

L-SME: a system for mining loosely structured motifs

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Introduction

- Singling out the regions that are over-represented in suitably selected sets of DNA sequences provides us with **insights on the biological functions** played by the corresponding macromolecules.
- These regions are called **motifs** in the literature.

Motif Discovery Problem

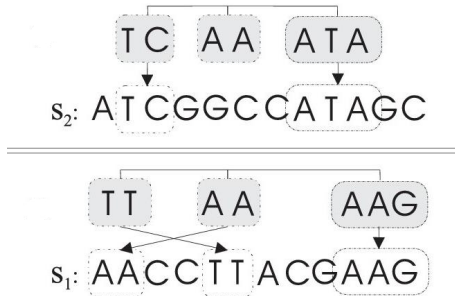
- A **motif template** \hat{p} is a tuple $\langle l_1, d_1, l_2, d_2, \dots, l_{r-1}, d_{r-1}, l_r \rangle$.
 - l_i : length of the i -th box ($l_i = [\min_l_i, \max_l_i]$)
 - d_j : length of the gap between j -th and $(j + 1)$ -th box ($d_j = [\min_d_j, \max_d_j]$)
- A **pattern instance** p for \hat{p} is a string $b_{l_1} X(d_1) b_{l_2} X(d_2) \dots b_{l_{r-1}} X(d_{r-1}) b_{l_r}$
 - b_{l_i} is a string with length in the range $[\min_l_i, \max_l_i]$
 - $X(d_j)$ is a sequence of “don’t care” symbols with length in the range $[\min_d_j, \max_d_j]$
- A pattern instance p **occurs** in a DNA sequence s if there is a substring s' of s if s' **matches** p
- The **motif discovery problem** over a set of DNA sequences is to find all the instances for \hat{p} that occur in at least Q of them
 - Q is the **quorum** considered appropriate by the biologist

Supported-Templates Perspective

L-SME is a tool for motif discovery supporting various innovative functionalities, under various different perspectives

- L-SME allows the user to specify **any kind of model template**
- L-SME deals with other relevant variabilities in pattern matching, in particular, it supports
 - both **Hamming** and **Levenshtein** distance
 - **box skips**: a user-definable number of boxes is not matched at all
 - **box swaps**: a user-definable number of inversions between adjacent boxes

Supported-Templates Perspective



Interfacing Perspective

The screenshot displays the L-SME software interface, divided into several sections:

- Similarity:** Includes radio buttons for 'Exact', 'Hamming', and 'Levenshtein'. The 'Hamming' option is selected, with a 'distinct' checkbox checked. There is also a 'Consider direct and inverse strand' checkbox.
- Extended Options:** Contains 'Skip' and 'Swap' fields, both set to 0.
- Structural:** Includes 'Box number' (3), 'Box length' (distinct inter...), 'Box distance' (distinct inter...), 'Quorum' (100), and an 'Approximate solution' checkbox.
- Delta and Epsilon:** Fields for 'Delta' and 'Epsilon' are present.
- Box Configuration:** Two boxes are defined. Box 1 has length 3 and max error 1. Box 2 also has length 3 and max error 1. Each box has an 'Anchor' field and 'add'/'remove' buttons.
- Submit:** A large button at the bottom center.
- Sequence Viewer:** A window titled 'TGA X(3) TTT X(3) GAC' showing a list of sequences from 70 to 100. The 'All Sequences' tab is active. The sequences are displayed with dashes indicating gaps, such as 'Sequence 70: -----TTT' and 'Sequence 75: --TTA--TTG--GGC-----AGA--TCT--GAC--'.

Computation Perspective

- Issues:
 - Motif discovery is a **computationally intensive task**
- Solution:
 - L-SME is designed to **incrementally produce results**
 - Each request is immediately answered with an url
 - There, the results are visualized as soon as they are discovered
 - The results remain available for some days.

Algorithmic Perspective

- Issues:
 - The system needs to handle **wide classes of templates**
 - The system must guarantee **scalability** over genome-wide applications
- Solution:
 - The system supports search via **randomization** with a-priori **guaranteed quality**
 - The user is allowed to tune two normalized coefficients δ and ϵ for setting time/space requirements

Conclusion

- **System available at:**

- `http://siloe.deis.unical.it/l-sme/`

- **For additional information:**

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