



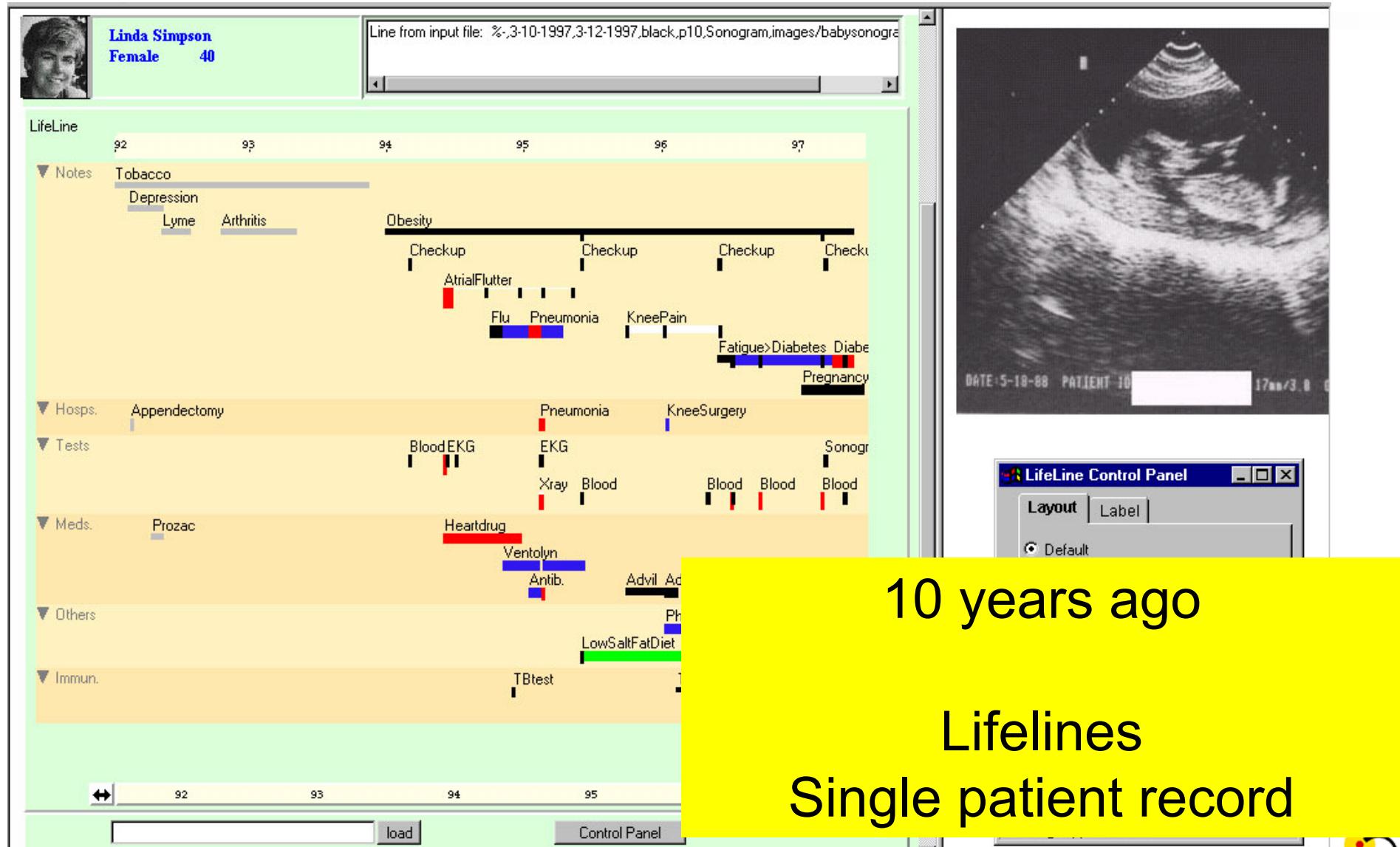
Aligning Temporal Data by Sentinel Events: Discovering Patterns in Electronic Health Records

**Taowei Wang, Catherine Plaisant,
Alex Quinn, Roman Stanchak, Ben Shneiderman
University of Maryland**

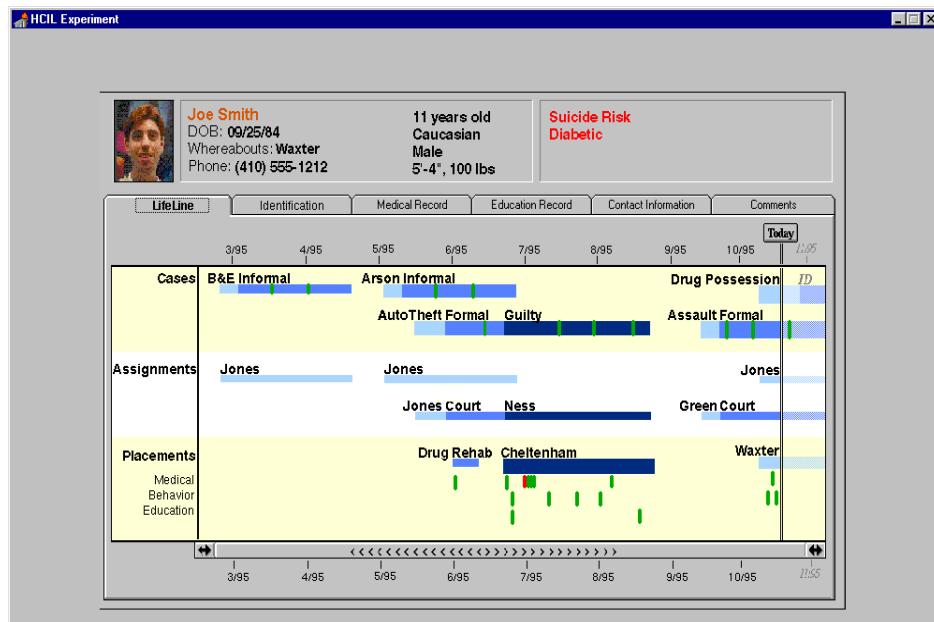
Shawn Murphy
Massachusetts General Hospital



LifeLines: Overview of Patient Record



Measured benefits over tabular display



This screenshot shows a detailed tabular view of case data for 'Joe Smith'. The top row contains his profile information: photo, name (Joe Smith), DOB (09/25/84), whereabouts (Waxter), phone number (410) 555-1212, age (11 years old), ethnicity (Caucasian), gender (Male), height (5'-4"), and weight (100 lbs). To the right of this are sections for 'Suicide Risk' (Diabetic) and 'Reviews' (a table of review dates from 3/15/95 to 10/13/95). Below the profile are three tables: 'Cases' (listing incidents with details like date received, alleged offense, severity, intake decision, court finding, and closure date), 'Assignments' (listing workers with details like type, start, and finish dates), and 'Leaves' (listing placements with details like type, placement, severity, and date(s)).

Case	Received	Alleged Offense	Severity	Intake Decision	Decision Date	Court Finding	Court Date	Closed
1	2/20/95	B&E	4	Informal	3/3/95	NA		
2	5/4/95	Arson	6	Informal	5/11/95	NA		
3	5/19/95	Auto Theft	6	Formal	5/28/95	Guilty	6/20/95	
4	9/14/95	Assault	8	Formal	9/20/95	NA		
5	10/12/95	Drug Possession	7					

Type	Placement	Severity	Date(s)
Medical	Drug Rehab	Normal	5/28/95
	Cheltenham	Normal	6/20/95
	Cheltenham	Critical	7/2/95
	Cheltenham	Normal	7/3/95
	Cheltenham	Normal	7/4/95
	Cheltenham	Normal	7/5/95
	Cheltenham	Normal	8/6/95
	Waxter	Normal	10/13/95

Case	Placement	Type	Start	Finish
3	Drug Rehab	Program	5/28/95	6/9/95
3	Cheltenham	Committed	6/20/95	8/22/95
5	Waxter	Detention	10/10/95	

www.cs.umd.edu/hcil/lifelines



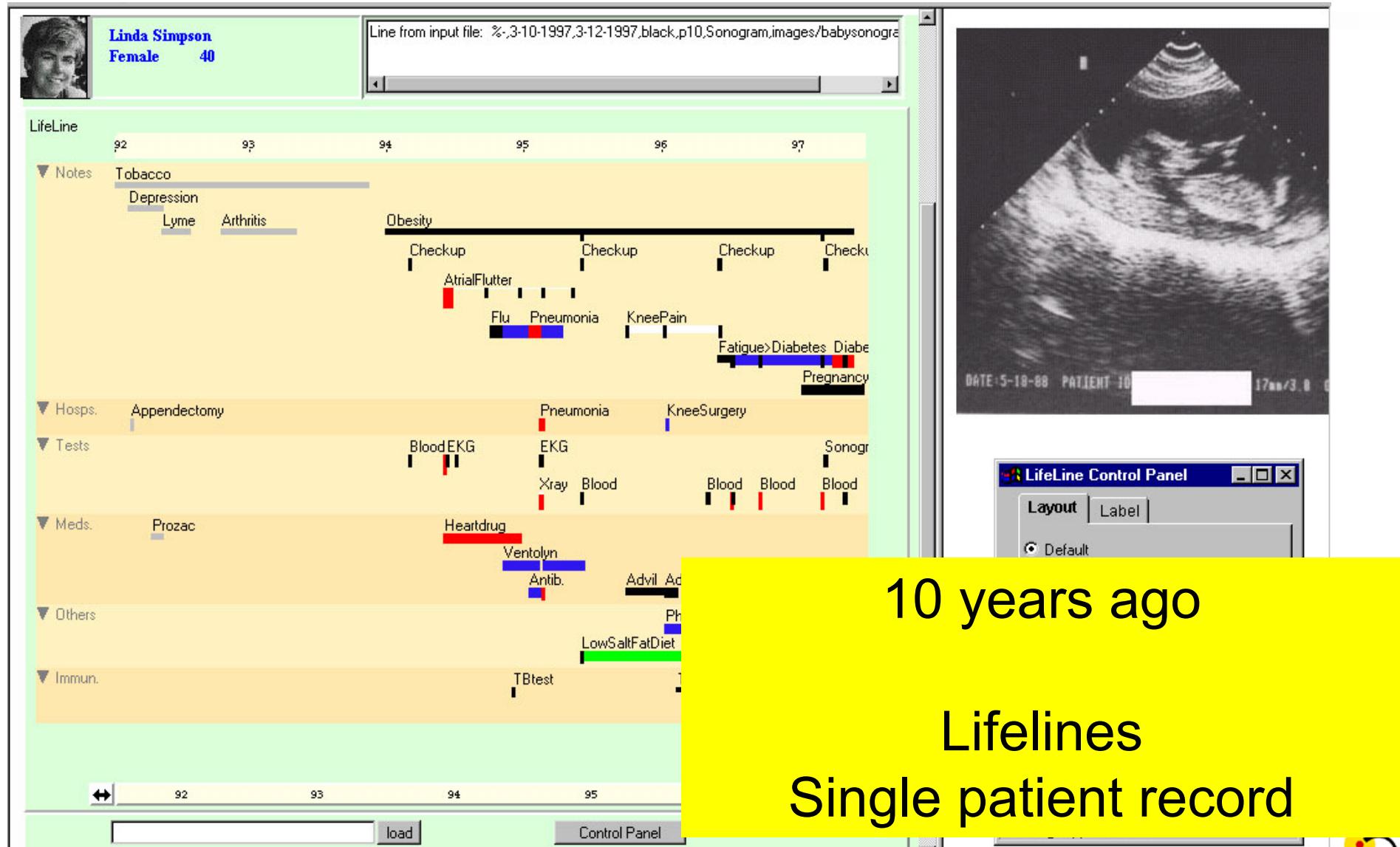
Single record → Millions of records



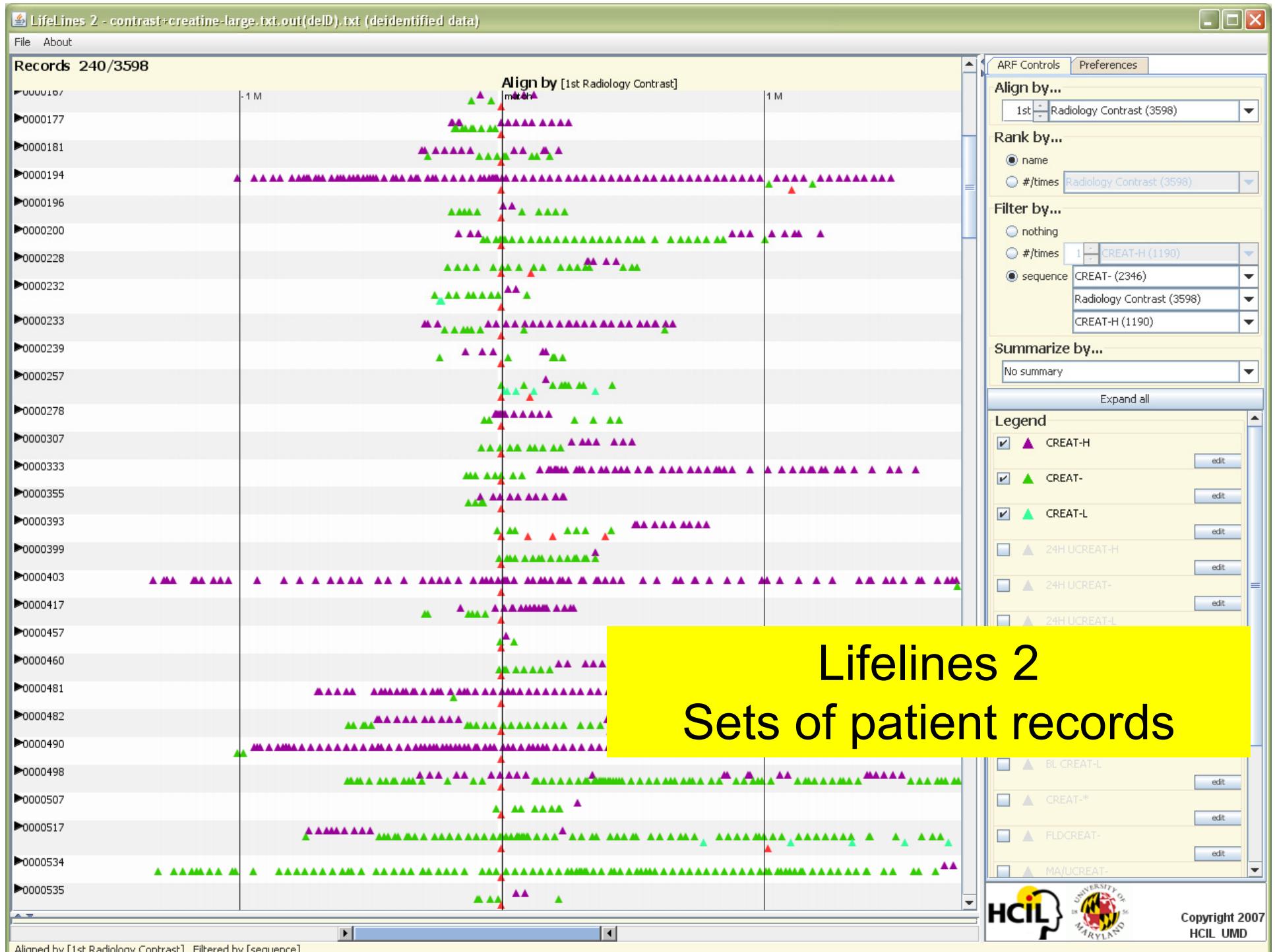
- Large databases of Electronic Health Records (EHRs)
- Observational studies
(i.e. using EHRs for clinical research - rather than clinical trials)
- Recruitment for clinical trials
- Hospital performance monitoring
- Alarm design and testing
- etc.

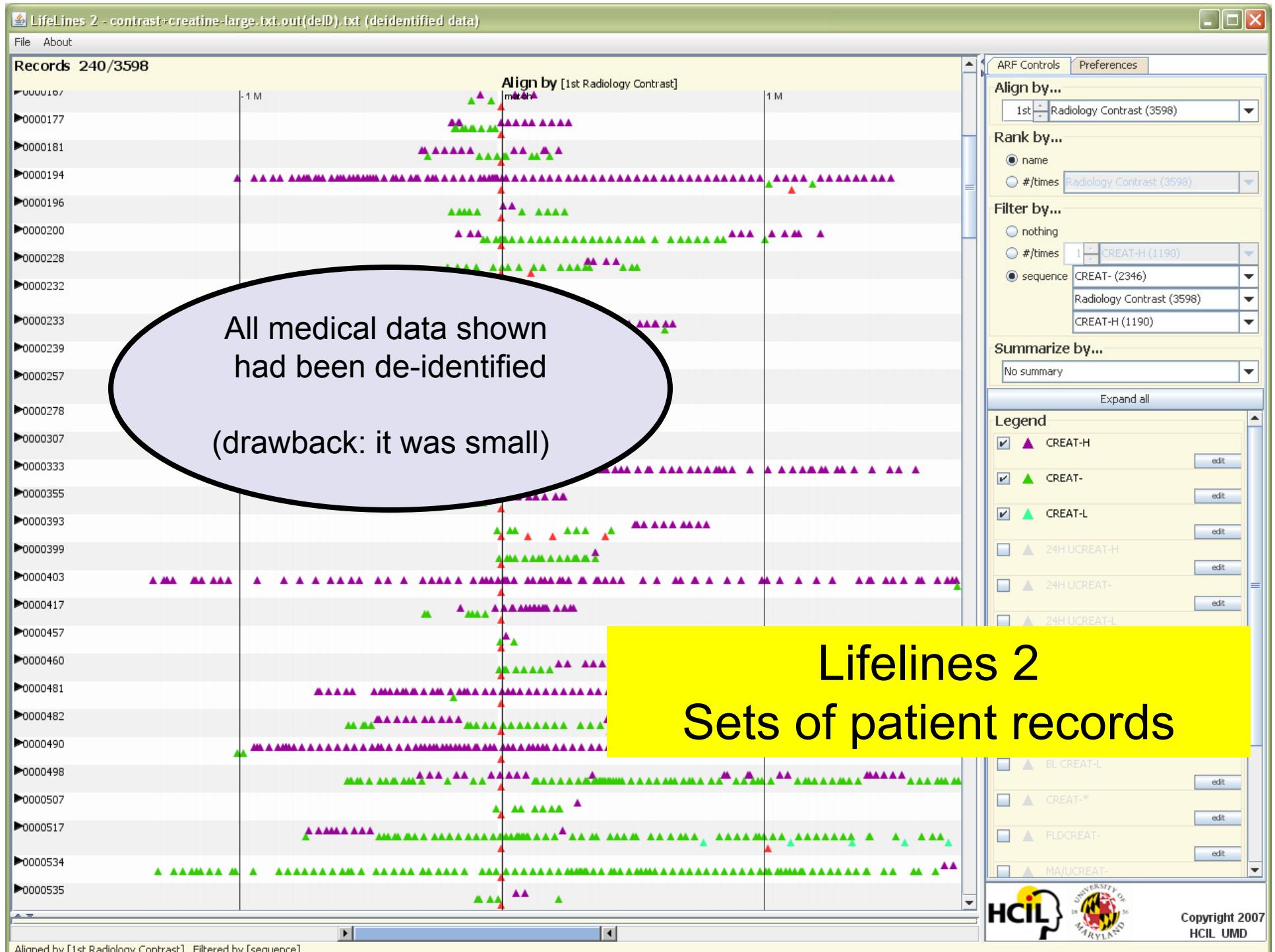
Often involve temporal comparison relative to an important event
(e.g. heart attack, start of a treatment, 1st diagnosis of cancer)

LifeLines: Overview of Patient Record



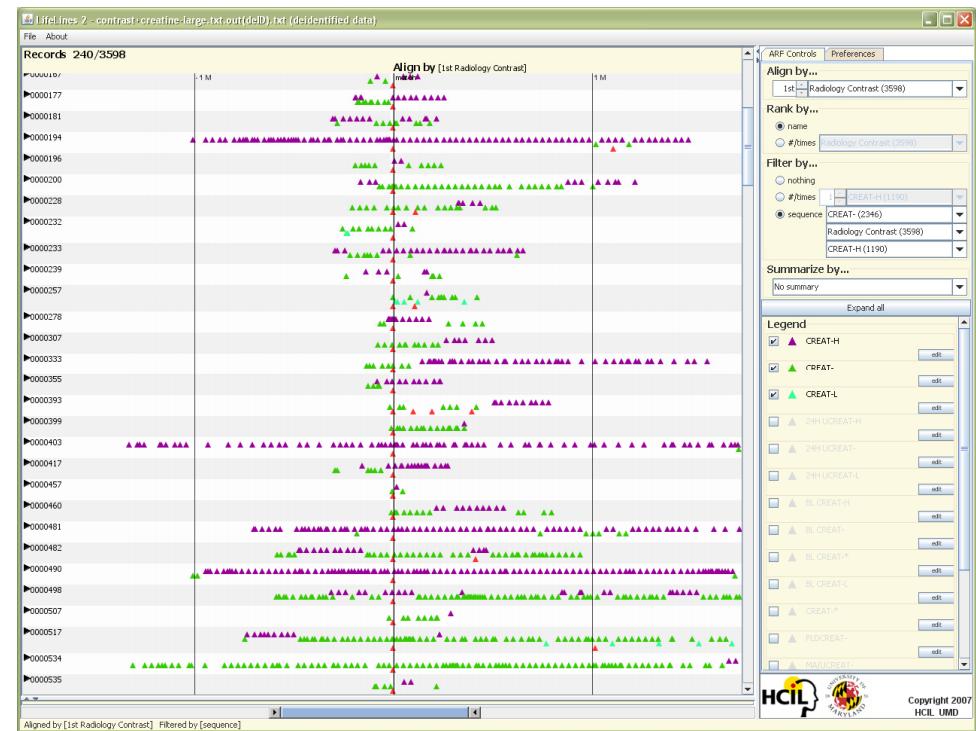
10 years ago
Lifelines
Single patient record





Today

- Introduce powerful combination of simple operations
Align Rank and Filter
 - Multiple records simultaneously visible
 - Align by sentinel events
 - Rank by frequency
 - Filter by events
- Measure
benefit of alignment
- Explore representation of
intervals of validity



Focus on categorical point data



- Examples
 - Diagnoses
 - Admission to hospital
 - Complaints: Shortness of breath
 - Tests (e.g. type: creatinine serum, low/normal/high, value)
 - Exams (e.g. type=xray, normal)
 - Point data (not interval)
even if some implicit interval of validity exist
- NOT:**
Images
Full text of notes
Continuous numerical data
(e.g. EKGs)

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Pneumonia



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Pneumonia



Hospital discharge

Focus on categorical point data



- Examples
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 - Admission to hospital
 - Complaints: Shortness of breath
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Pneumonia

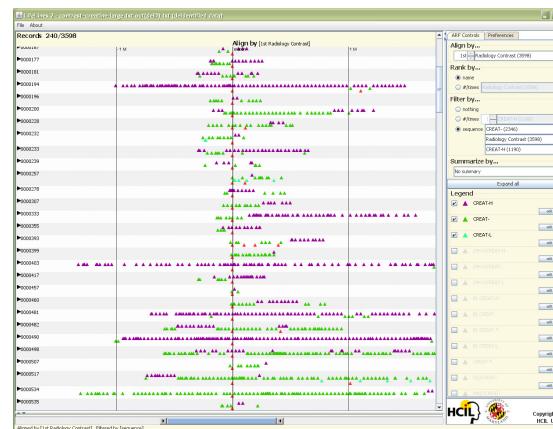
Context



Search
millions of records



Interactive
visualization of results



LifeLines2

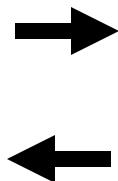
Selected subsets of the records of multiple patients



Context

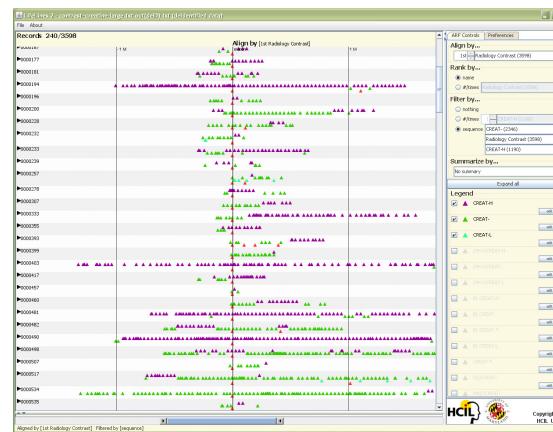


Search
millions of records



Interactive
visualization of results

Writing SQL not an option!



LifeLines2

Selected subsets of the records of multiple patients



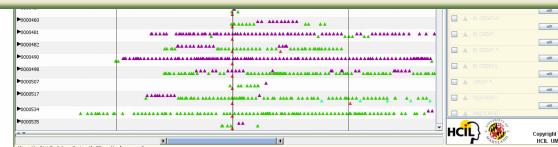
Context



```
SELECT TOP 200
*
FROM
contrast contrast_1,
contrast contrast_2,
contrast contrast_3
WHERE
1=1 AND
[contrast_1].[Lab Test] = 'CREAT' AND
[contrast_2].[Value] BETWEEN '0.6' AND '1.2' AND
[contrast_2].[Lab Accessioning Time] < [contrast_1].[Radiology Exam Time] AND [contrast_2].[Lab Accessioning Time] > dateadd(Day, -2, [contrast_1].[Radiology Exam Time]) AND
[contrast_1].[Account] = [contrast_2].[Account] AND
[contrast_3].[Value] > ([contrast_2].[Value] * (1 + 50 * .01)) AND
[contrast_3].[Value] > ([contrast_2].[Value] + 1) AND
[contrast_3].[Lab Accessioning Time] > [contrast_1].[Radiology Exam Time] AND [contrast_3].[Lab Accessioning Time] < dateadd(Day, 5, [contrast_1].[Radiology Exam Time])
AND
[contrast_2].[Account] = [contrast_3].[Account]
```

OK

Writing SQL now



LifeLines2

Selected subsets of the records of multiple patients



- 
- Related work
 - Quick demo
 - Report on studies
 - Ongoing & Future work



Sample of Related Work

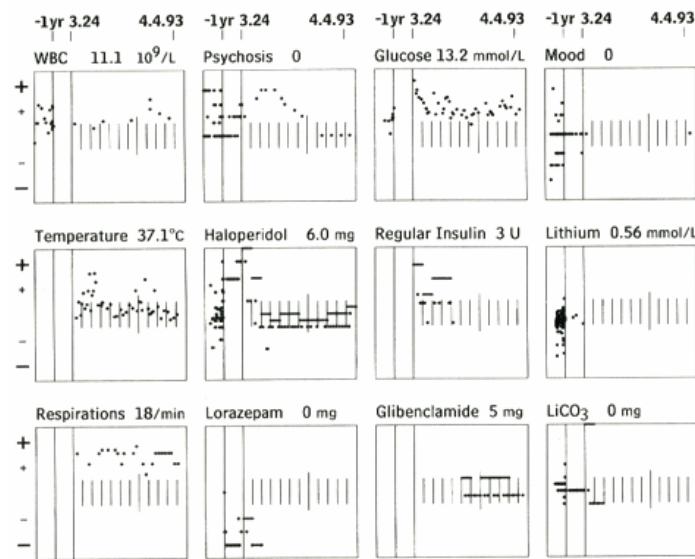
- Many tools...
because many types of time series, and needs
- Recent survey paper: Aigner et al, TVCG 2008
- Many static displays
- Numerical vs. Categorical data
 - Numerical
 - Single one (e.g. VizTree looking at patterns in an EKG)
 - Multiple series (e.g. TimeSearcher)
 - Categorical
 - Many modeling and query tools
 - Queries
- Alignment
 - Many examples of use
 - Manual specification of alignment point
 - Periodical data (e.g. spiral displays)



Static views

Surname, forename Admitted 3.24.93

Right lower lobe pneumonia, hallucinations, new onset diabetes,
history of manic depressive illness



4.4.93

7-South, Bed 5

Discharge. PB MD 1345 4.4.93

No delirium. GNM RN 1200 4.4.93

Enema given. PAC RN 1100 4.4.93

Will treat for probable
constipation. M8M 2245 4.2.93

Vomited. RW RN 2230 4.2.93

Left lower lobe infiltrate or
atelectasis. AL MD 1500 4.2.93

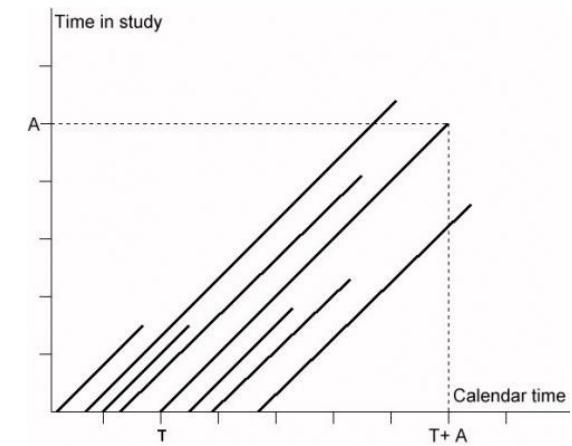
Alert and oriented. No complaints.
PAC RN 1100 4.1.93

Attending to activities of daily
living. PAC RN 1100 3.31.93

Ambulates with assistance. Weak.
PAC RN 1400 3.30.93

Still coughing. Breath sounds
diminished at right base.
PB MD 1000 3.30.93

Discontinued sitters.
MM RN 1500 3.29.93

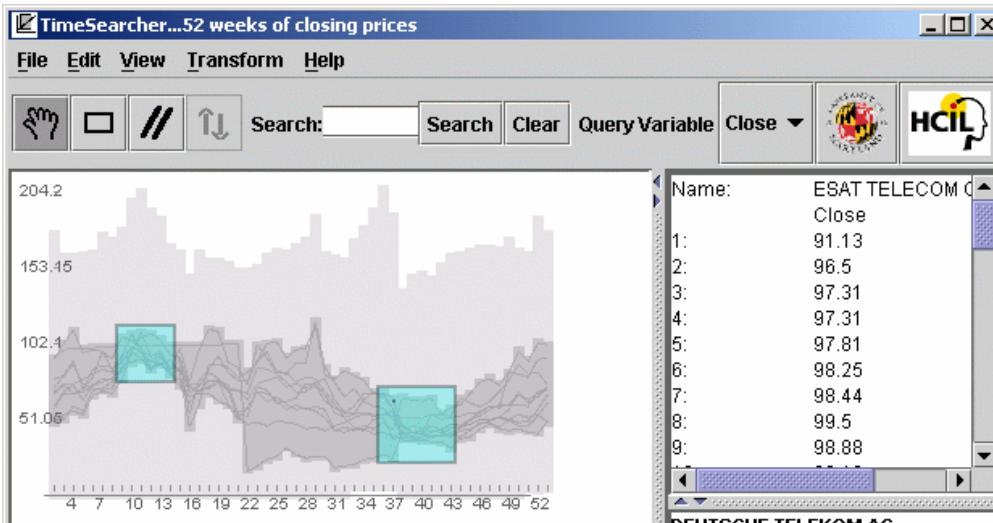


Powsner & Tufte, 1994

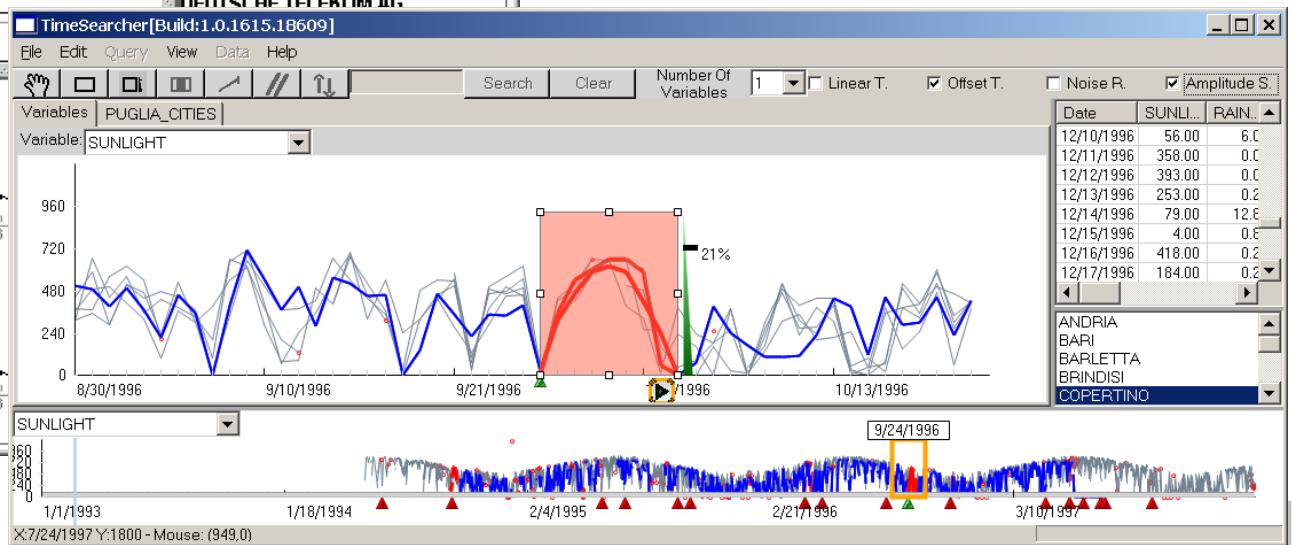
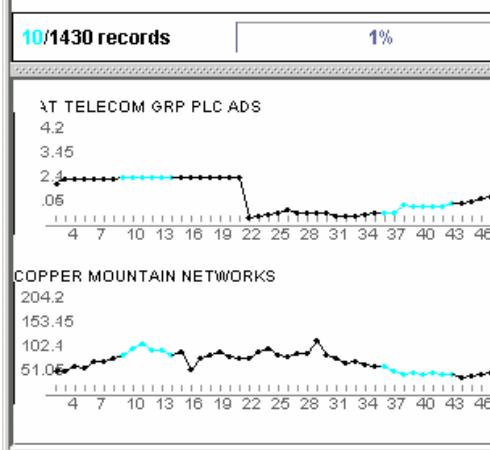
Lexis diagrams (Bertin)

TimeSearcher

Dynamic queries on numerical temporal data



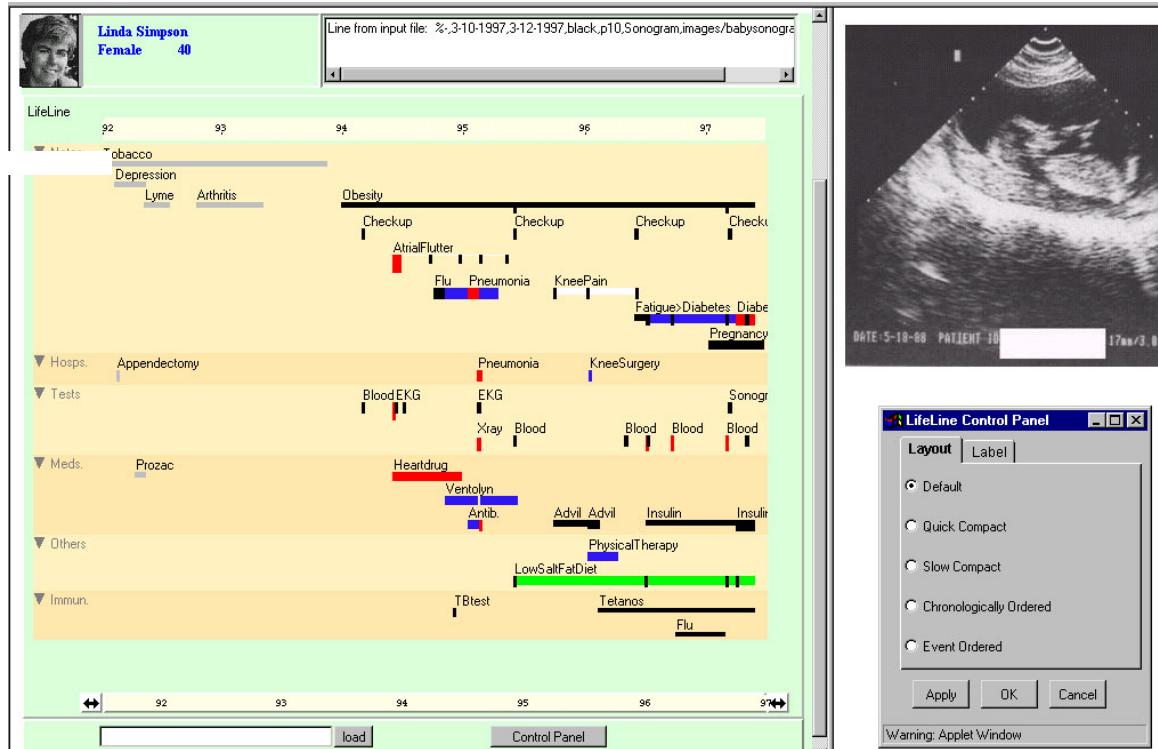
Hochheiser Infovis04



Buono VDA05

Lifelines and improvements

Overview of categorical and/or numerical data (semantic zoom)



Plaisant CHI 96, AMIA 98



Lifelines and improvements

Overview of categorical and/or numerical data (semantic zoom)



The screenshot displays the i2b2 Workbench interface for a demo project. At the top left is a portrait of Linda Simpson, Female, 40. To her right is a timeline showing her medical history from 1992 to 1997. The timeline includes events like Tobacco, Depression, Obesity, Checkups, AtrialFlutter, Flu, Pneumonia, and KneePain. Below the timeline is a grayscale ultrasound image of a baby's sonogram. The main workspace shows a hierarchical tree of medical terms under categories like Hospitals, Tests, Medications (Prozac), and Others. A search bar is set to 'asthma'. On the bottom left, a 'Previous Queries' panel lists various search results, including ones for Pneumonia and Asthma. On the right side, there are 'Query Tool' and 'Timeline View' panels. The 'Timeline View' panel shows a timeline for several patients, with green bars representing different health conditions over time.

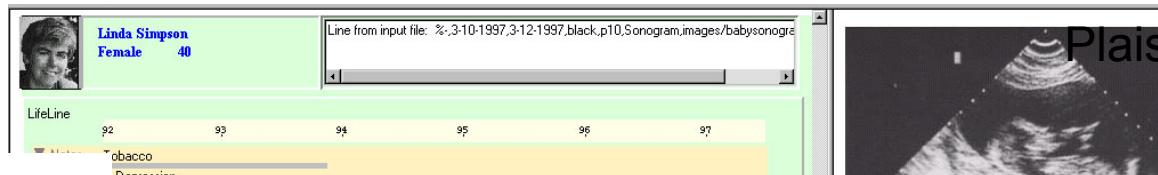
Plaisant CHI 96, AMIA 98

i2b2 (Murphy AMIA 07)

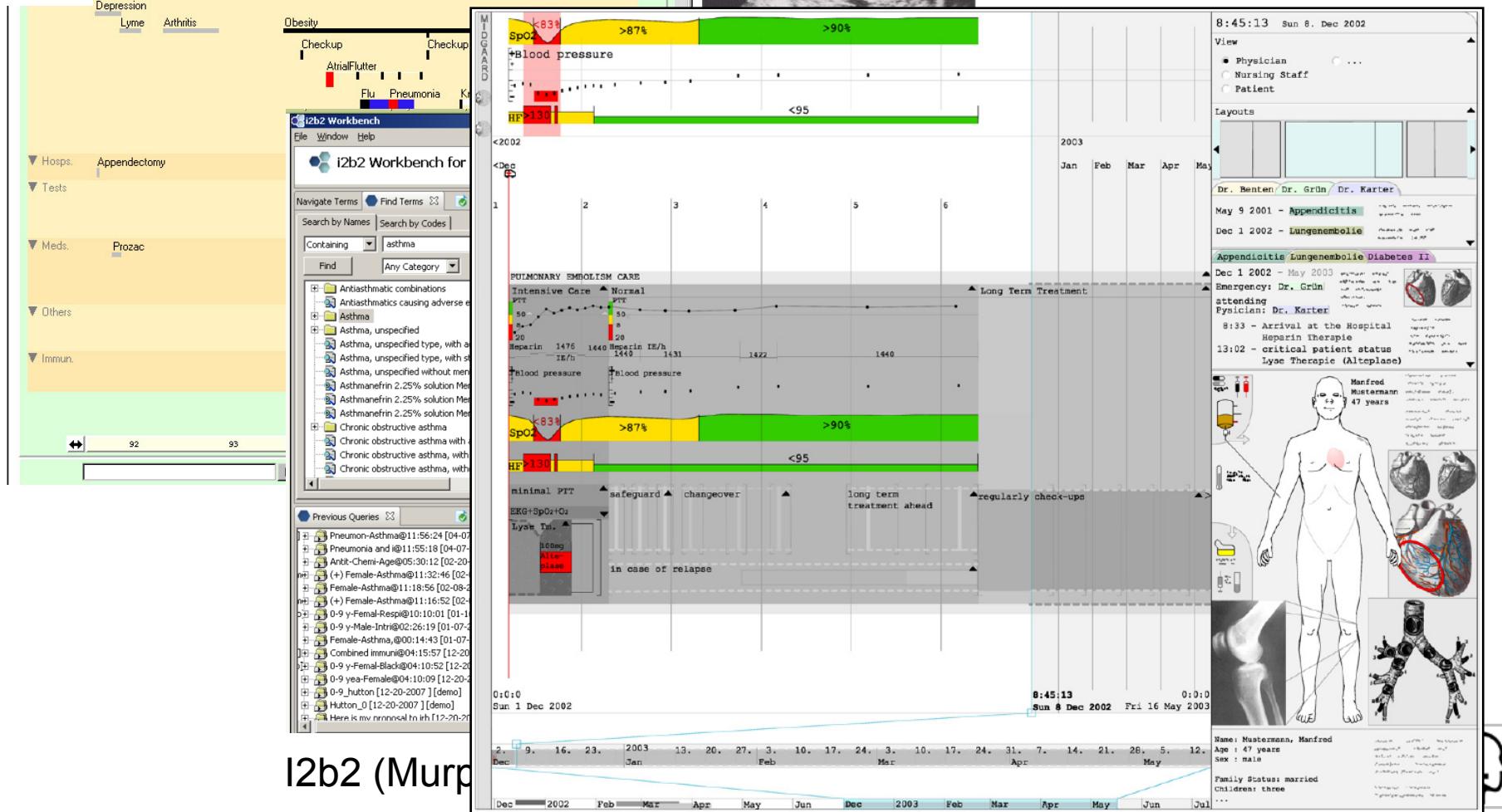


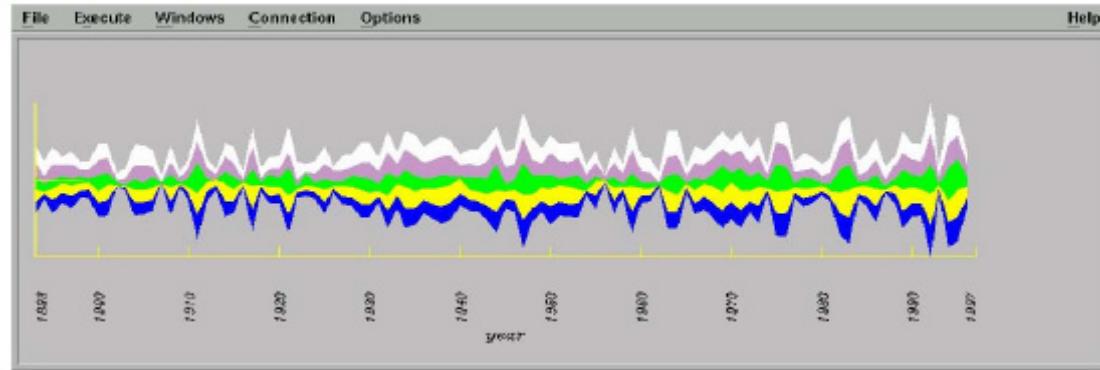
Lifelines and improvements

Overview of categorical and/or numerical data (semantic zoom)

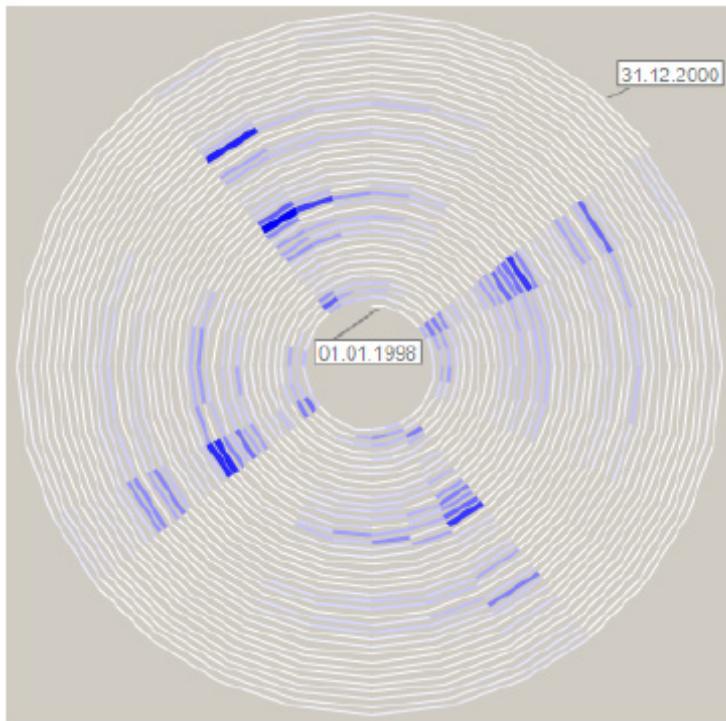


Bade CHI 2004

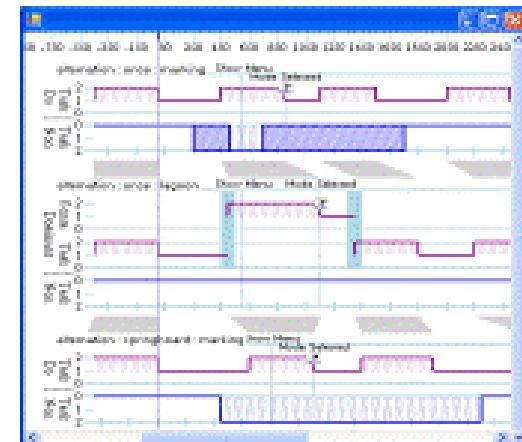




ThemeRiver (Havre, Infovis00)



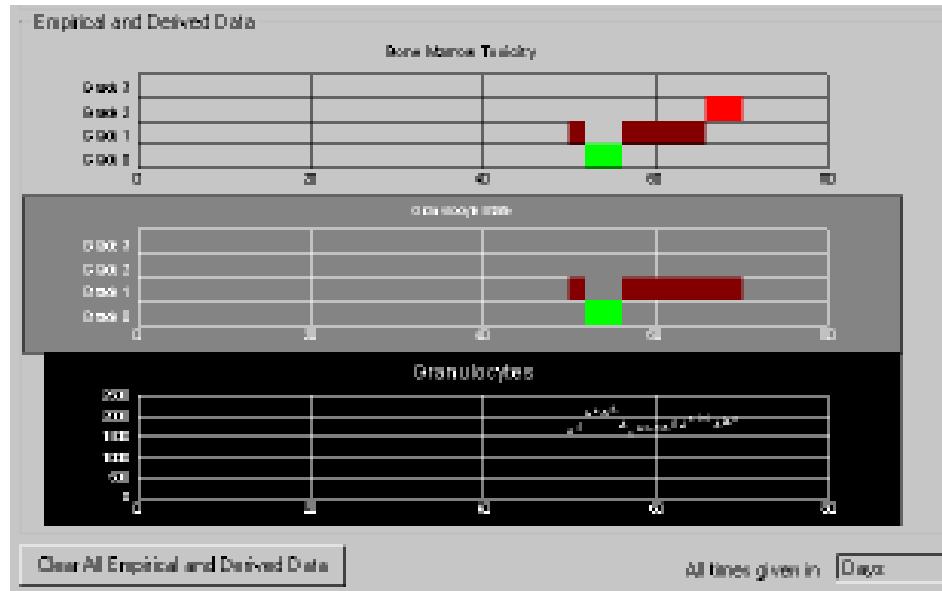
Spiral Graph: Weber 01 (based on Carlis UIST 89)
Periodic data



Experiscope (Guimbretiere, CHI07)
One of many example of manual alignment

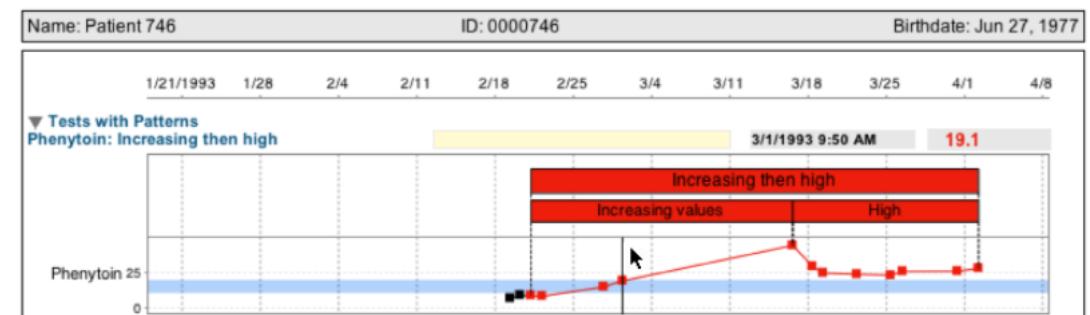


Specification of temporal abstractions To reason/query with them



Post 2007

Shahar 1999

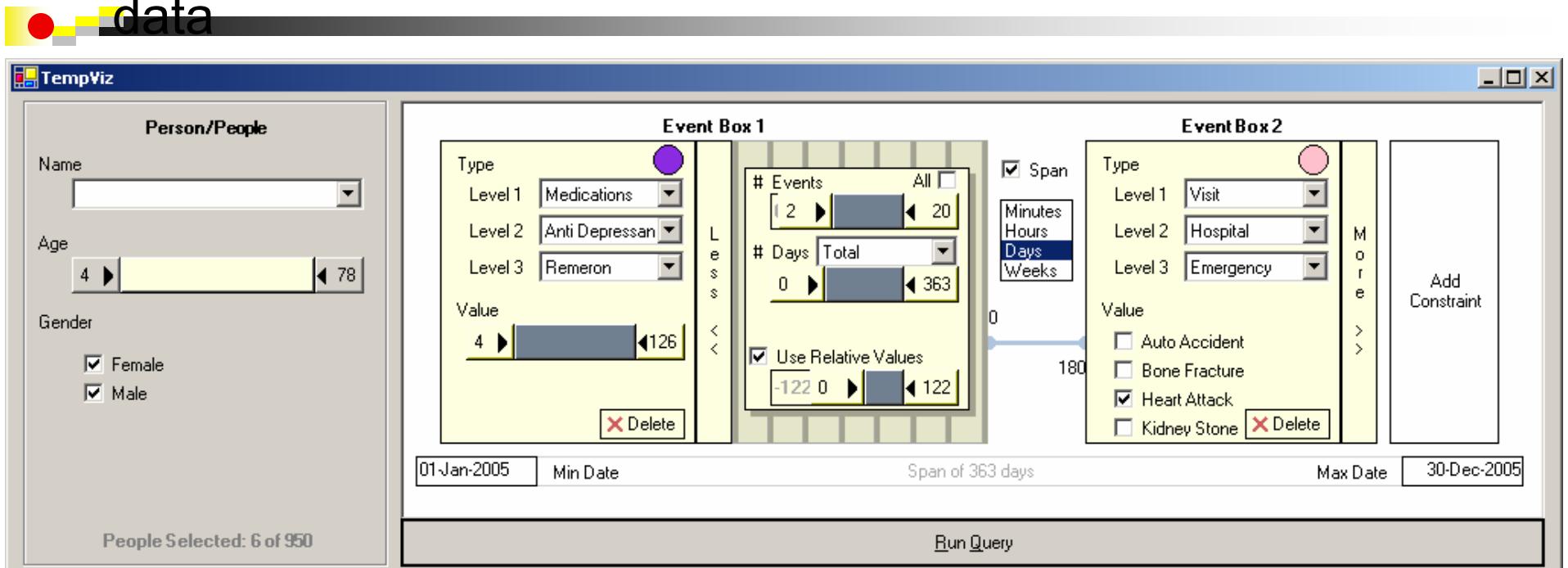


No focus on UI, or presenting results



PatternFinder

Specification of complex temporal queries on categorical data

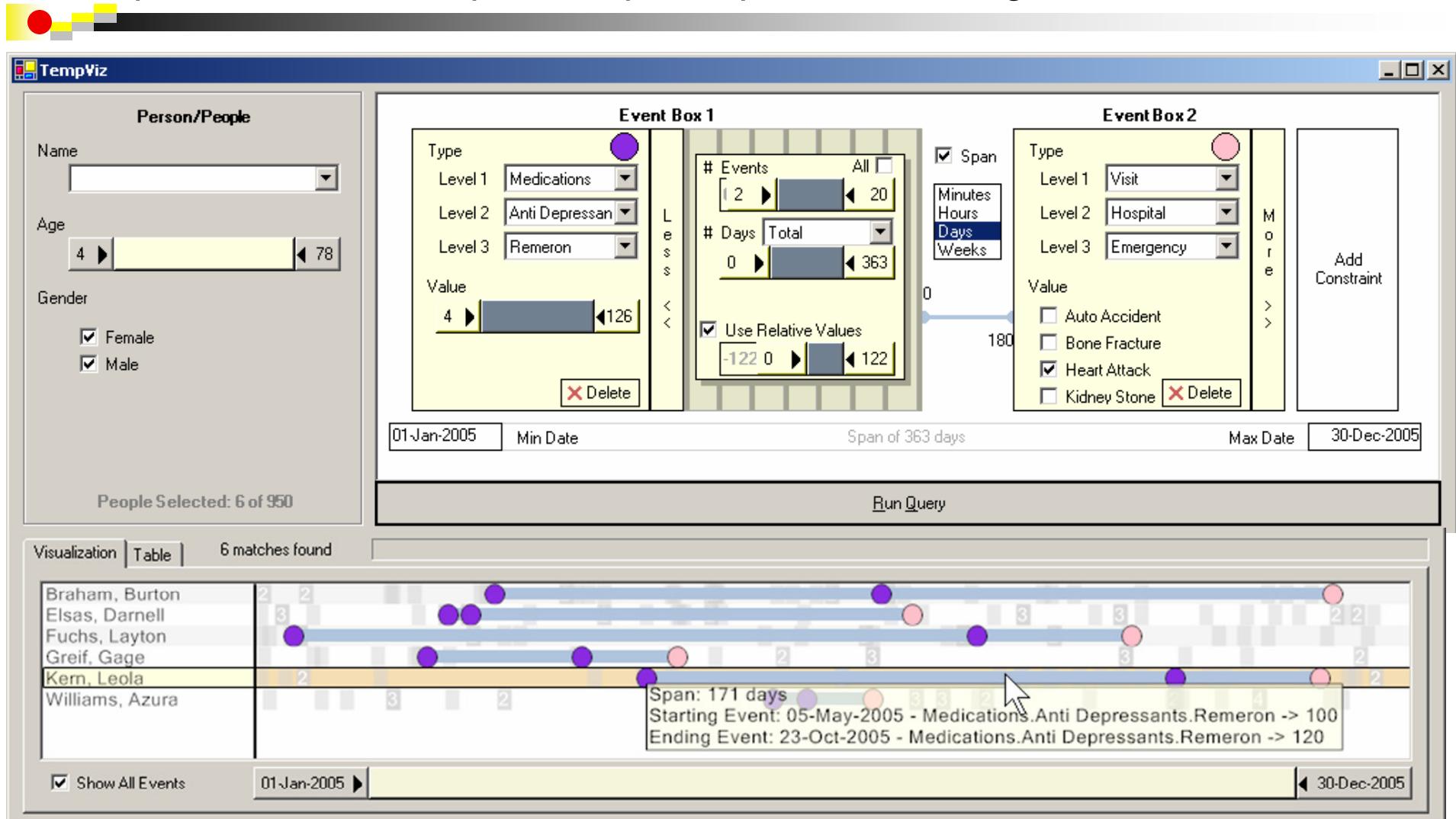


[Fail et al. VAST06]

Patients with increasing dosages of Remeron followed by a heart attack within 180 days

PatternFinder

Specification of complex temporal queries on categorical data



Ball and chain display of matches

[Fail et al. VAST06]



- 
- Related work
 - **Quick demo LifeLines2**
 - Report on studies
 - Ongoing & Future work

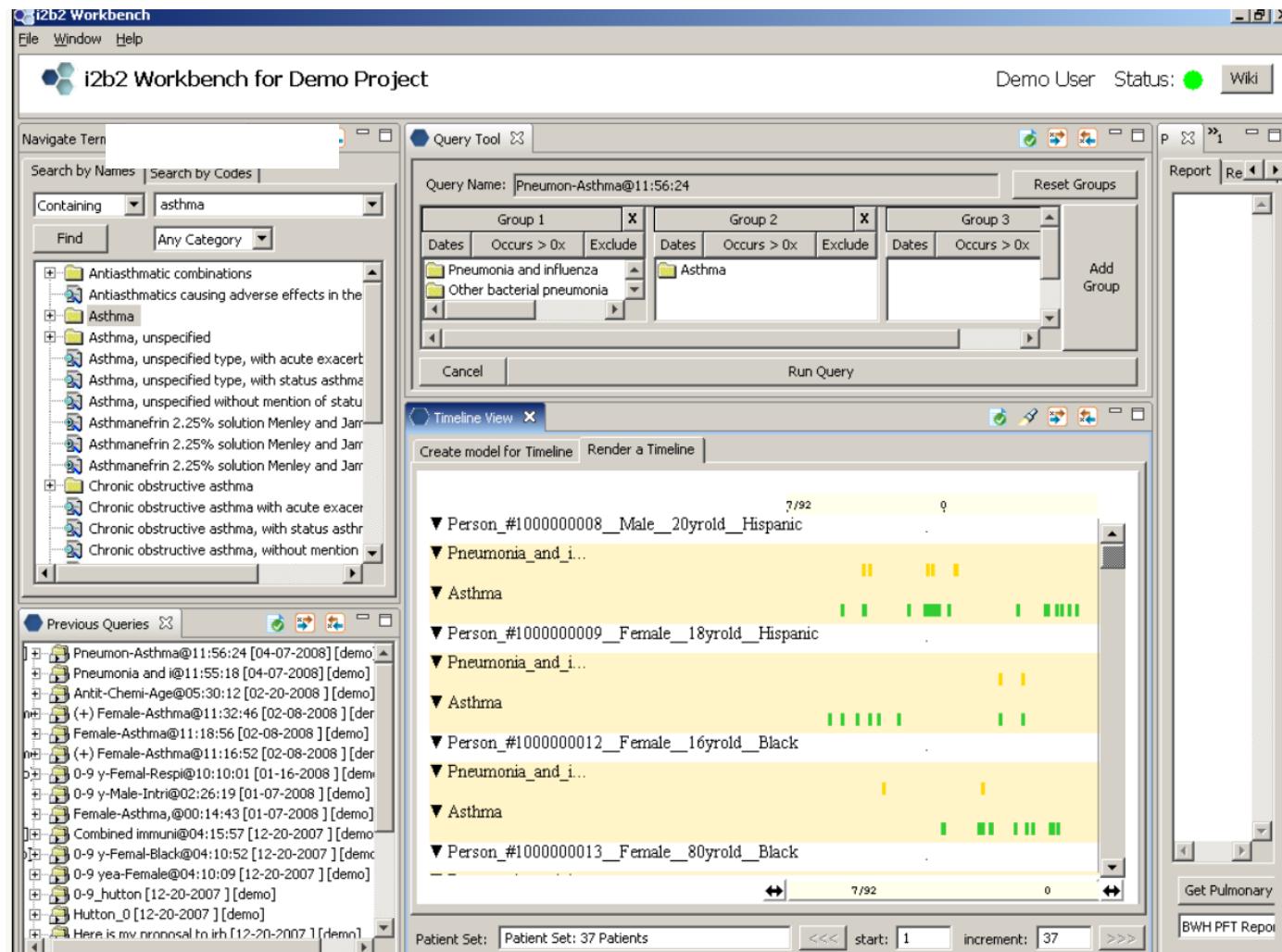
Scenario: Study relationship between asthma and pneumonia

1) Run query



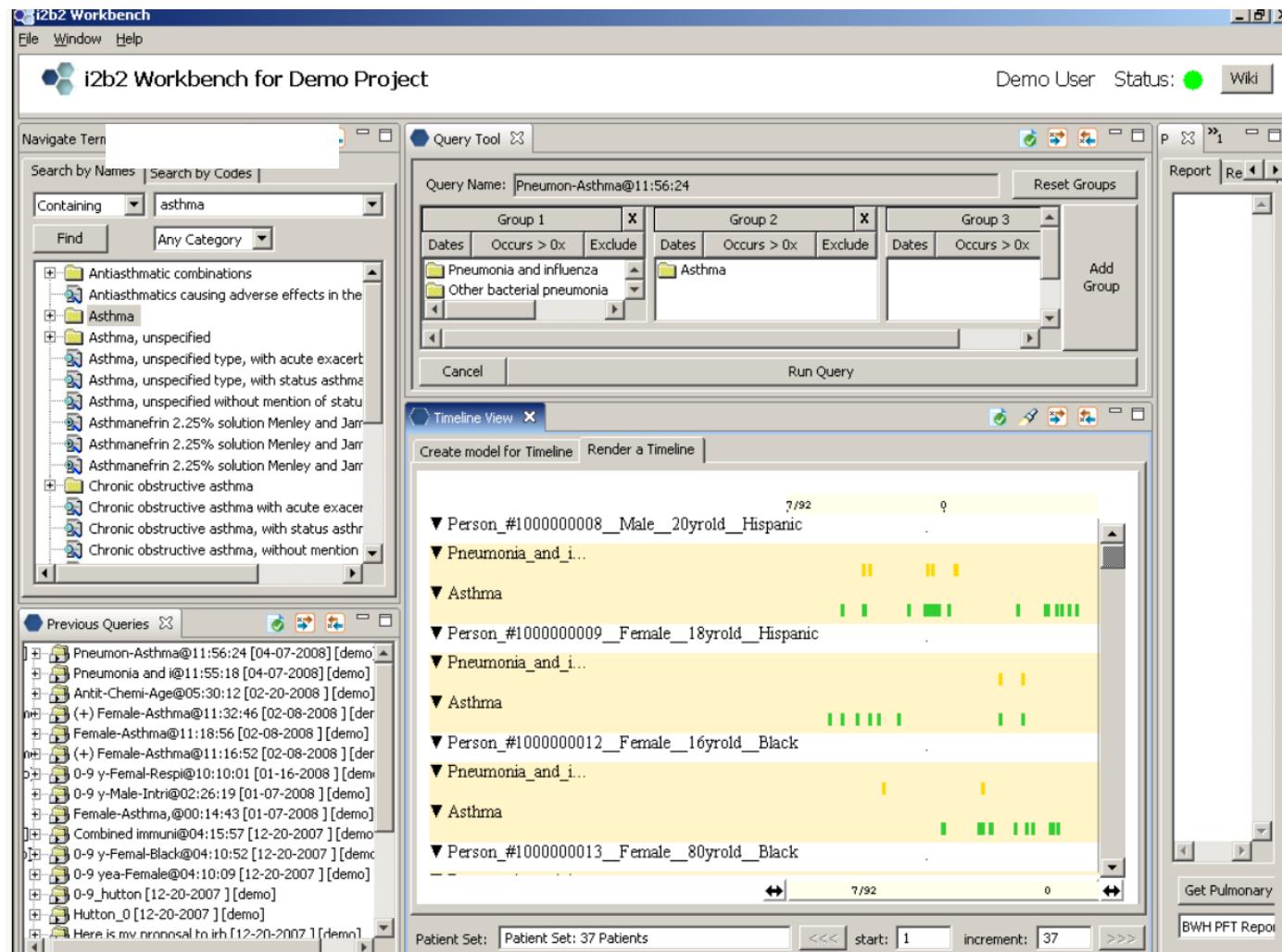
Scenario: Study relationship between asthma and pneumonia

1) Run query Find all patients who have both Asthma and Pneumonia diagnoses



Scenario: Study relationship between asthma and pneumonia

1) Run query Find all patients who have both Asthma and Pneumonia diagnoses



2) Review results



- Lifelines2

elements

scroll

open close

align

rank

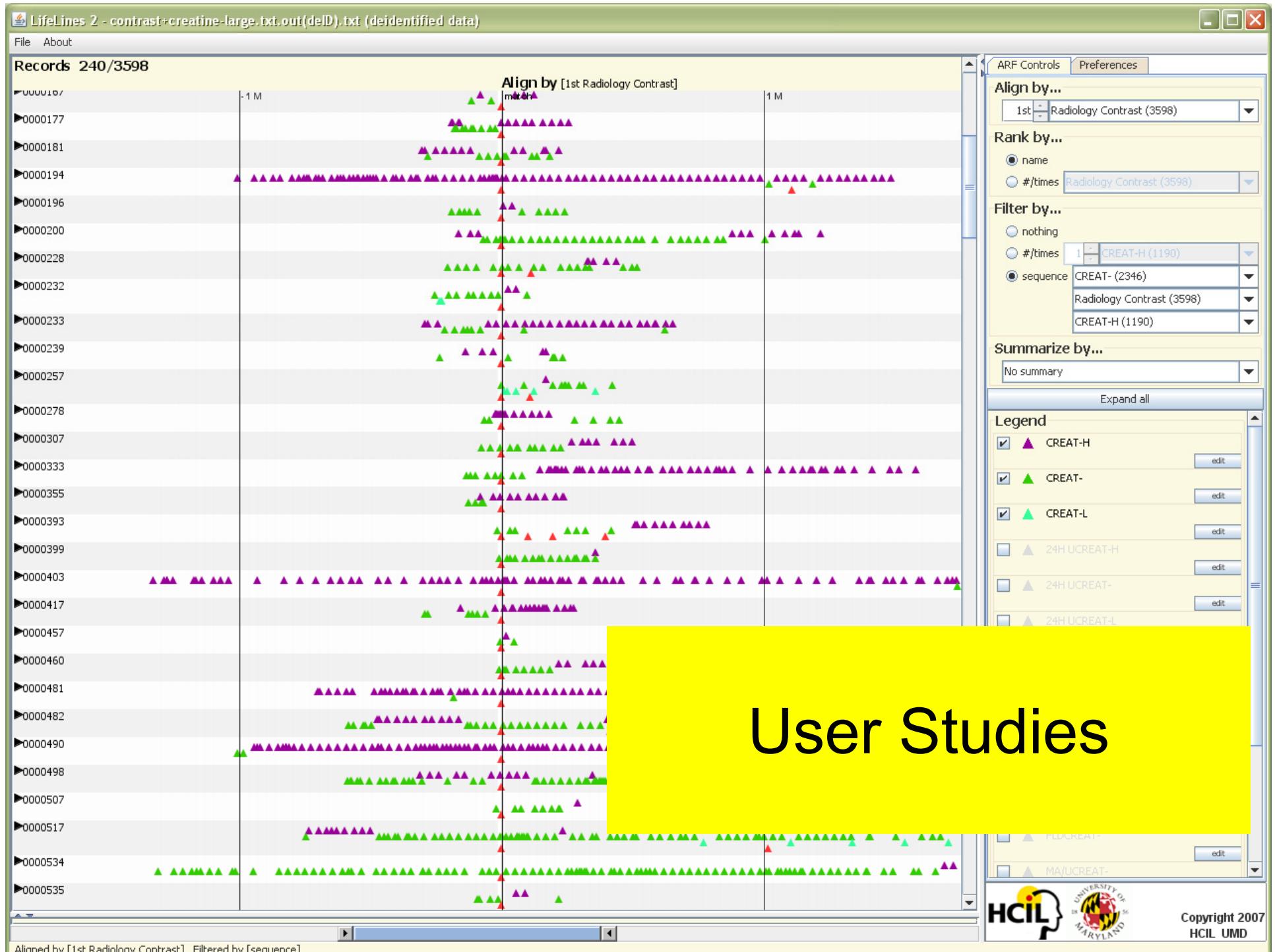
filter

sequence

interval of validity

switch to
demo





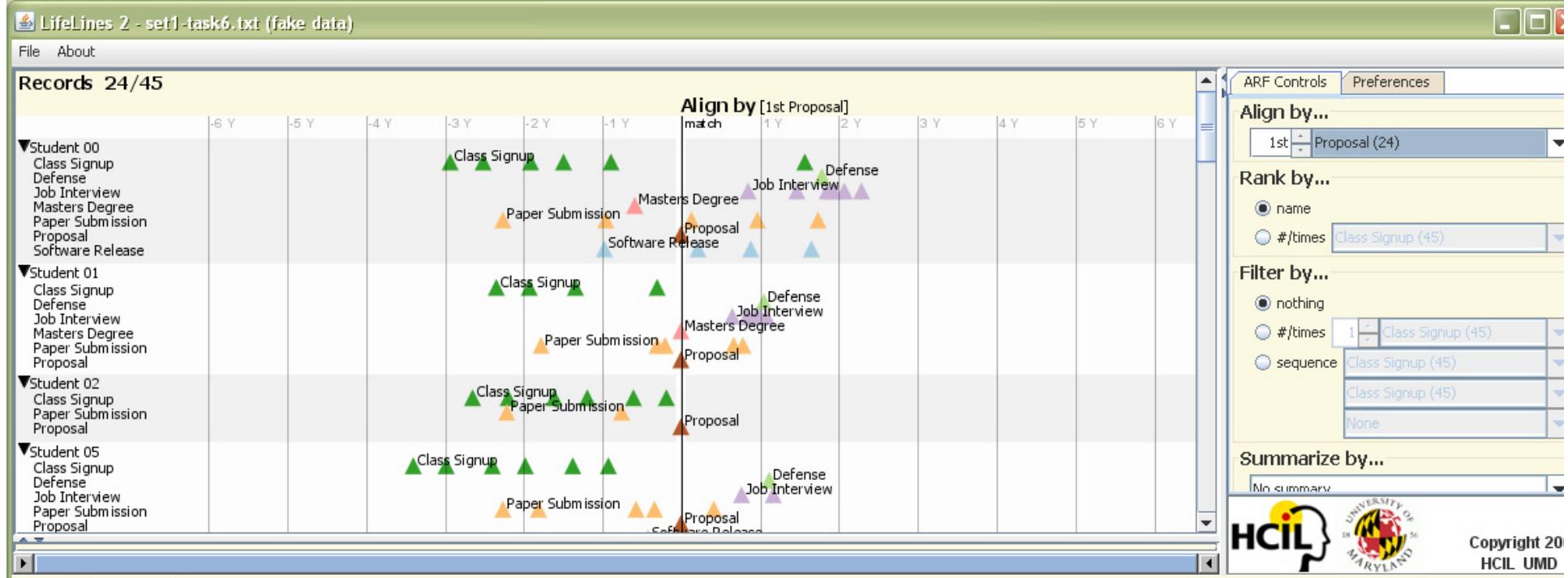
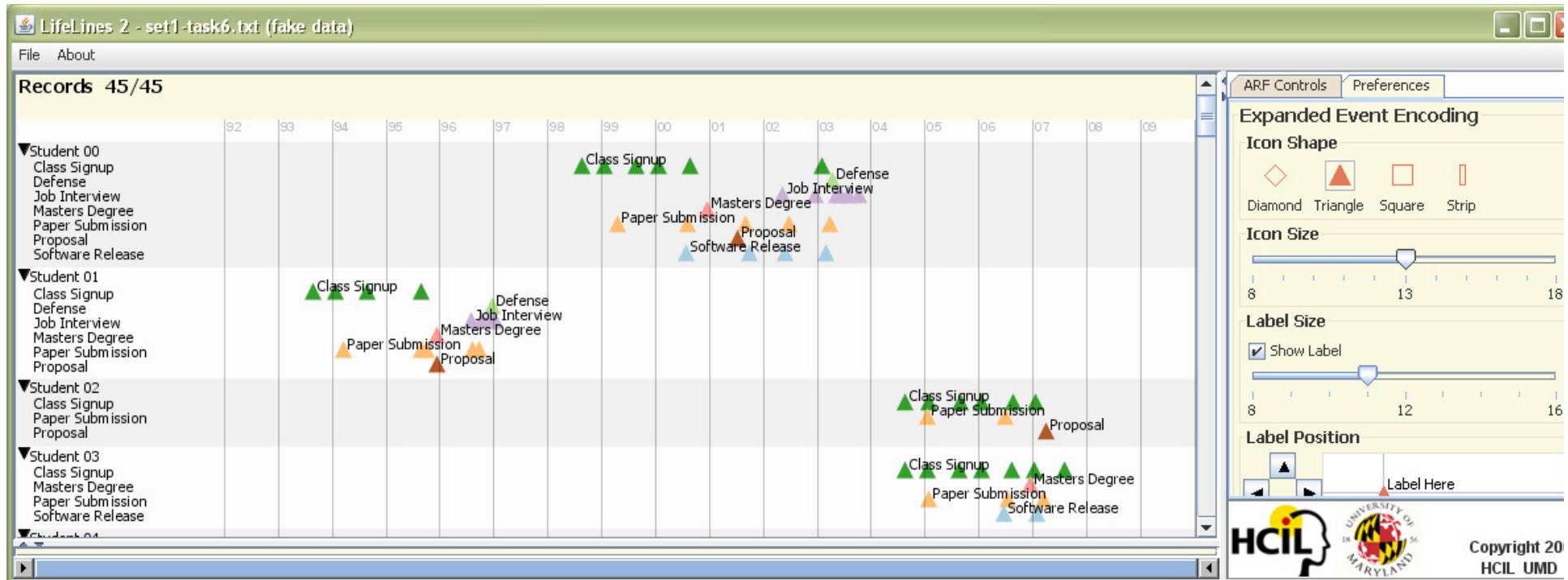
Two user studies

- Controlled experiment
(some training, measure speed and error)

- Benefit of alignment **YES** (between 0 to 60% improvement)
 - Benefit of interval of validity **NO**
 - 20 participants: grad students
Data: synthetic student record data

- Domain expert qualitative study
(no training, think aloud, discussion)

- -
 -
 -

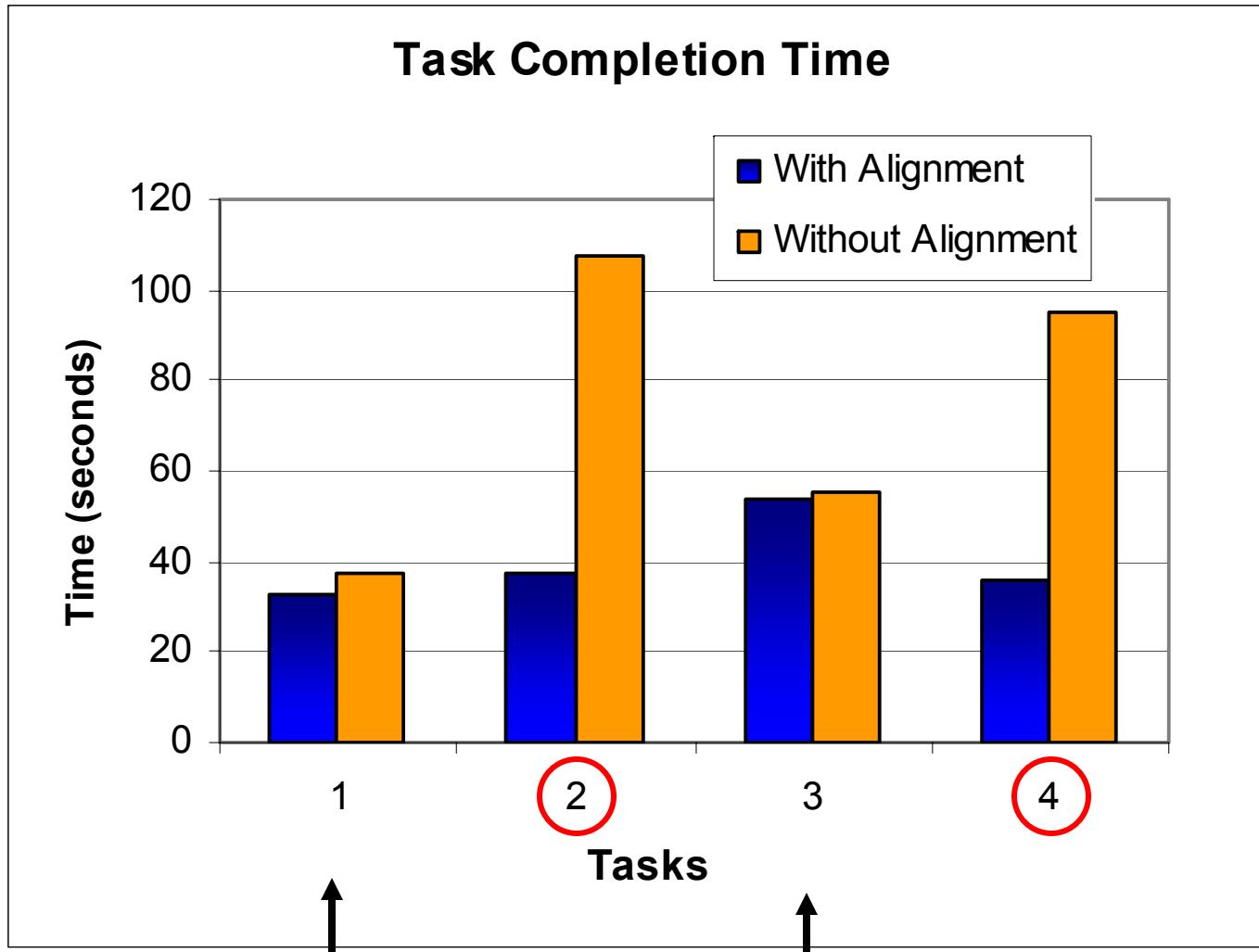


Example tasks



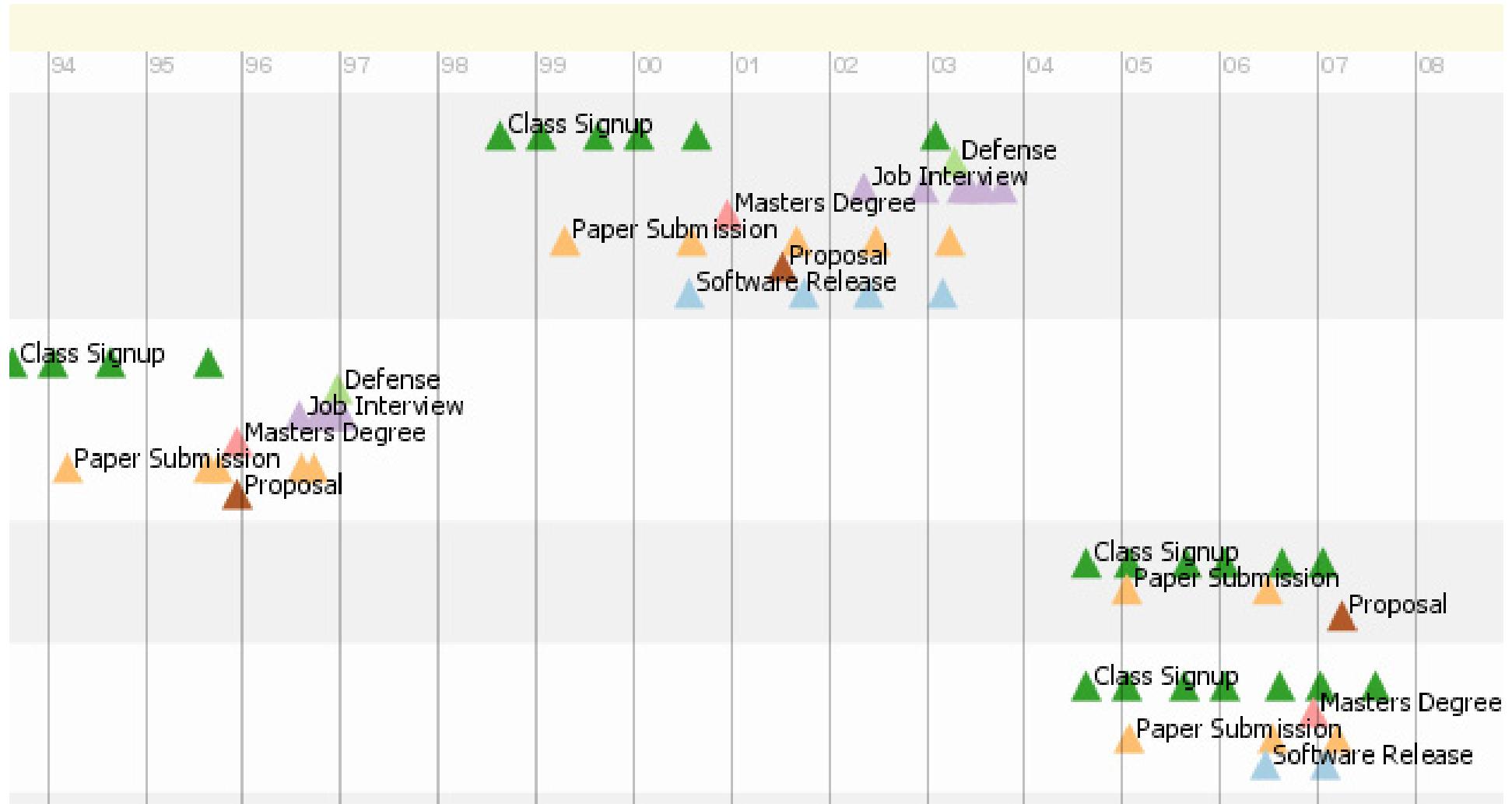
- **1:** How many students submitted a paper within 1 month after proposal? 5 records
- **2:** same with more 20 records
- **3:** How many students published at least 3 papers between PhD proposal and defense?
- **4:** What occurred most often within a month of a student's 1st paper submission?

Task completion time

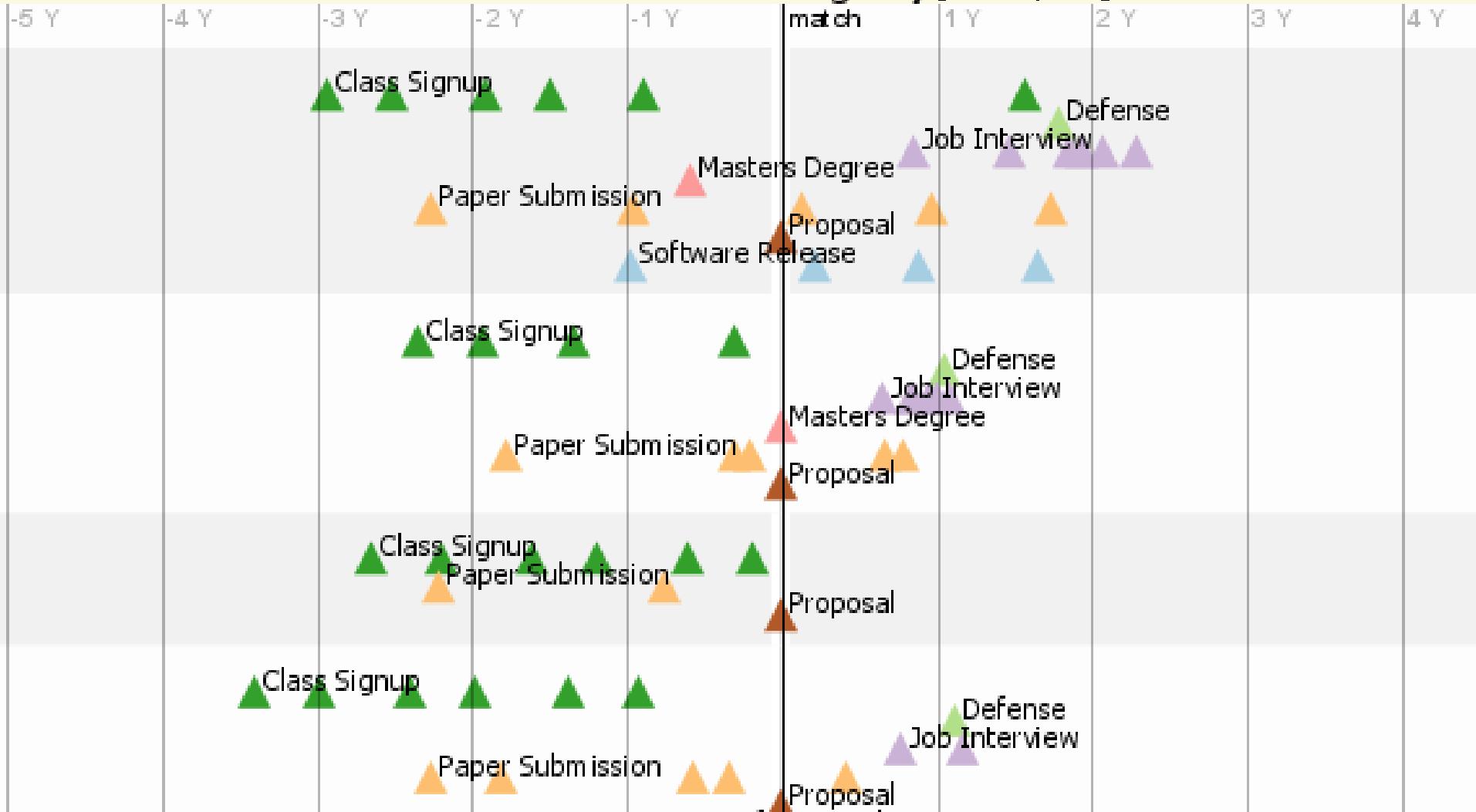


Not really useful if data fit in one screen

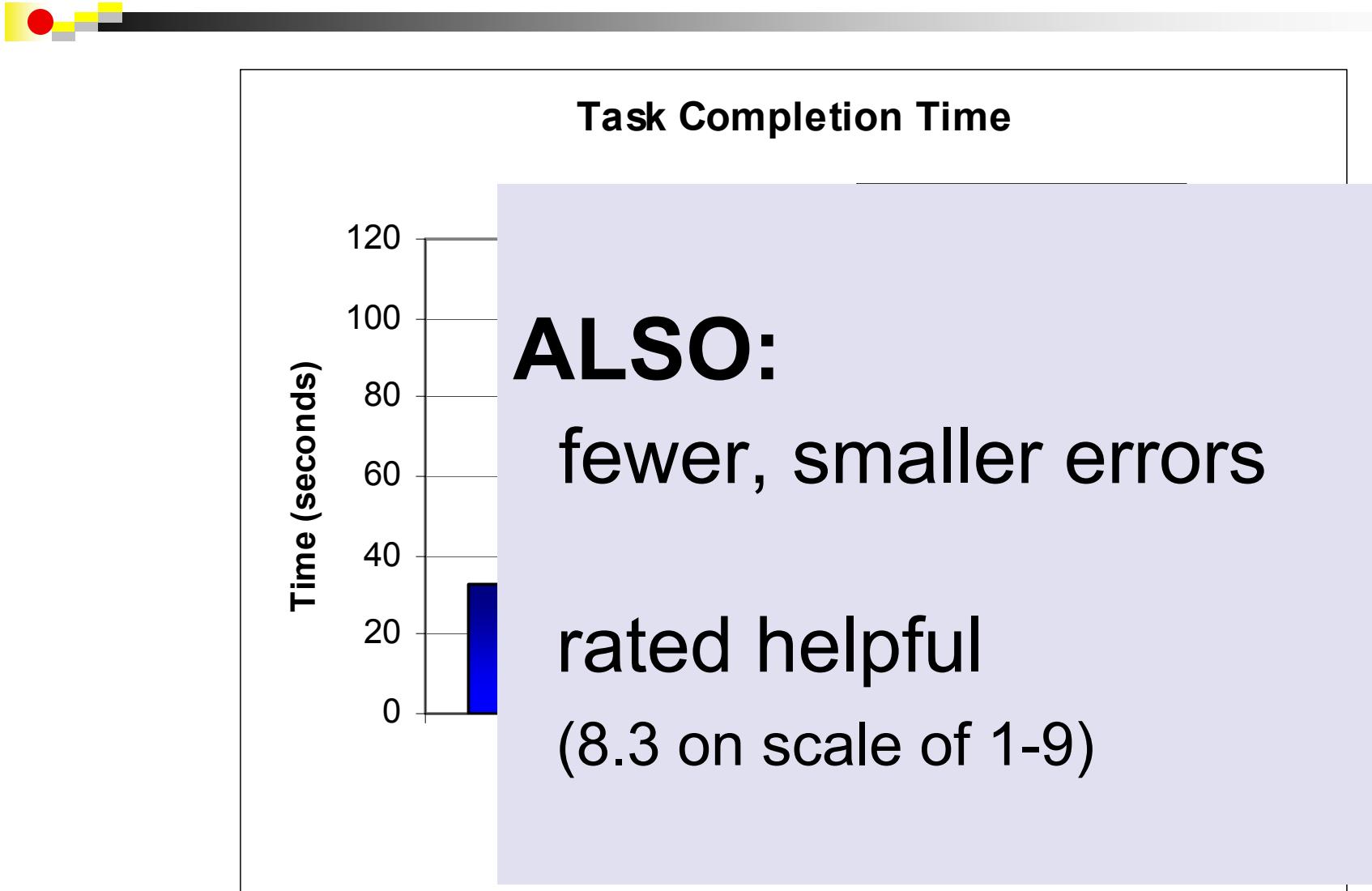
or if still learning i.e. best strategy not immediate



Align by [1st Proposal]



Task completion time



Observations

- In general with alignments users
 - First reduce data with filters
 - Align
 - Eye-ball temporal relationships
 - Zoom/Inspect data with potential
- Best strategy not found for task 3
(they aligned on proposal instead of defense)

When no alignment they filtered by sequence:

“proposal < paper < defense”



Intervals of validity: NO Significant differences

(1) Without intervals of validity



(2) With intervals of validity



Two user studies

- Controlled experiment
(some training, measure speed and error)
 - Benefit of alignment **YES** (between 0 to 60% improvement)
 - Benefit of interval of validity **NO**
 - 20 participants: grad students
Data: synthetic student record data
Tasks checked as domain independent
- Domain expert qualitative study
(no training, think aloud, discussion)
 - Learnability (visual presentation, UI)
 - General feedback and suggestions
 - 4 participants: nurse, physician, 2 prof. of nursing
 - All experienced with EHR and medical research



Domain expert qualitative study



- 3 scenarios
 - Picking subjects for a clinical trials
 - Patients who took steroids for asthma
 - Trends
 - Asthma attacks seem more likely to follow or precede pneumonia?
 - What events seem to co-occur with acute myocardial infarction?
- Zero training
- Review data
- Think aloud

Domain expert qualitative study



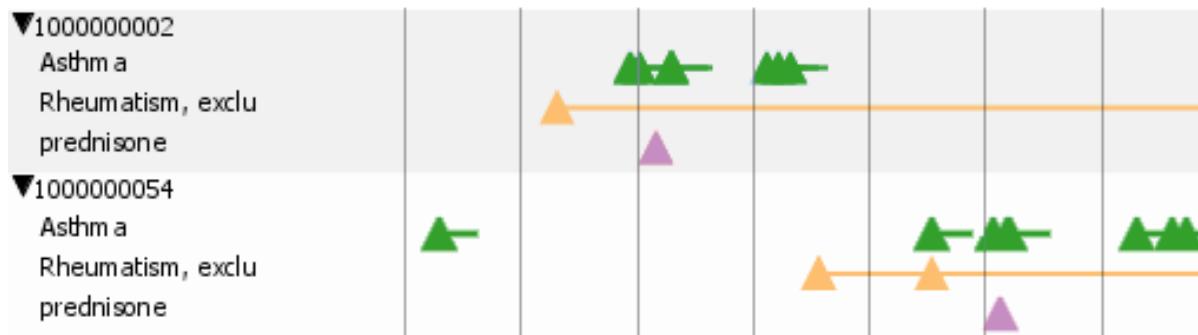
- Visual representation and Align-rank-filter understood without training
 - One user had initial problem seeing that 1 facet = 1 patient (but figured out on his own)
 - One user learned every single feature entirely on her own, others asked demonstration of some features.
- But even experts get confused about data available (e.g. asthma  interpreted a flare)

Interpreting intervals of validity

(1) Without intervals of validity



(2) With intervals of validity



Uncertainty?
Or certain duration?

May only add more confusion?
Is it realistic to count on adequate training?

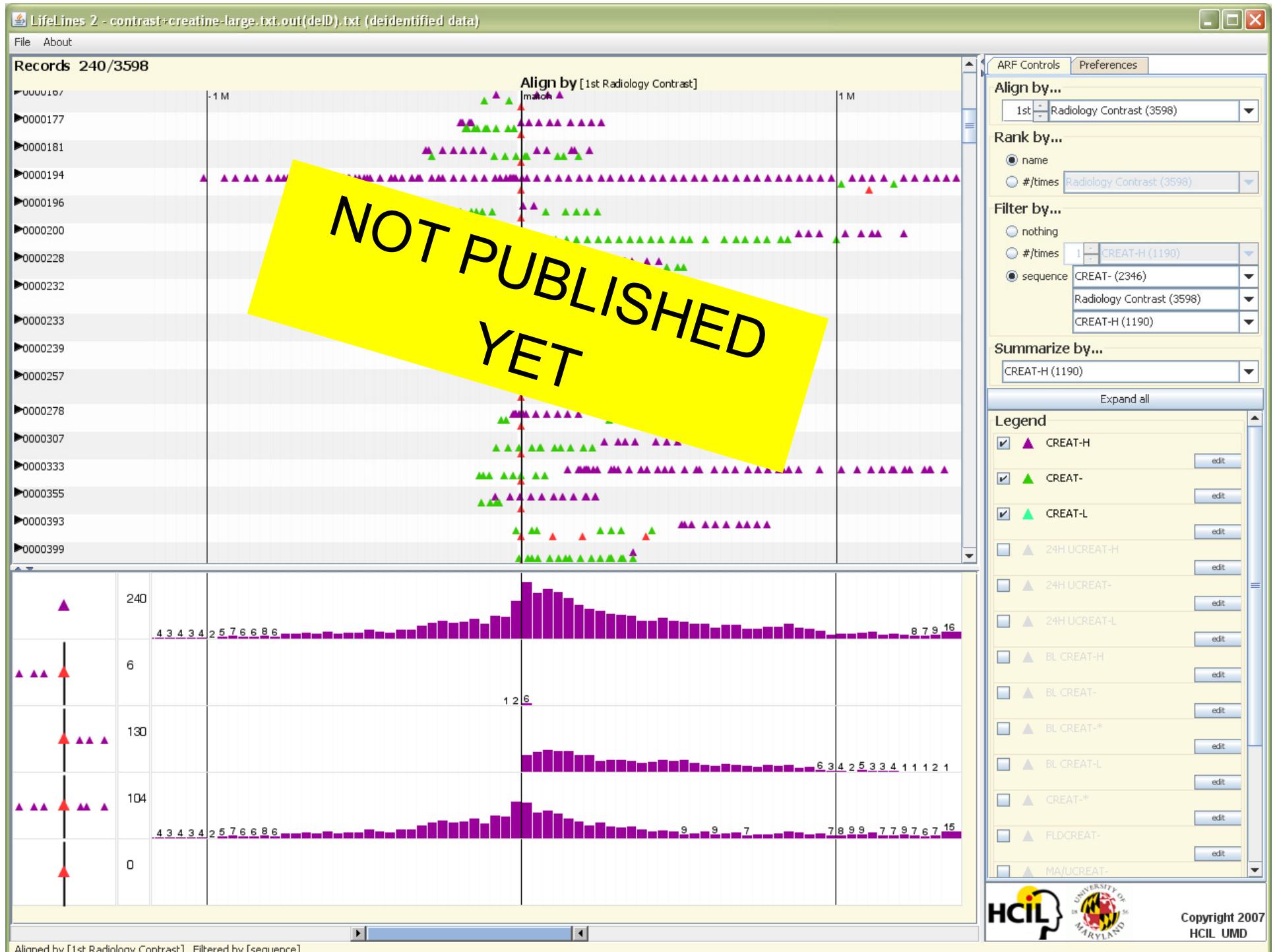
fading



Future work



- Summaries:
 - temporal distribution of event type(s)
- Comparison of populations grouped by
 - patient characteristic (e.g. men/women)
 - presence/absence (e.g. had stroke or not)
 - ordering relative to sentinel



Future work



- Summaries:
 - temporal distribution of event type(s)
- Comparison of populations grouped by
 - patient characteristic (e.g. men/women)
 - presence/absence (e.g. had stroke or not)
 - ordering relative to sentinel
- Integration in operational systems

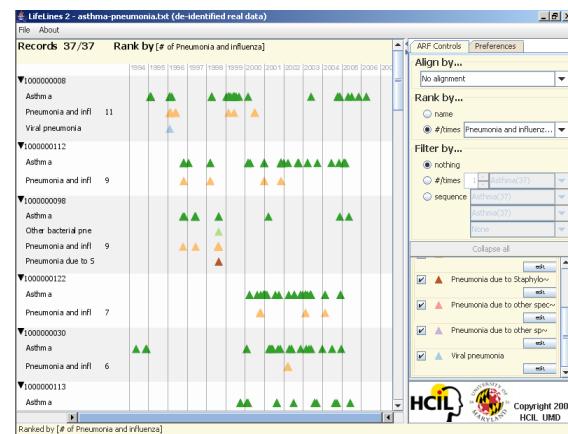
Context



Search
millions of records



Interactive
visualization of results



LifeLines2



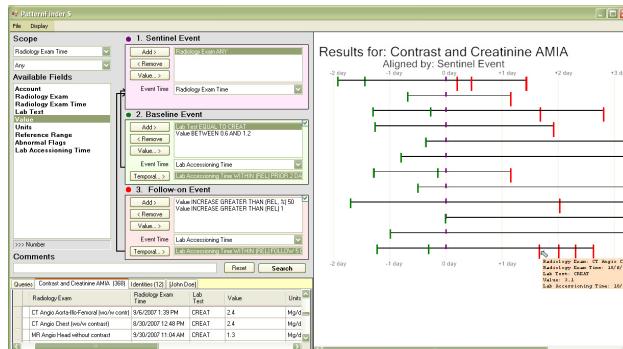
Context



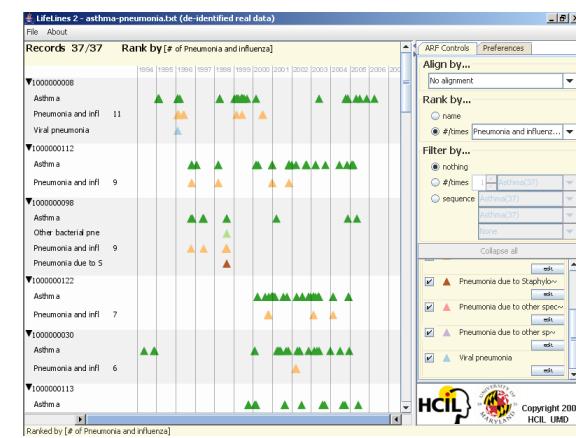
Search
millions of records



Interactive
visualization of results



PatternFinder
in Amalga



LifeLines2



PatternFinder (in Azyxxi/Amalga)



Complex temporal queries:

- Patients discharged from ER admitted again within a week
- **Patients with radiology exam using contrast, and a normal creatinine level at most 2 days before the exam, and creatinine increase of at least 50% and more than 0.1mg within 5 days of the exam**



Combine alignment with PatternFinder

PatternFinder S

File Display

Scope

Radiology Exam Time
Any

Available Fields

Account
Radiology Exam
Radiology Exam Time
Lab Test
Value
Units
Reference Range
Abnormal Flags
Lab Accessioning Time

>>> Number

Comments

Queries Contrast and Creatinine AMIA (368) Identities (12) [John Doe]

	Radiology Exam	Radiology Exam Time	Lab Test	Value	Units
	CT Angio Aorta-Ilio-Femoral (wo/w contr)	9/6/2007 1:39 PM	CREAT	2.4	Mg/dL
	CT Angio Chest (wo/w contrast)	8/30/2007 12:48 PM	CREAT	2.4	Mg/dL
	MR Angio Head without contrast	9/30/2007 11:04 AM	CREAT	1.3	Mg/dL

1. Sentinel Event

Add > Radiology Exam ANY
< Remove
Value... >
Event Time Radiology Exam Time

2. Baseline Event

Add > Lab Test EQUAL TO CREAT
Value BETWEEN 0.6 AND 1.2
< Remove
Value... >
Event Time Lab Accessioning Time
Temporal... > Lab Accessioning Time WITHIN (REL) PRIOR 2 DA

3. Follow-on Event

Add > Value INCREASE GREATER THAN (REL, %) 50
Value INCREASE GREATER THAN (REL) 1
< Remove
Value... >
Event Time Lab Accessioning Time
Temporal... > Lab Accessioning Time WITHIN (REL) FOLLOW 5 DA

Results for: Contrast and Creatinine AMIA
Aligned by: Sentinel Event

Timeline markers: -2 day, -1 day, 0 day, +1 day, +2 day, +3 day

Details for the last row:

- Radiology Exam: CT Angio Chest
- Radiology Exam Time: 10/6/2007
- Lab Test: CREAT
- Value: 3.1
- Lab Accessioning Time: 10/8/2007

Paper submitted (ask me)

- radiology exam with contrast
- normal creatinine level at most 2 days before the exam
- creatinine increase of at least 50% and more than .1mg within 5 days of the exam)



Combine alignment with PatternFinder

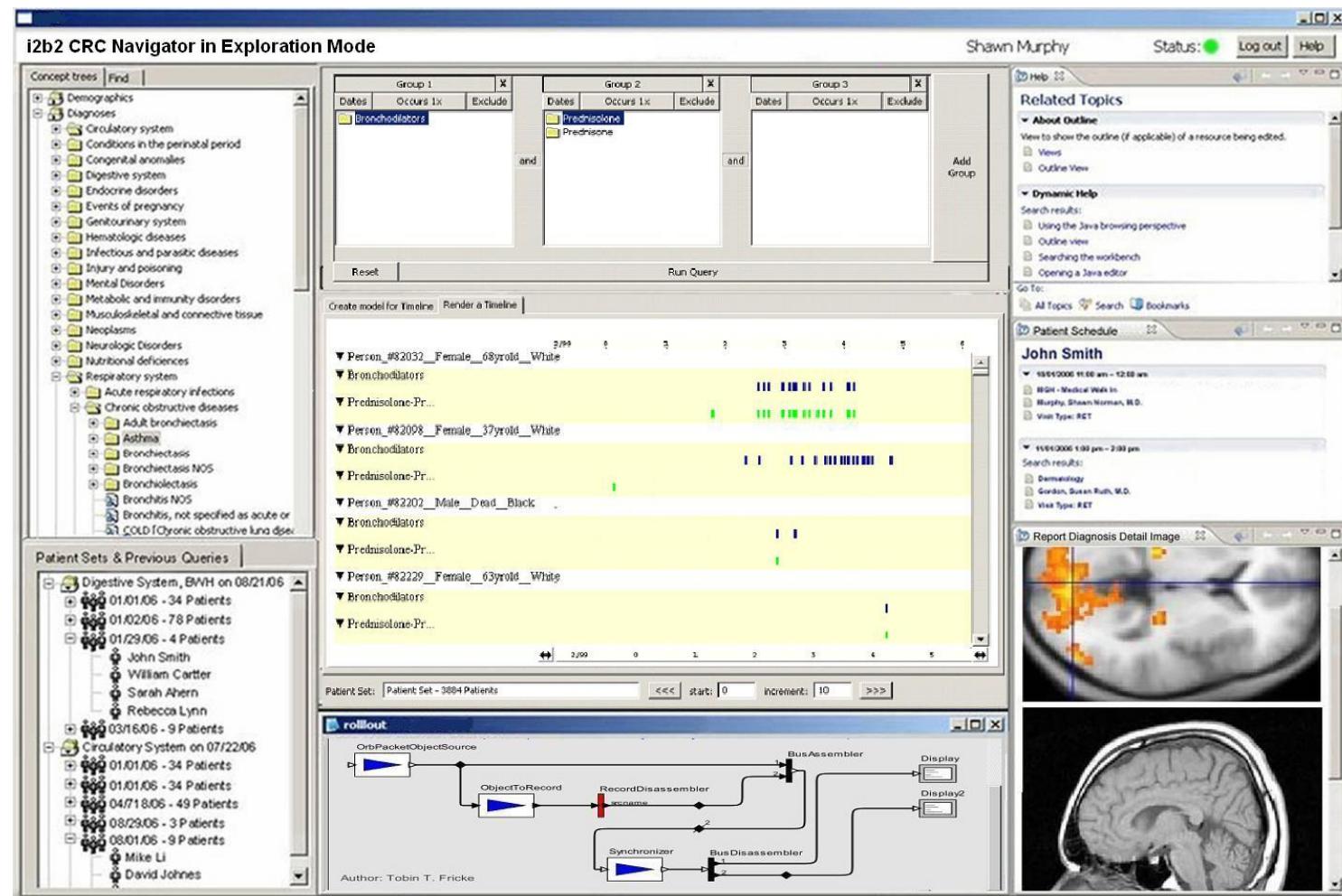


Collaboration with Washington Hospital Center (original developers of Azyxxi, now Microsoft Amalga)

- Alignment integrated
- Put on desk of first users last week
- Connected to real time database
- Search UI was designed to match style of existing search interface



Integrate Align-Rank-Filter in i2b2



by early summer



In summary...



- **Align Rank and Filter**
Powerful combination of simple operations to explore temporal categorical data
- **Performance benefit of alignment significant**
- Integration in 2 large operational EHR systems
- Many applicable domains:
 - Highway incident log
 - Student records
 - Web logs
 - Vehicle fleet records
- Interval of validity? Not clear



The screenshot shows the Human-Computer Interaction Lab (HCIL) website at the University of Maryland. The header features the HCIL logo and navigation links for News + Events, About HCIL, People, Research, Publications, and Academics. A search bar is in the top right. On the left, there's a sidebar with 'quick find :: Current Research Projects' and '20+ years of Tech Report Online'. The main content area has a yellow banner with 'Grazie!' and a photo of a group of people with their hands up, with the text '20+ years of research, publications, and resources' overlaid.

www.cs.umd.edu/hcil/lifelines2

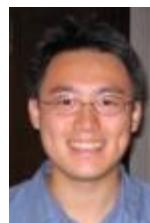
plaisant@cs.umd.edu

Still a few spots at our workshop:

“Interactive Visual Exploration of Electronic Health Records”
at HCIL Symposium (May 30) www.cs.umd.edu/hcil/soh

Special thanks to:

David Wang - who could not come ☹



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All medical data shown
had been de-identified

(drawback: it was small)