g. .flac
- File names follow a clear logic; to relate to text etc.
- 2000Int01.mp3 2000Int01.rtf 2000Essay01.pdf
 - 2000lmage01.jpg





Challenge

 Discovery challenge when breadth of data collections

Hard to search both across and within content

- Challenge of what and how much context?
- UKDA has 2 pathways
 - Discover collections and download
 - Search and browse content





Beyond the catalogue: user journey

- 1. Enter a search term or browse
- Display the text of an interview transcript on a web page
- Link to related data such as audio or video
- 4. Examine the metadata about the interview, e.g. the speaker and various attributes
- Visit related information, such as external websites holding contextual documentation about the study or topic, e.g. maps
- 6. Cite an extract for referencing in publication
- 7. User or new user can annotate an extract



Faceted browsing – common facets

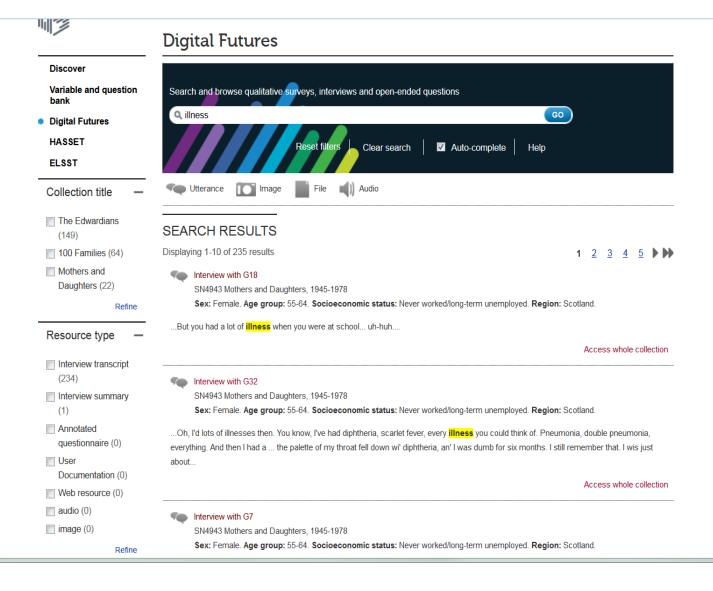
Refine search or browse:

- Collection title
- Access (showing access conditions) open or closed
- Resource type (type of object, such as interview transcript or image)
- Date (of coverage of the materials, not fieldwork dates)
- Sex
- Age group
- Socioeconomic status
- Region (to which the data refer)





Search interface - hits





Target page for an interview

Use data

Contact FAQ Help

Manage data

Deposit data

News and Events

Access whole collection

UK Data Service

Get data Home > Some Page > Current Child Page

Interview with Mr. Hennessey

Discover

Variable and question bank

Digital Futures

Enable citation

Study documentation | Web resources

DETAILS

About us

SN: 2000

Family Life and Work Experience Before 1918, 1870-1973 Title:

Male Sex: 65-74

Socioeconomic status: Lower supervisory/technical

North West Region:

FULL INTERVIEW TEXT

Can you tell me where your father came from originally?

Subject: I can't, no. From Manchester, I expect. Although he tells me about ... well, me father, he tells me about me grandfather having a

little barrel of brandy sent from France.

As if he might have come from France? Interviewer:

Subject: Yes. Hennessey's brandy.

You didn't belong to the Hennessey brandy family? Interviewer:

I think he did. I think it is. But he said he couldn't pay the duty on it and they had to send it back. That's all I know about it, I mean to Subject:

say, it might be hearsay, and I don't know.

You don't know where your mother came from? Interviewer:

No. I haven't the faintest like that Subject:



Target page for an audio file

Contact FAQ Help **UK Data Service** About us Get data Use data Manage data Deposit data **News and Events** Home > Some Page > Current Child Page Interviews Study documentation Web resources Access whole collection Discover Variable and question **DETAILS** bank Digital Futures SN: Title: **AUDIO** Play audio file RELATED RESOURCES Related Interviews Interview with Mr. Keble Related Study documentation User Documentation: User Guide Related Web resources Web Resource: Abstract of the Edwardians book



Target references

Interviewer: He also answered, in many cases, by actions, as in the case of when I asked him if anyone ever went down in the world. He said

very heartily, 'yes' and started to illustrate by jumping up and pretending to drink a pint of beer.

Interviewer: I have tried as far as possible to keep recapping at this point, as he does this.

Interviewer: When I asked him about people going down in the world he signaled to me to put the tape off - in fact, I had very great difficulty as

you can hear, keeping hold of the interview at all, he more or less took charge and talked at very, very great length, and I had to keep interrupting to get questions in at all. The first afternoon I don't think I got more than a quarter of an hour on tape, the rest were all reminiscences which range from early childhood to present day. I made a note of some of them and tried to get them in,

as you will hear, when I went on the second afternoon.

Interviewer: Unfortunately, I found out that a lot of the reminiscences were things that he had read, so of course, I had to go back on the tape

and obliterate these and then continue the interview from there. I explained to him that I didn't want anything that he had read, just

his own experiences.

Interviewer: As usual, of course, he had the idea that you wanted to know local history and I got a long list of all the buildings round about that

had changed, and how many had come down and I had quite great difficulty to keep interrupting. You will hear that made a lot of

snaps on the tape for this. I would listen patiently and watch for an opportunity to interrupt.

RELATED RESOURCES

Related Study documentation

User Documentation: User Guide

Related Web resources

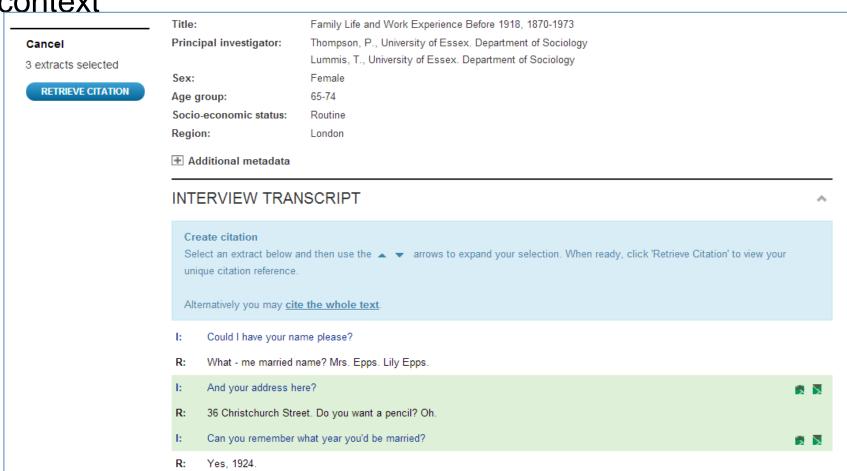
Web Resource: Abstract of the Edwardians book

TOP K Data Service



Fine-grained citation

 Paragraph level citation in QualiBank (APA citation style). Citation URI resolves back to the paragraph in context



Which and how much metadata?

 Primary metadata (core search facets) – available for majority of collections – collection & object level

- Additional secondary metadata depends on the collection type and topics
- Metadata population a lot of manual work!





Metadata demands for UK Quali Bank

Discover, retrieve, examine in context, cite

- Use known XML schemas to capture context and relationships
- Rich descriptive metadata for files
- Ability to add new metadata descriptors and be extensible
- Pre-defined GUIDs used for citation



Description below the collection

- DDI Codebook 2.5 for basic study-level catalogue metadata
- Limited use of TEI schema (Text Encoding Initiative) for mark-up of textual data items (e.g layout and edits)
- QuDEx schema (Qualitative Data Exchange) for rich filelevel description, document coding and annotation and intra-collection relationships

Schema at: www.data-archive.ac.uk/create-manage/ projects/qudex/

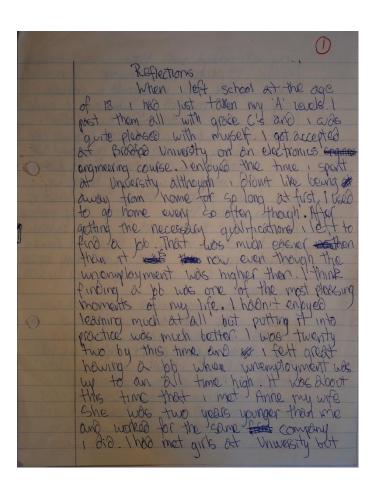


Use of Text Encoding Initiative (TEI)

- Limited use of TEI elements
- To denote structural mark-up
 - TEI header: 3 mandatory elements
 - Body elements: Turn takers, paragraphs, headers
 - Inline tags: Corrections, errors
- Use of randomly generated GUIDs to uniquely identify TEI and QuDEx objects:
 - Collection, Files, Paragraphs (any other part of data)



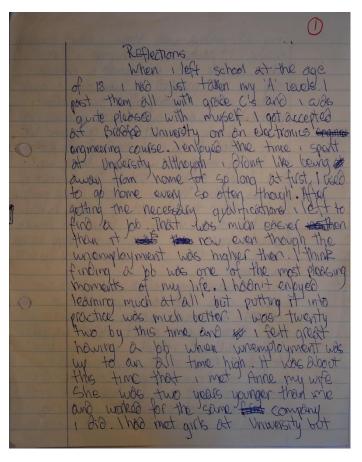
Essay with School Leavers on the Isle of Sheppey



Retain typos



Essay with School Leavers on the Isle of Sheppey

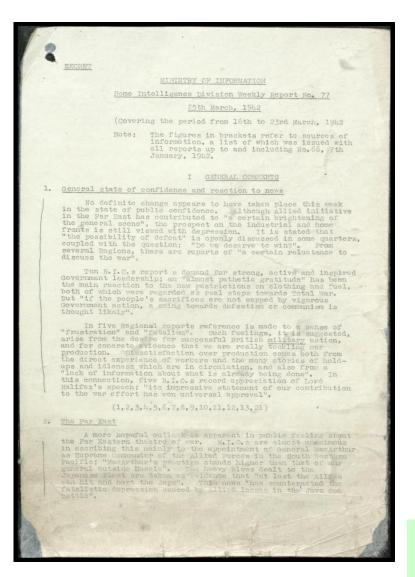


Retain typos

rent on to stay in the sixth form where I took A pleavled [sic] pleveld maths, physics and history I pnarowly ome prince [4] [sic] miracle gained entrance to a university so far in my life this had been the more prolo turbed at university I tended only to associated with a few people who I had a lot in common with this is ho but I would blame that on being an only child. ▷Scince I sic] ▷Since I a very early age I had been ▷fasenato e 4 [sic] b since 4 the age of fourteen I had regularly batended 4 [sic] b attended 4 barchaeolical 4 [sic] b archaeolical 4 as ▷asistent ⁴ [sic] ▷assistant ⁴ site manager the pay wasn't much but I was ▷realy ⁴ [sic] ▷really ⁴ happy the at deal of time in a tent or bdiging (sic) digging holes I bdidnt (sic) didn't get too attached but one d 1 have a home so I tried to get a post somewhere where I could continue poking in things that have ▶hapen then I felt I had wasted my education on learning something I liked when I should have blernt [sic] blearnt ney so I had to decided to live as a probably batcheler (sic) bachelor doing what I liked or as a some rith ▷securety 4 [sic]▷security 4 and a ▷permanate 4 [sic]▷permanent 4 home on one side was the trap of ▷d ty4 [sic] poverty4 and on the other a high chance of not having a family I chose to stay as I was a hoop ar nave a job I liked where I could still go out and dig but still have a permenated [sic] permanentd base I w a job in a ▷museam ◁ [sic]▷museum ◁ came I ▷lept ∢ [sic]▷leapt ∢ at it and apart for changing ▷museams ◁ ill I retired last month. I did get married to someone who I met on a parchaeolical [sic] parchaeological s very similar tastes in most things and we both shared nearly the same views of life.



Home Intelligence & Morale Reports



External resources | Collection documentation

Access this collection from Discover

DETAILS

Collection ID (SN): 7465

Title: Morale and Home Intelligence Reports, 1941-1949

Principal Home Office

investigator:

Licence: Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 4.0 International

Licence.

@ 0 3 0 BY NO 5A

■ Additional metadata

Idno: 7465rpt002

No. pages:

Placename: Hansestadt Hamburg

Date of interview: 1948

REPORT

NEI ON

Tel. Ext: 223

09/GOV/377/9/S

SECRET

Governmental Group

HQ Hansestadt HAMBURG

609 HQ CCG (BB)

BAOR

5 Mar 48

Subject: Public Safety February 1940 Report on Moral and Public Opinion

Public Health

Paragraphs 26,27,23 and 29 of above mentioned Report are appended below for your information:

26. Most Hamburgers consider themselves lucky to have come through the winter without an increase of diseases which medical authorities are not well enough equipped to cope with. The general impression is that the medical services in the Hansestadt have somehow managed to keep control of all new serious dangers to the public health, without being able to prevent the heavy toll

https://discover.ukdataservice.ac.uk/QualiBank/Docume nt/?id=q-631d115b-79c7-45ce-9f34-09eda6c2f848

User case study

UK Data Service



Advice and training

Guides

Video tutorials

Data in use

Case studies

Publications

Citing data

Secure Lab

Teaching with data

Student resources

Secondary analysis

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Home > Use data > Data in use > Case Study

Case study - research

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Personality and gender influence how we cope with illness

Author: Dusanee Kesavayuth and Vasileios Zikos, University of the Thai Chamber of Commerce, and Robert E. Rosenman, Washington State University

Date: 28 January 2016

Type of case study: Research

About the research

Gender and personality matter in how people cope with physical and mental illness, according to a study by researchers from the University of the Thai Chamber of Commerce and Washington State University. The study is part of a wider project exploring personality traits and health satisfaction, and received £2,000 of



funding by the University of the Thai Chamber of Commerce.

Dusanee Kesavavuth, Robert E. Rosenman and Vasileios Zikos explored how





Events and gatherings

✓ User meet depositors

✓ Teaching with data –qualitative methods teachers

- How to prepare data for sharing
 - ✓ Lots of tried and tested fun exercises
 - Consent and ethics always popular
- Evangelise everywhere!



QuDEx Overview

- XML schema for documenting metadata for qualitative data collections (DDI committee). W3C compliant
- Standard way of encoding metadata
 - for exchange between CAQDAS packages
 - for use within data archives and libraries
 - for dissemination systems
- Enables description of complex collections
 - detailed description at the object level, e.g. interview characteristics, interview setting, type of object etc.
 - capture relationships between resources (files)
 - preserve references to annotations performed on data



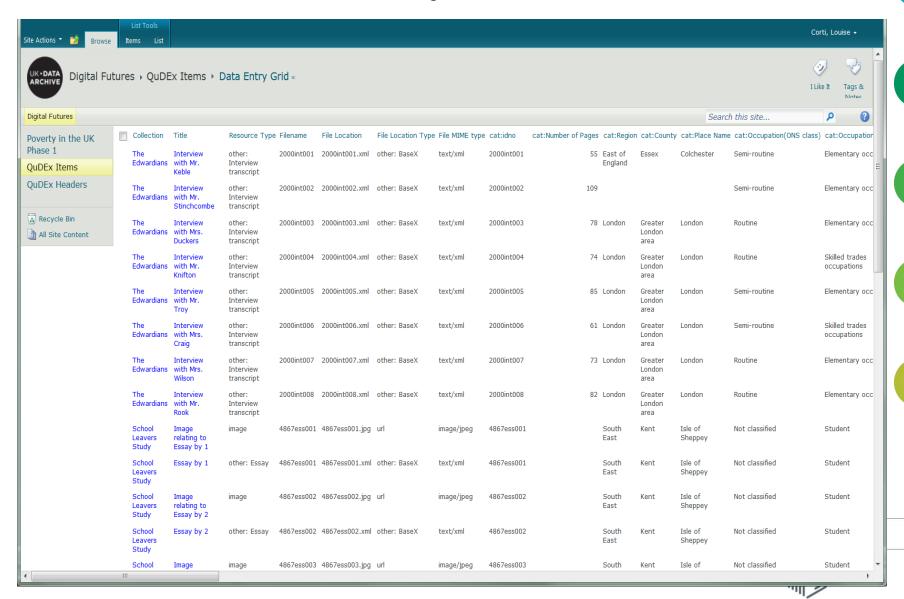


QuDEx Collection level metadata

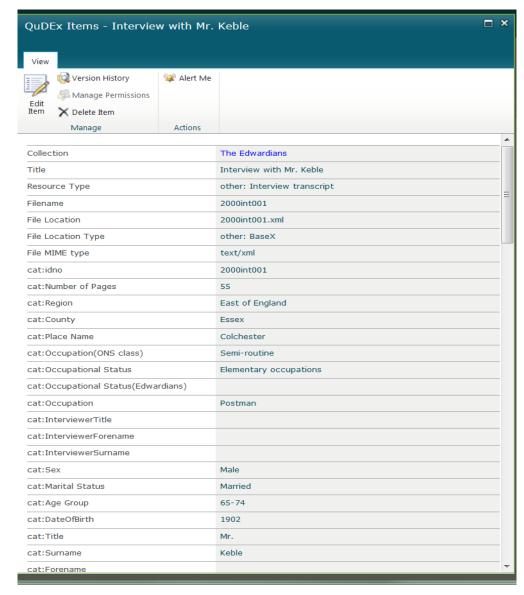
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Recycle Bin	4	School Leavers Study	▼ School Leavers Study, 1978	4867	open	Draft	28/08/2013 11:08
	14	Mothers Alone	Mothers Alone : Poverty and the Fatherless Family, 1955-1966	5072	open	Draft	28/08/2013 11:08
All Site Content	15	100 Families	Families, Social Mobility and Ageing, an Intergenerational Approach, 1900-1988	4938	open	Draft	28/08/2013 11:08
	16	Mothers and Daughters	Mothers and Daughters : Accounts of Health in the Grandmother Generation, 1945-1978	4943	open	Draft	28/08/2013 11:09
	17	Angels in Marble	Angels in Marble	1204	open	Draft	27/09/2013 13:55
	18	Adultery	Adultery - by Annette Lawson	4858	open	Draft	27/09/2013 10:59
	♣ Add new item						



Within-collection object metadata



QuDEx Category schema





XML: School Leavers on the Isle of Sheppey

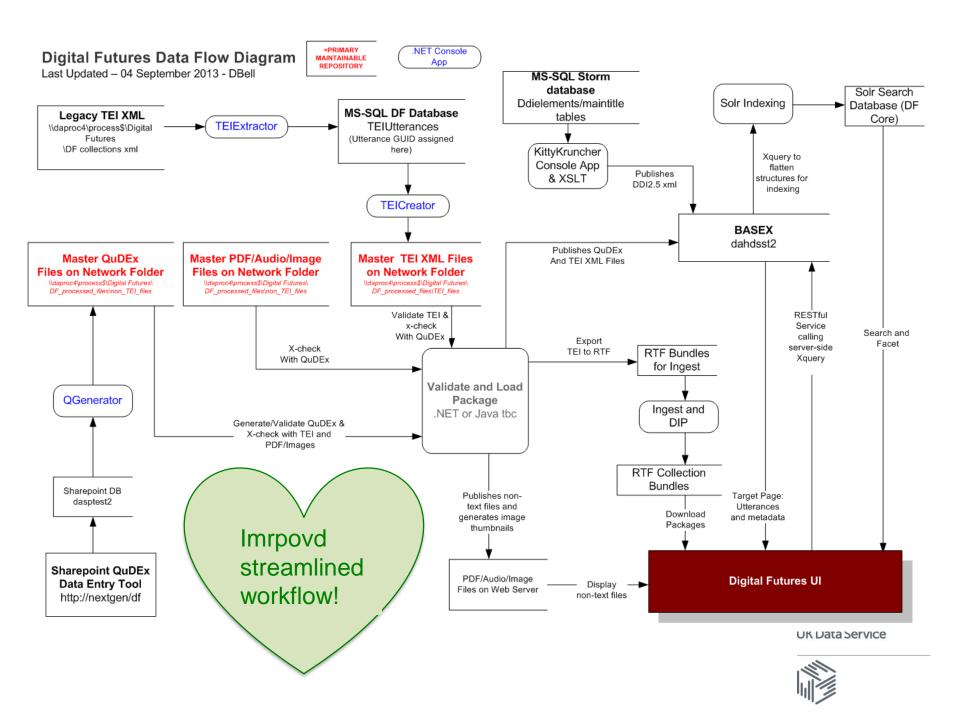
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14
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                    <sourceDesc>
17
                          School Leavers Study, 1978
                    </sourceDesc>
              </fileDesc>
       </teiHeader>
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22 🔻
              <body>
23
                    <head>Reflections</head>
                              id="g-6c7d5d94-362c-e311-93c1-000bdb5cc6d5" who="subject" n="1">After taking mv
                                    went on to stay in the sixth form where I took A <sic>leavle</sic><corr>level</corr> maths, physics and
25
26
                          history I <sic>narowly</sic>corr>narrowly</corr> scraped passes and by some <sic>miracel</sic>corr>miracle</corr> gaine
27
                          so far in my life this had been the more prolonged stay away from home but I wasn't
28
                           to disturbed at university I tended only to associated with a few people who I had a
                          lot in common with this is how my friendships have been for most of my life but I
30
                          would blame that on being an only child. <sic>Scince</sic>Corr>Since</corr> a very early age I had been
31
                          <sic>fasenated</sic>corr>fascinated</corr> with the past and <sic>scince</sic>corr>since</corr> the age of fourteen I h
32
                          <sic>archaeolical</sic>corr>archaeological</corr> digs and so it followed that I got a job as <sic>asistent</sic>corr>a
33
                          pay wasn't much but I was <sic>realy</sic>corr>really</corr> happy the odd girlfriend came and went but as I
                           spent a great deal of time in a tent or <sic>diging</sic>corr>digging</corr> holes I <sic>didnt</sic>corr>didn't</corr>
35
                          one day I made the mistake and decided to settle and have a home so I tried to get a
36
                          post somewhere where I could continue poking in things that have <sic>hapend</sic><corr>happened</corr> but there
37
                          were no opening I then I felt I had wasted my education on learning something I
38
                          liked when I should have <sic>lernt</sic><corr>learnt</corr> <sic>somthing</sic><corr>something</corr> to make money so I
                          a probably <sic>batcheler</sic>corr>bachelor</corr> doing what I liked or as a someone doing a <sic>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>meanial</sic>corr>me
                          with <sic>securetv</sic>corr>securitv</corr> and a <sic>permanate</sic>corr>permanent</corr> home on one side was the t
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               JK Data Service
41
                          and on the other a high chance of not having a family I chose to stay as I was a
                          hoop and if the <sic>opertunity</sic>corr>opportunity</corr> came to have a job I liked where I could still go out and
43
                          dig but still have a <sic>permenate</sic>corr>permanent</corr> base I would take it and so when my chance came to
                          take a job in a <sic>museam</sic><corr>museum</corr> came I <sic>lept</sic><corr>leapt</corr> at it and apart for changi
                          twice I stayed that way till I retired last month. I did get married to someone who
```

QualiBank system tools

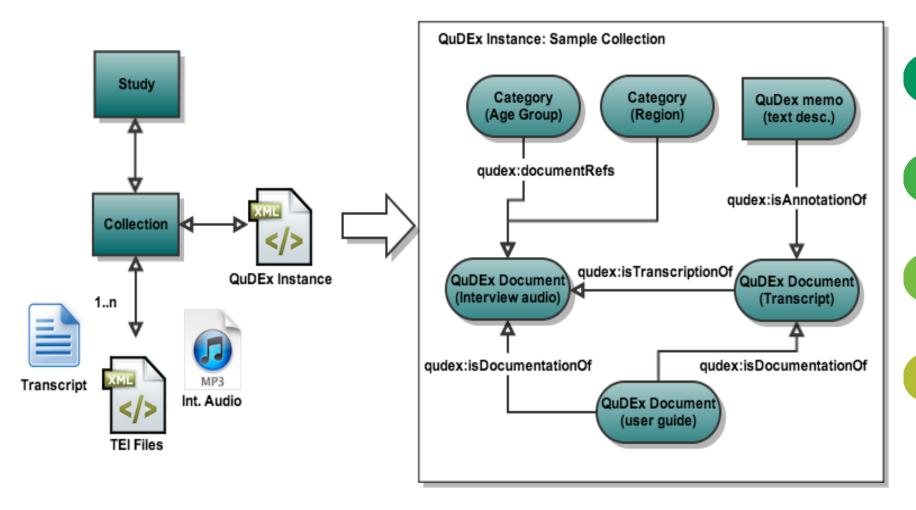
- BaseX for metadata and textual data storage and retrieval
 - DDI 2.5/ DDI Codebook: collection level
 - QuDEx: Limited collection and object level
 - TEI: object level text documents
- File server for non-XML docs
- Simple QuDEx metadata data entry tool: Sharepoint
- C# scripts process and validate against XML schemas;
- Oxygen for manual mark-up
- Solr indexes used for faceted browsing and TEI text highlighting
- Xquery on BaseX for object metadata, text utterances and related materials
- GUID generator SQL database for QuDEx and TEI elements
- UI in-house technologies .NET and RESTful web services/APIs







QuDex principles





QualiBank guides and references

QuDex schema

https://www.ukdataservice.ac.uk/media/213576/corti_df_qudex13.pdf

QualiBank User Guide

https://www.ukdataservice.ac.uk/media/428412/qualibankguide.pdf

Showcasingthe QualiBank

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NMBIgwyEySs



For ESRC award holders

- Upload data to our <u>ReShare</u> data repository, following guidance....
- Harvest project information from ESRC Gateway to Research
- DataCite DOI assigned
- Discover service harvests catalogue information



Idea of volume in ReShare

- 850 data collections published so far in ReShare
- 500 were migrated from previous Fedora system
- 100+ pending
 - in review
 - in the pipeline being deposited or being sent back after review for actioning

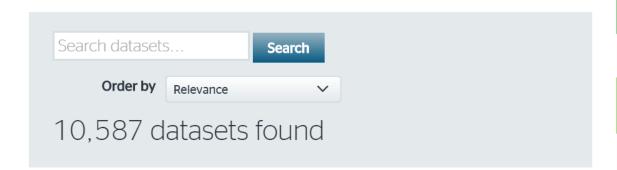


Research Data Discovery System



Home > Datasets





Anonymised library activity data for the academic years 2007/08, 2008/09 and ...

These data consist of entries for 4,268 anonymised students who graduated from the University of Lincoln with a named award at the end of the academic year 2009/10, along with a...



Plain text list of URIs for www.lincoln.ac.uk (as of 14/02/2010)

This dataset was generated using this tool http://www.auditmypc.com/xml-sitemap.asp. Only publicly accessible pages are included. Excluded are URIs containing: .js .css .pdf...