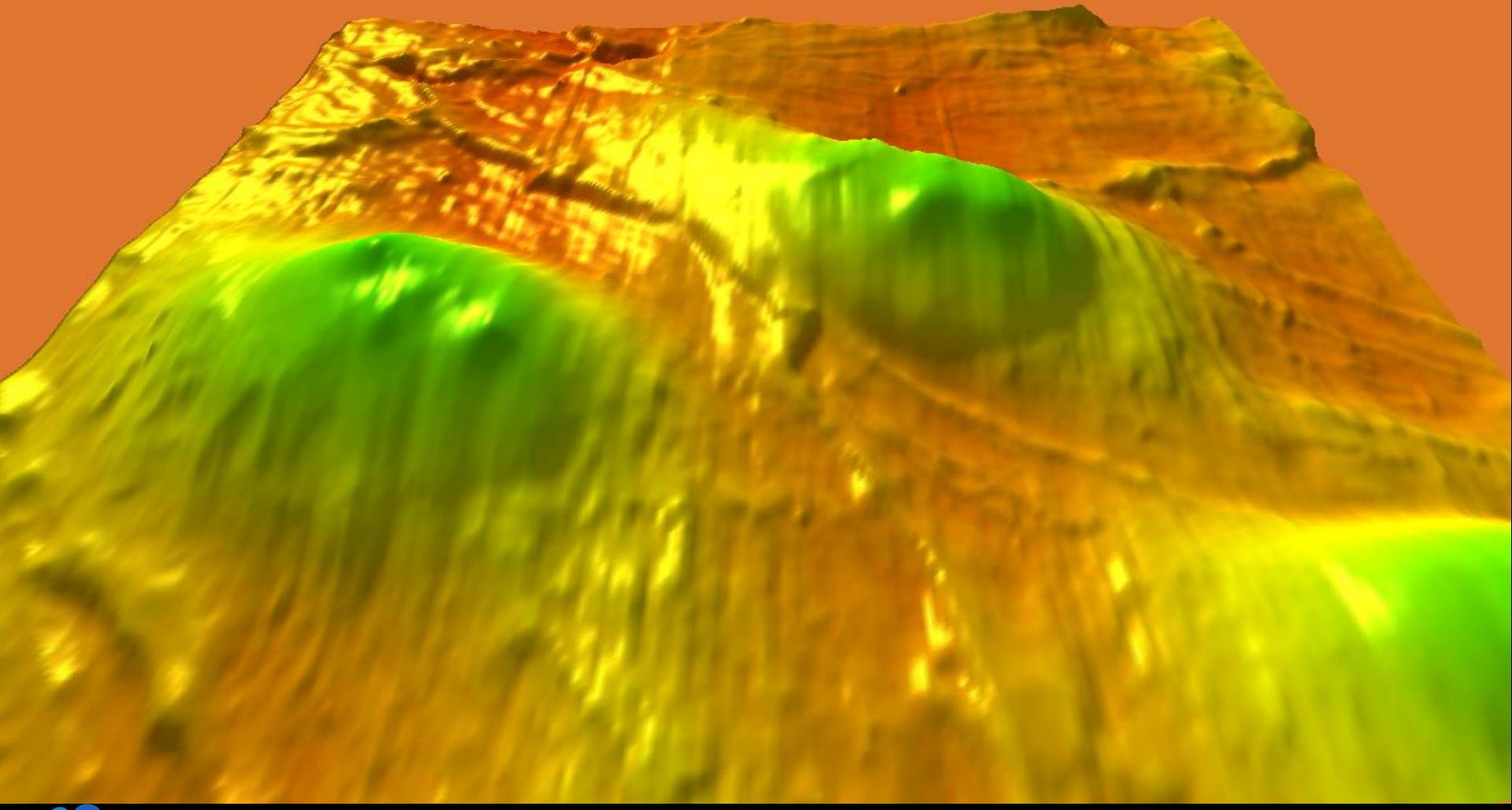


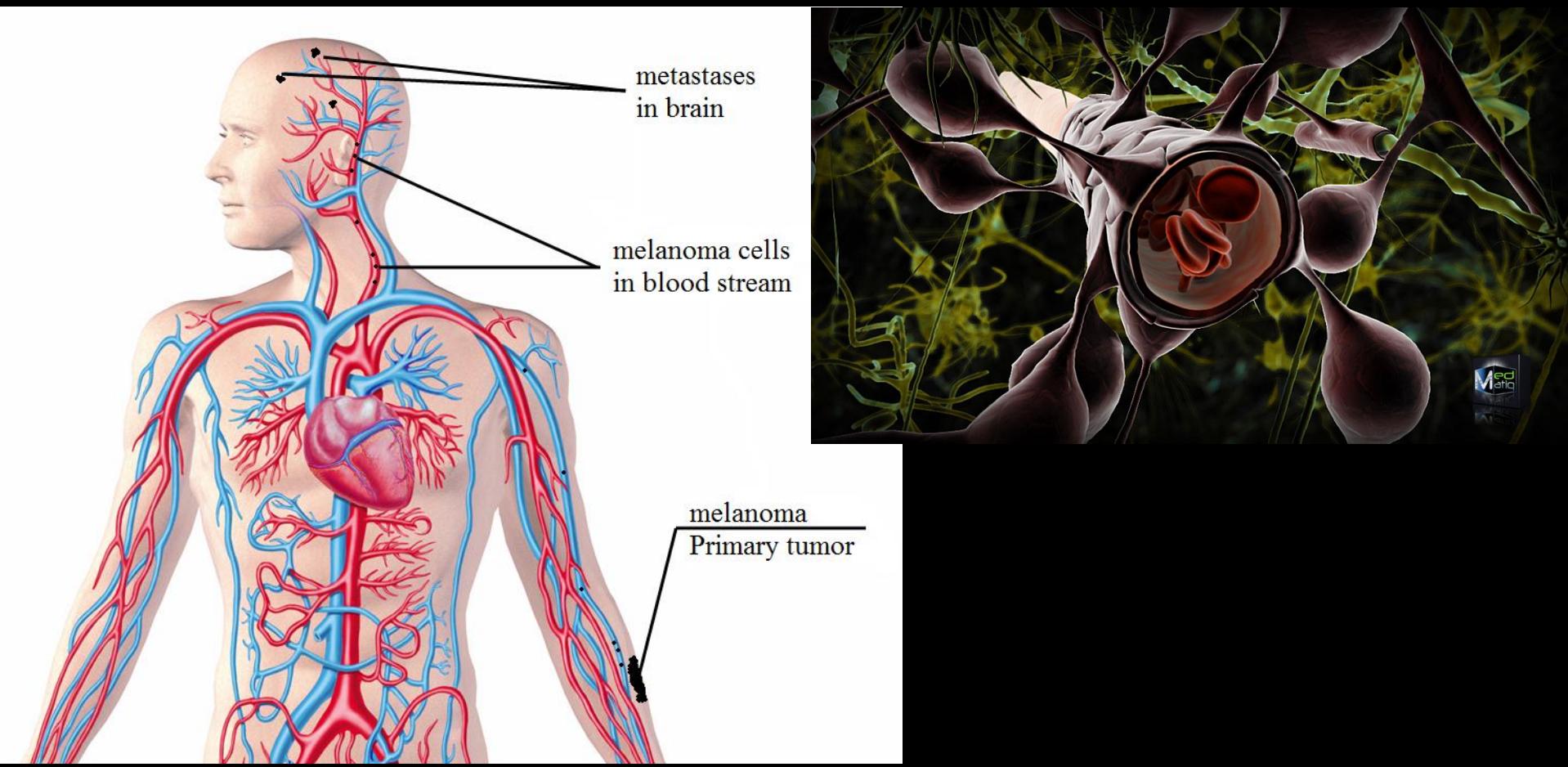
# Membrane tethers reshape intercellular de-adhesion dynamics

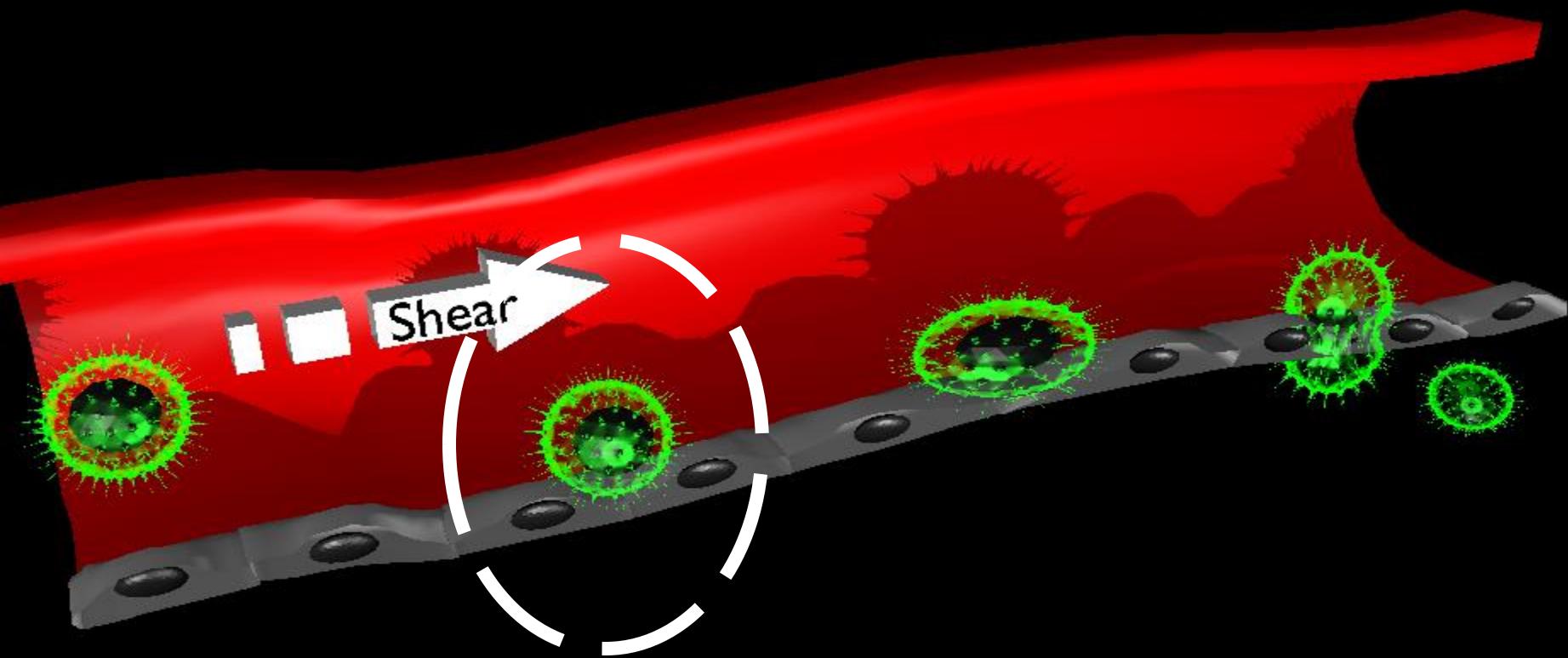


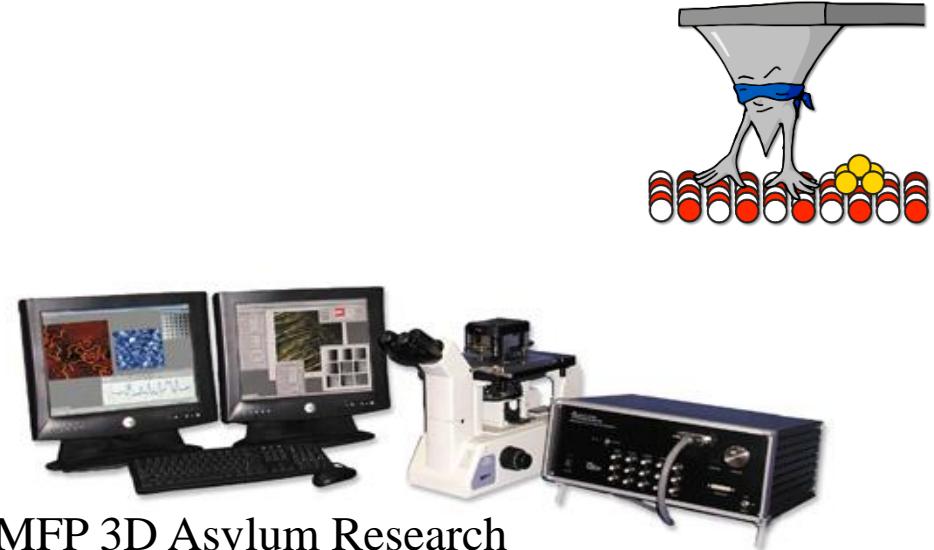
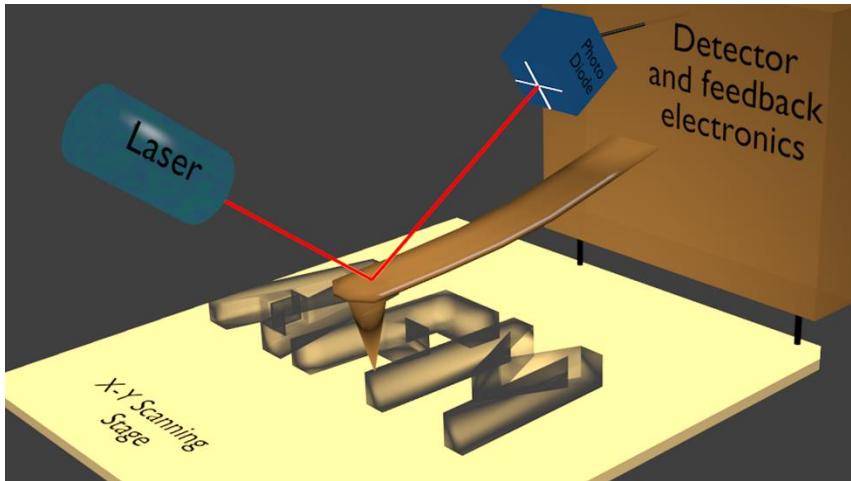
Attila-Gergely Végh

BRC Szeged (H), Institute of Biophysics

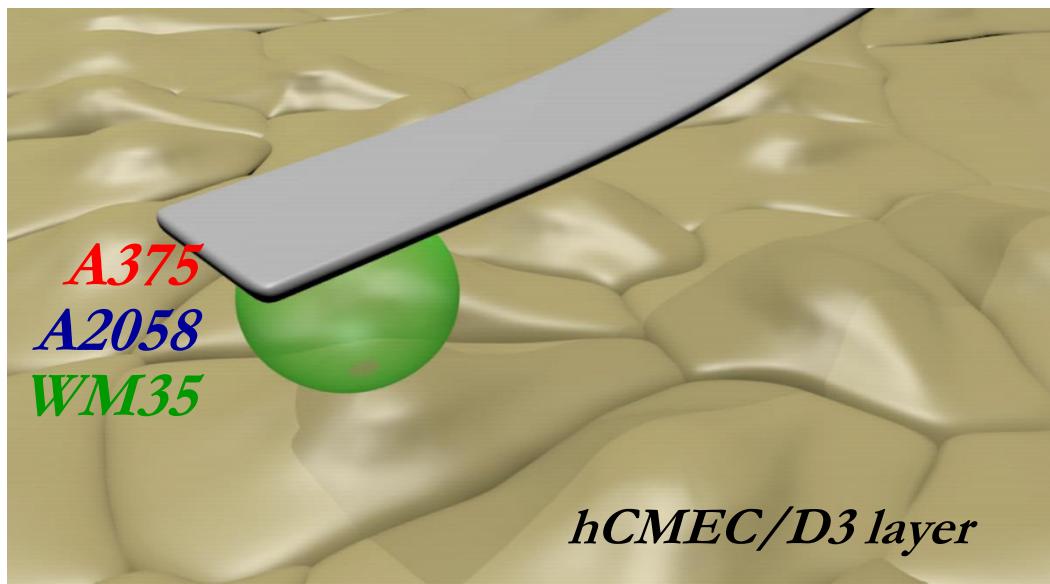
RBC2018 Zreče, May the 17<sup>th</sup> 2018



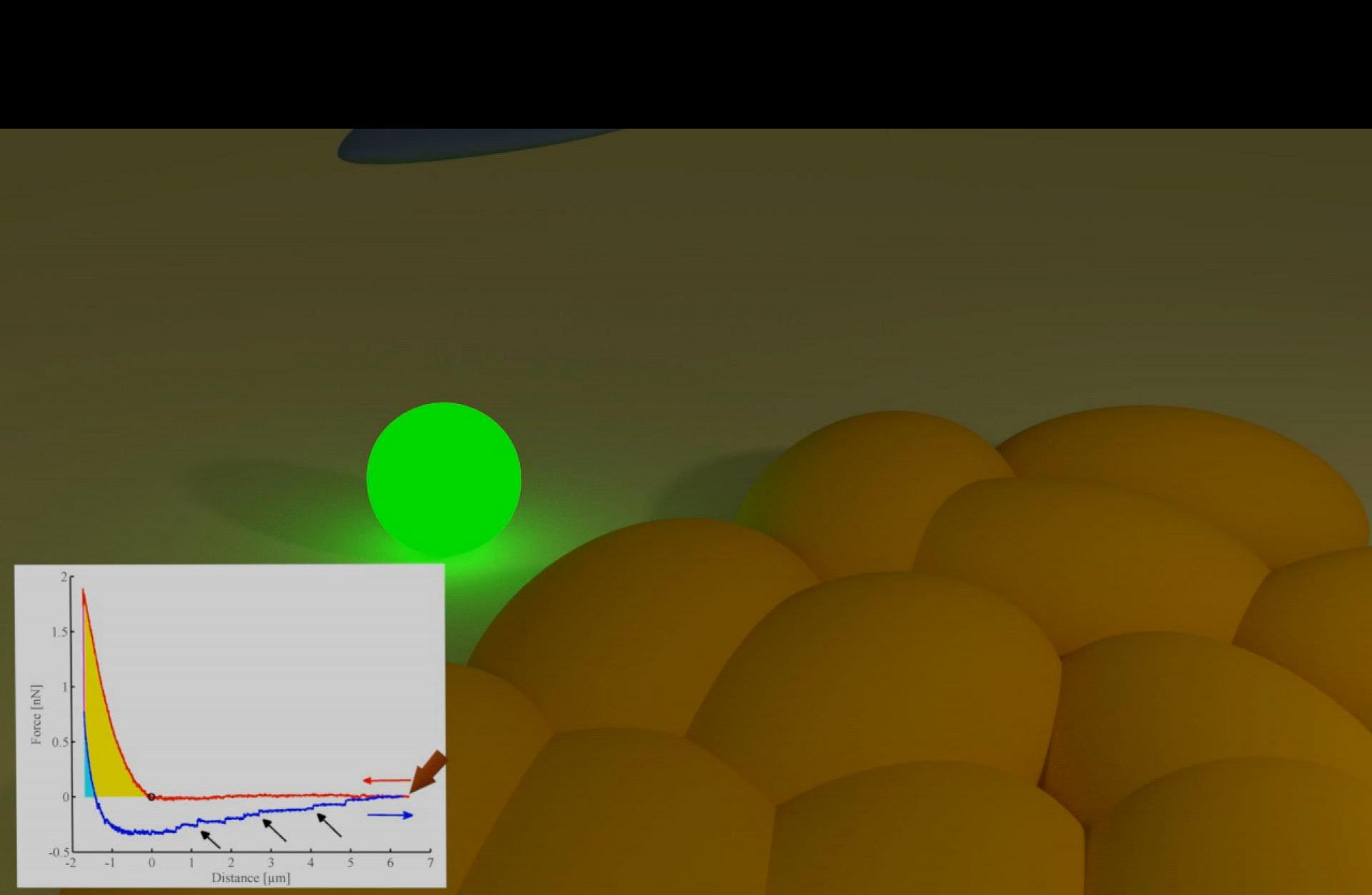


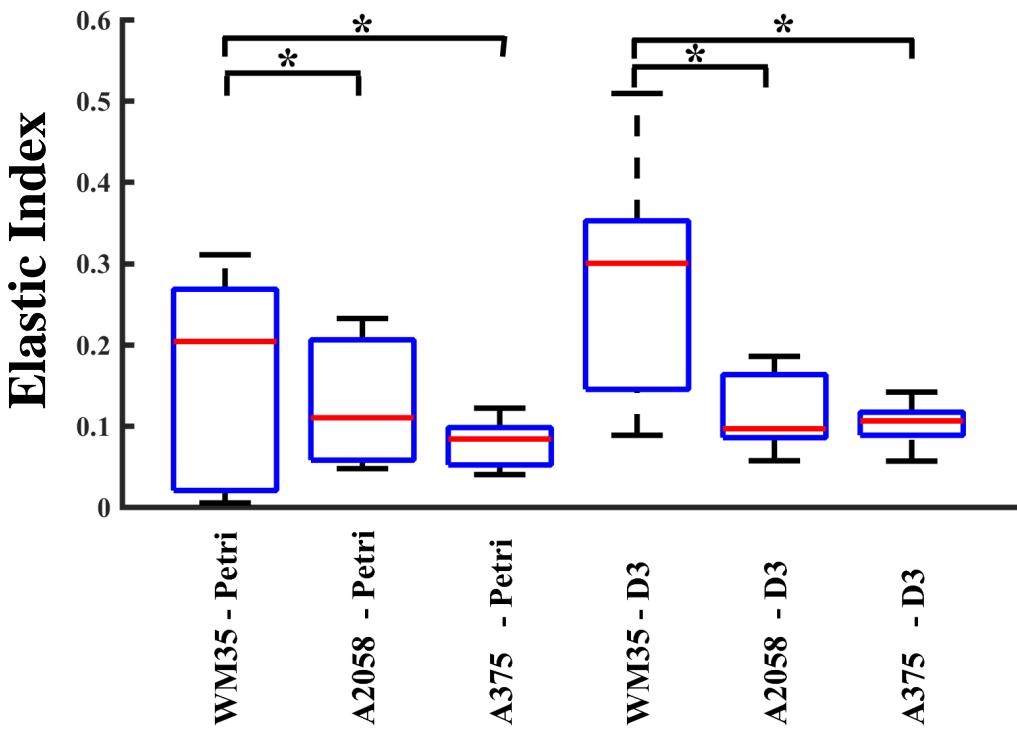
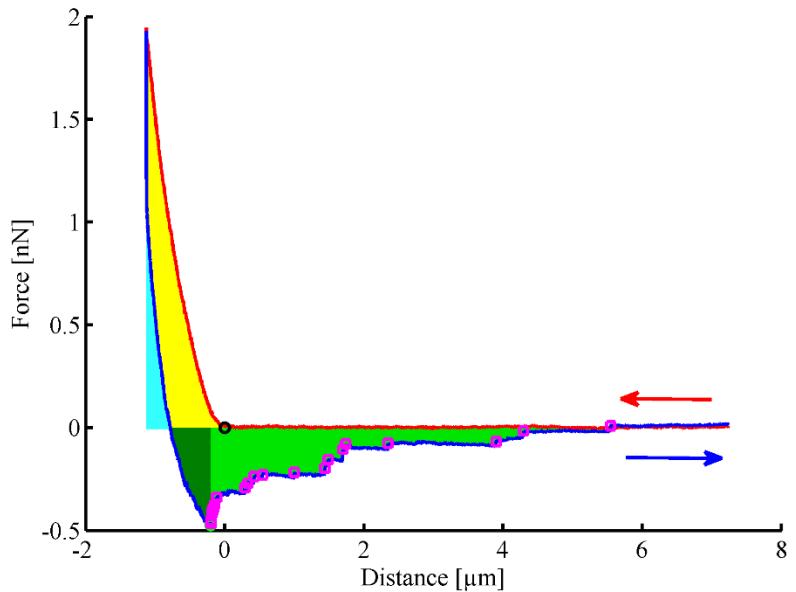


MFP 3D Asylum Research

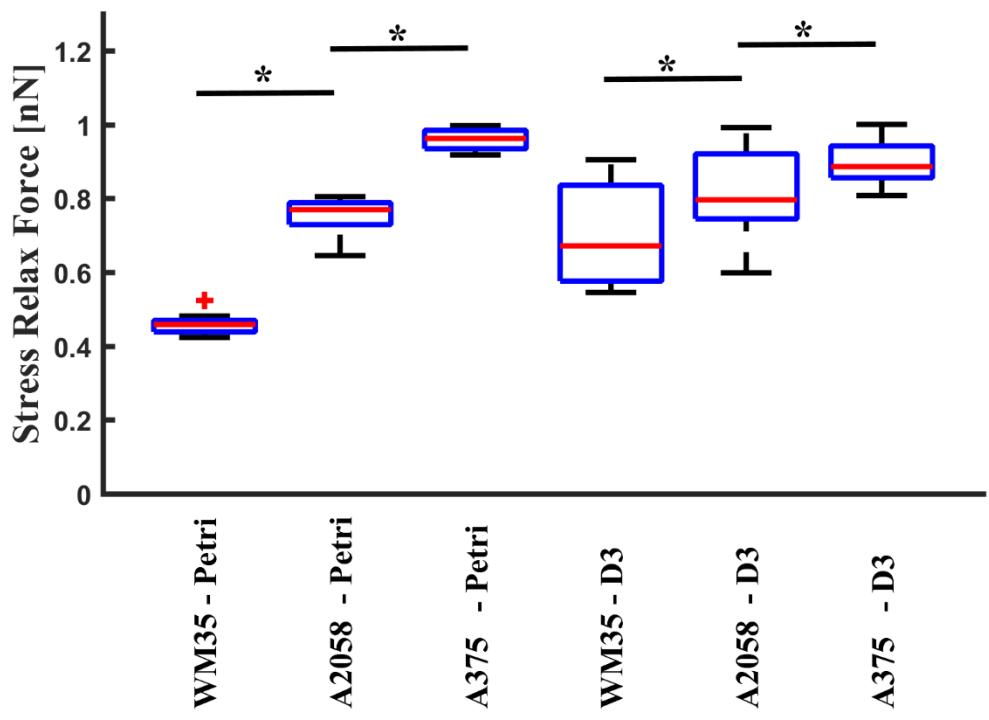
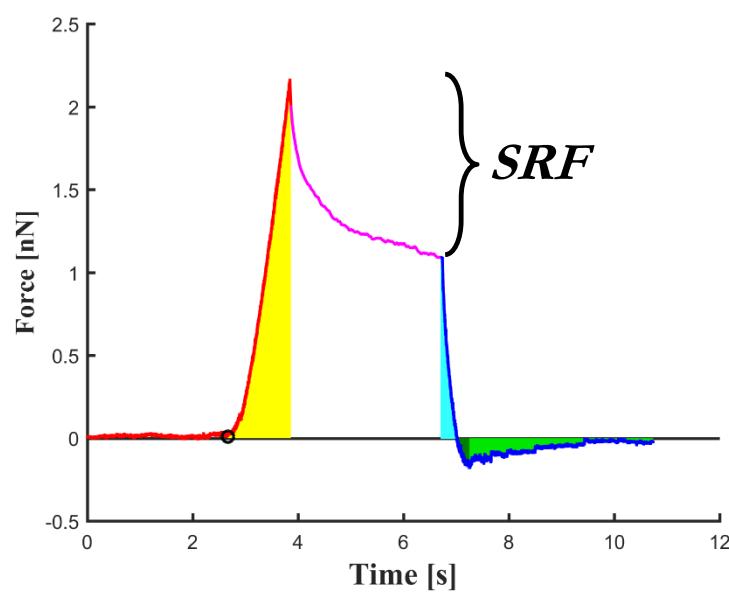


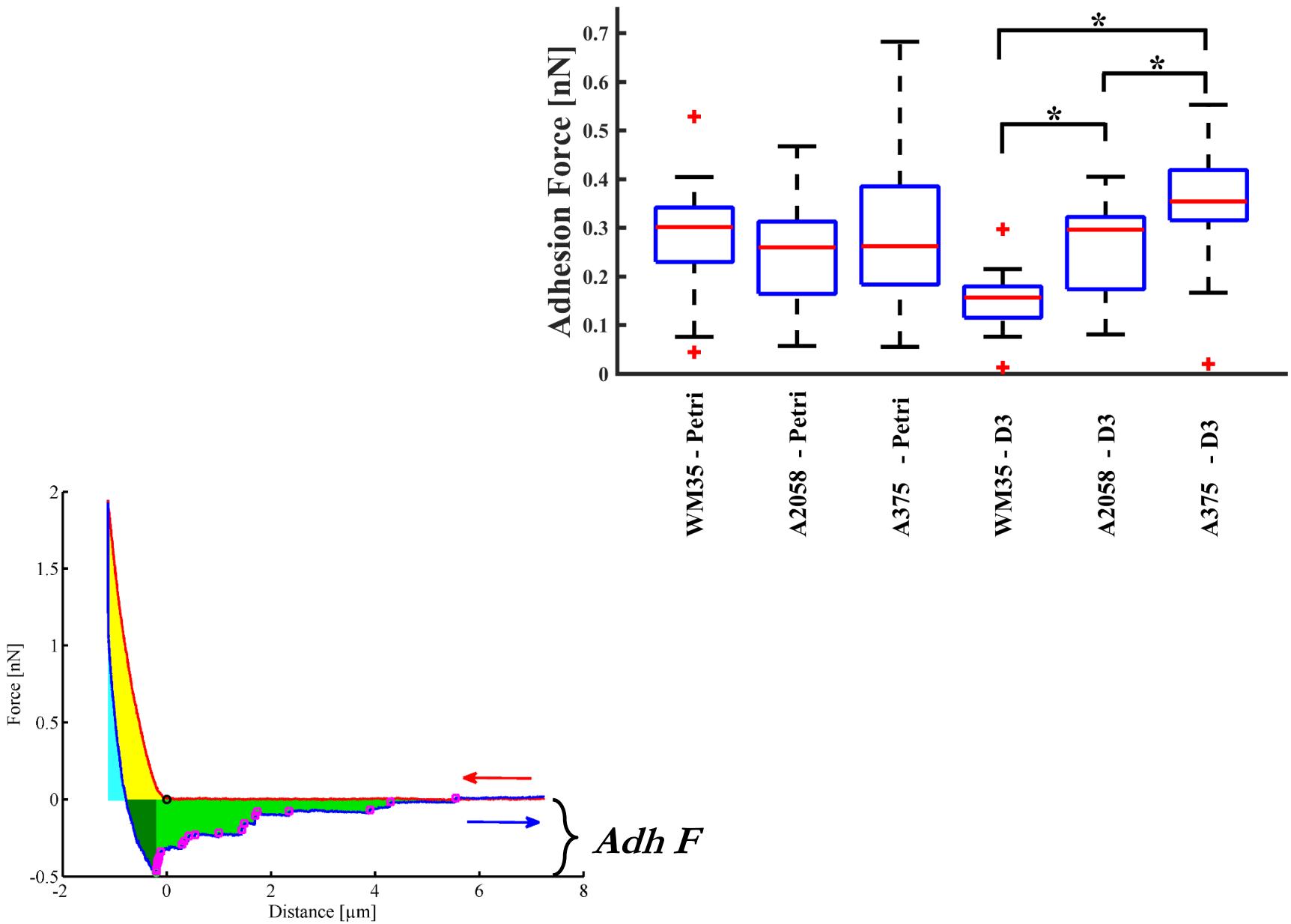
*BRAF, V600E  
NRAS<sup>wt</sup>*

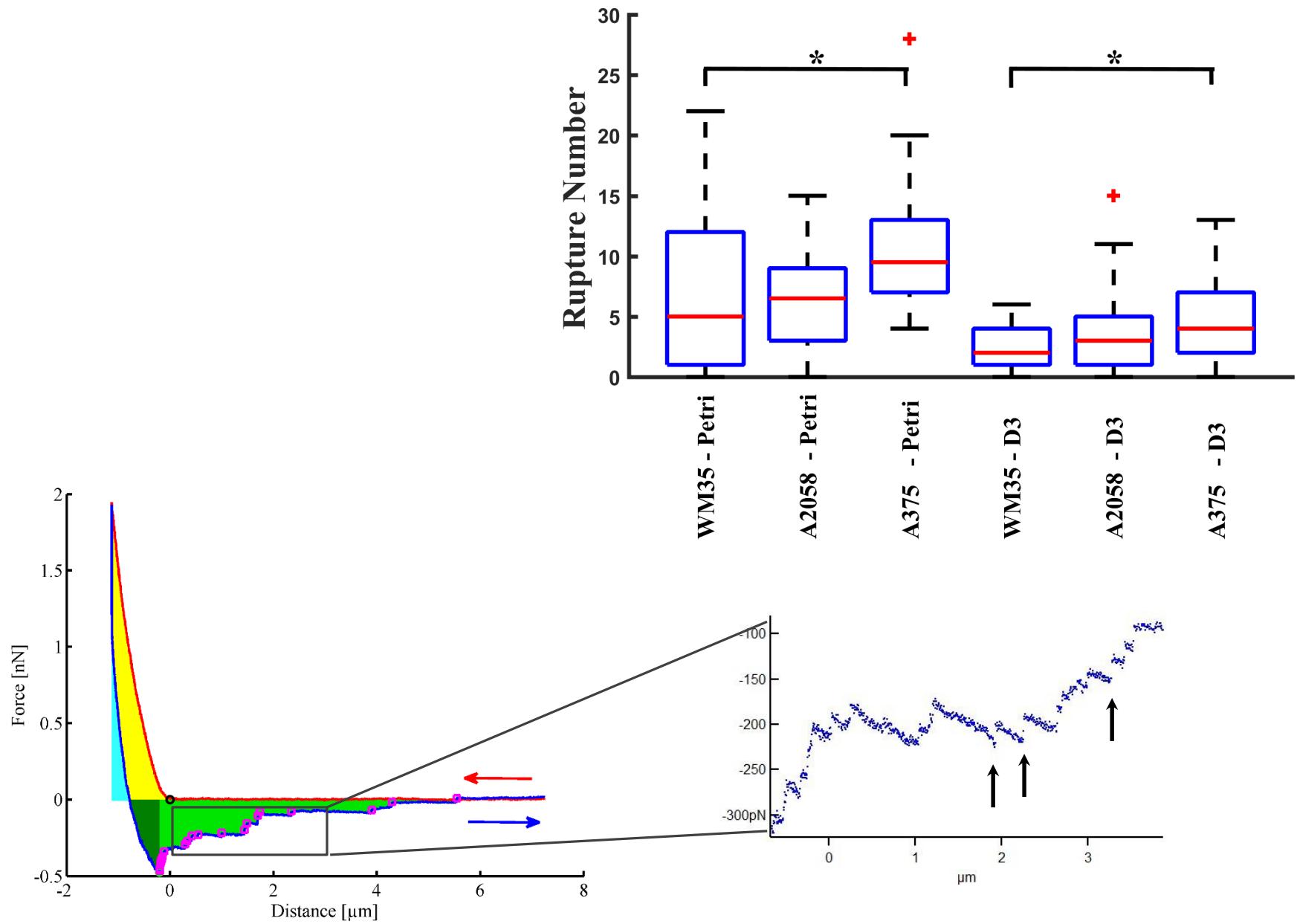


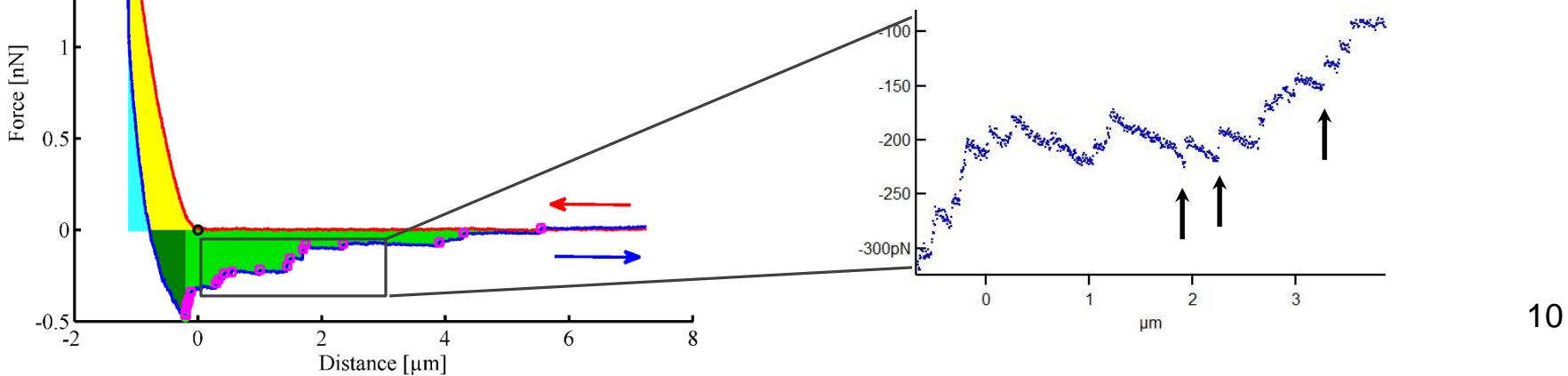
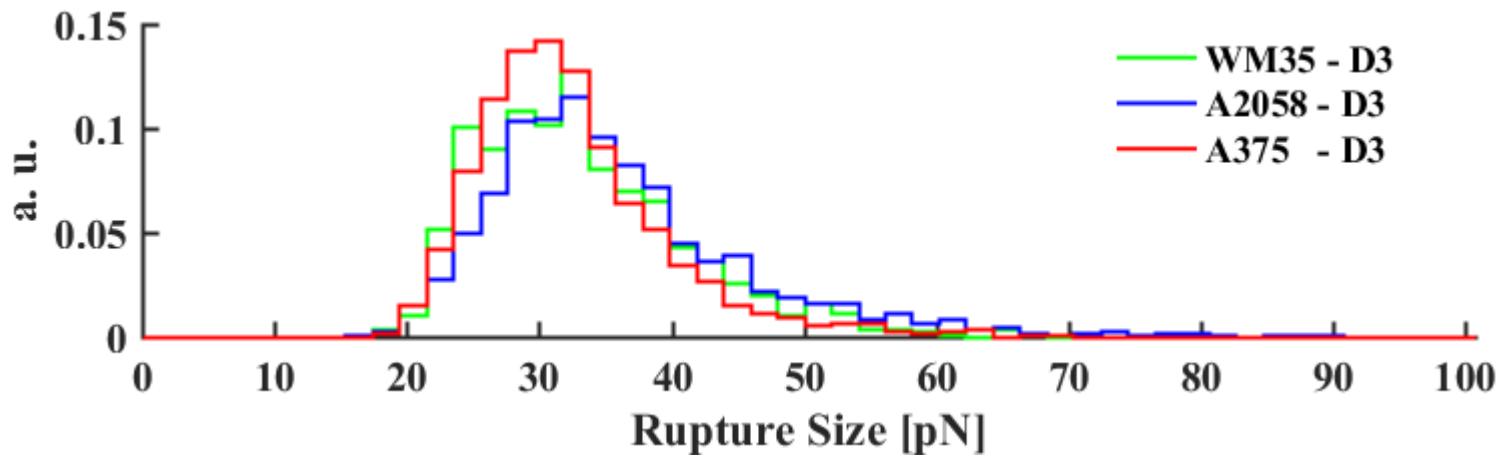
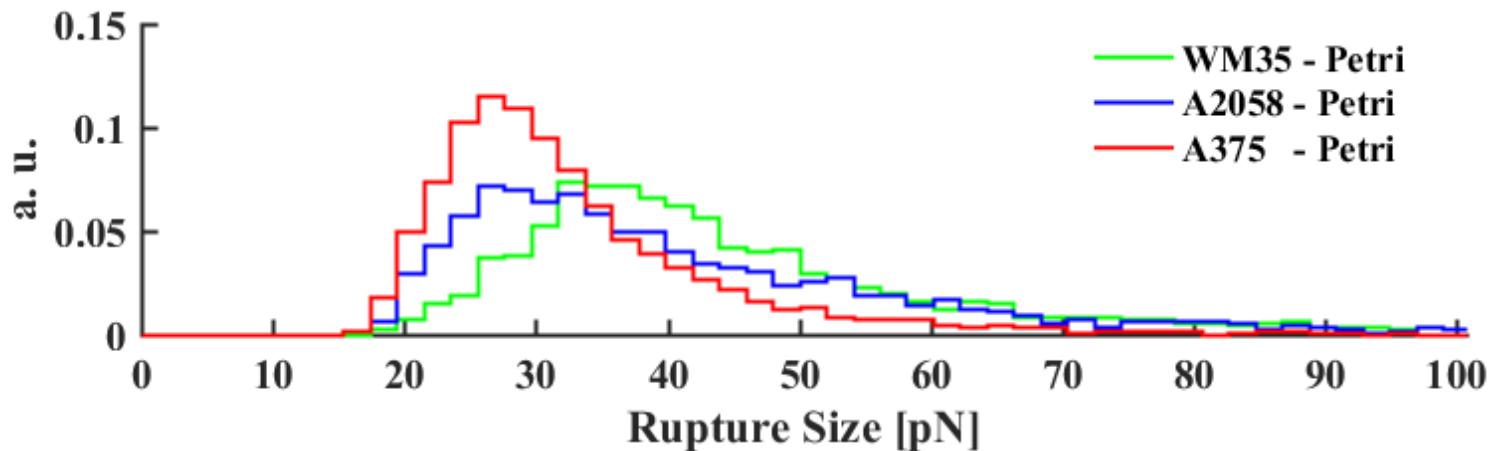


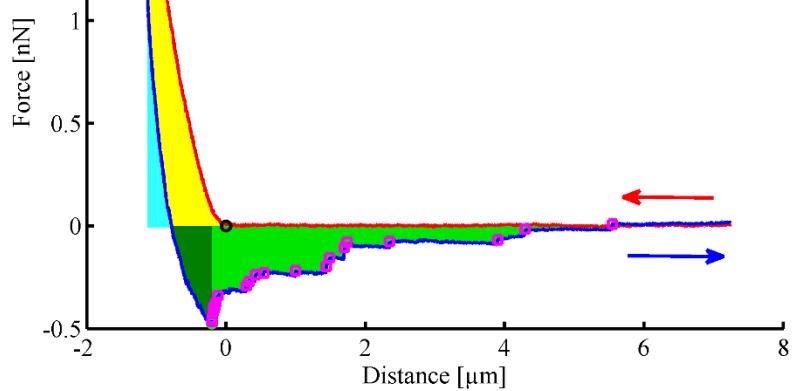
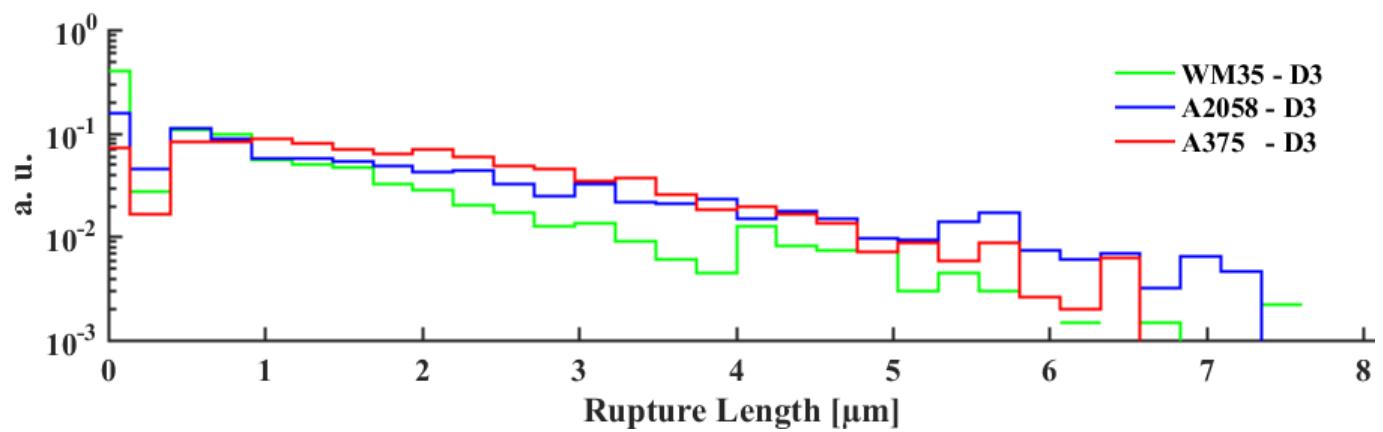
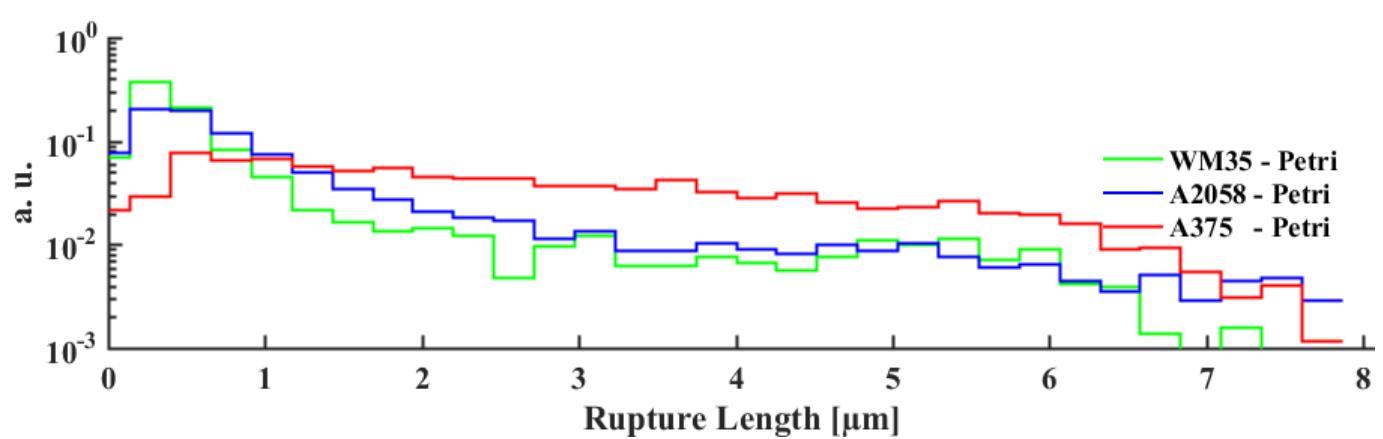
$$\text{Elastic Index} = \frac{\text{Remanent work}}{\text{Indenting work}}$$











# Summary

- ✓ Force-spectroscopy: direct measurement of intercellular de-adhesion dynamics on living cells
- ✓ De-adhesion dynamics can be measured with pN resolution
- ✓ Nanomechanical parameters reflect the invasive potential of melanoma cells
- ✓ Membrane nanotubes play important role in the adhesion pattern between melanoma and brain endothelial cells



*Thank you for your kind attention!*

