$SIM - DL_A$: A NOVEL SEMANTIC SIMILARITY MEASURE FOR DESCRIPTION LOGICS REDUCING INTER-CONCEPT TO INTER-INSTANCE SIMILARITY

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1 SEMANTICS IN GISCIENCE

- Geoinformation
- Spatial Data Infrastructure
- Semantic Enablement Layer

2 SIMILARITY (REASONING) IN GISCIENCE

- ADL Gazetteer Interface
- SimCat Gazetteer Interface
- SIM-DL Server and Plugin

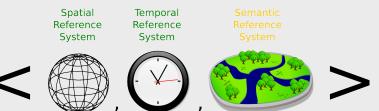
$3 SIM - DL_A$

- Why SIM DL_A?
- The Similarity Tableau for SHI
- A Simplified Example
- 4 DISCUSSION & OUTLOOK

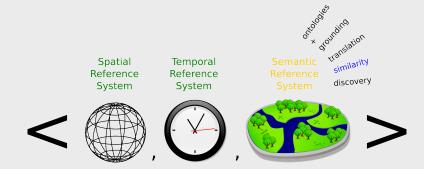
GEOINFORMATION



GEOINFORMATION



GEOINFORMATION



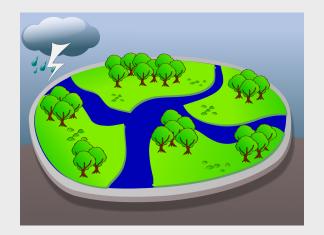
SPATIAL DATA INFRASTRUCTURE (OGC SERVICES)

SPATIAL DATA INFRASTRUCTURE: OGC SERVICES



- Show me Hills, Forests, Rivers, [Feature Type] ... at [Loc] → WFS
- Show me a map of this area → WMS

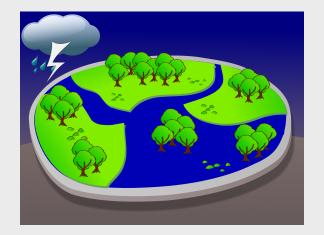
SPATIAL DATA INFRASTRUCTURE: OGC SERVICES



- Water gauge? [Stimulus Type] ... at [Loc][Time] → SOS → WPS
- [Sensor] move to [Loc][Time] → SPS

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SPATIAL DATA INFRASTRUCTURE: OGC SERVICES

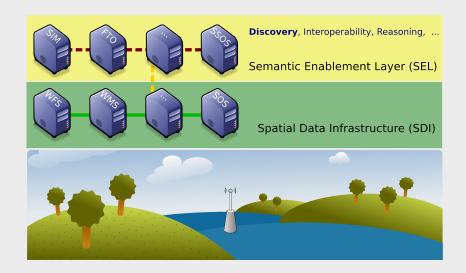


■ Flooding! [Event Type] ... at [Loc][Time] \rightarrow SAS \rightarrow WNS

YET ANOTHER LAYER CAKE

SEMANTICS IN GISCIENCE

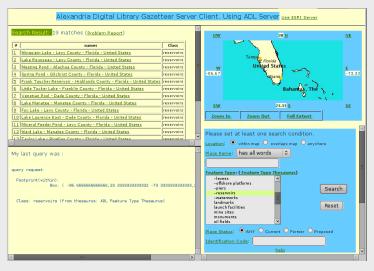
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2 SIMILARITY (REASONING) IN GISCIENCE

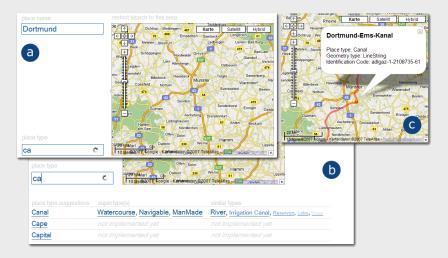
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ADL GAZETTEER INTERFACE



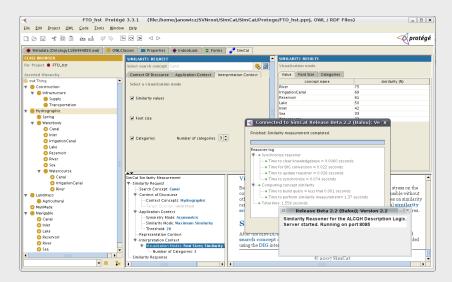
■ Based on a Feature Type Thesaurus (> 1000 types)

SIMCAT GAZETTEER INTERFACE



Based on a Feature Type Ontology

SIM-DL SERVER AND PLUGIN



- $SIM DL_A$
 - Why $SIM DL_A$?
 - The Similarity Tableau for SHI
 - A Simplified Example

THE CHALLENGE

- SIM-DL is a structural measure; it requires the normalization of concept descriptions and recursively compares the (syntactic) structure of the normalized descriptions for similarity.
- Feature type ontologies require expressive description logics such as OWL-DL; a structural approach fails to support these DLs.

- Why not use an ABox-based similarity measure?
- Most feature type ontologies cannot be populated so far. Features are stored in shape-files, geo-databases, GML files, satellite images,...
- --- Can we learn from the history of subsumption reasoning and switch to a tableau-based approach?

THE IDEA

- ---- Reduce the problem of inter-concept similarity to interinstance similarity?
- How to get or compute the instances required for comparison?
- From the completion tree of a modified tableau algorithm as used for satisfiability checking. Instead of trying to find one (clashfree) model, generate a set of proxy individuals for comparison.
- How to compute similarity between proxy individuals?
- Reuse existing similarity framework, i.e., functions, contexts, similarity modes, and the alignment procedure from SIM-DL.
 - Jaccard similarity coefficient of co-occurrence
 - Network measures for role hierarchies and neighborhood
 -

THE SIMILARITY TABLEAU FOR SHI

The U-rule:

Condition: $C_1 \sqcup C_2 \in \mathcal{L}(x)$ and x is not indirectly blocked.

Action: Create three \sqcup -successors w, y, z of x with:

$$\mathcal{L}(w) := (\mathcal{L}(x) \setminus \{C_1 \sqcup C_2\}) \cup \{C_1\}$$

$$\mathcal{L}(y) := (\mathcal{L}(x) \setminus \{C_1 \sqcup C_2\}) \cup \{C_2\}$$

$$\mathcal{L}(z) := (\mathcal{L}(x) \setminus \{C_1 \sqcup C_2\}) \cup \{C_1, C_2\}$$

The ∀-rule:

Condition: $(\forall R.C) \in \mathcal{L}(x)$, *x* is not indirectly blocked.

Action:

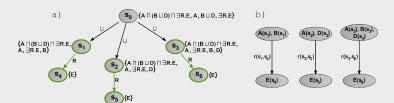
If there is an *R*-neighbor *y* of *x* and $C \notin \mathcal{L}(y)$:

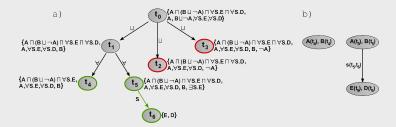
$$\mathcal{L}(y) := \mathcal{L}(y) \cup \{C\}.$$

If there is no R-neighbor y of x, create two \forall -successors y, z of x with:

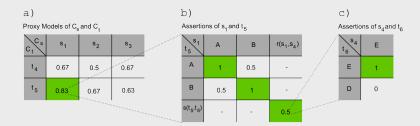
$$\mathcal{L}(y) := \mathcal{L}(x)$$
 (y will then be blocked)
 $\mathcal{L}(z) := \mathcal{L}(x) \cup \{\exists R.C\}.$

SIM – DL_A: A SIMPLIFIED EXAMPLE





$SIM - DL_A$: ALIGNMENT MATRIX (FOR MAX. SIMILARITY)



- a) selecting individuals for comparison
- b) selecting assertions for comparison
- **■** c) . . .

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DISCUSSION & OUTLOOK

- Support more expressive DL (e.g., cardinality restrictions)
- Integration into existing reasoners (e.g. FaCT, Pellet)
- Approximation and optimization (thresholds -> roles)
- Evaluation of $SIM DL_A$ (Human Participants Test)
- Conceptualization of and reasoning about events
- Concepts change over time (ecology of concepts)

QUESTIONS?

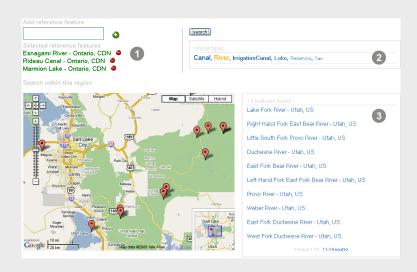
Thank you!

- SimCat Project Website: sim-dl.sourceforge.net
- Münster Semantic Interoperability Lab: musil.uni-muenster.de
- International Conference on Geospatial Semantics: www.geosco.org
- Semantic Enablement Community at 52° *North*: 52north.org/semantics

The SIM-DL server, plug-in and user interfaces are free and open source software and can be downloaded at the SimCat project website.



OUERY-BY-EXAMPLE



SIMILARITY REASONING

- Definition of application area and intended audience
- Selection of search (query) and target concepts
- Transformation of concepts to canonical form
- Definition of an alignment matrix for concept descriptors
- Application of constructor specific similarity functions
- Determination of standardized overall similarity
- Interpretation of the resulting similarity value(s)

COMPLEXITY?

■ EXPTIME-complete, but

'[...]This shows that, at the beginning of the new millennium, even an EXPTIME-algorithm is no longer automatically considered to be impractical in the DL community.'

(Baader & Sattler; An Overview of Tableau Algorithms for Description Logics (2000))

---- Optimization and Approximation

