

Attribute Multiset Grammars for Global Explanations of Activities

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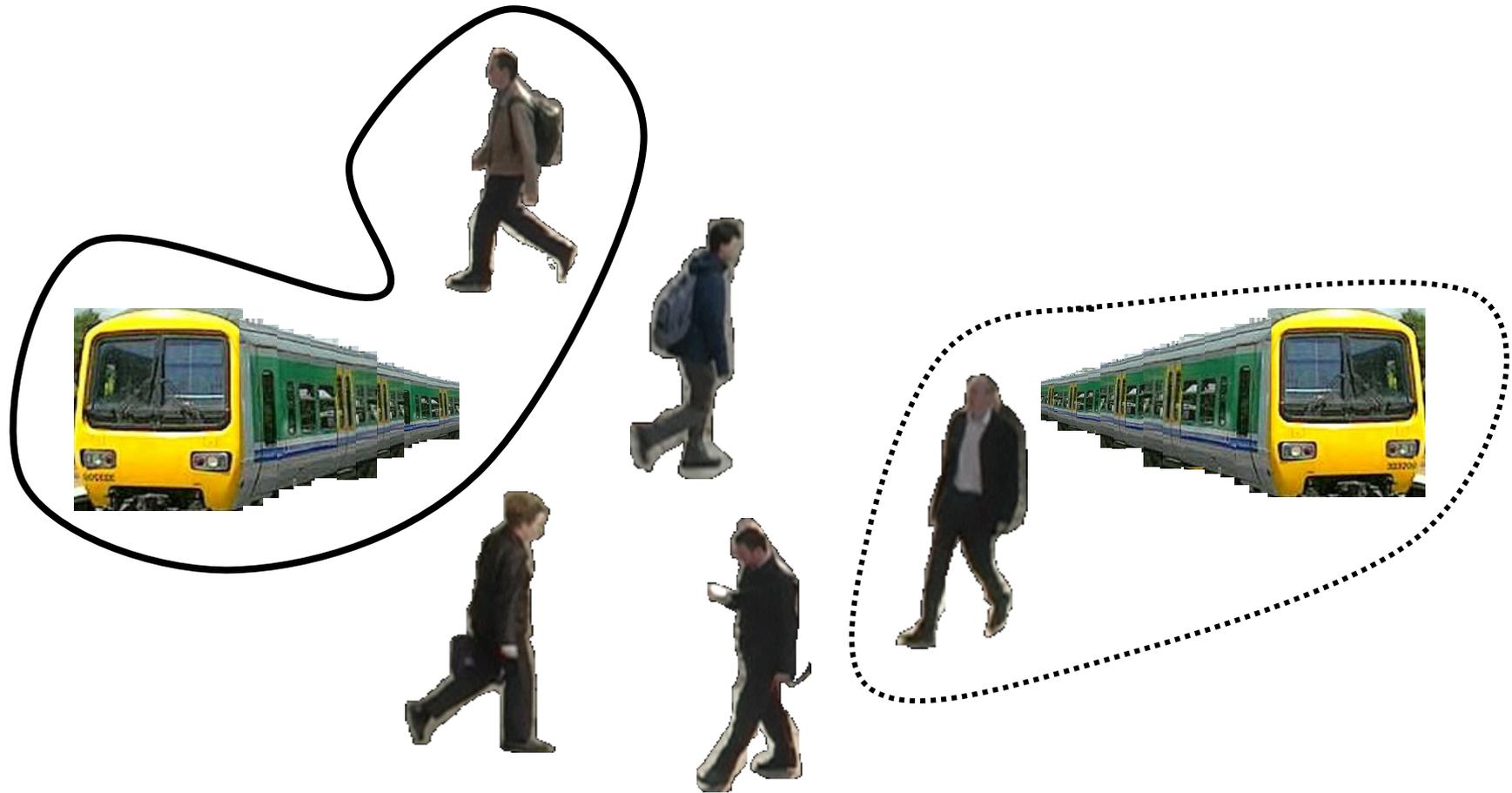
Activity Recognition



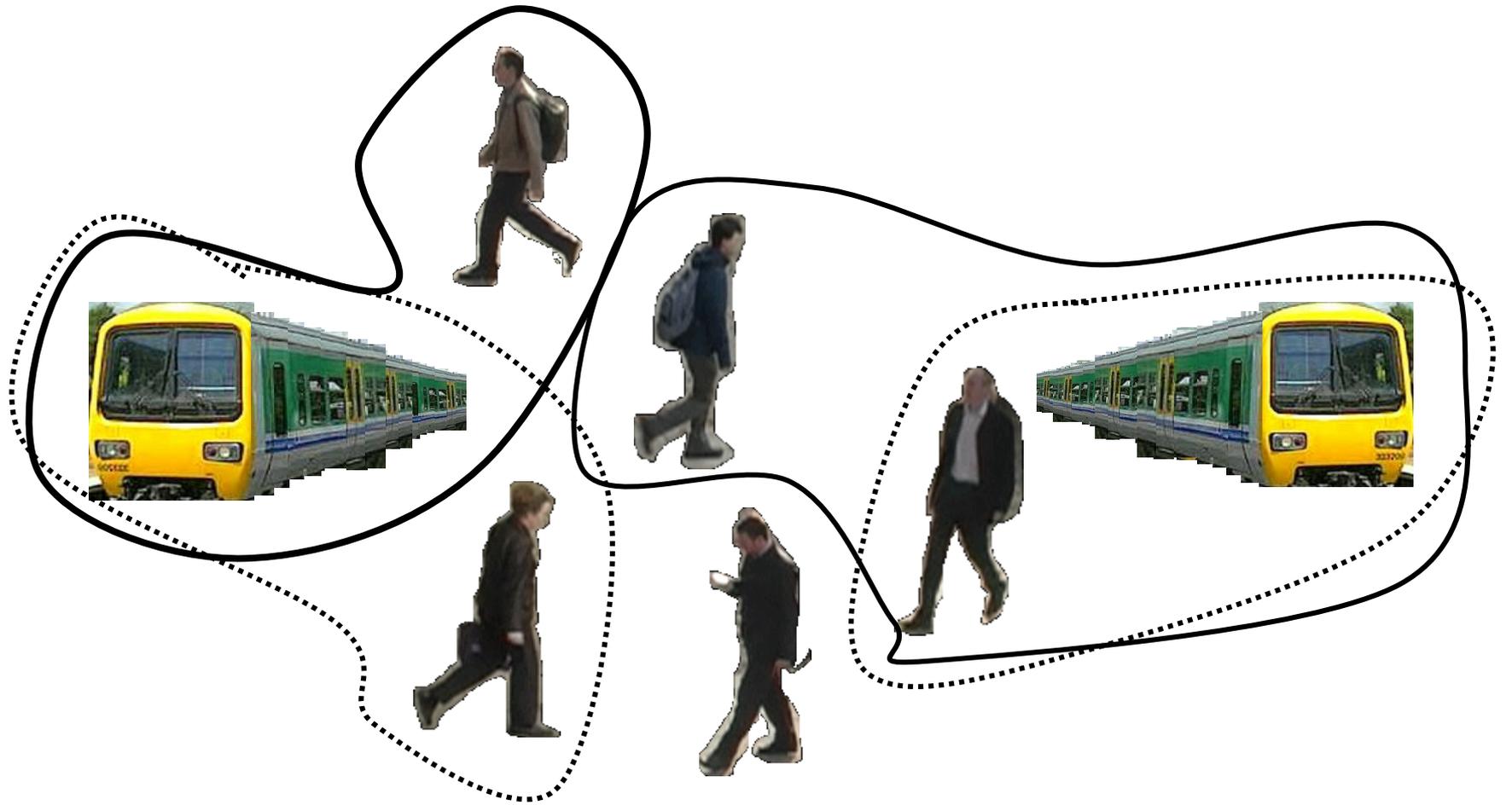
Activity Recognition



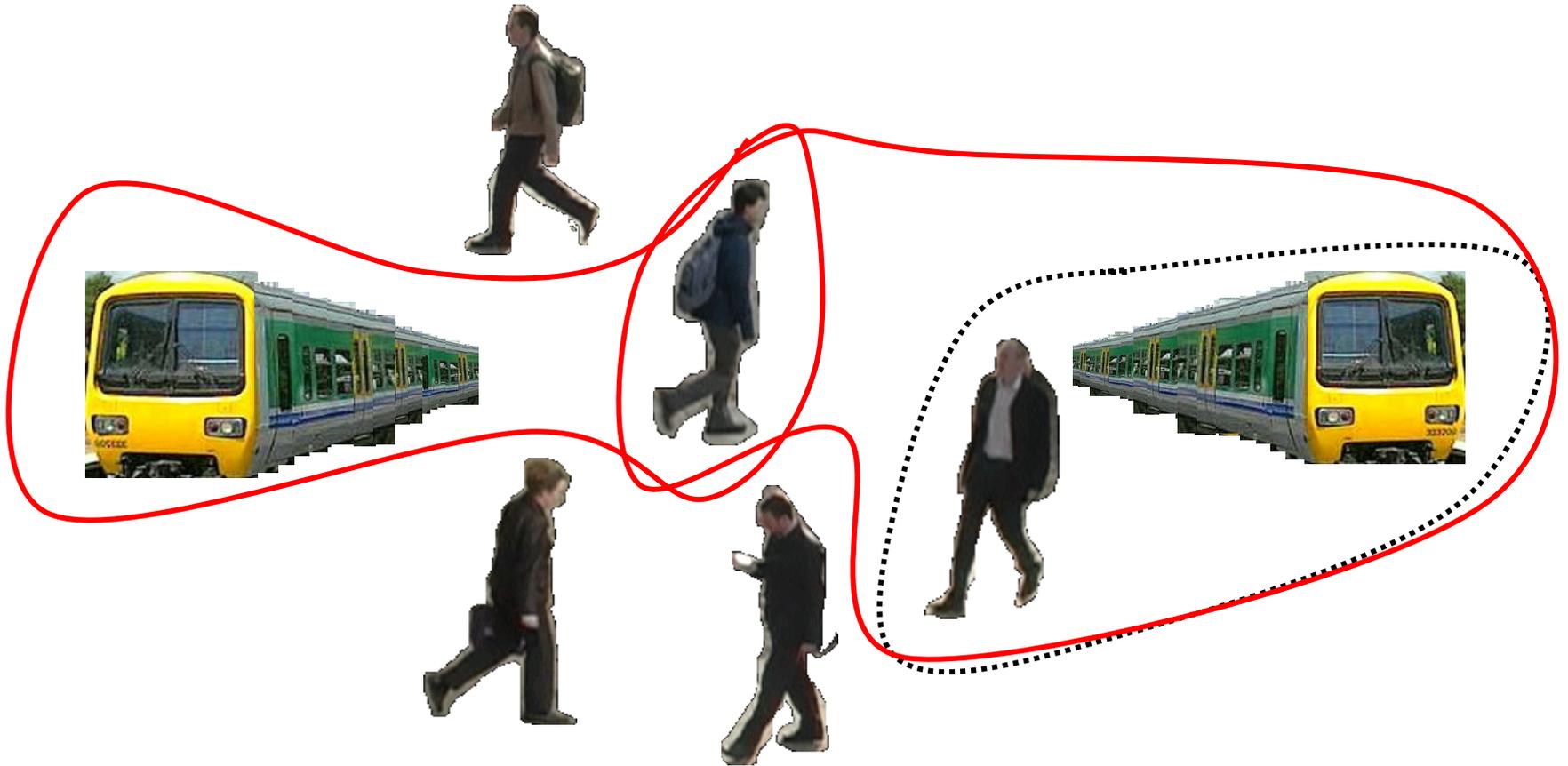
Activity Recognition



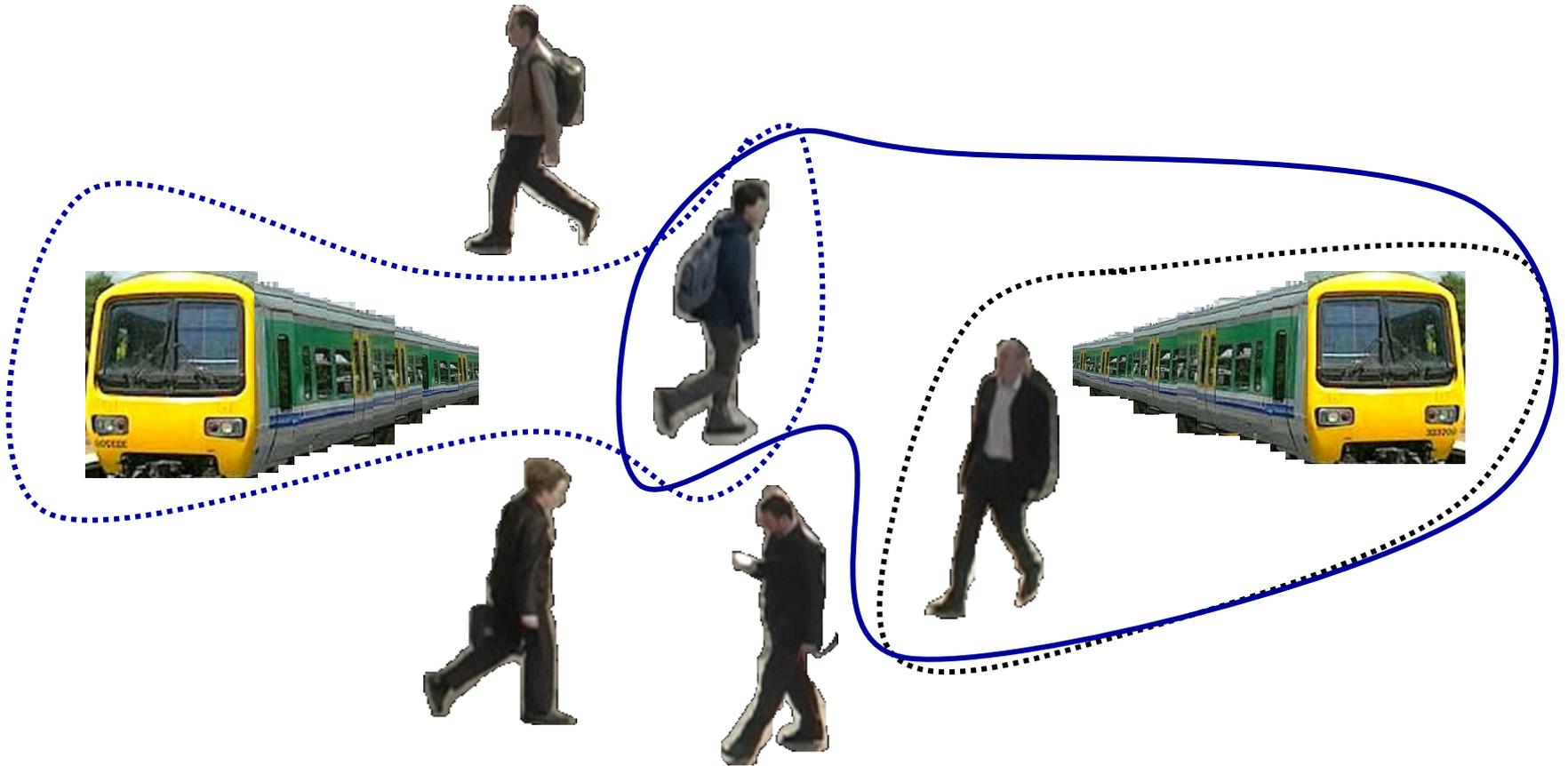
Activity Recognition



Activity Recognition



Activity Recognition

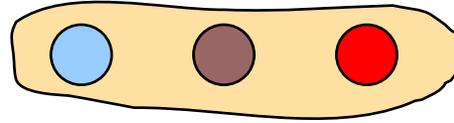


Contribution

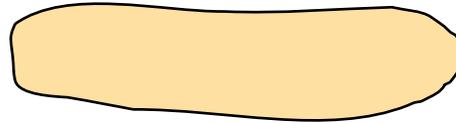
- Define global explanations using Attribute Multiset Grammars
- Parsing a set of detections → recognition
- Bayesian approach to finding the best parse tree
- Two case studies

Activity Recognition

Event Definition

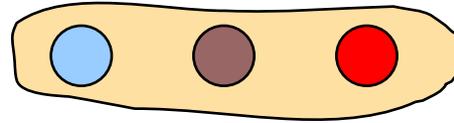


1 event

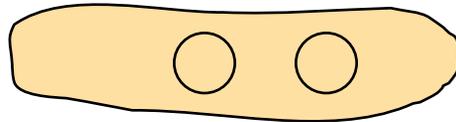
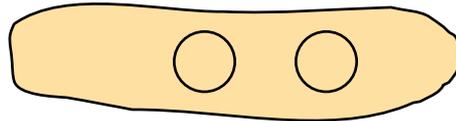


Activity Recognition

Event Definition

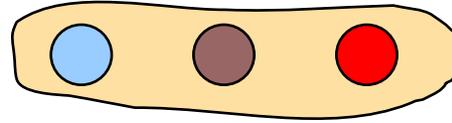


Event Threads

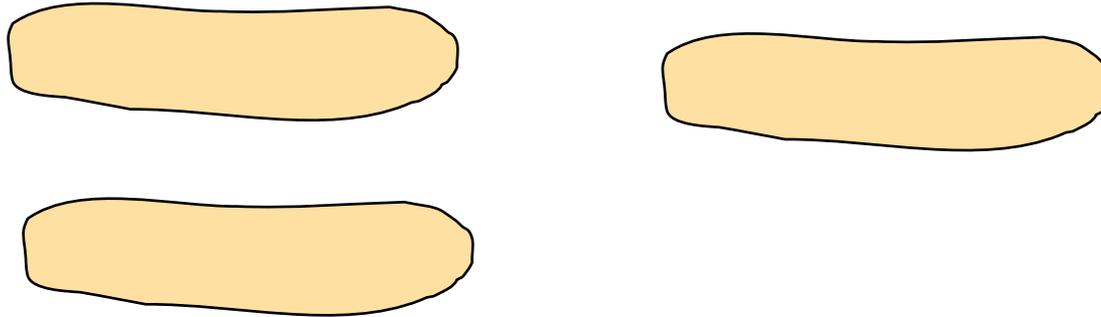


Activity Recognition

Event Definition

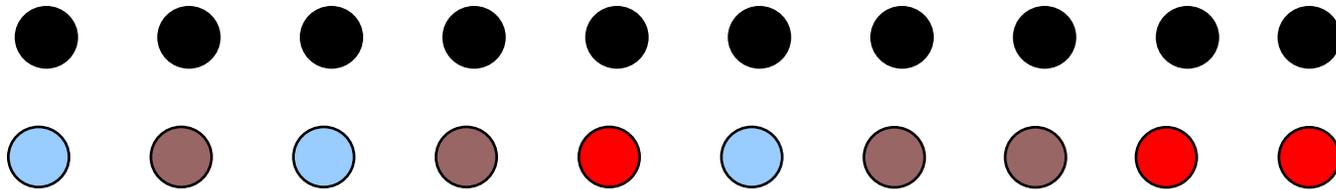


Global Explanation

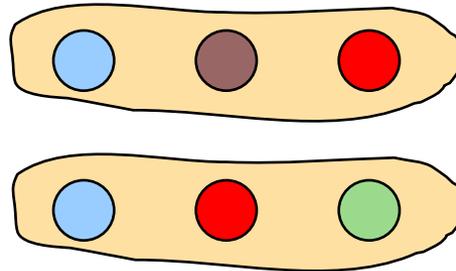


Activity Recognition

- Uncertain detections



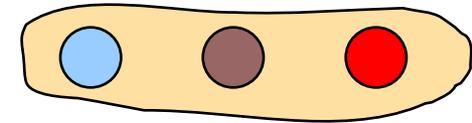
- Multiple definitions



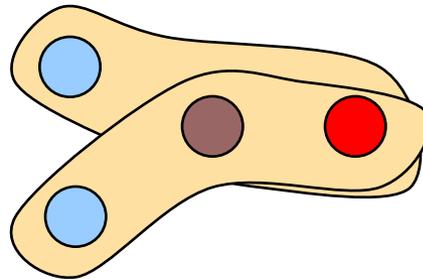
Activity Recognition

- Intra-activity constraints
 - Temporal Constraints
 - Spatial Constraints
 - Other Geometric Constraints

pos = pos
time < time

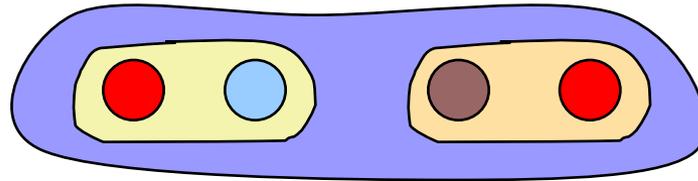


- Inter-activity constraints

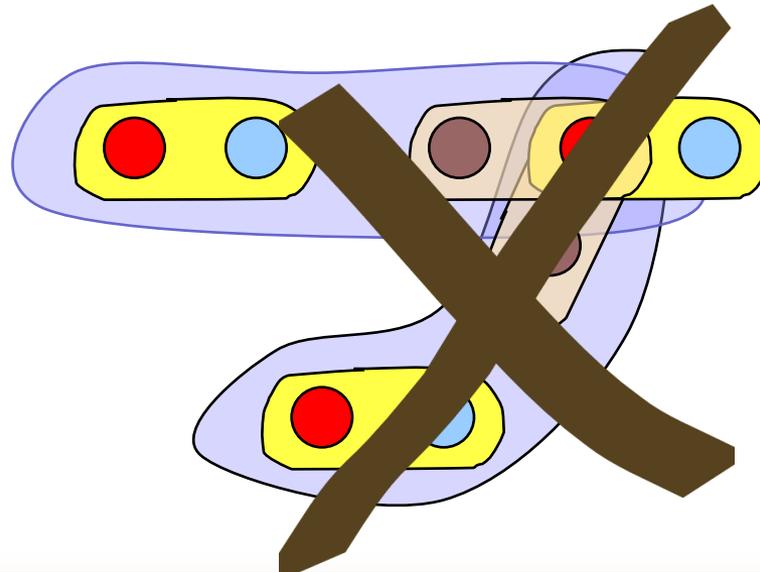
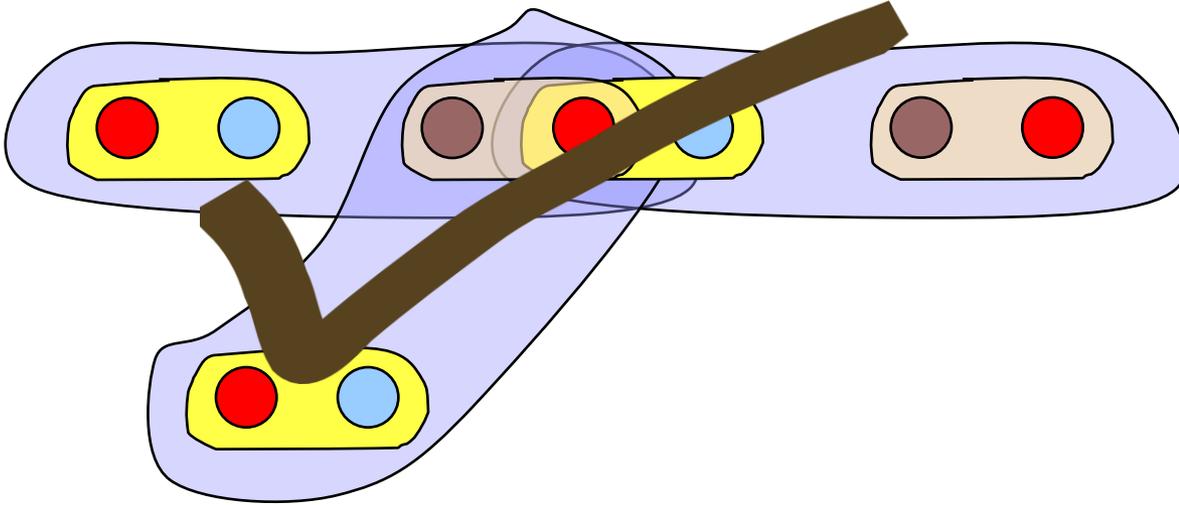


Activity Recognition

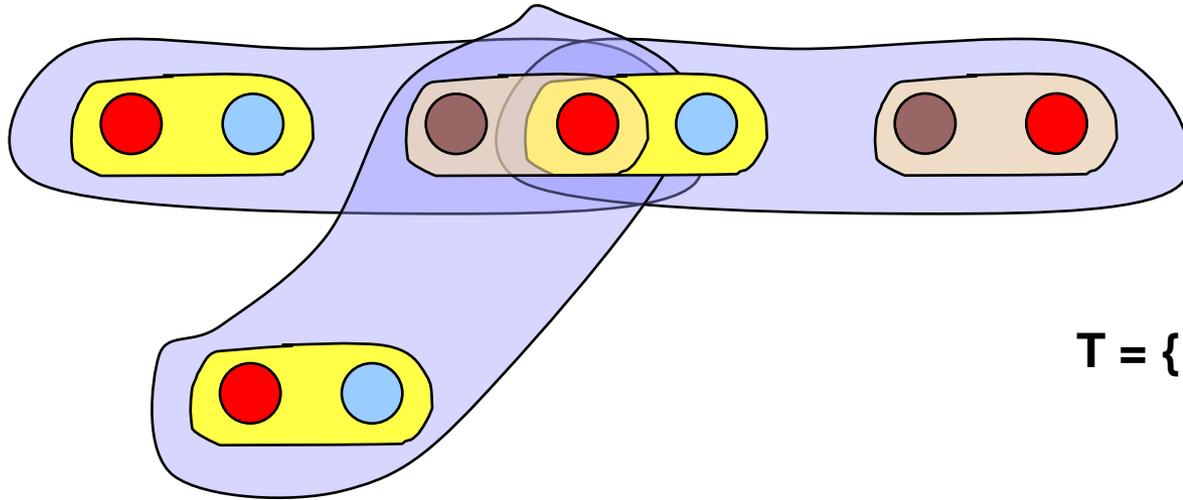
- Complex events



Definition using AMG



Definition using AMG



$$T = \{ \text{red circle}, \text{blue circle}, \text{brown circle} \}$$

↓ ↓ ↓
a b c

$$N = \{ \text{yellow rounded rectangle}, \text{orange rounded rectangle}, \text{purple rounded rectangle} \}$$

↓ ↓ ↓
A E D

Synthetic Rule

$$A \rightarrow a, b$$

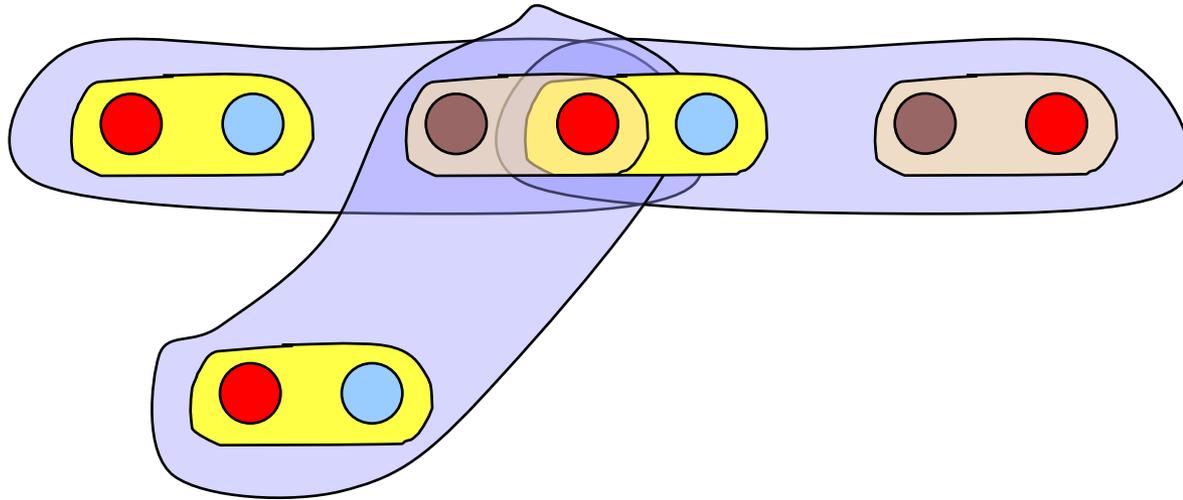
Attribute Rule

...

Attribute Constraints

$$a.time < b.time$$

Definition using AMG



$E \rightarrow a, c$

$c.count < 1$

$D \rightarrow A, E$

....

Synthetic Rule

Attribute Rule

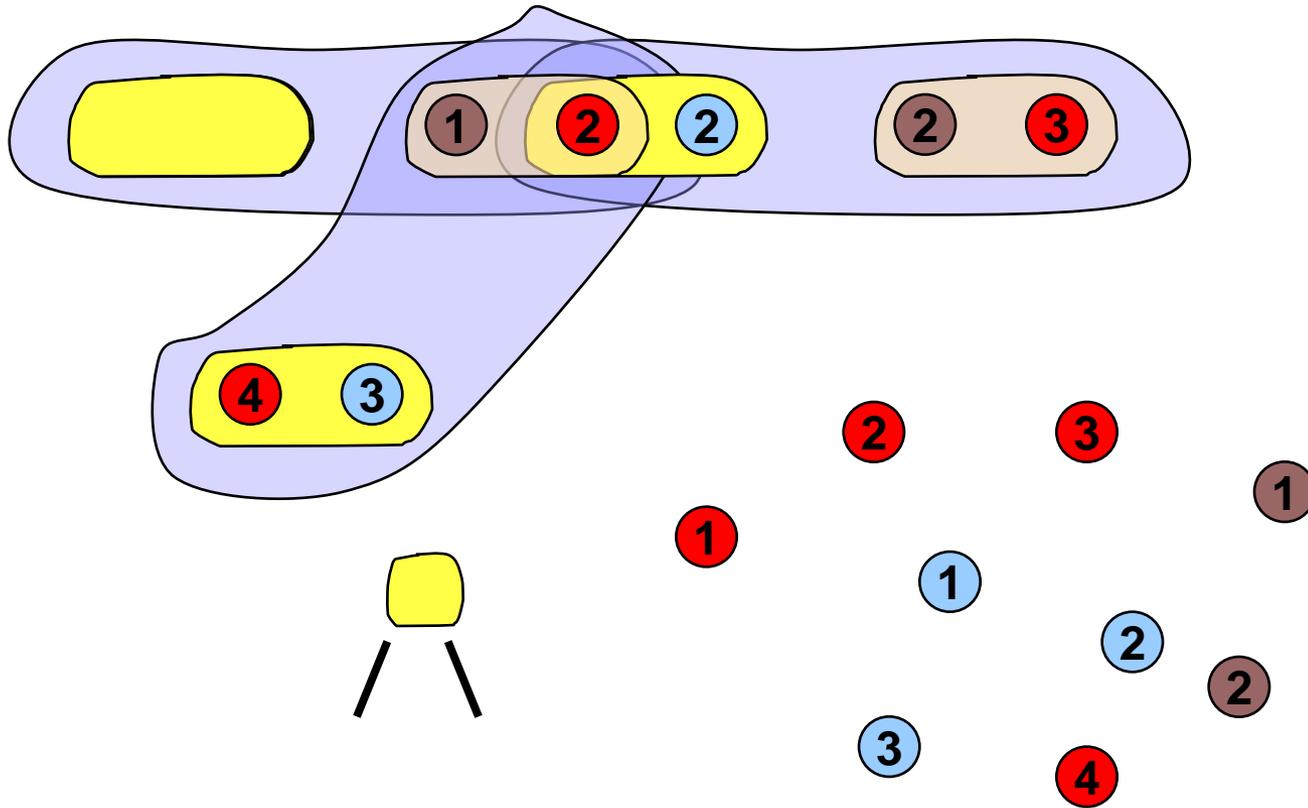
Attribute Constraints

$A \rightarrow a, b$

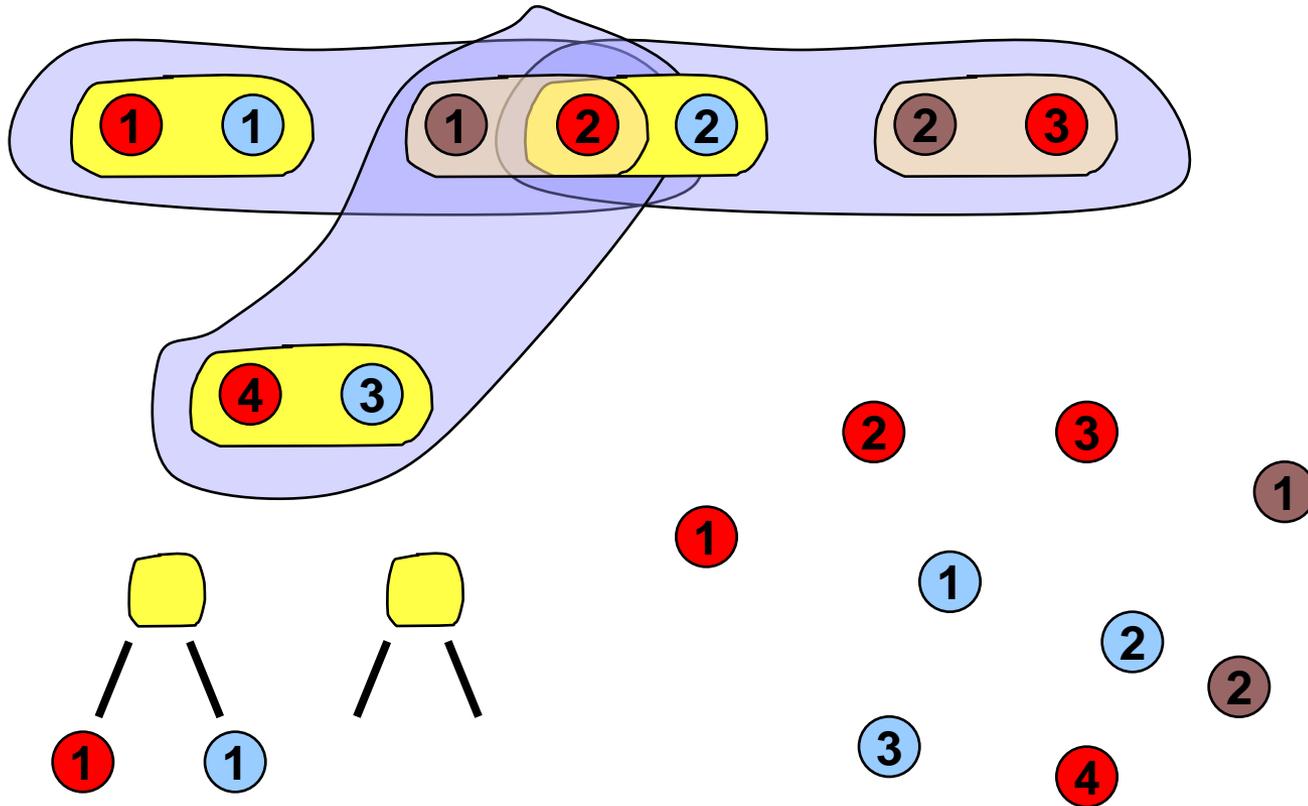
...

$a.time < b.time$

Definition using AMG



Definition using AMG



Synthetic Rule

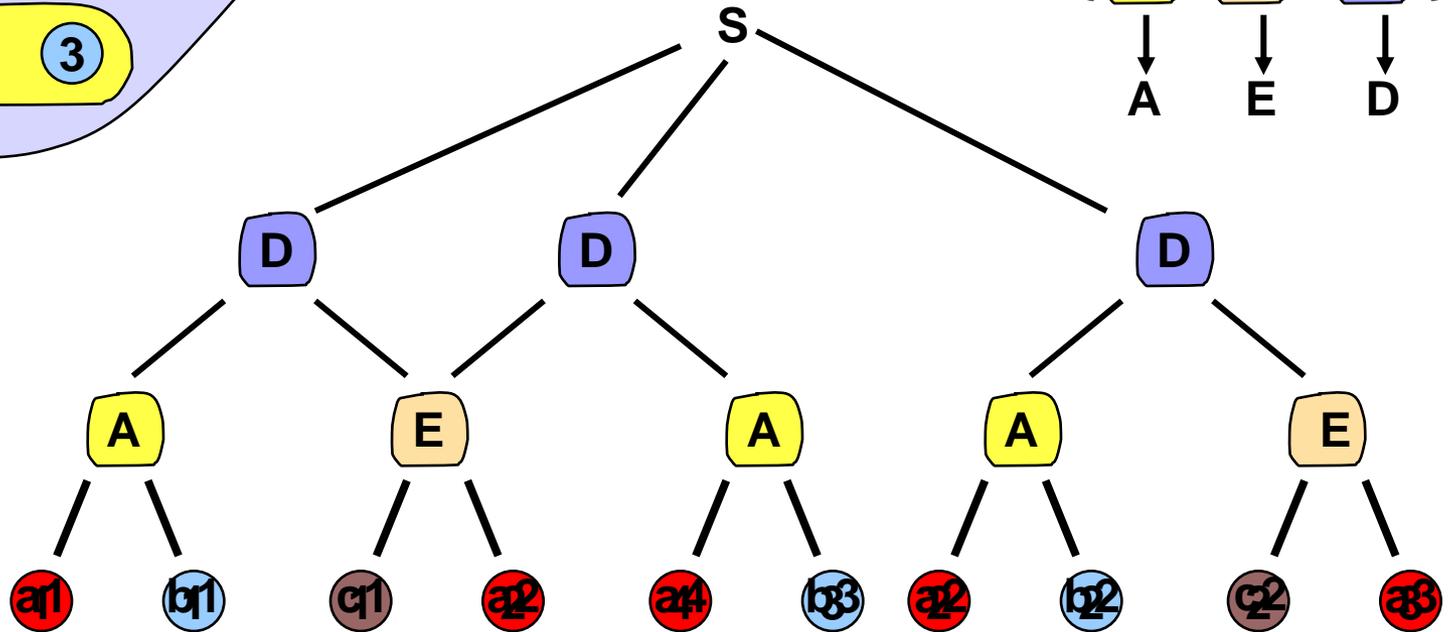
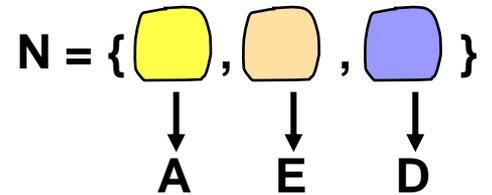
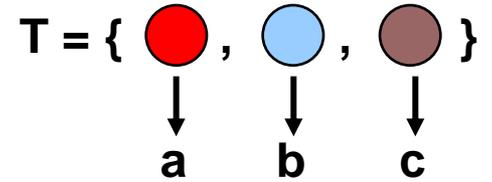
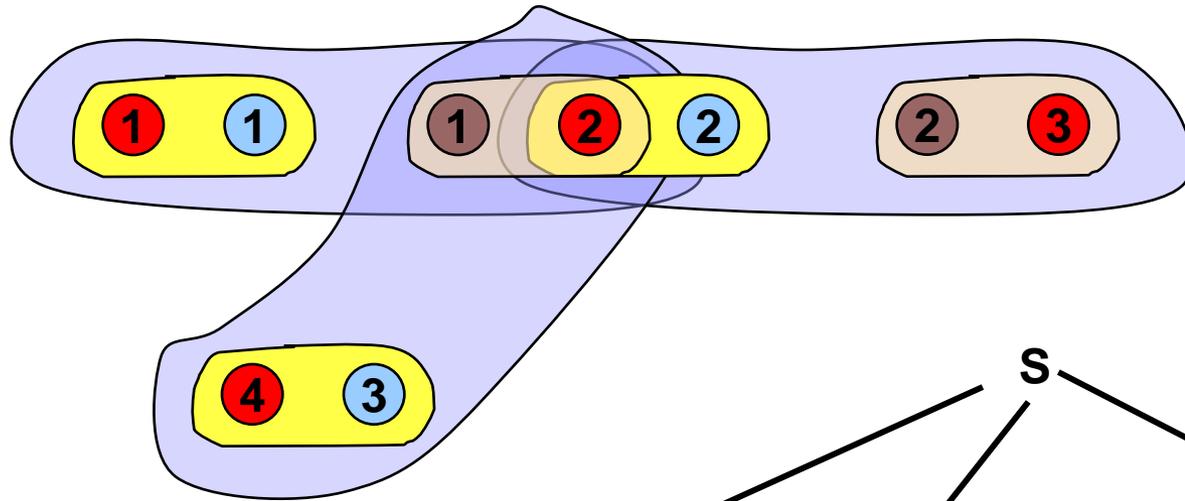
$A \rightarrow a, b$
 $A.\text{dist} = a.\text{pos} - b.\text{pos}$

Attribute Rule

Attribute Constraints

$a.\text{time} < b.\text{time}$

Definition using AMG

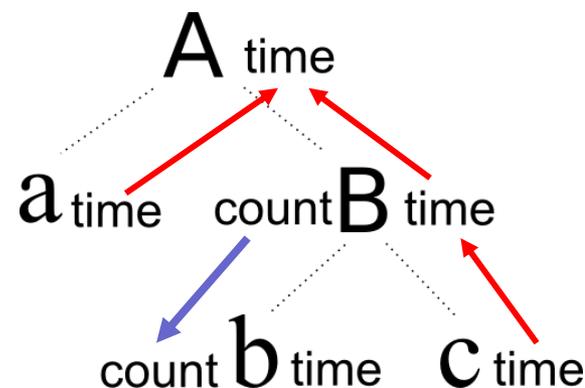


Definition using AMG

- Attribute **Multiset** Grammars

$$G = (N, T, S, A, P)$$

↓
detections

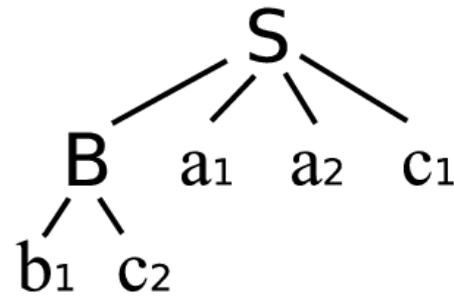
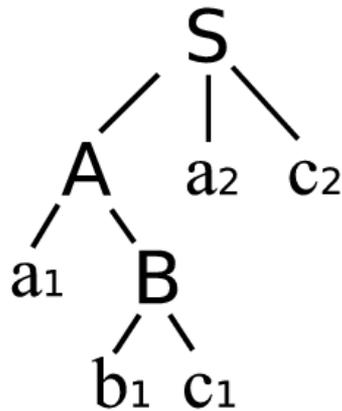


Production Rules (P):

rule	Syntactic Rule (r)	Attribute Rules (M)	Attribute Constraints (C)
p ₁	S → A*, B*, a*, c*		
p ₂	A → a, B	A.time = a.time+B.time B.count = 1	a.time < B.time B.count ≠ 1
p ₃	B → b, c	B.time = c.time b.count = B.count	b.time < c.time b.count ≠ 1

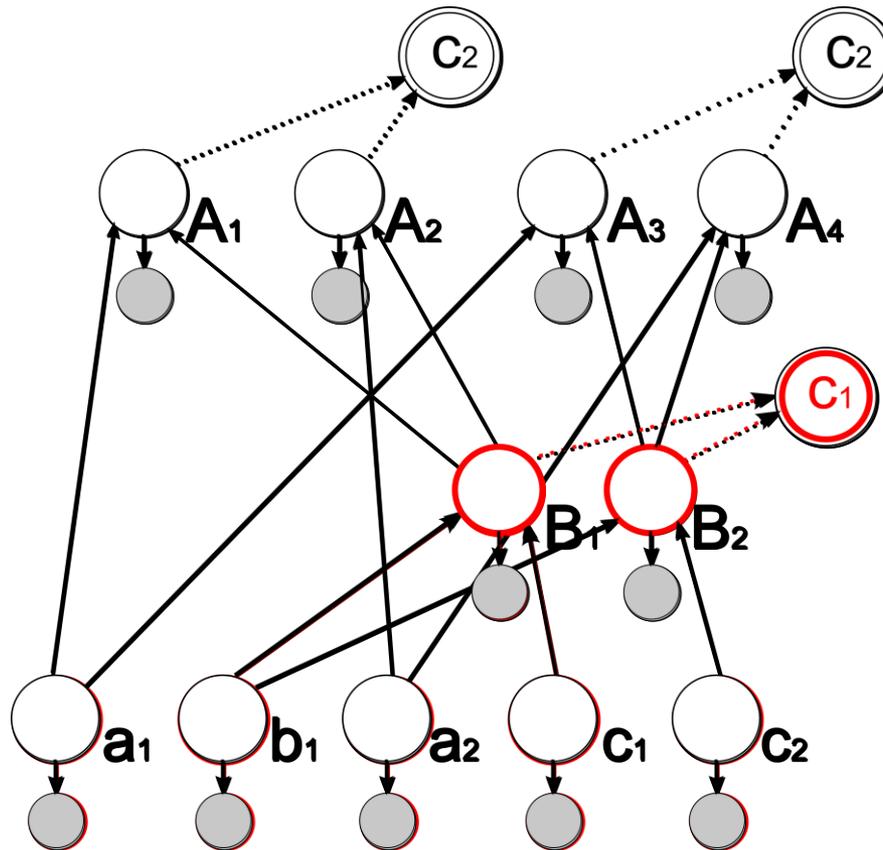
Recognition using AMG

$$D = \{a_1, a_2, b_1, c_1, c_2\}$$



Recognition using AMG

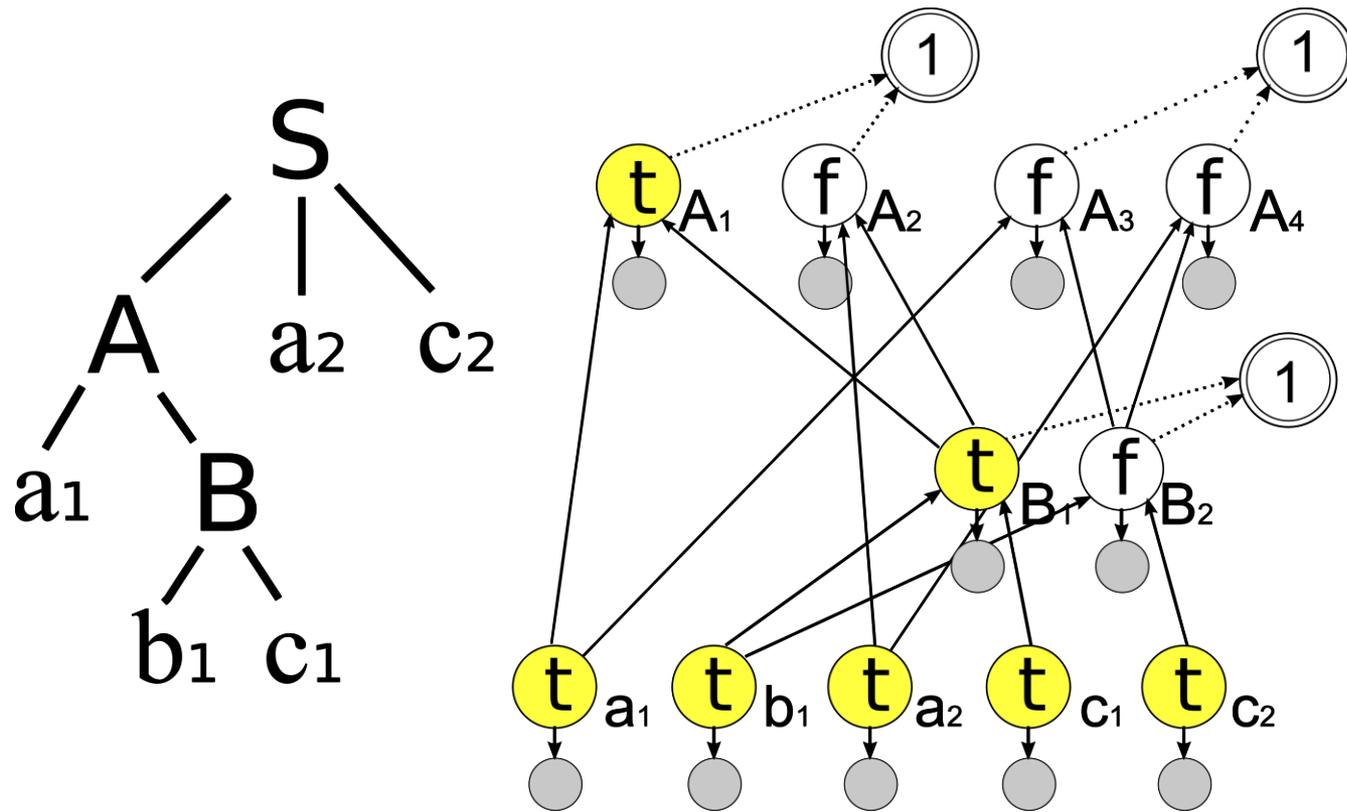
$$D = \{a_1, a_2, b_1, c_1, c_2\}$$



Algorithm
in Paper

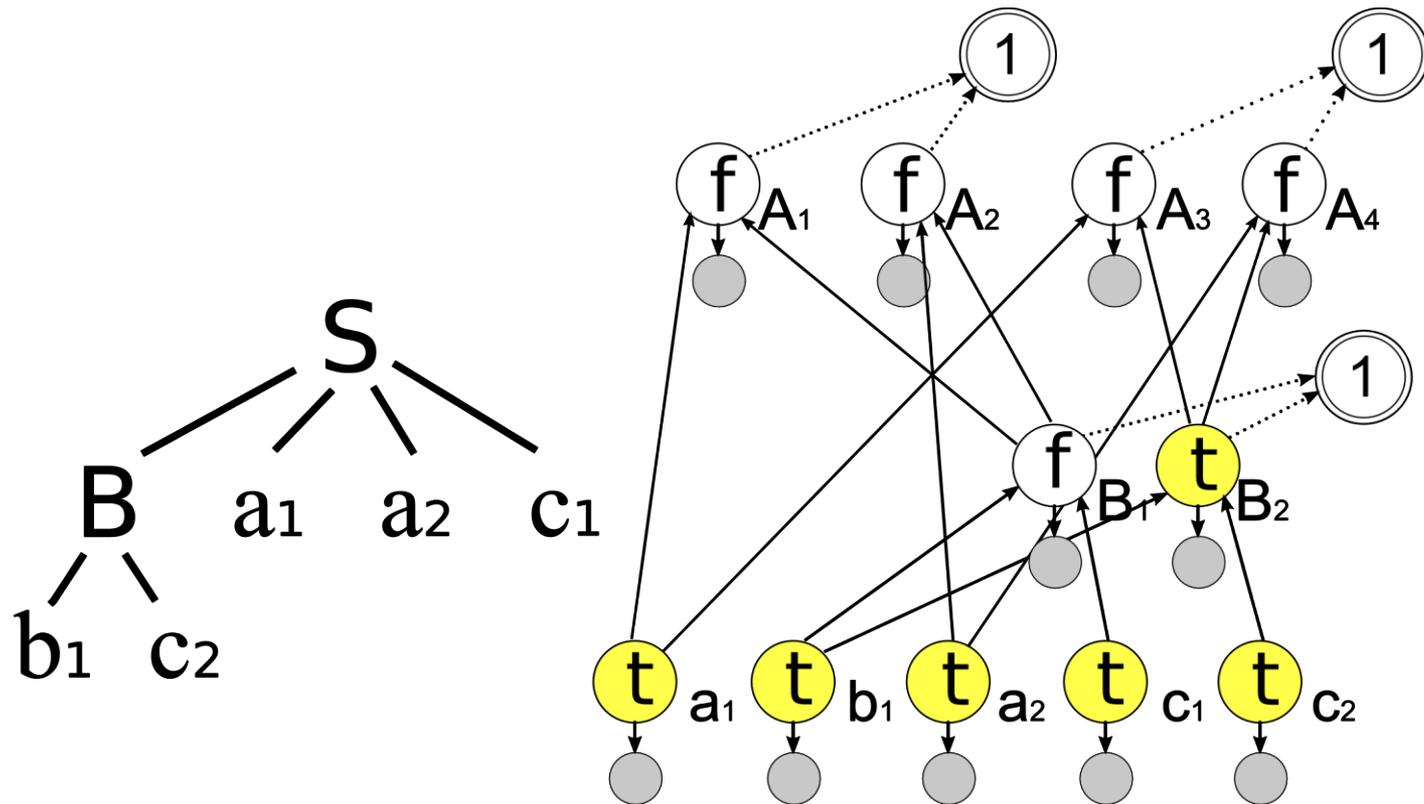
Recognition using AMG

$$D = \{a_1, a_2, b_1, c_1, c_2\}$$

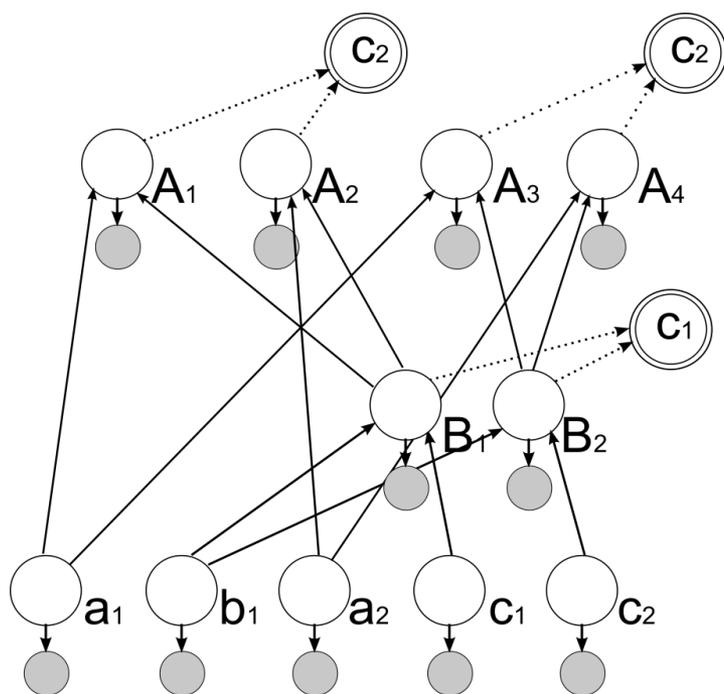


Recognition using AMG

$$D = \{a_1, a_2, b_1, c_1, c_2\}$$

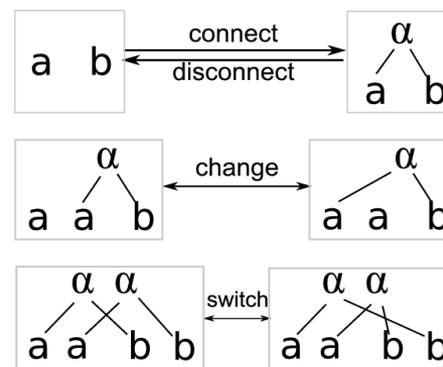


Recognition using AMG



Searching the space of explanations [CVPR 09]

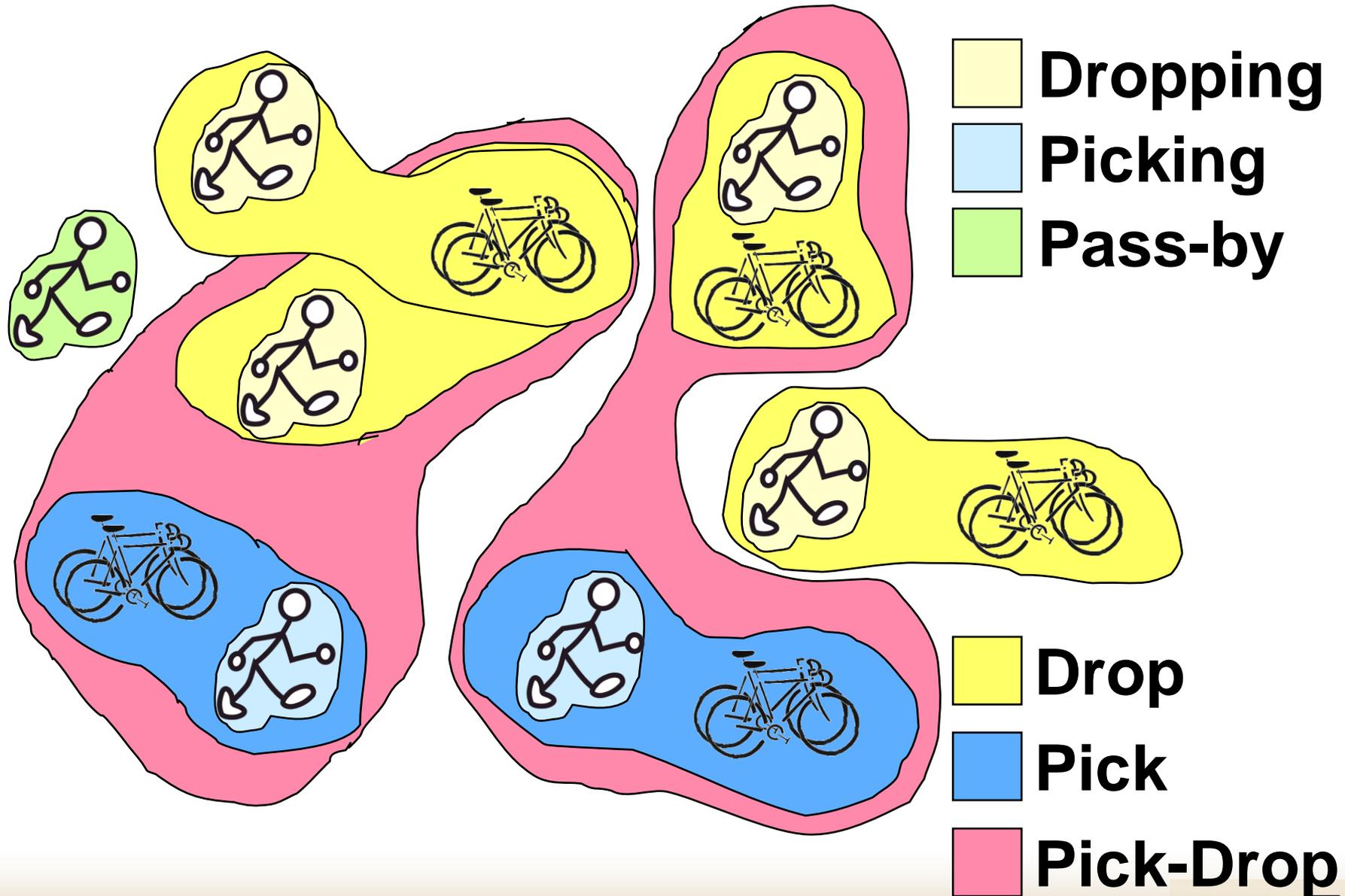
- Greedy Search
- Multiple Hypotheses Tree [BMVC 07]
- Reversible Jump Markov Chain Monte Carlo



Case I : The Bicycles Problem



The Bicycles Problem



The Bicycles AMG

Syntactic Rule (r)			Attribute Rules (M)			Attribute Constraints (C)		
p ₁	S	→ V*, x*, y*	y.action	=	“noise”	y.count	<	1
			x.action	=	“pass-by”	x.count	≠	1
p ₂	V	→ Z ₁ , Z ₂	V.action	=	“drop-pick”	Z ₁ .au	<	Z ₂ .au
			Z ₁ .action	=	“drop”	Z ₁ .count	≠	1
			Z ₂ .action	=	“pick”	Z ₂ .count	≠	1
			V.match	=	$\psi_V(Z_1.pos, Z_2.pos)$			
			Z ₁ .count	=	Z ₂ .count = 1			
p ₃	V	→ Z, u	V.action	=	“drop-only”	Z.count	≠	1
			Z.action	=	“drop”			
			Z.count	=	1			
p ₄	V	→ u, Z	V.action	=	“pick-only”	Z.count	≠	1
			Z.action	=	“pick”			
			Z.count	=	1			
p ₅	Z	→ x, y	x.action	=	Z.action	x.au	=	y.au
			y.action	=	Z.action	x.count	≠	1
			Z.au	=	x.au			
			Z.pos	=	y.pos			
			Z.match	=	$\psi_Z(x.traj, y.pos)$			
			x.count	=	1			
			y.count	=	y.count+1			

Case II: The Enter-Exit Problem

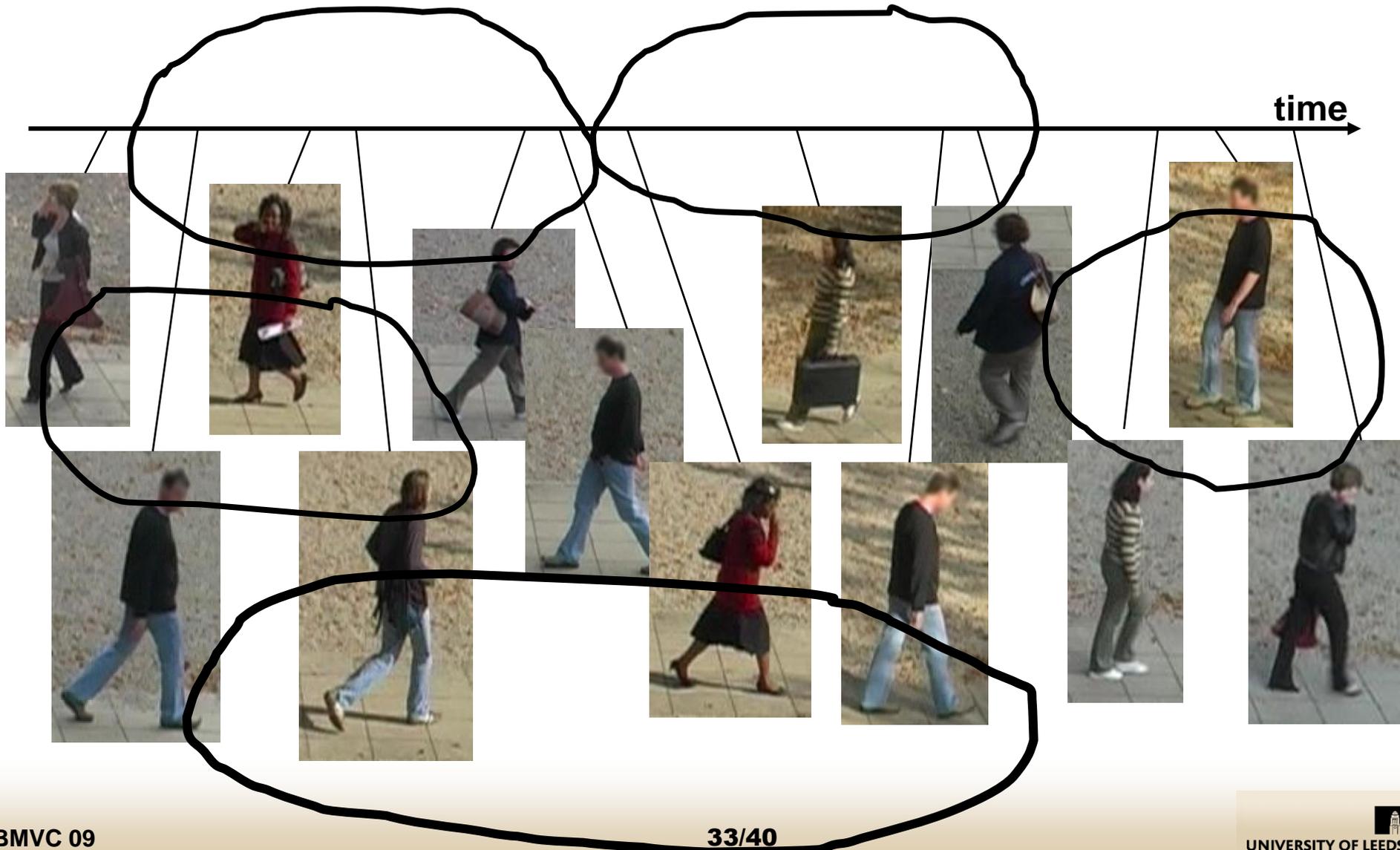


Global Explanation

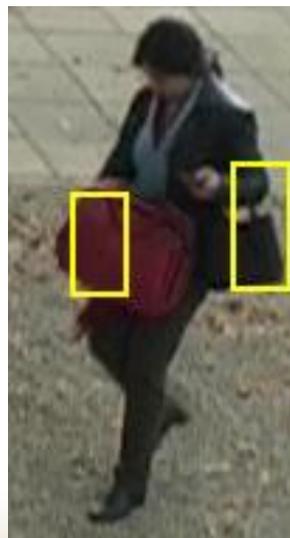
- Global explanation



Global Explanation

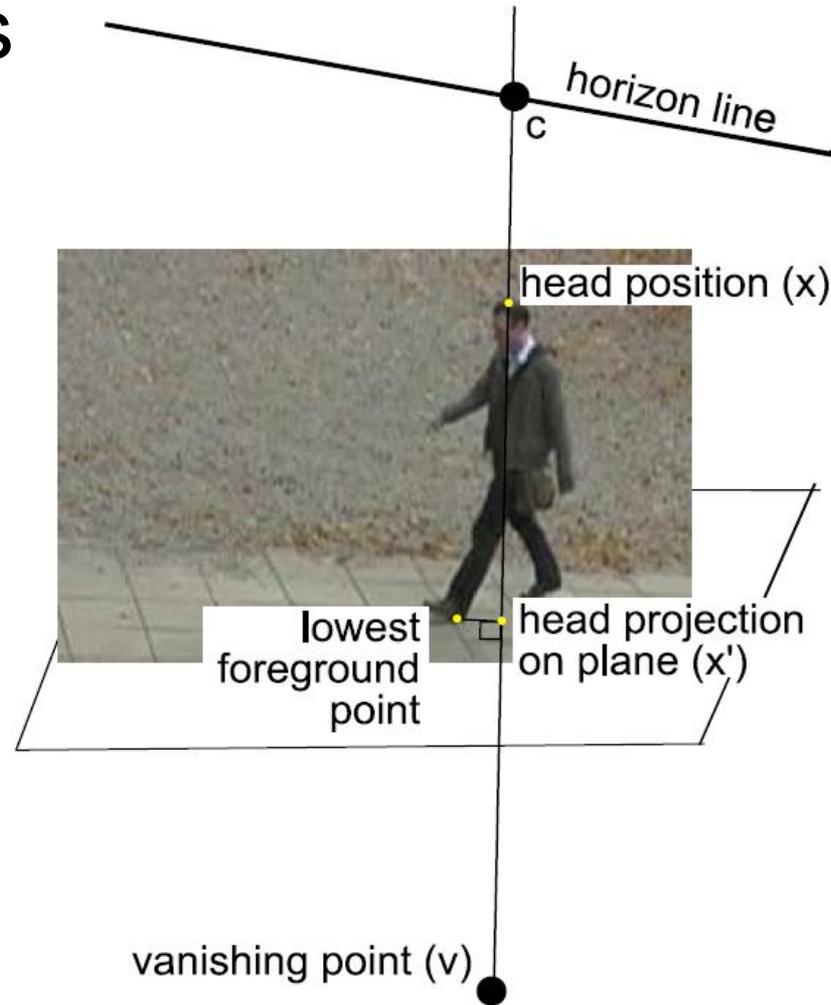


Using Baggage Detector [ECCV 08]



Selected Features

1. Matching Heights



Selected Features

2. Clothing Colour



Selected Features

3. Baggage Colour



Selected Features

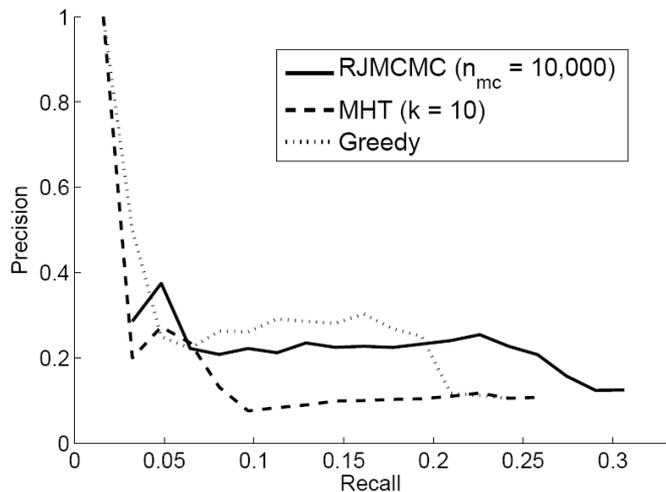
4. Baggage Relative Height



Experiment

- 12 hours
- 326 people
- 429 candidate bags
- 62 ground truth pairs

Results



	Local	Global		
		Greedy	MHT	RJMCMC
Paired	13	14	16	19
Unpaired	49	48	46	43
Incorrect Pairs	173	133	135	142

Conclusion

- Defining activity using AMG
 - Hierarchies of events
 - Multisets
 - Intra-activity constraints → synthetic attributes
 - Inter-activity constraints → inherited attributes
- Finding the best parse tree → Recognition
 - Building BN
 - Searching for MAP
- Two case studies
- Future work

Thank you 😊



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