{ Mining, Sets, of, Patterns }

A tutorial at ECMLPKDD2010 September 20, 2010, Barcelona, Spain *by* B. Bringmann, S. Nijssen, N. Tatti, J. Vreeken, A. Zimmermann

Overview Tutorial

00:00Introduction
Siegfried Nijssen00:45Unsupervised, explorative
pattern set mining
Jilles Vreeken

01:30 Break

End

02:00

02:45

Supervised pattern set mining Björn Bringmann





Practical information

Even though we did our best to achieve otherwise:

WARNING

This TUTORIAL is neither complete nor unbiased

REFERENCES are not necessarily authoritative or complete

More information (including references): http://www.cs.kuleuven.be/conference/msop/

							THE STATES		
Dal		on							

Patterns

Pattern sets

Definitions
 Motivations
 Dimensions
 Algorithms

Patterns

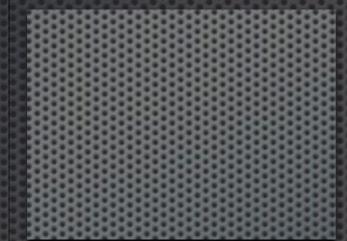
Definitions
Motivations
Dimensions
Algorithms

Patterns

Definitions
Motivations
Dimensions
Algorithms

Recurring structure



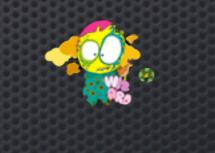




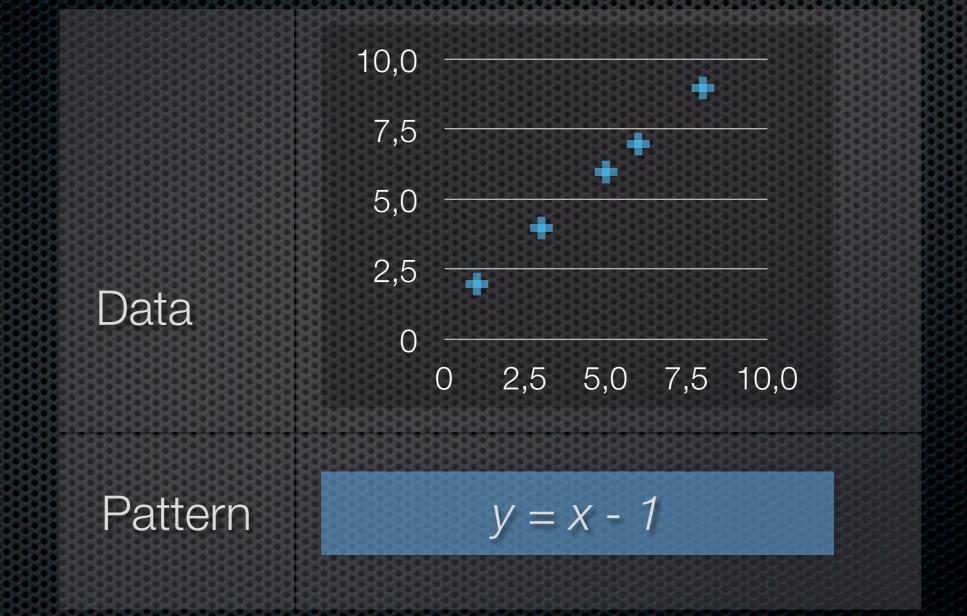


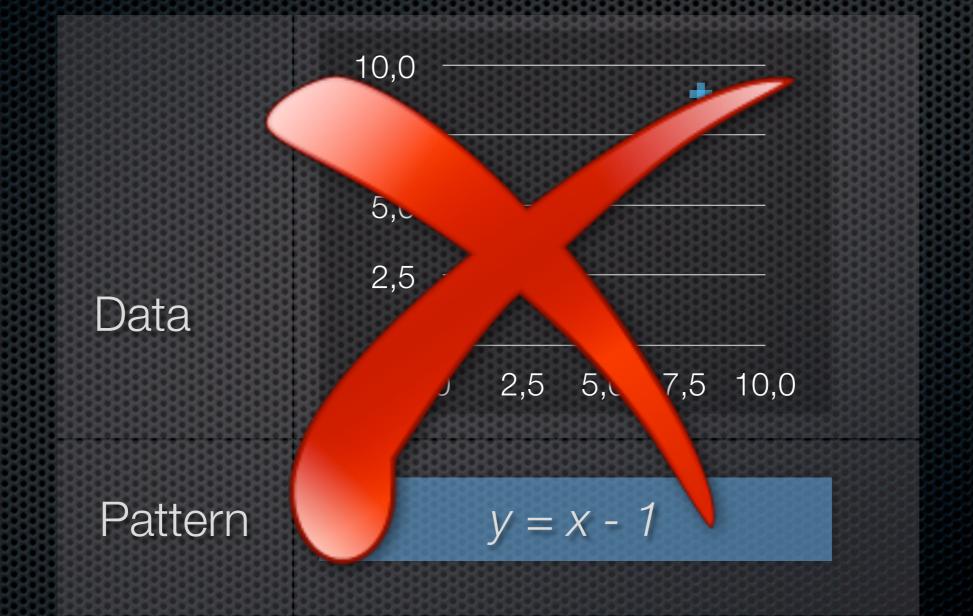












In this tutorial we are looking for

Recurring structures ...

... in enumerable, discrete domains

Hence we do not consider a regression model to be a pattern...

Patterns

Definitions
Motivations
Dimensions
Algorithms

Patterns



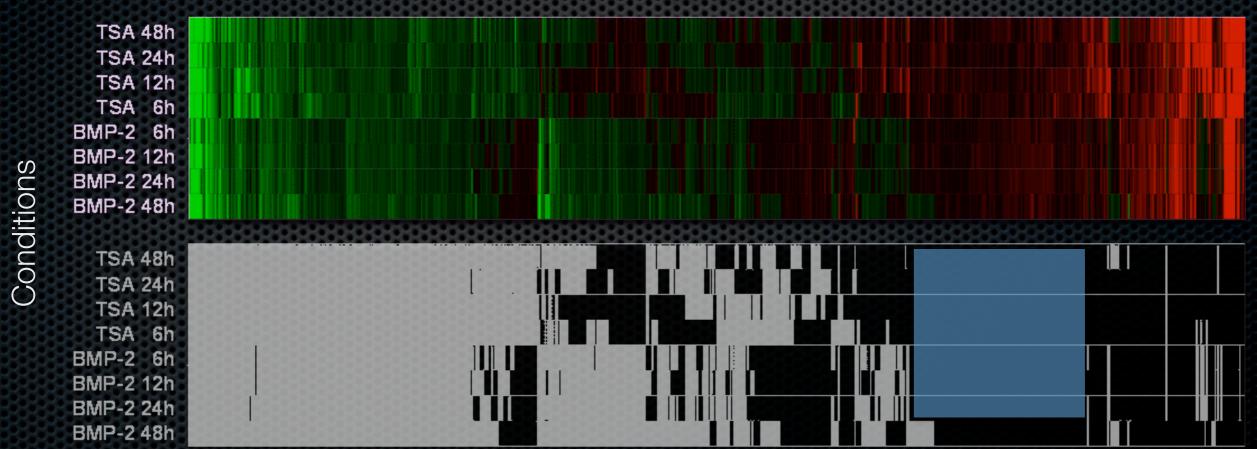
Example 1: Frequent Itemset in Market Basket Data



Example 1: Frequent Itemset in Market Basket Data



Example 2: Co-cluster in Gene Expression Data



Genes

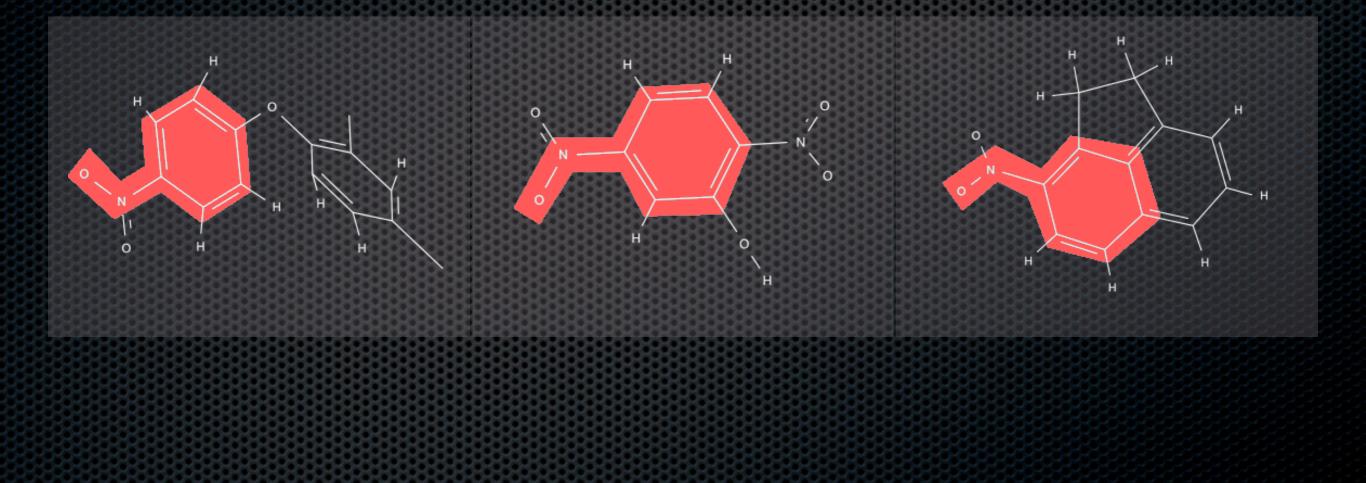
Lyssiotis et al.

Example 3: Conjunctive Formula in UCI Data

4.9,3.1,1.5,0.1,Iris-setosa 5.0,3.2,1.2,0.2,Iris-setosa 5.5,3.5,1.3,0.2, Iris-setosa 4.9,3.1,1.5,0.1, Iris-setosa 4.4,3.0,1.3,0.2, Iris-setosa 5.1,3.4,1.5,0.2, Iris-setosa 5.0,3.5,1.3,0.3,Iris-setosa 4.5,2.3,1.3,0.3, Iris-setosa 4.4,3.2,1.3,0.2, Iris-setosa 5.0,3.5,1.6,0.6, Iris-setosa 5.1,3.8,1.9,0.4, Iris-setosa 4.8,3.0,1.4,0.3, Iris-setosa 5.1,3.8,1.6,0.2, Iris-setosa 4.6,3.2,1.4,0.2, Iris-setosa 5.3,3.7,1.5,0.2, Iris-setosa 5.0,3.3,1.4,0.2, Iris-setosa 7.0,3.2,4.7,1.4, Iris-versicolor 6.4,3.2,4.5,1.5, Iris-versicolor 6.9,3.1,4.9,1.5, Iris-versicolor 5.5,2.3,4.0,1.3, Iris-versicolor 6.5,2.8,4.6,1.5,Iris-versicolor 5.7.2.8.4.5.1.3. Tris-versicolor

Petal length >= 2.0and Petal width <= 0.5

Example 4: Frequent Subgraph in Molecules



Recurring structure in enumerable, discrete domain

Enumerable, discrete domains: itemsets, graphs, sequences, trees, ...

Recurrence as determined by constraints: support constraint, size constraint, area constraint, ...

The problem: too many patterns

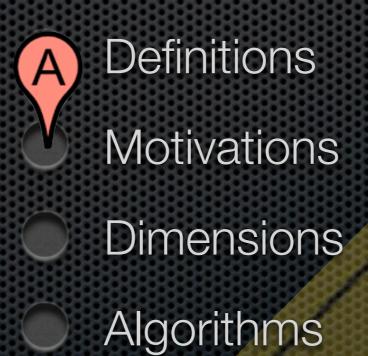


Too many patterns...

Solution 1: constraint-based mining

Solution 2: pattern set mining

Patterns



Patterns

Definitions Motivations Dimensions Algorithms

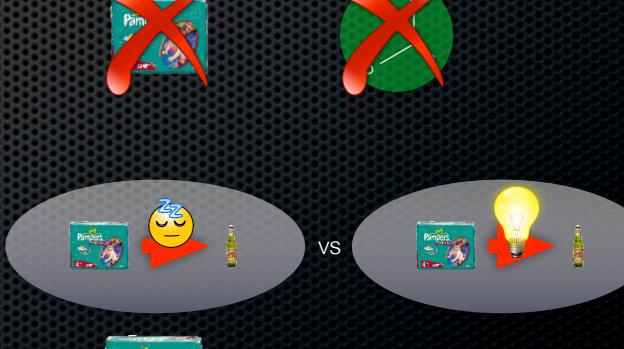
Solution 1: pattern constraints

Constraint on each pattern individually based on

- background knowledge
- condensed representations
- class labels

Constraints: background knowledge

- Support constraints
- Syntactical constraints
- Statistical constraints
 difference with expectation
 - taxonomies



= diapers

Constraints: condensed representations

If we pass a pattern through the data, we obtain another pattern



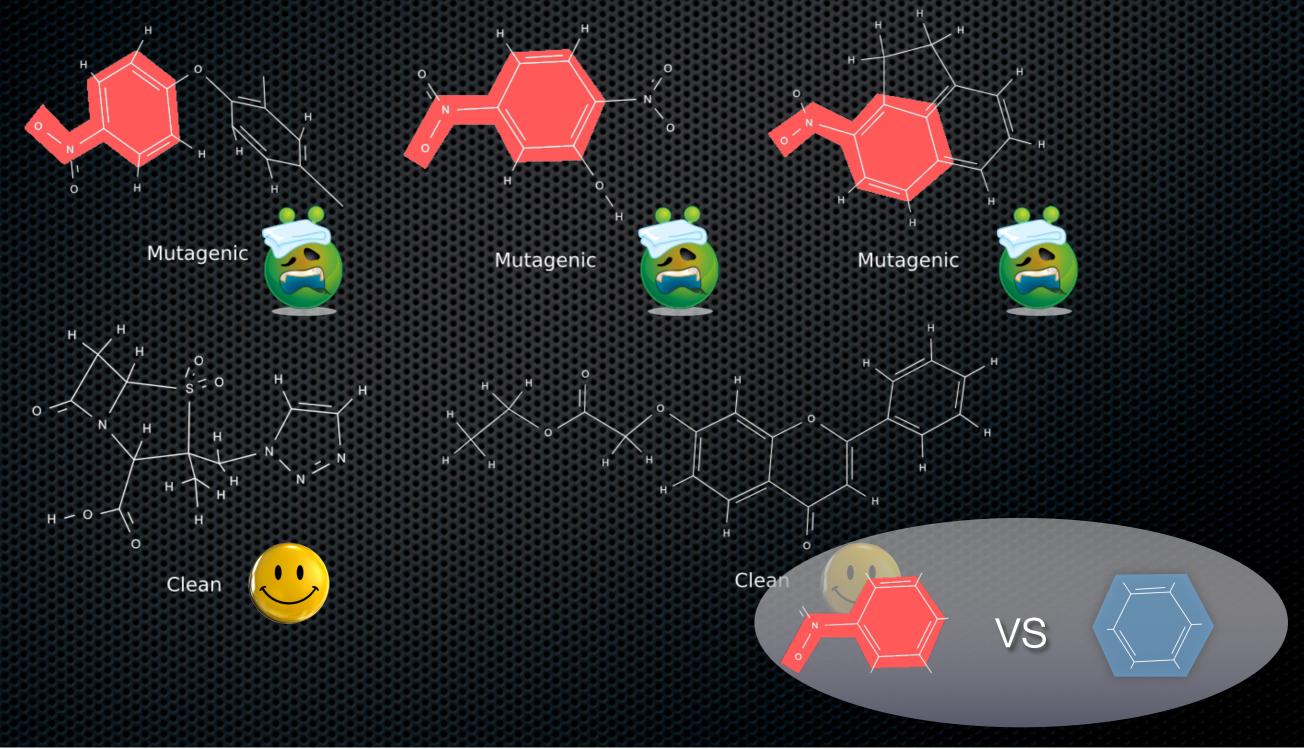


20

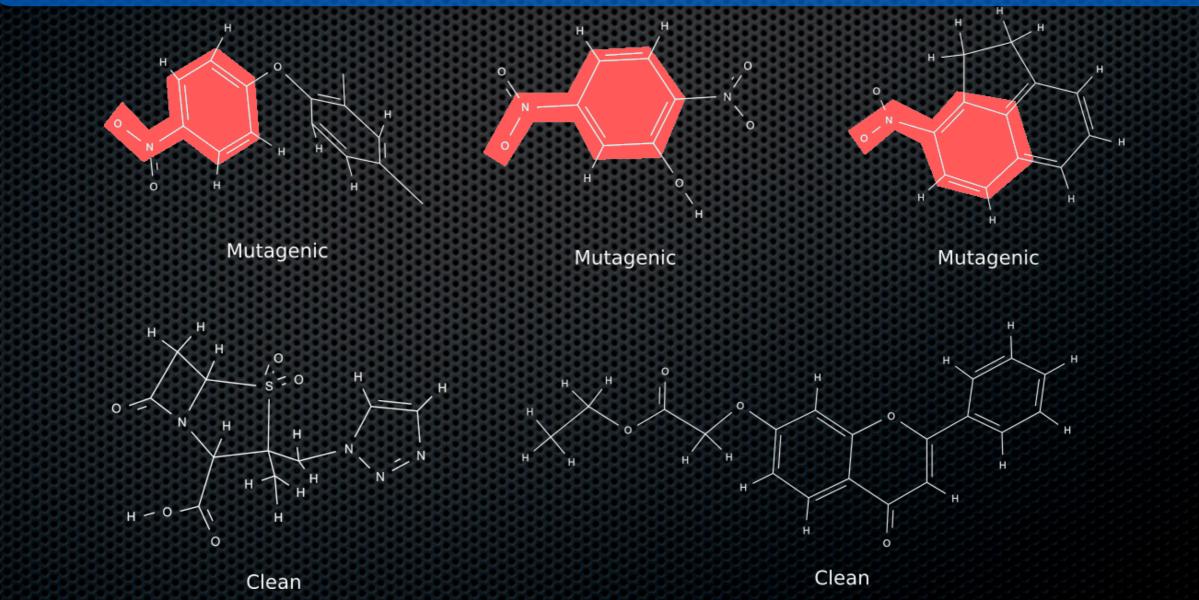
Constraints: condensed representations

- Closed patterns
 Pasquier et al.
- Free/generator patterns
 Pasquier et al.
- Maximal frequent patterns
 Bayardo
- Non-derivable patterns
 Calders et al.





GIVEN database *D*, target *c*, threshold *t*, class of patterns FIND **all** patterns *p* with *f*(*p*,*D*,*c*)>*t*





Many different names for this setting Novak, Webb and Lavrac

Pattern name	Typical measure	
Emerging pattern	Growth rate	Dong et al.
Contrast set	Difference in rel support	Bay et al.
Correlated pattern	Chi2	Morishita et al.
Subgroup	Weighted relative accuracy	Kloesgen et al.
Discriminative pattern	Information gain	Cheng et al.
Class association rule	Confidence	Liu et al.

Patterns

Definitions Motivations Dimensions Algorithms

Patterns

Definitions
 Motivations
 Dimensions
 Algorithms

How to find patterns?

In principle two ways:

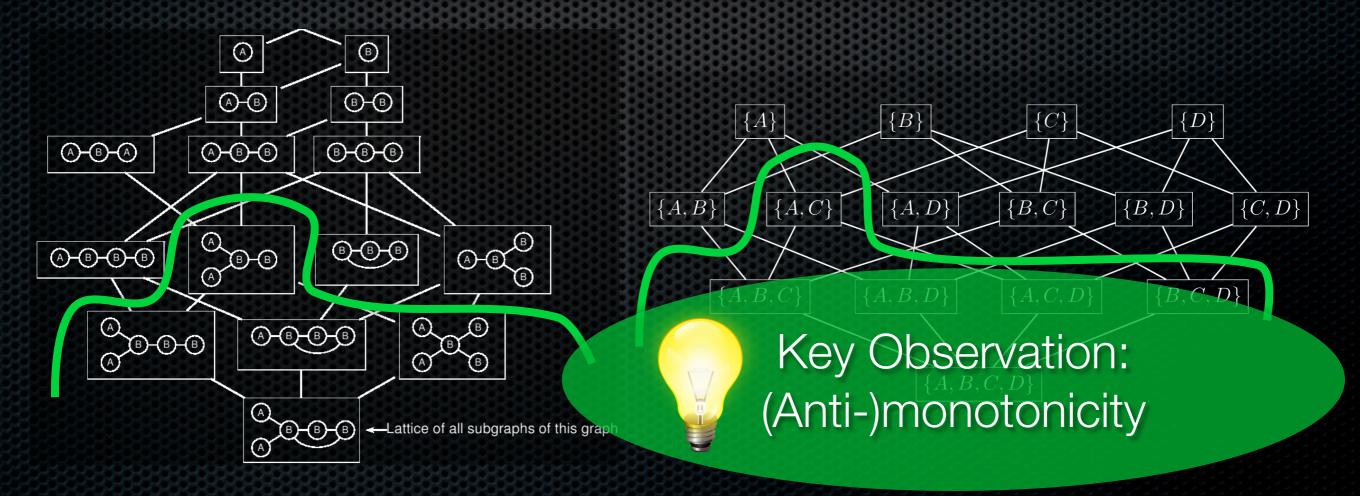
- Greedy / heuristic
 - 🕂 Fast
 - Overlooks solutions
- Complete search
 - Finds everything



How to find patterns?

Complete search under constraints often feasible

GIVEN database *D*, constraint φ on *D*, class of patterns *C* FIND all patterns *p* in class *C* satisfying φ



Lots of solutions... what's their problem?

Overview part I

Patterns

Motivations Definition

A

Dimensions

Algorithms

Overview part I

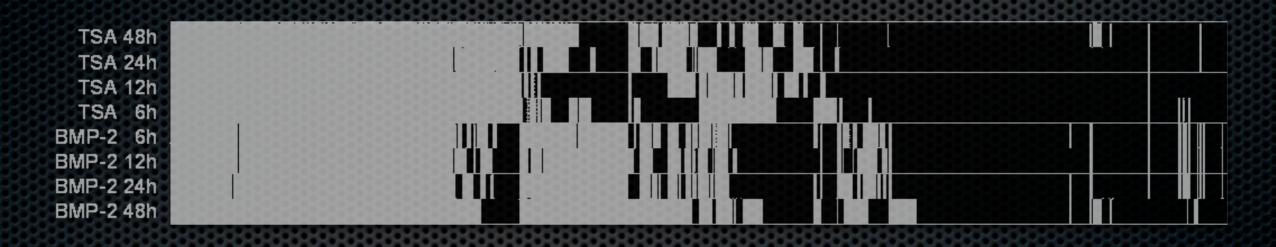
Pattern sets

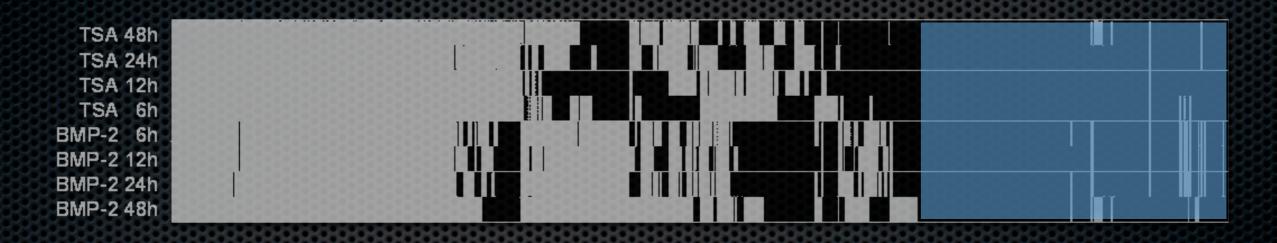
Motivations Definition

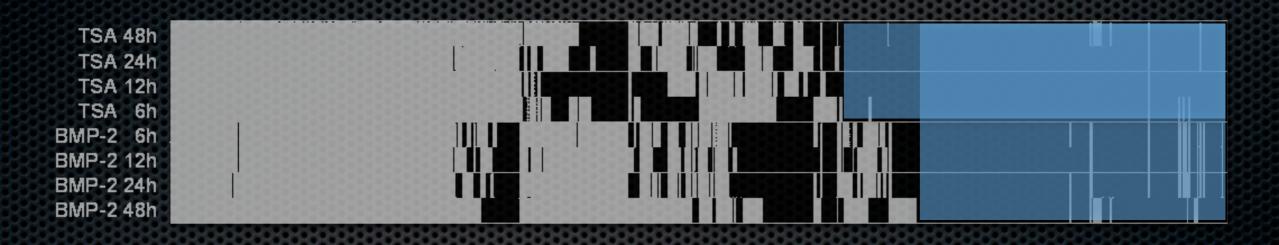
A

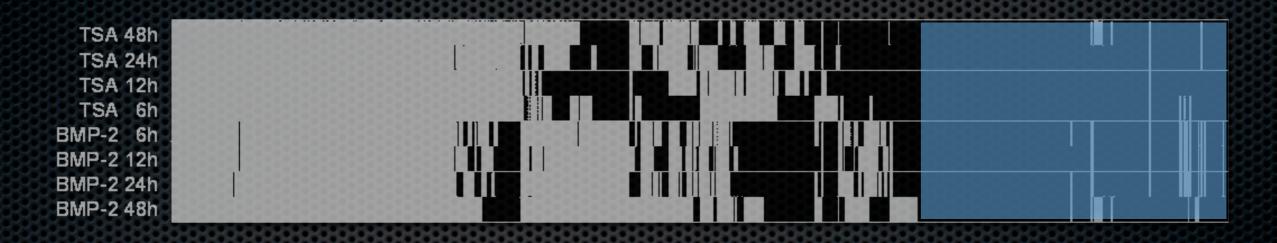
Dimensions

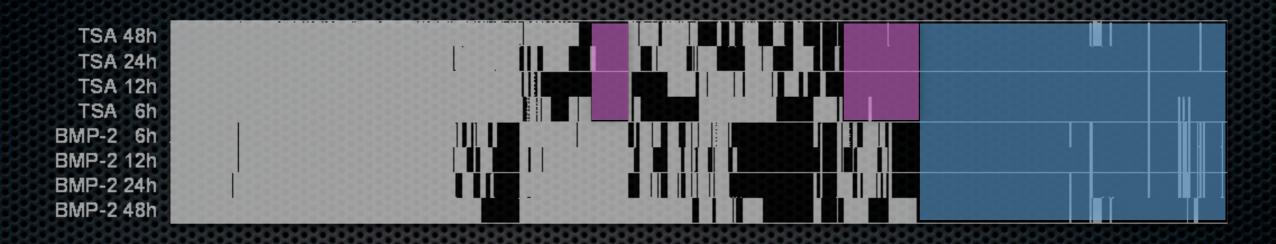
Algorithms

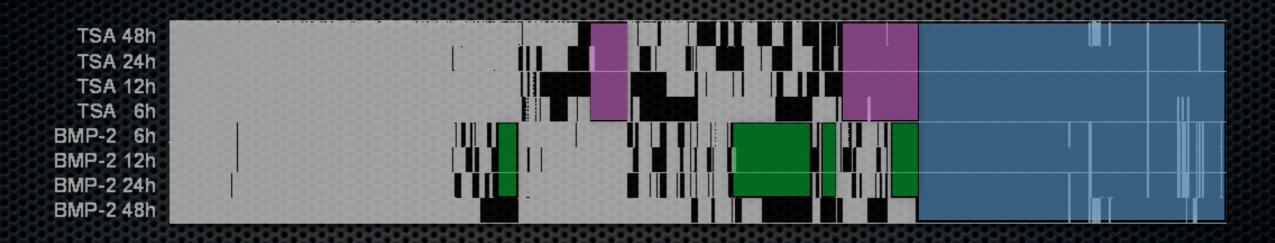


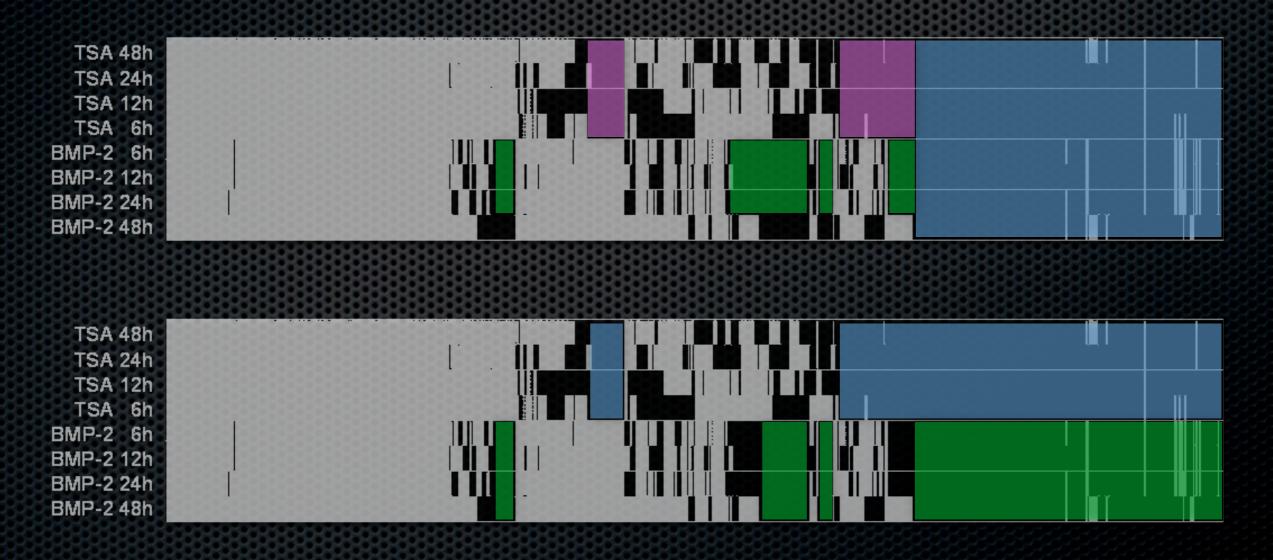








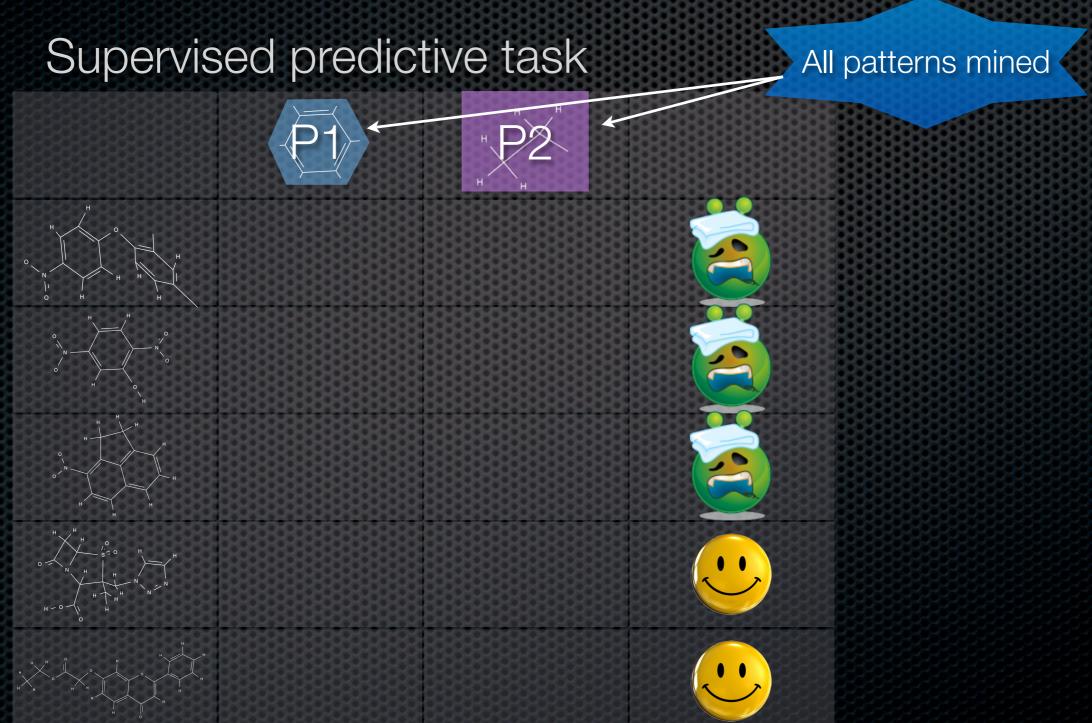




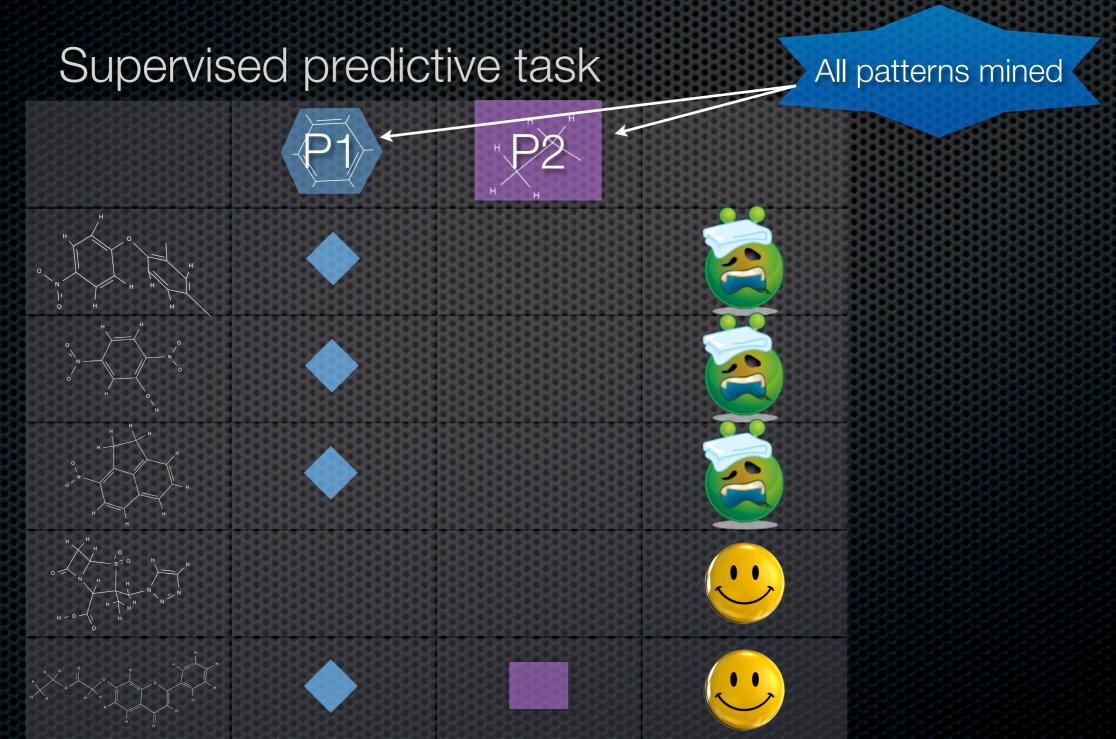
Supervised predictive task

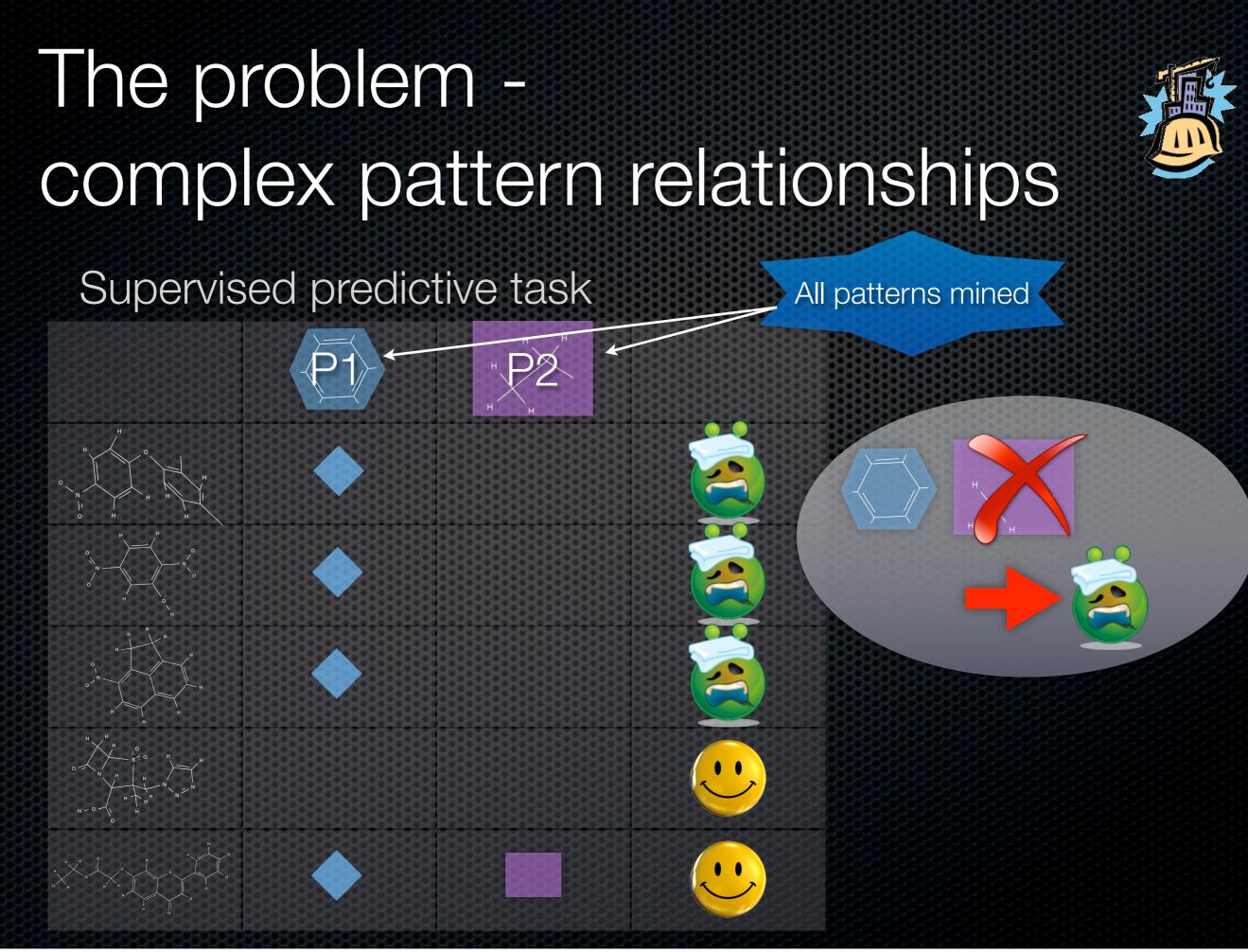












Overview part I

Pattern sets

Motivations Definitions

A

Dimensions

Algorithms

Overview part I

Pattern sets



Algorithms

Pattern set mining

GIVEN a data mining task FIND an interrelated set of patterns useful for this task

Overview part I

Pattern sets



Algorithms

Overview part I

Pattern sets

Motivations
 Definition
 Dimensions

Algorithms

Patterns vs Pattern sets

unsupervised

supervised

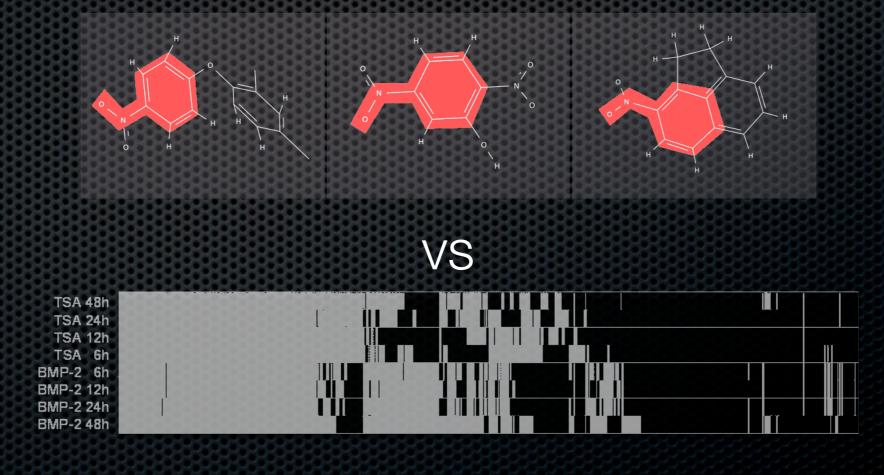
pattern mining	no target no relationships	relevant to target no relationships
pattern set mining	no target relationships	relevant to target relationships
	part II	part III

	unsupervised	supervised
descriptive	Association Analysis Tiling (Co-)Clustering Probabilistic models	Subgroup discovery Exceptional model mining
predictive	Predictive clustering	Classification Regression
	part II	part III

- Supervised vs unsupervised
- Predictive vs descriptive

- Supervised vs unsupervised
- Predictive vs descriptive
- (Semi-)Structured data vs Binary data

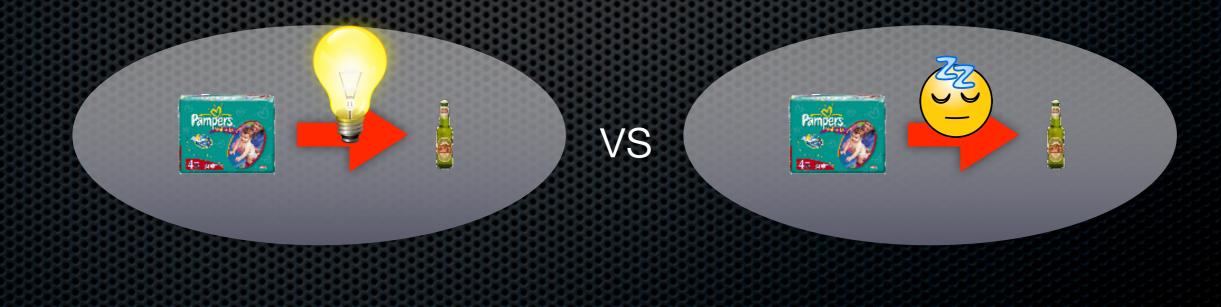
- Supervised vs unsupervised
- Predictive vs descriptive
- (Semi-)Structured data vs Binary data



- Supervised vs unsupervised
- Predictive vs descriptive
- (Semi-)Structured data vs Binary data

- Supervised vs unsupervised
- Predictive vs descriptive
- (Semi-)Structured data vs Binary data
- Constrained vs Unconstrained

- Supervised vs unsupervised
- Predictive vs descriptive
- Structured data vs Binary data
- Constrained vs Unconstrained



- Supervised vs unsupervised
- Predictive vs descriptive
- (Semi-)Structured data vs Binary data
- Constrained vs Unconstrained

- Supervised vs unsupervised
- Predictive vs descriptive
- (Semi-)Structured data vs Binary data
- Constrained vs Unconstrained
- Interpretable model vs Black box

Overview part I

Pattern sets

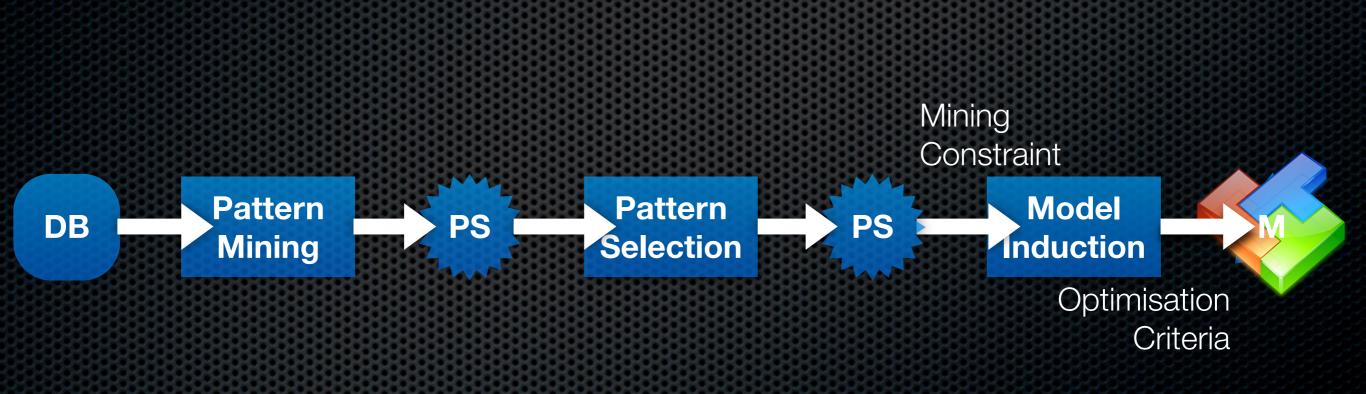
Motivations
 Definitions
 Dimensions

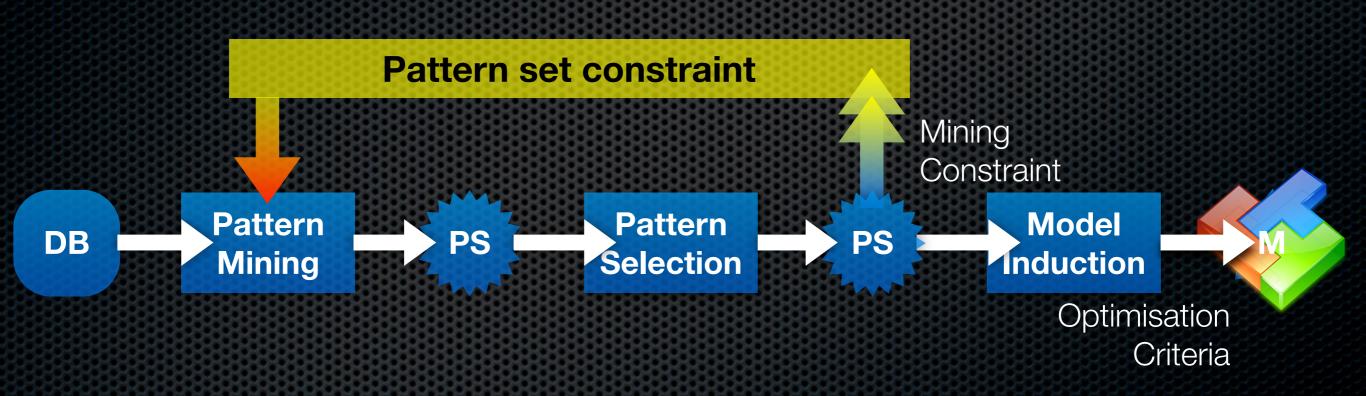
Algorithms

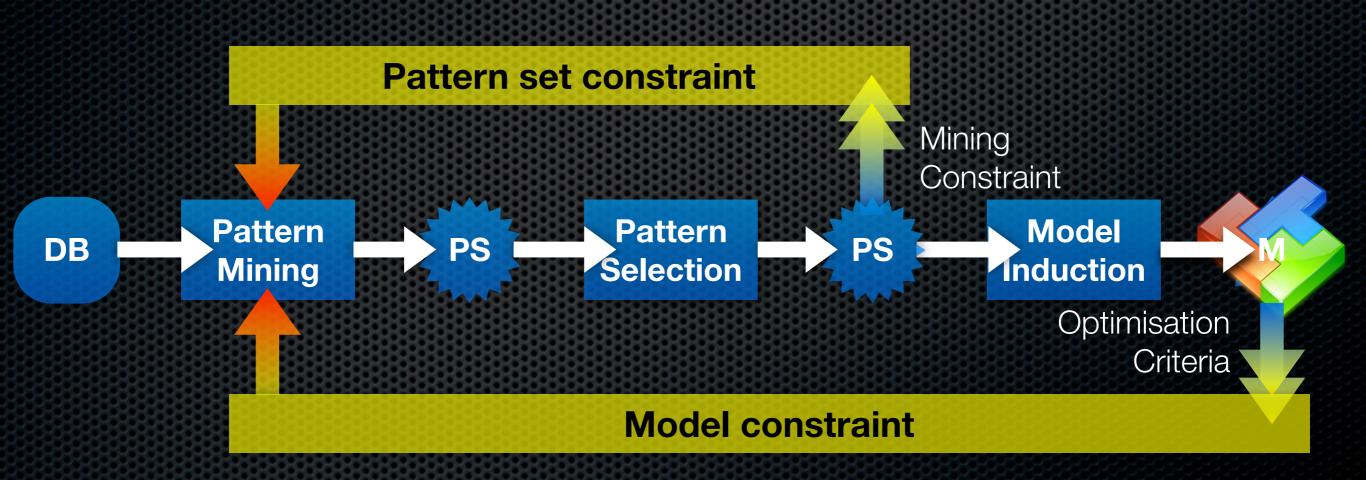
Overview part I

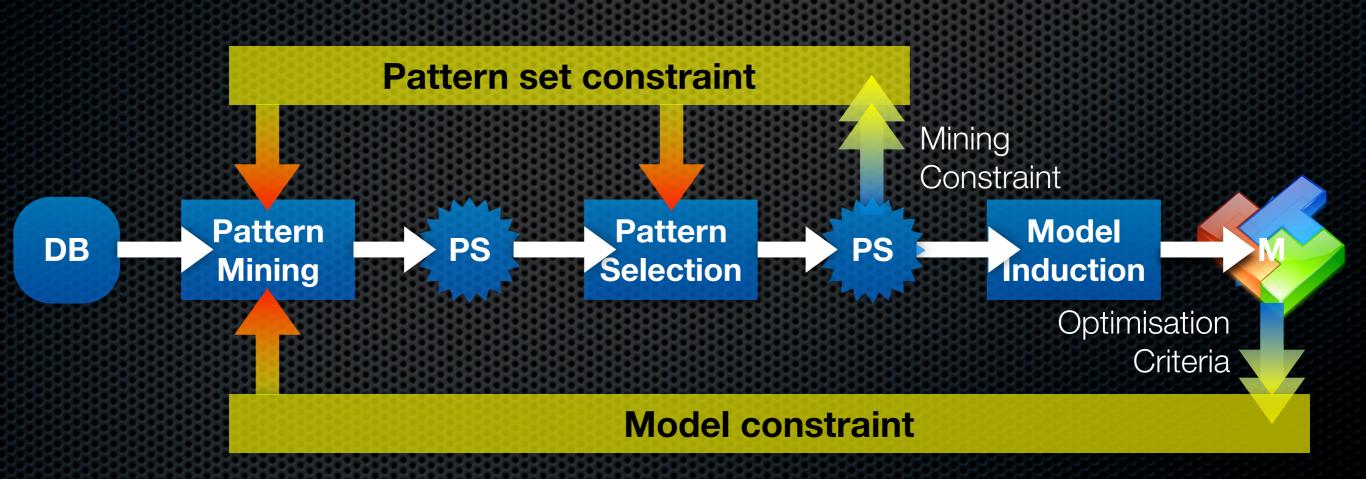
Pattern sets

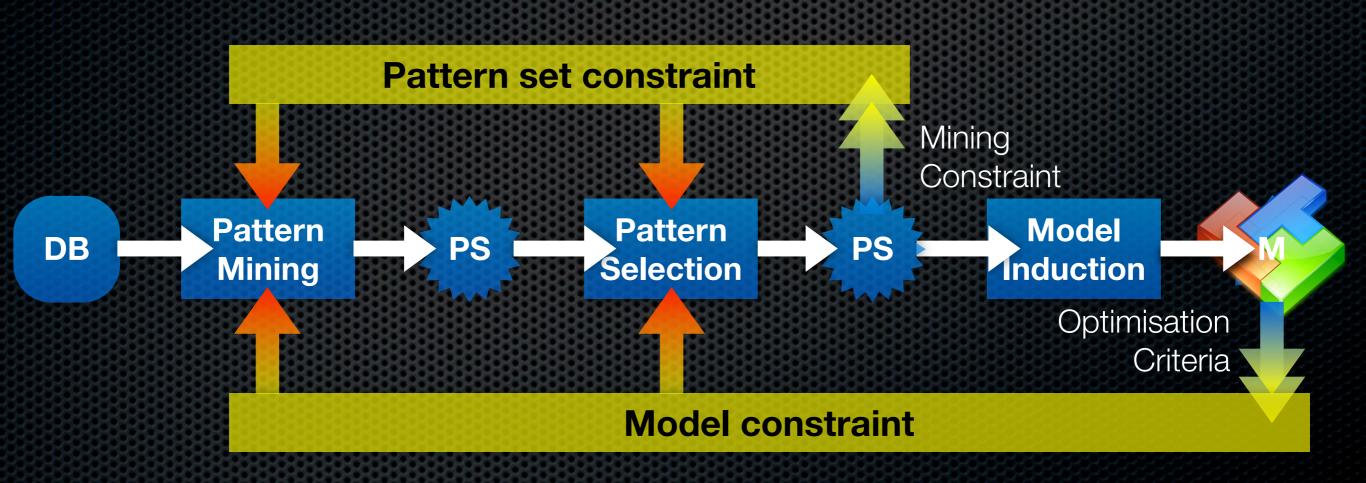
Motivations
 Definitions
 Dimensions
 Algorithms

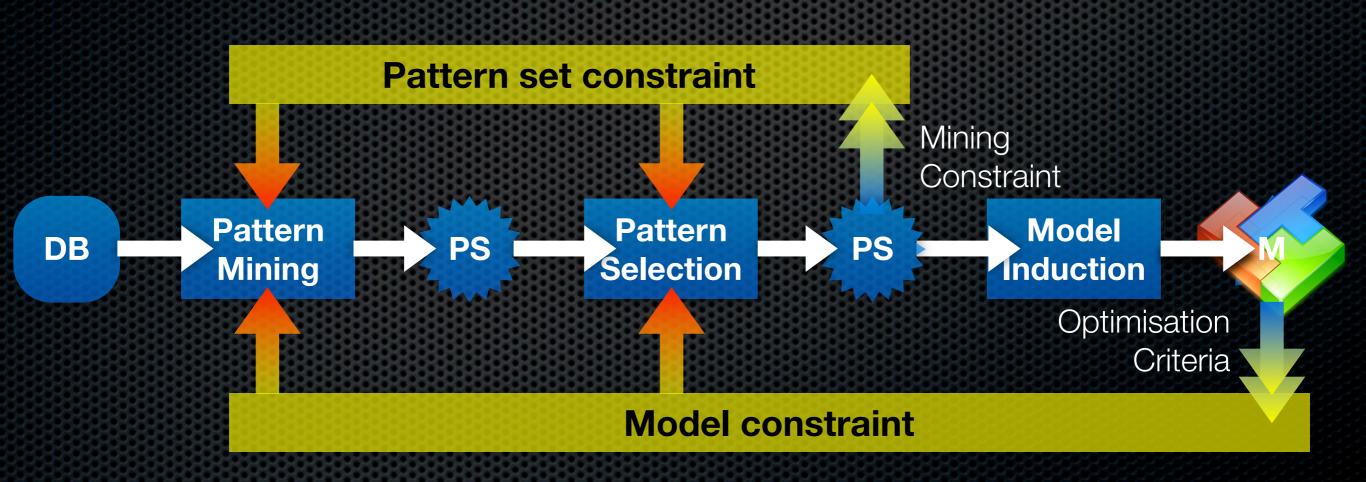


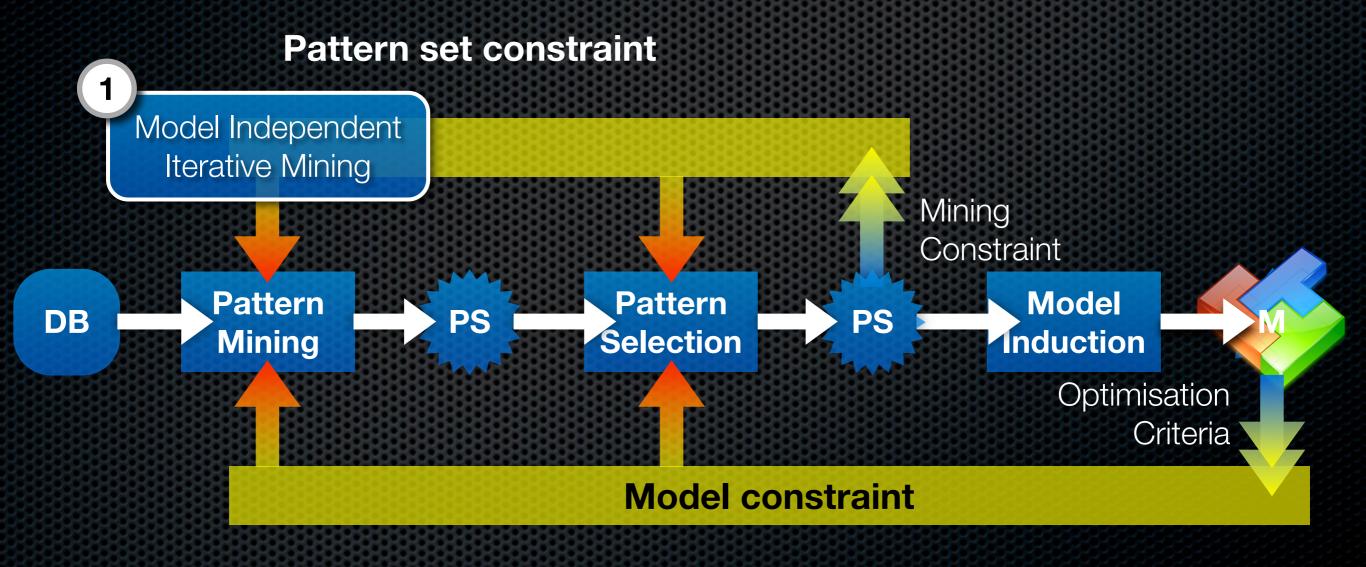


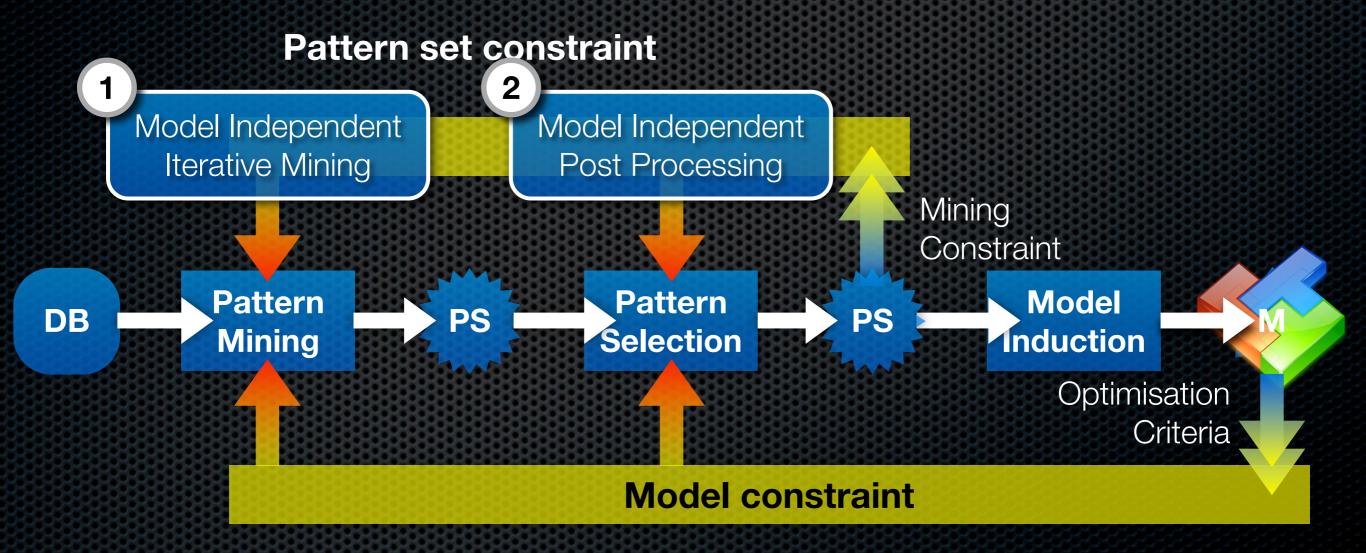


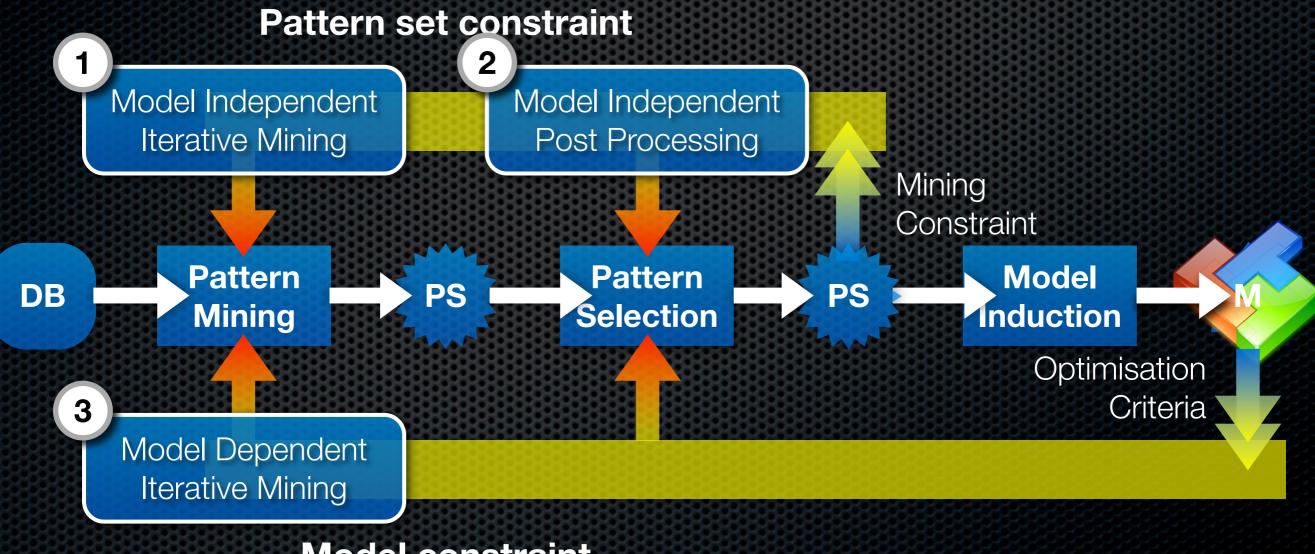




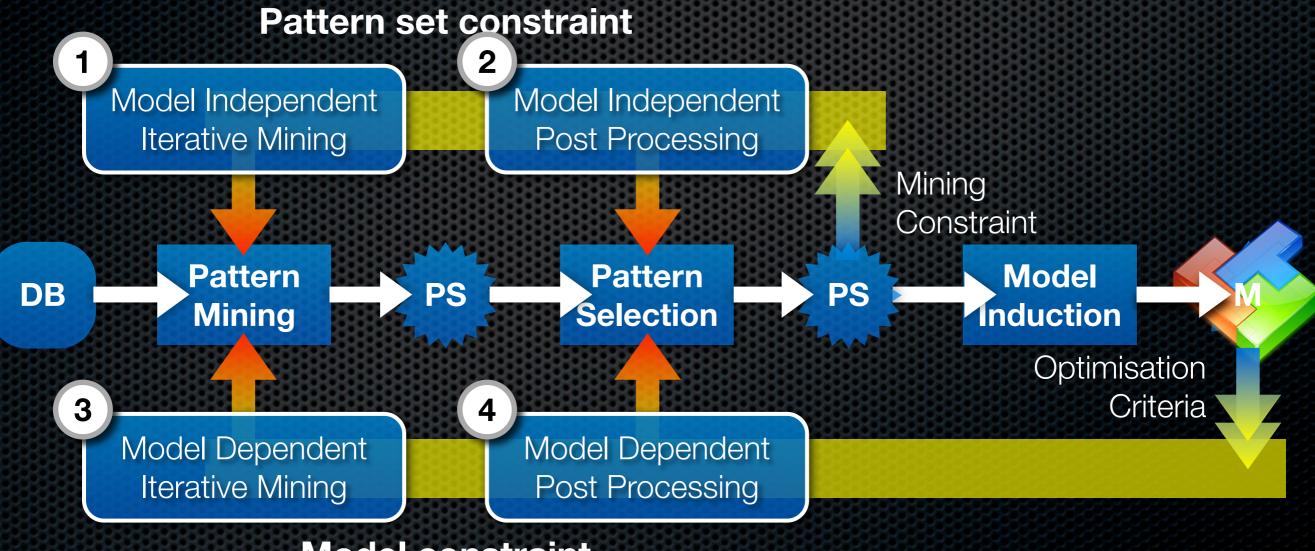




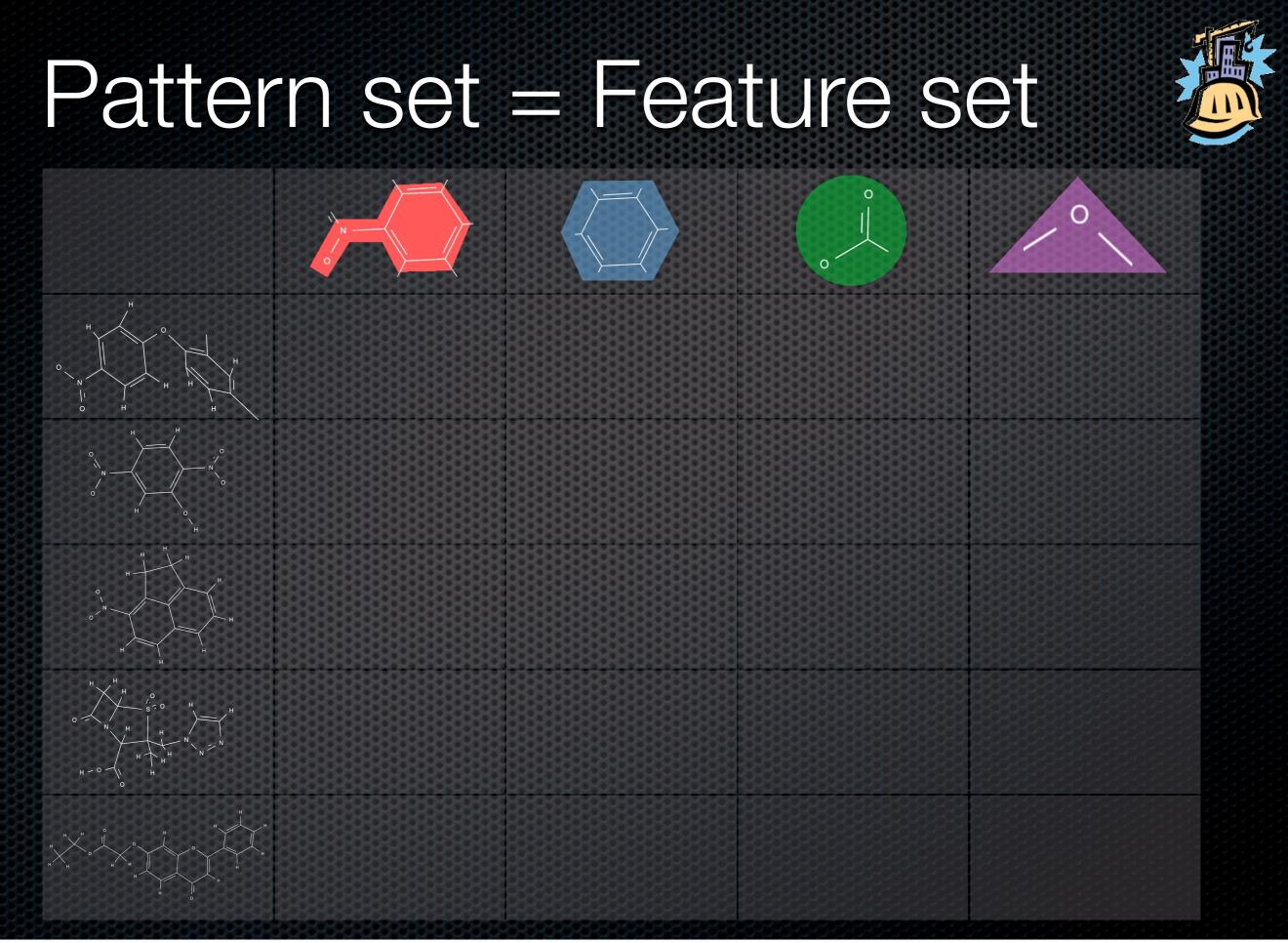


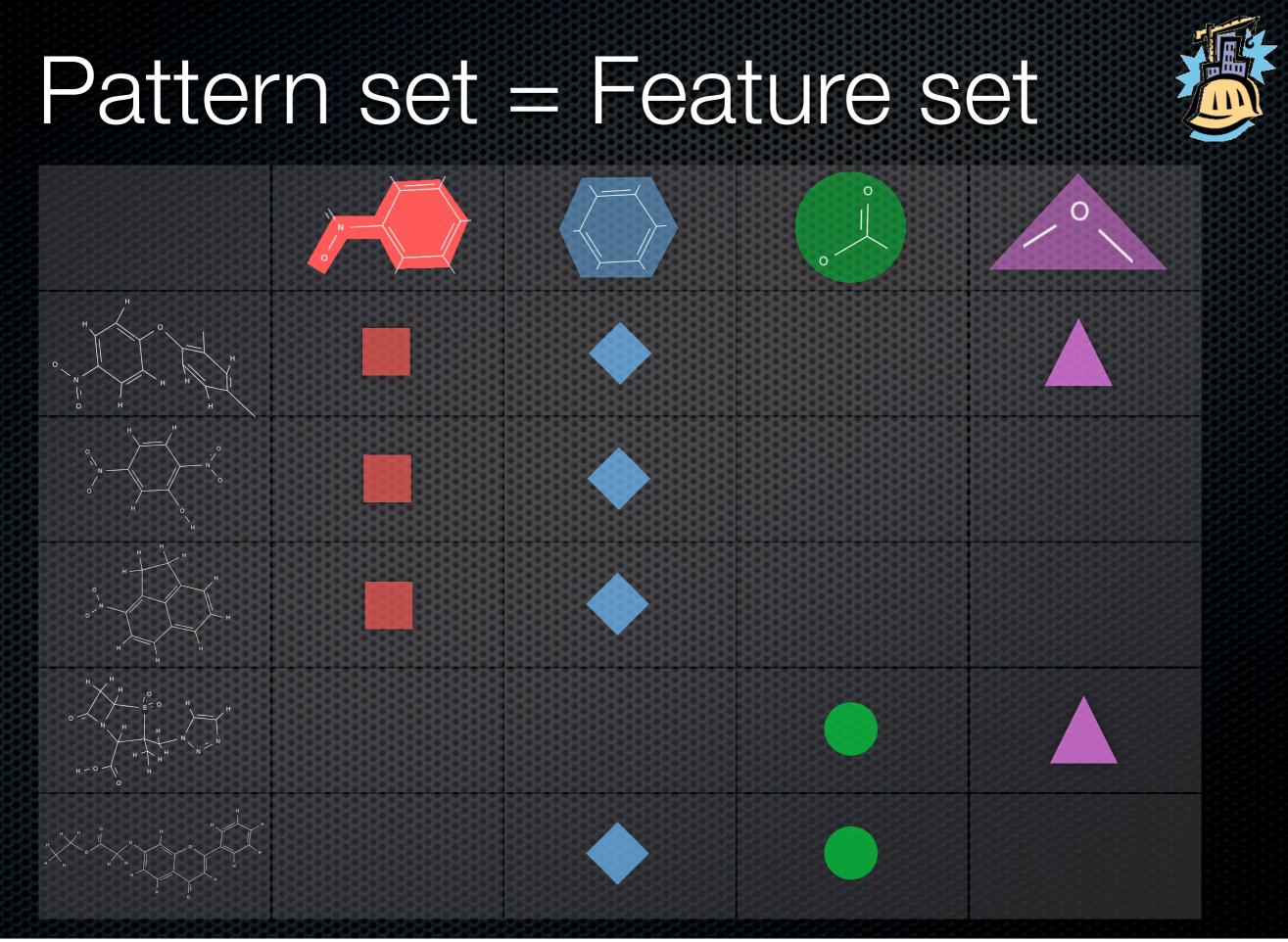


Model constraint



Model constraint





Feature vs pattern selection

Feature Selection

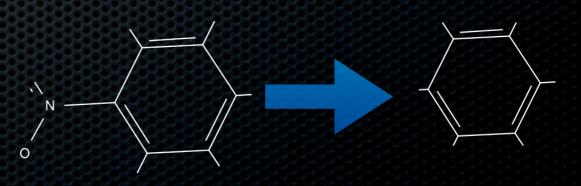
Binary Feature Selection

Pattern Selection

We know more about patterns

constraints used

generality relationships



Overview

Unsupervised Pattern set mining **Part II** Supervised Pattern set mining **Part III**

How to score pattern sets How to find pattern sets

End of Part I