

# Programming the Semantic Web

Steffen Staab,  
Thomas Gottron, Stefan Schegelmann  
& Team

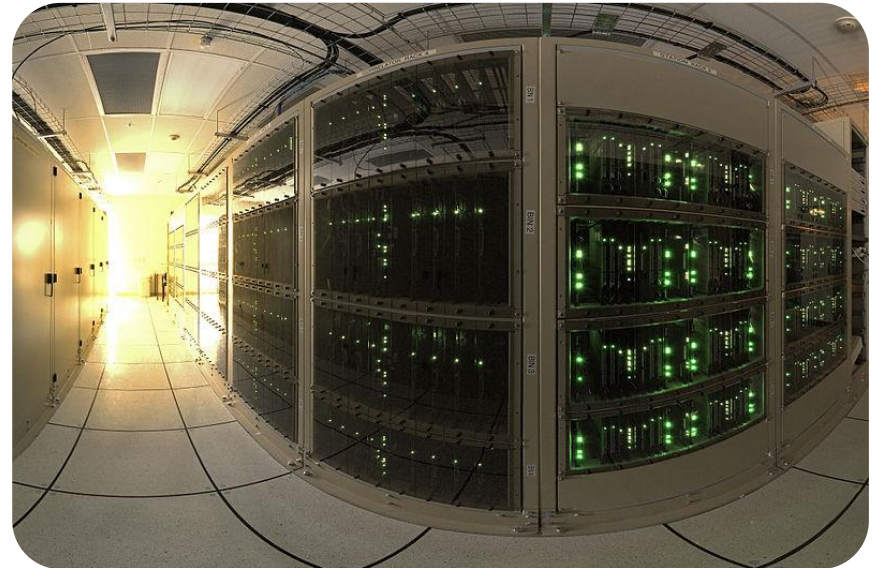
- „Classic“ Web

- ♦ Linked documents

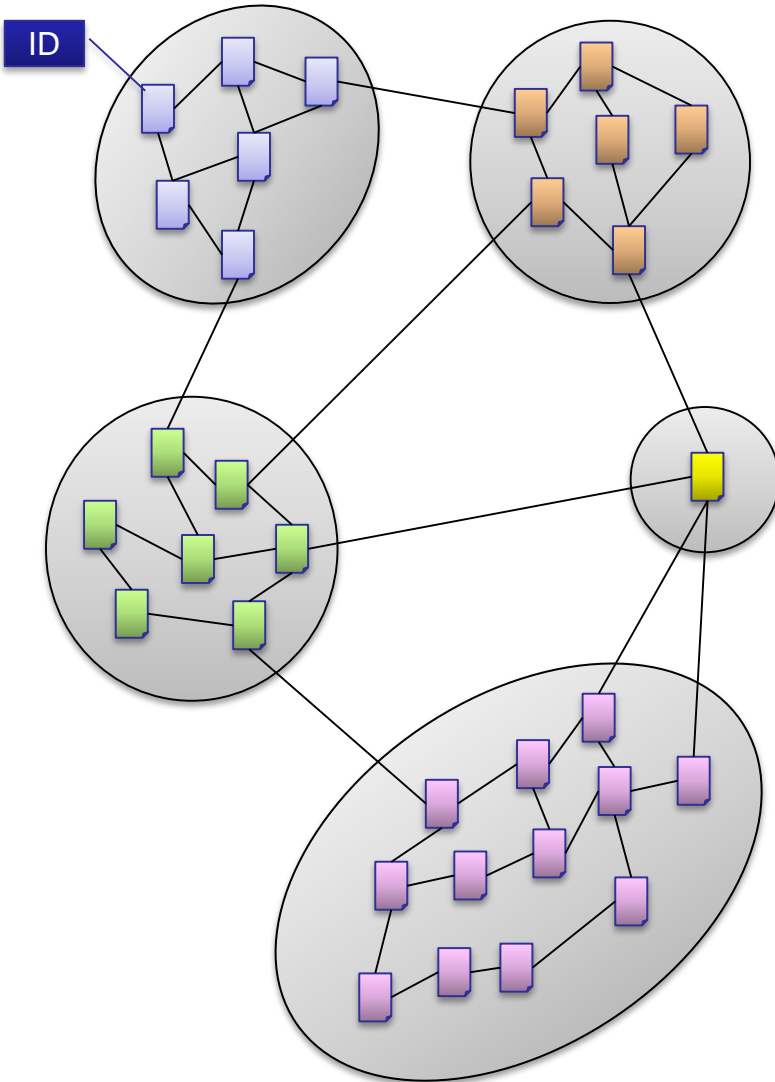


- Web of Data

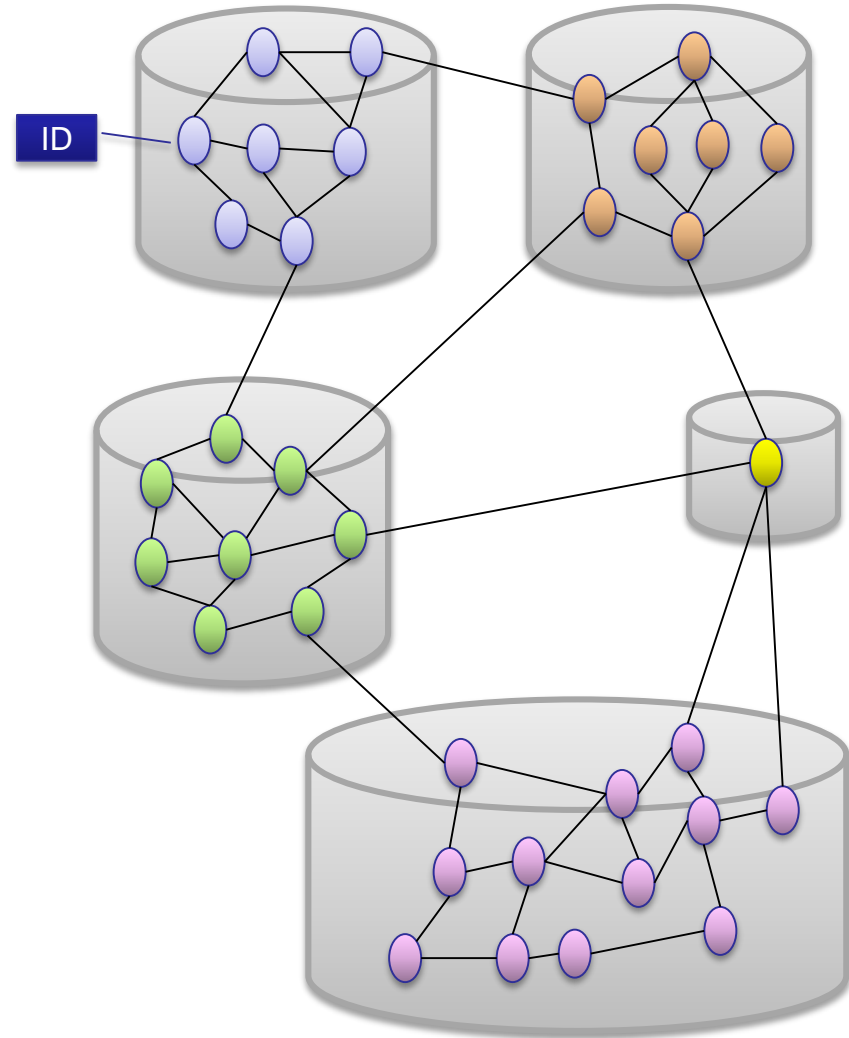
- ♦ Linked data entities



## ▪ „Classic“ Web



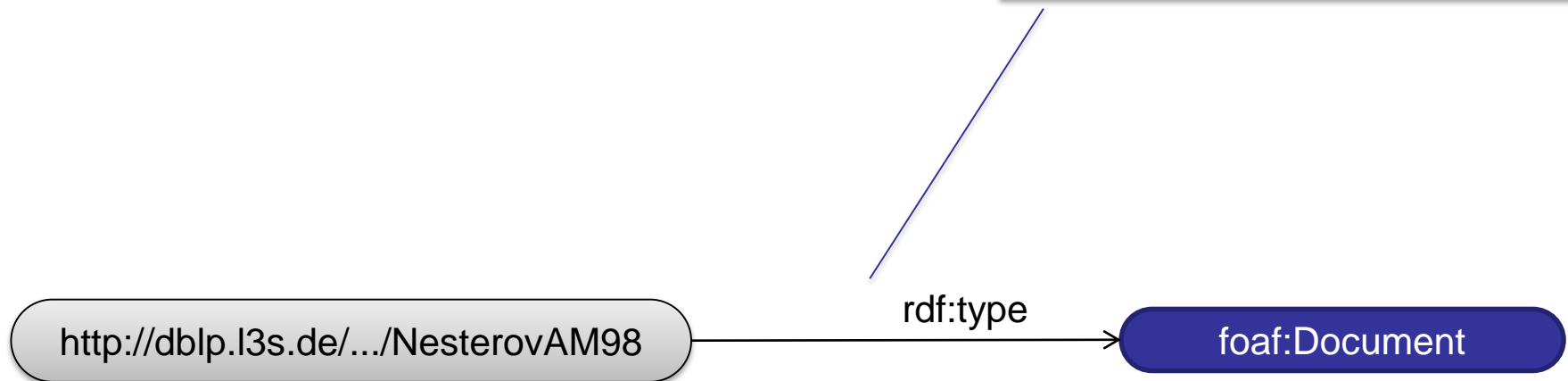
## ▪ Web of Data



- IDs: Dereferencable HTTP URIs
- Data Format: RDF
- 
- 

1 Statement = 1 Tripel

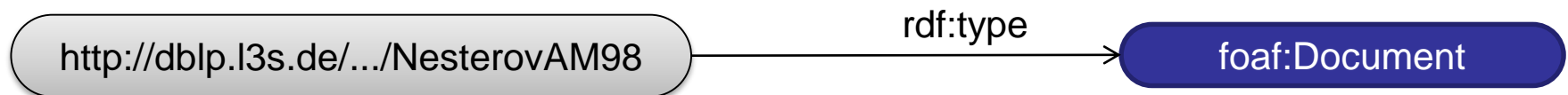
Subject   Predicate   Object



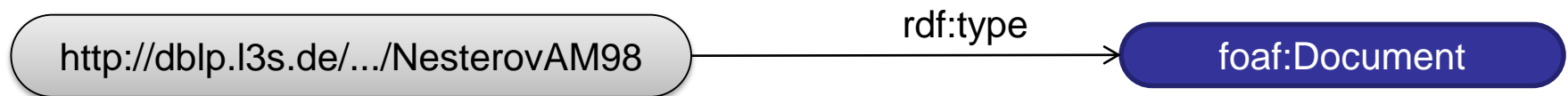


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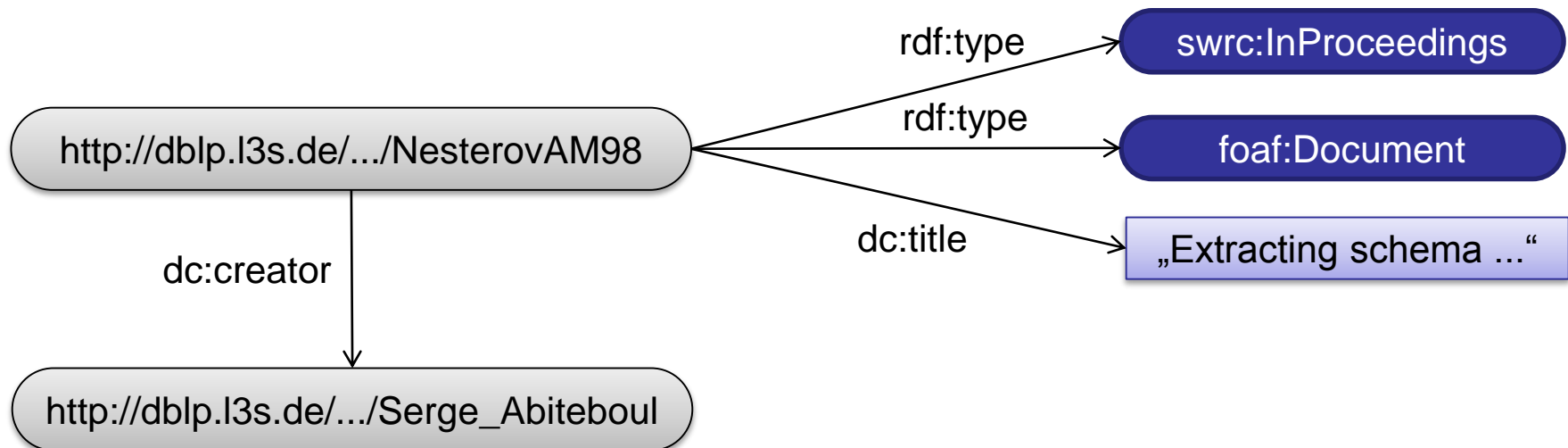
`rdf:type` = `http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type`  
`foaf:Document` = `http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/Document`



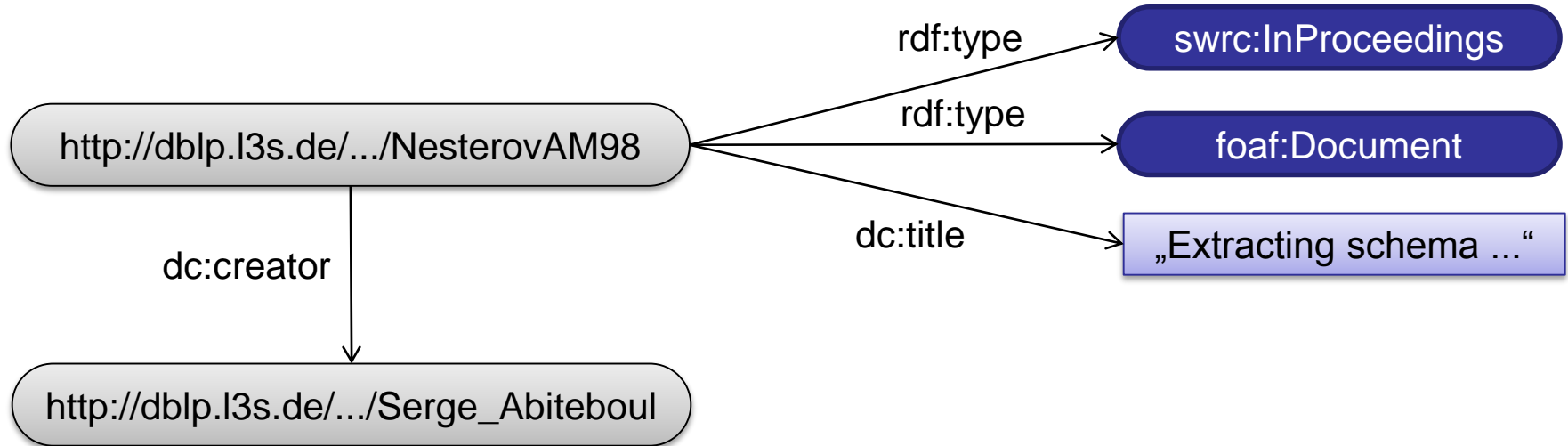
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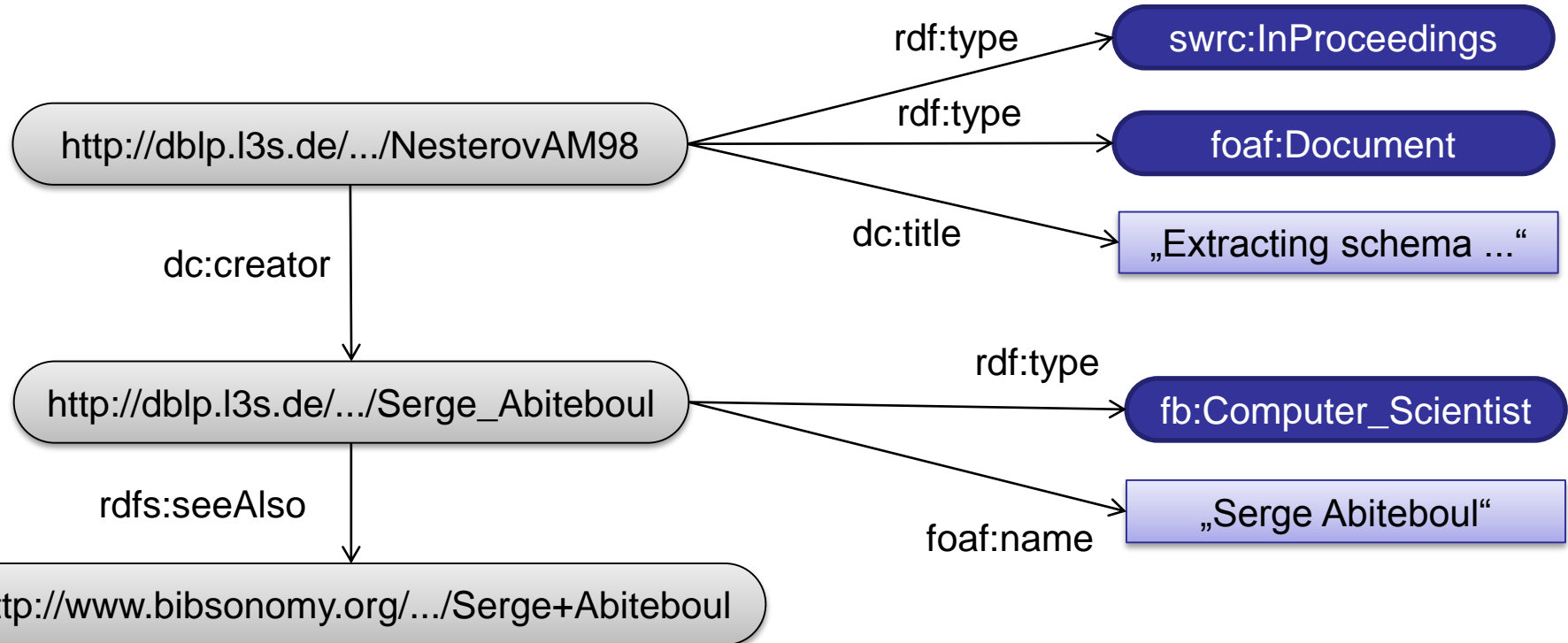
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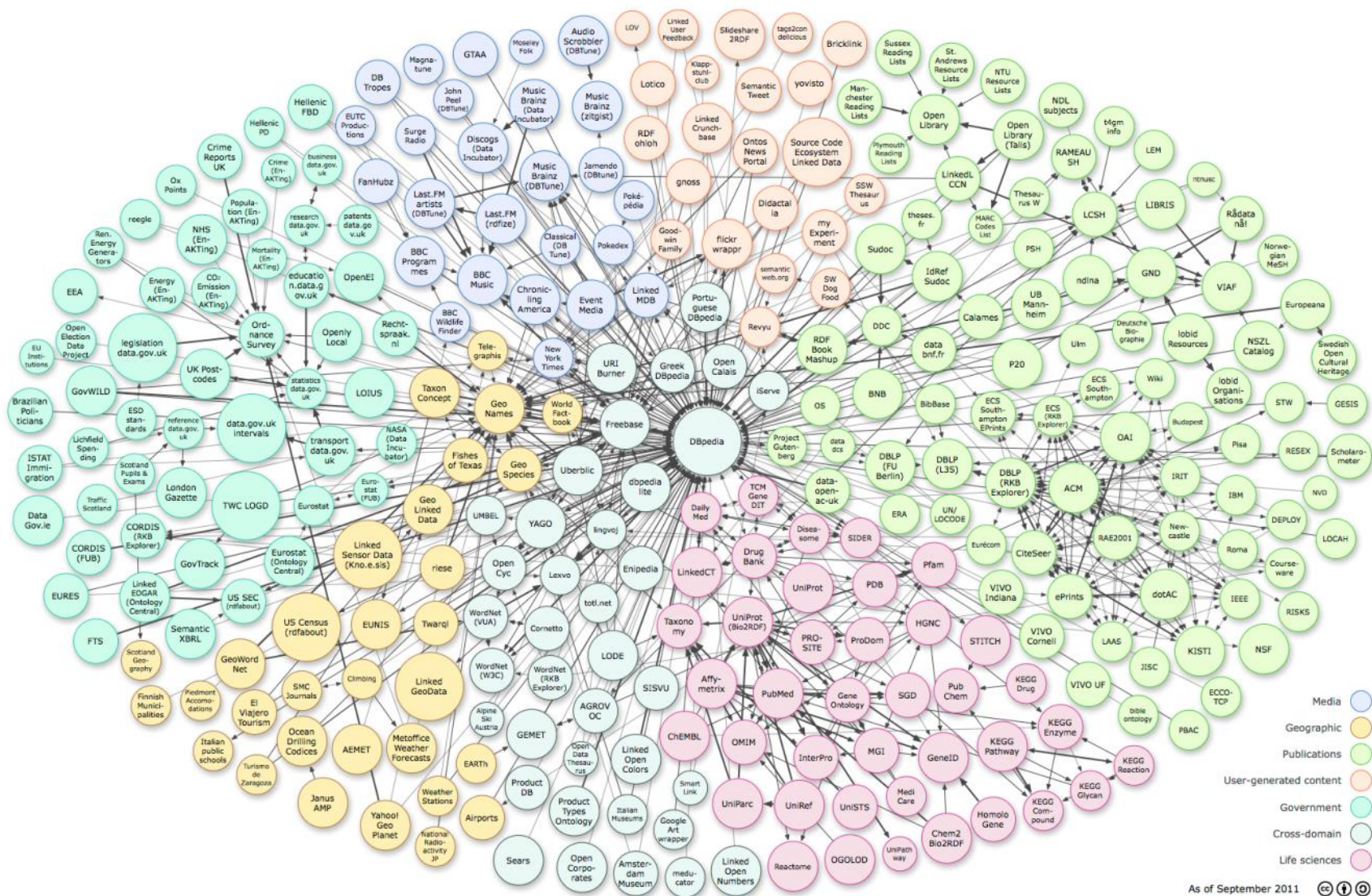


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- No schema often / rich schema sometimes
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- IDs: Dereferencable HTTP URIs
- Data Format: RDF
- No schema often / rich schema sometimes
- Links to other data sources





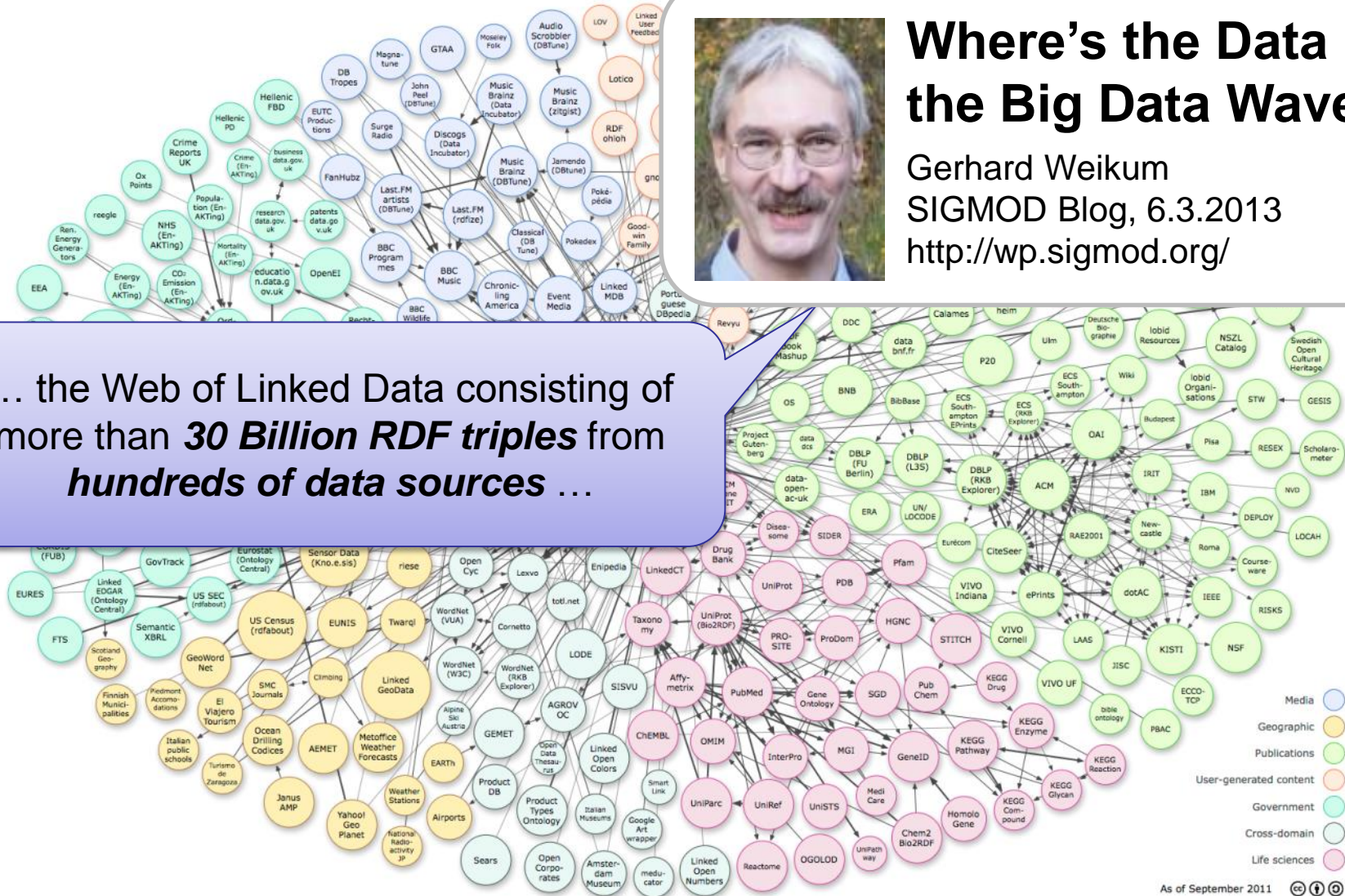




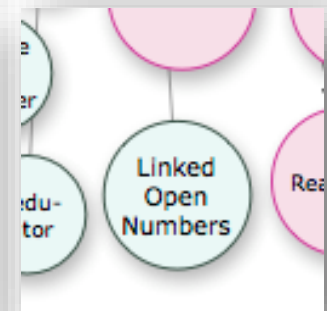
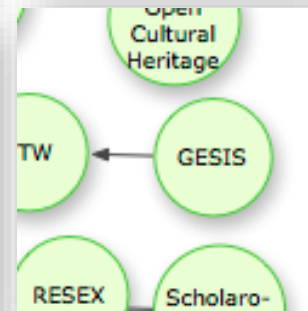
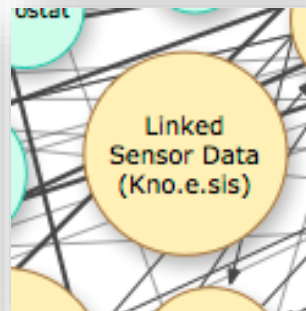
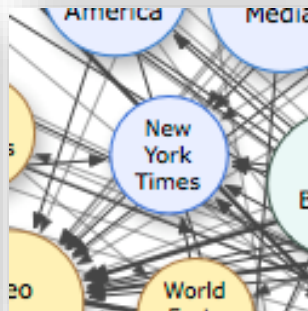
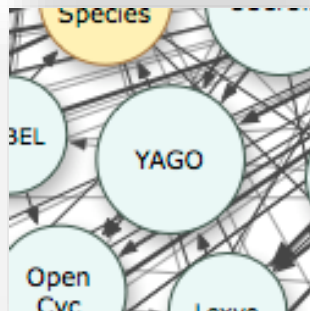
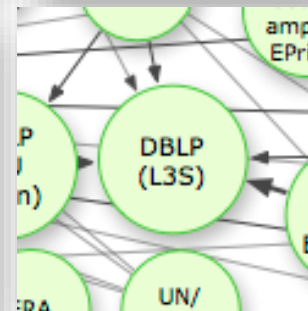
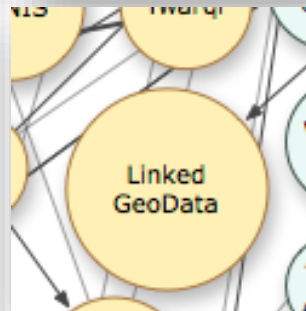
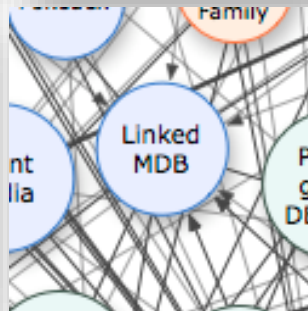
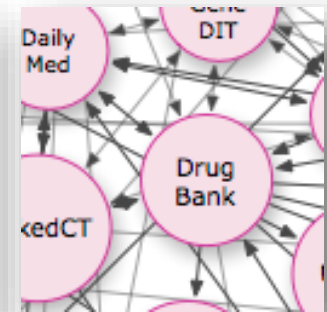
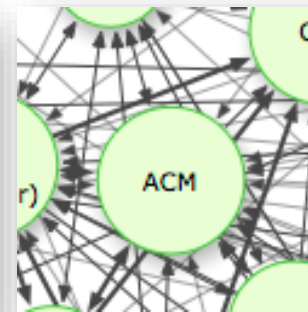
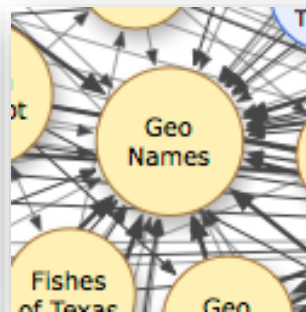
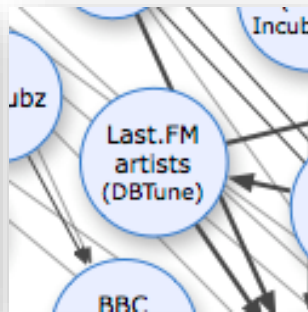
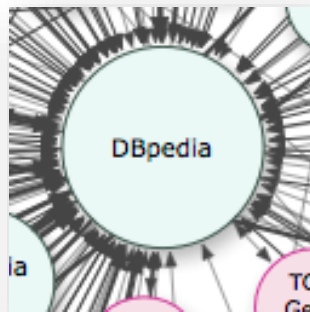
## Where's the Data in the Big Data Wave?

Gerhard Weikum  
SIGMOD Blog, 6.3.2013  
<http://wp.sigmod.org/>

... the Web of Linked Data consisting of more than **30 Billion RDF triples** from **hundreds of data sources** ...

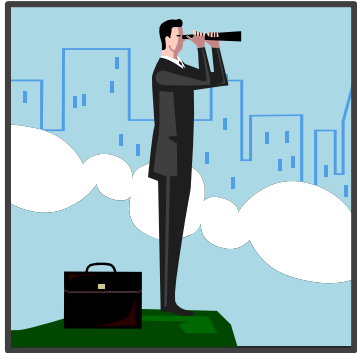




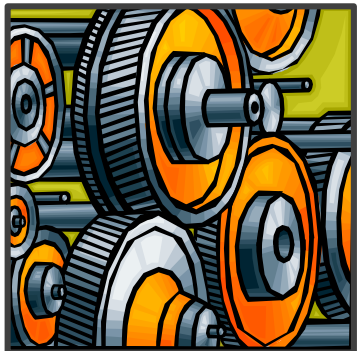




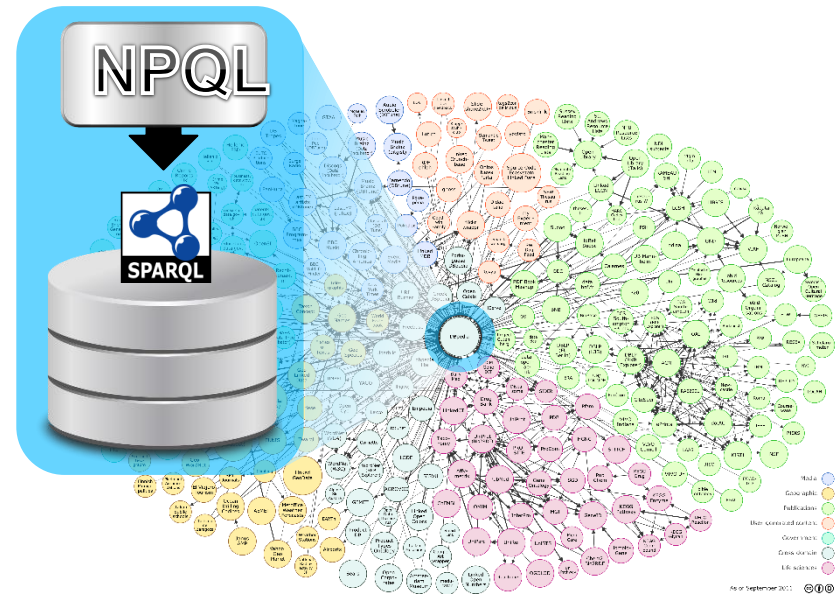
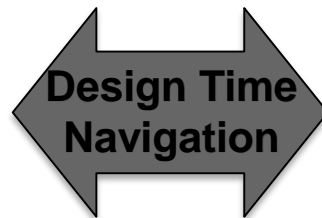
- LiteQ – Language integrated types, extensions and queries for RDF graphs
  - ◆ Exploring
  - ◆ Programming, Typing

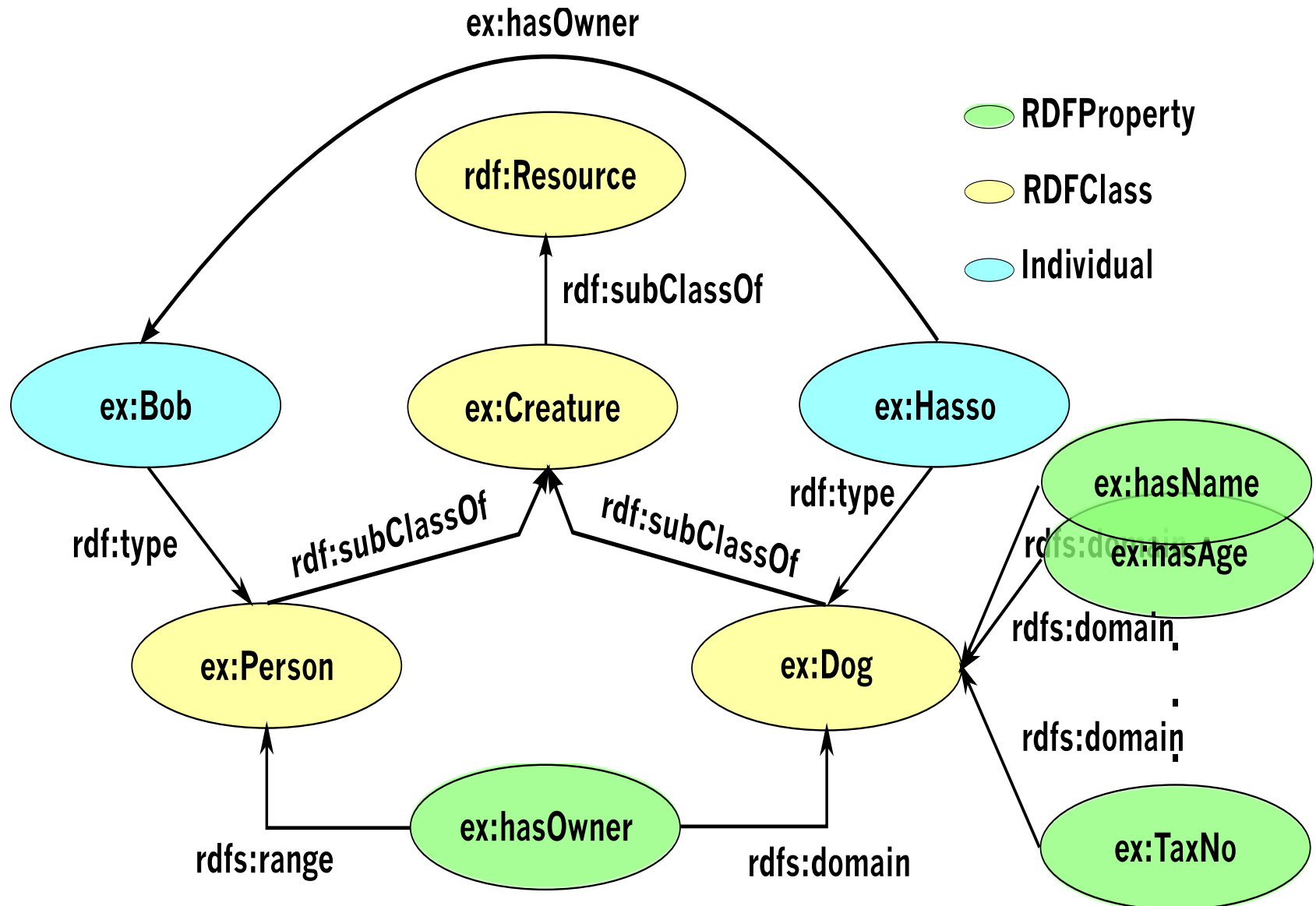


- SchemEX
  - ◆ Where do I find relevant data?
  - ◆ Efficient construction of a schema-level index



- Application
  - ◆ LODatio: Search the LOD cloud
  - ◆ Active user support





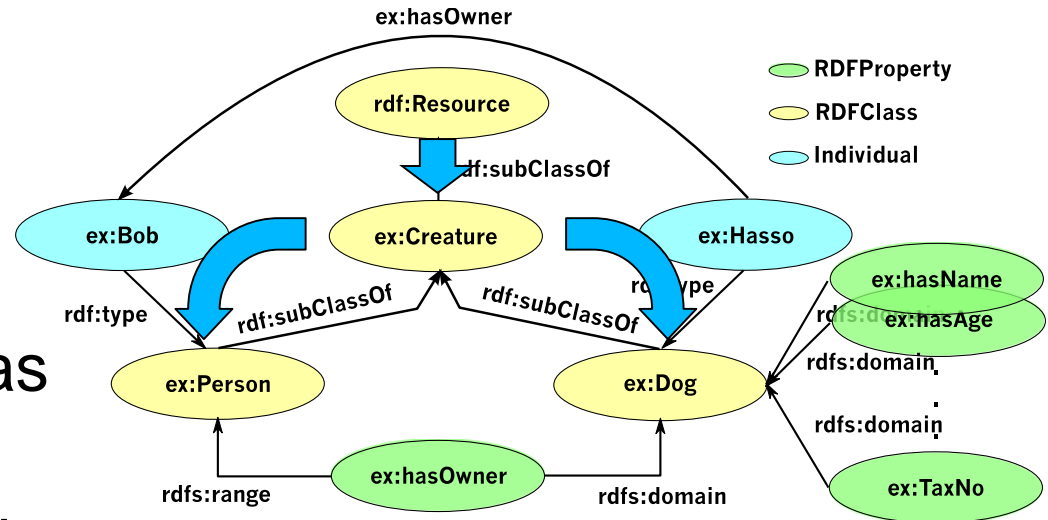
1. Explore and understand the schema of the data source
  - Find a type that represents dogs
2. Align schema types with programming language type system
  - From dog RDF data type to dog data type in the host programming language
3. Query for instances and instantiate program data types
  - Get all dogs that have an owner



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1. Using NPQL (NodePathQueryLanguage) for exploration and definition
2. Type mapping rules for primitive data types
3. Intensional vs Extensional
  - ♦ Intensional node path evaluation provides program data types
  - ♦ Extensional node path evaluation provides instance data representations

- **Navigating to ex:Dog:**
- Start with `rdf:Resource` as universal supertype
- Use the subtype navigation operator „>“

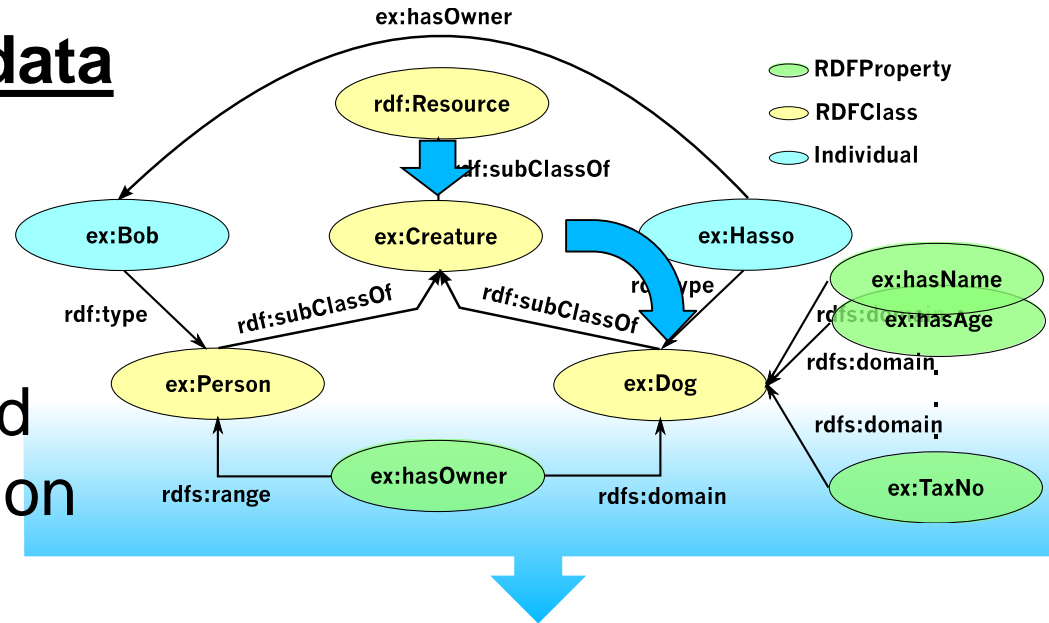


`rdf:Resource > ex:Creature > ex:Dog`



## ■ Retrieving the ex:dog data type

- Start with the node path from previous example
- Use the intension method to get data type description

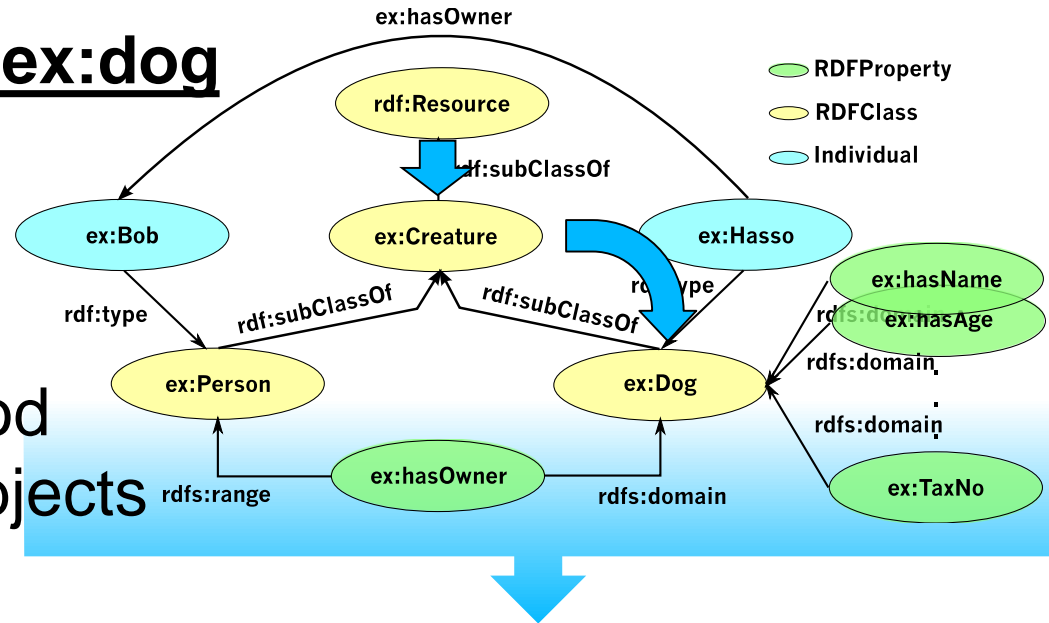


```
type exDog =
  member this.exhasOwner :exPerson =
  member this.exhasName :String =
  member this.exhasAge :String =
  .
  .
  member this.exTaxNo :Integer =
```

... > ex:Creature > ex:Dog -> Intension

## Retrieving objects for all ex:dog entities

- Start with the node path from previous example
- Use the extension method to get the set of typed objects



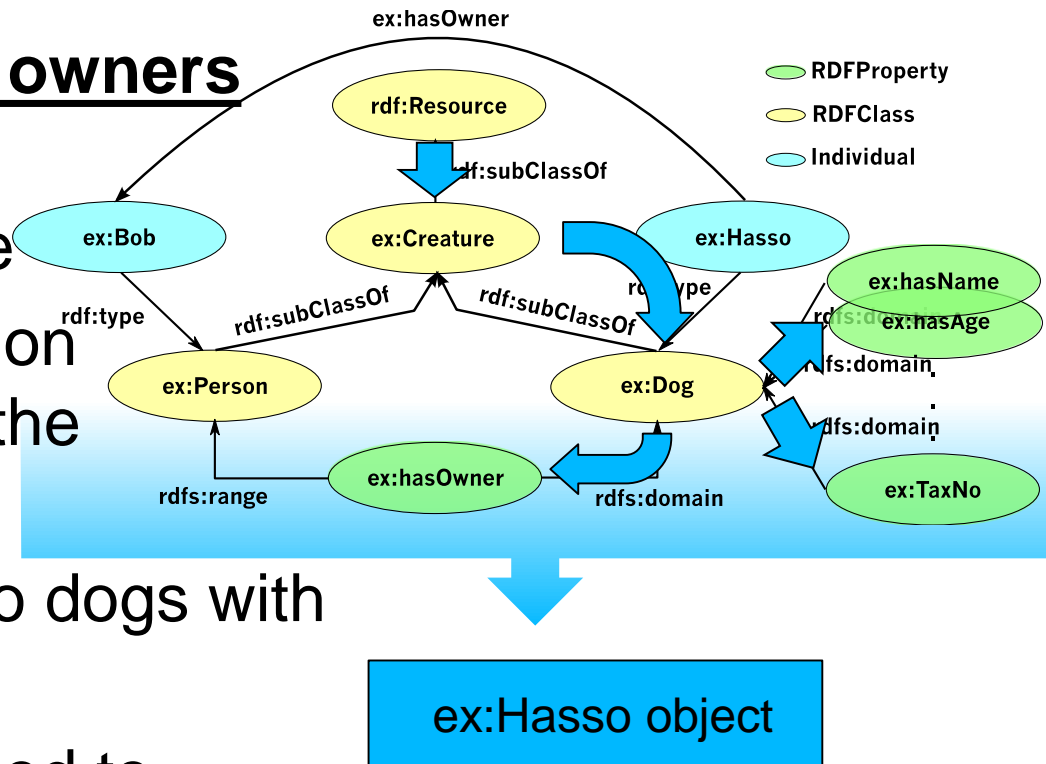
Provides you with the set of objects containing typed objects for all instances of ex:Dog

{exHasso}

... > ex:Creature > ex:Dog -> Extension

## ■ Retrieve all dogs with owners

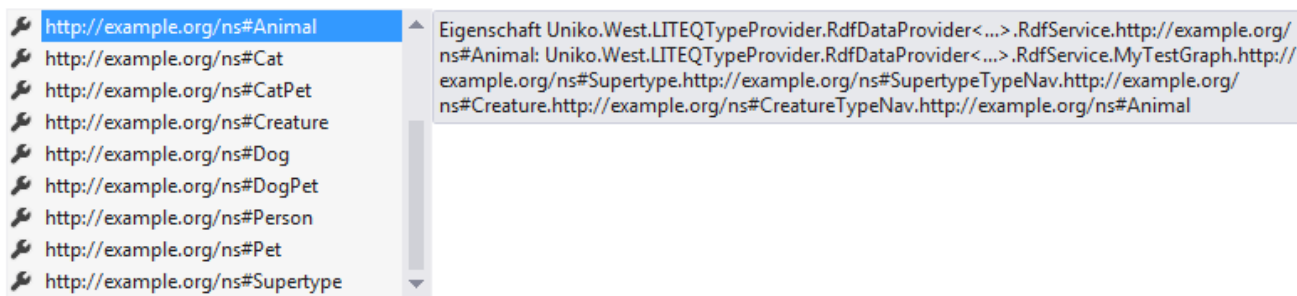
- Use the known path to navigate to the dog type
- Use the property selection operator “<-” to restrict the dog data type
- Restrict dog data type to dogs with ex:hasOwner property
- Use the extension method to retrieve all dog instances with an owner



... > `ex:Dog` <- `ex:hasOwner` -> Extension

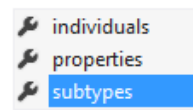
- Line 5: define a datacontext object
- Line 6: Use the datacontext object to define pet data type
  - Navigate to pet
  - Choose ex:hasOwner property

```
4
5 let dataContext = Uniko.West.LITEQTypeProvider.RdfDataProvider<"D:\\work2\\svn_west\\RDF-TP-V2\\LiteqTypeProvider\\bin\\Debug\\TestData.ttl", 100, 100>.GetDataContext()
6 let somedata = dataContext.
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```



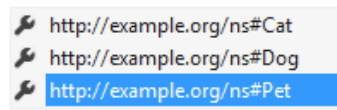
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6 let somedata = dataContext.`http://example.org/ns#Animal`.
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6 let somedata = dataContext.`http://example.org/ns#Animal`.subtypes.`http://example.org/ns#Pet`.properties.]
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```



- The intensional semantic of LITEQ node paths supports data type definition in the host programming language

```
type dog =rdfResource > exCreature > exDog → Intension
```

Intensional semantics:  
type exDog=  
  inherit exCreature  
  hasOwner : exPerson

Using LITEQ to  
define types

- The extensional semantic of LITEQ node paths supports query and retrieval of sets of typed objects

```
let dogs =rdfResource > exCreature > exDog → Extension
```

Extensional semantics:  
{ex:Hasso,...}

- LITEQ data types in the host programming language can be used to define type conditions, e.g. in method heads
- LITEQ data types are generated in a pre-compile step, they behave like manually implemented types
- compile-time and run-time type-checking is supported

```
let payTax(dogWithOwner : exDog←hasOwner) = ...
```

Type conditions for function  
(method) arguments

## Scenario:

- Get all dogs
- Iterate over the set of dogs
- Call paytax method for all dogs with owners

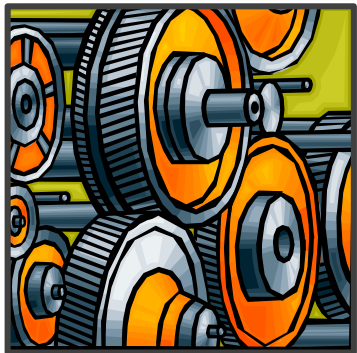
```
let dogs = rdfResource > exCreature > exDog → Extension
let payTax(dogWithOwner : exDog←hasOwner) = ...
for dog in dogs do
match dog with
| :? exDog ← hasOwner as dogWithOwner -> payTax dog
| _ -> ()
```



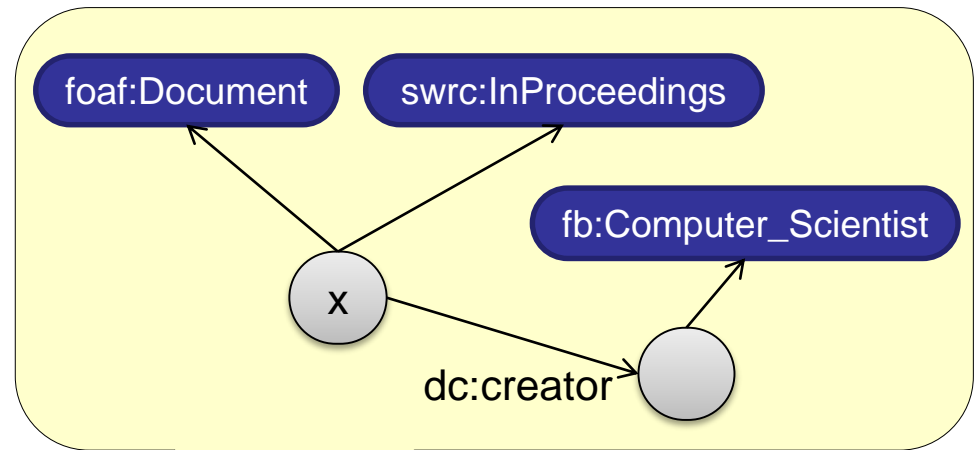
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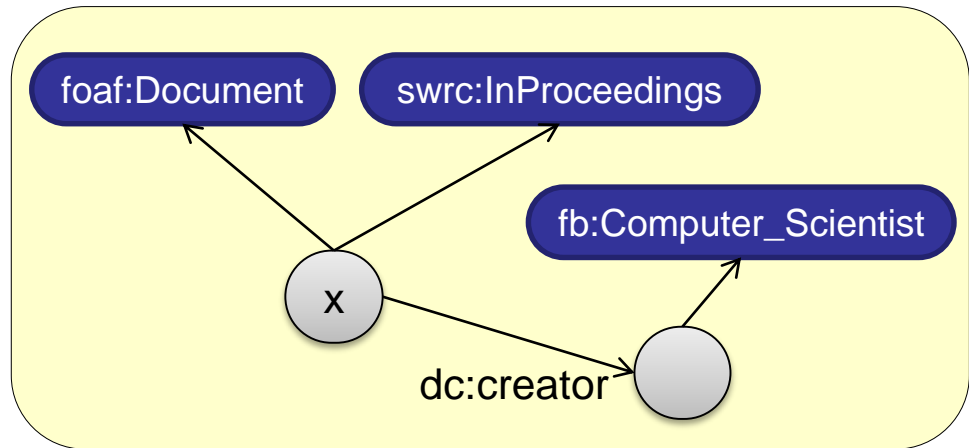


- Application
  - ◆ LODatio: Search the LOD cloud
  - ◆ Active user support





```
SELECT ?x
WHERE {
  ?x rdf:type foaf:Document .
  ?x rdf:type swrc:InProceedings .
  ?x dc:creator ?y .
  ?y rdf:type fb:Computer_Scientist
}
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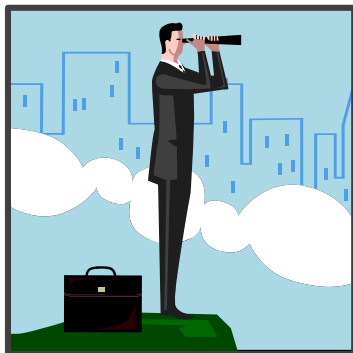
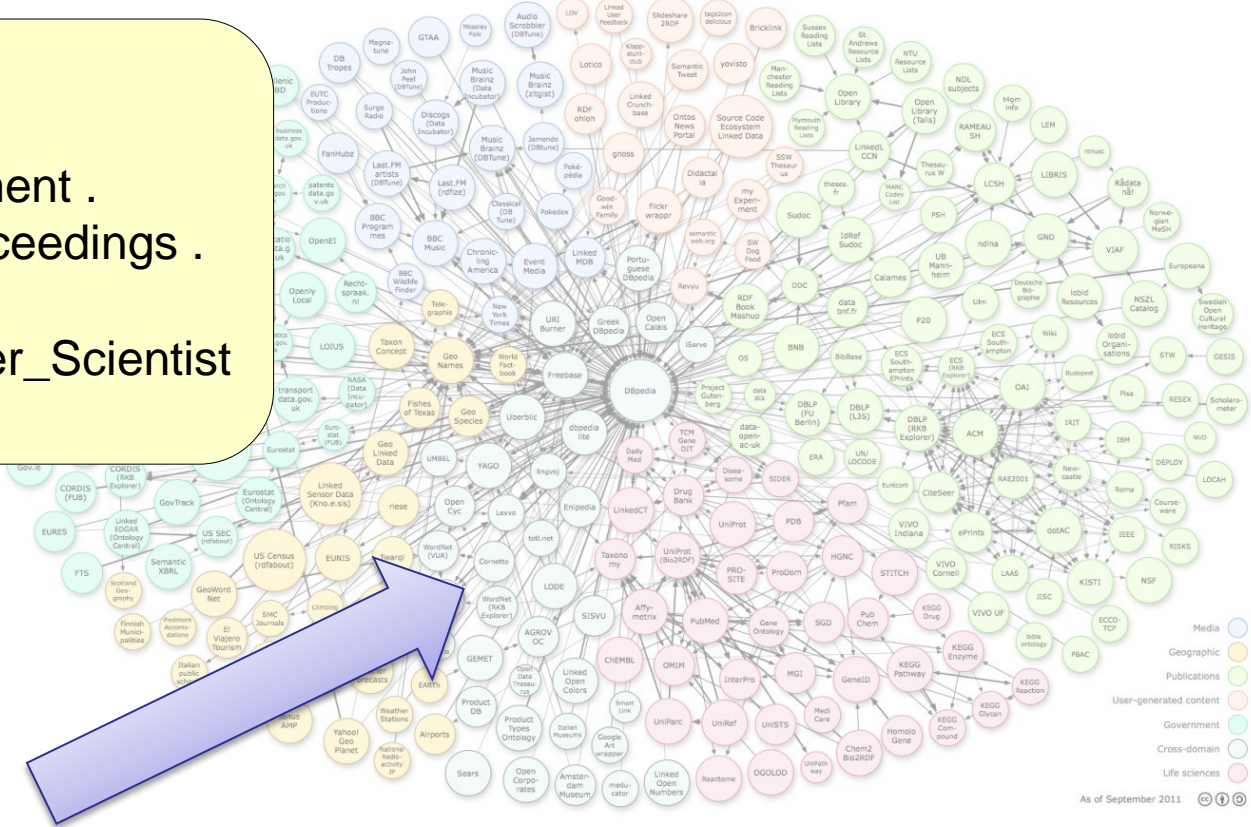


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[illegible]

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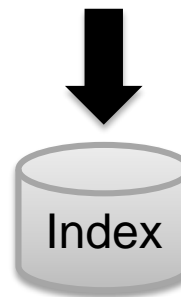


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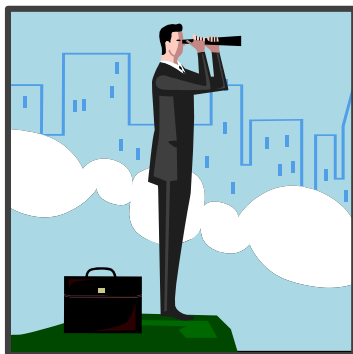
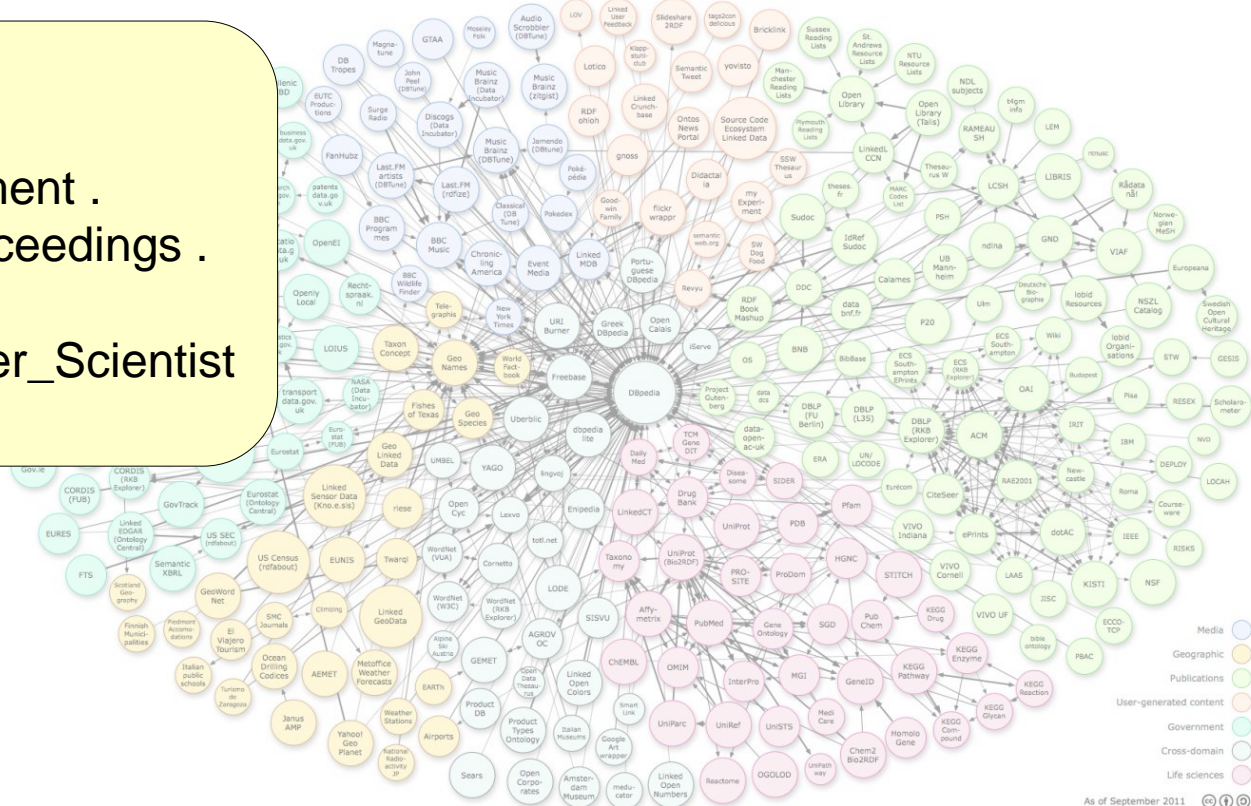
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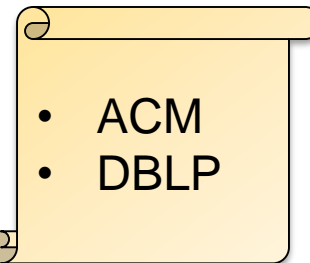
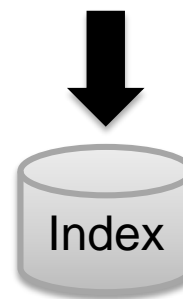
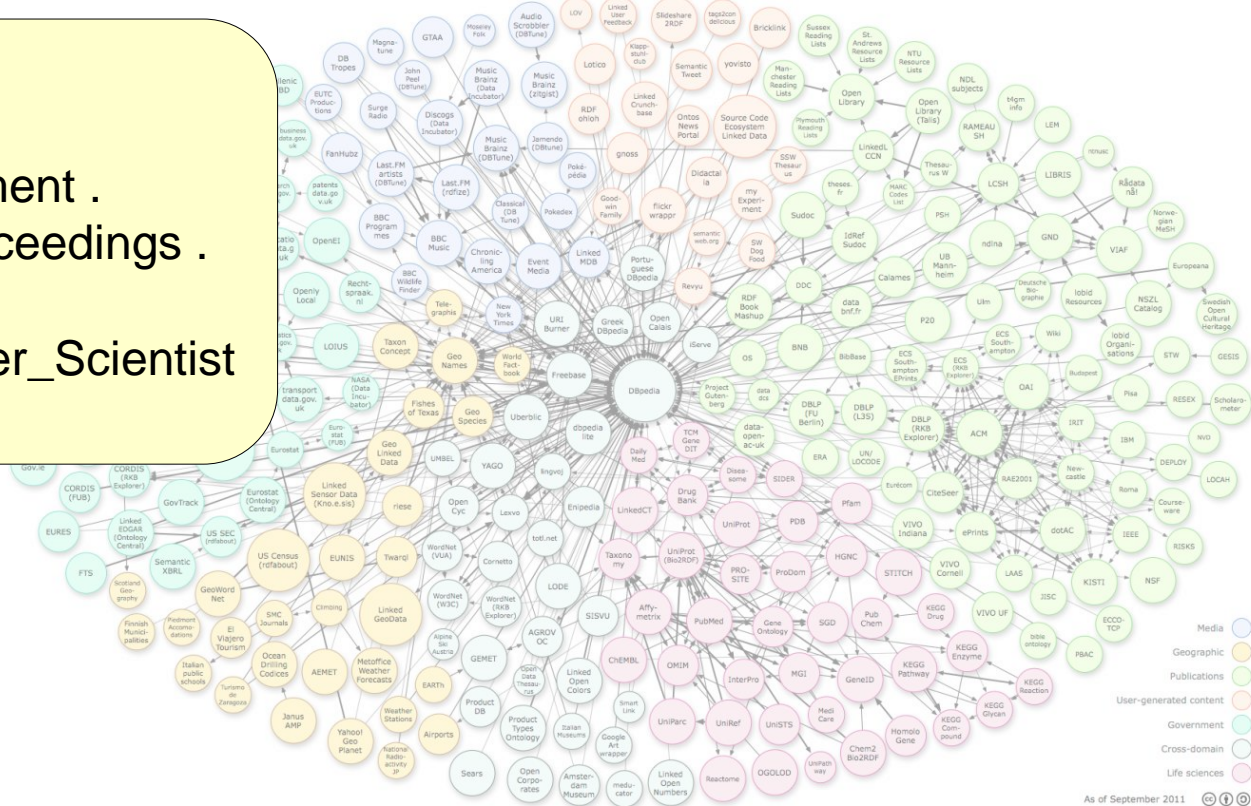




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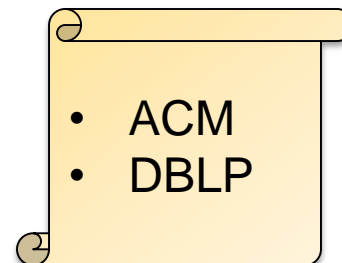
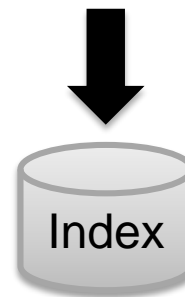
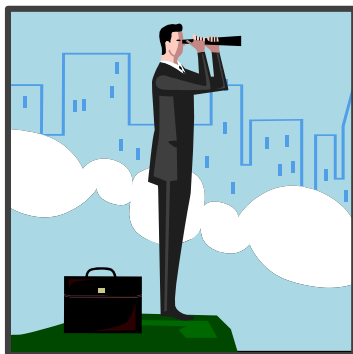
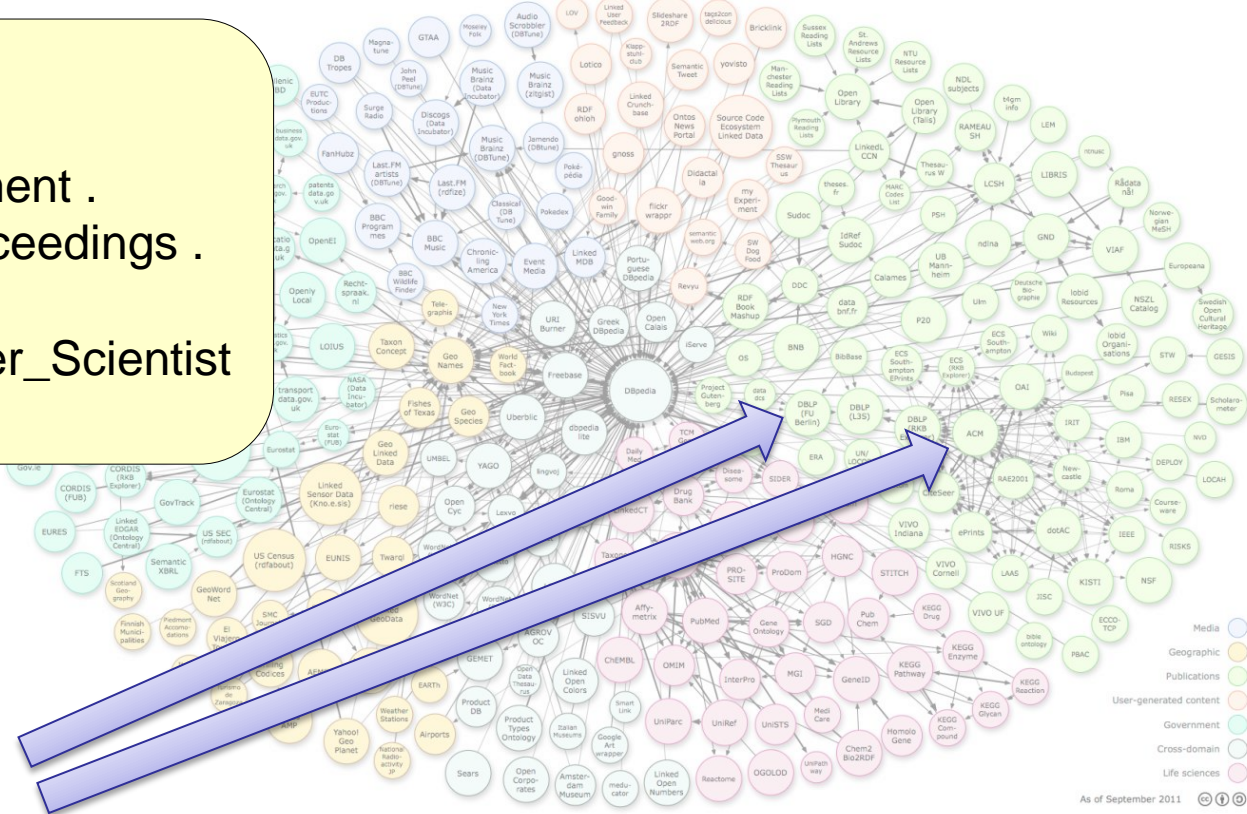


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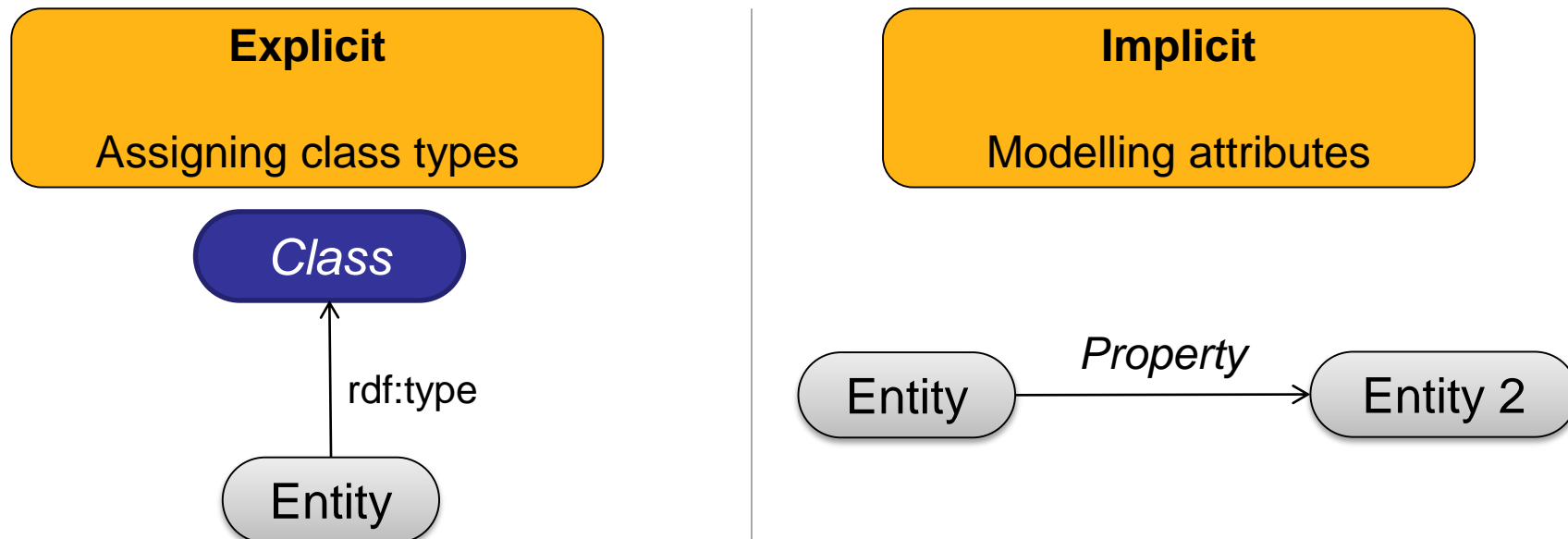


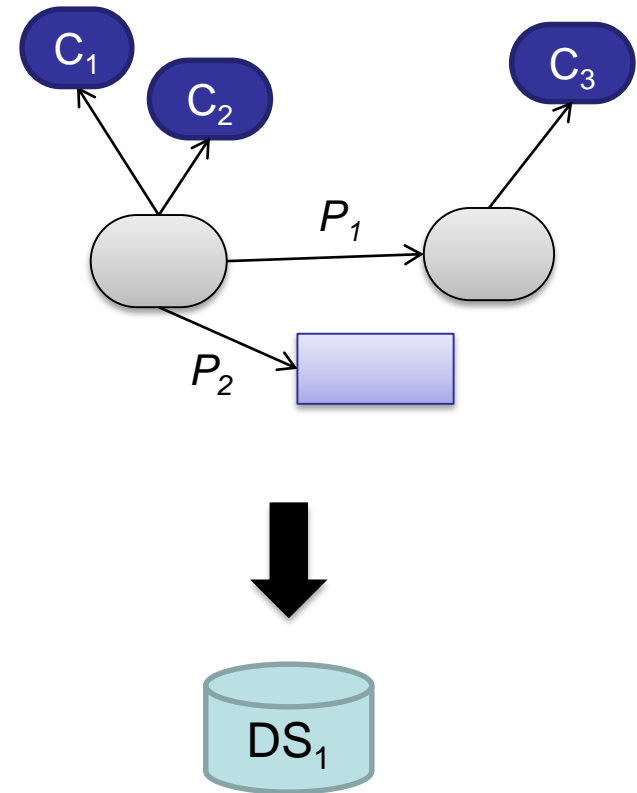
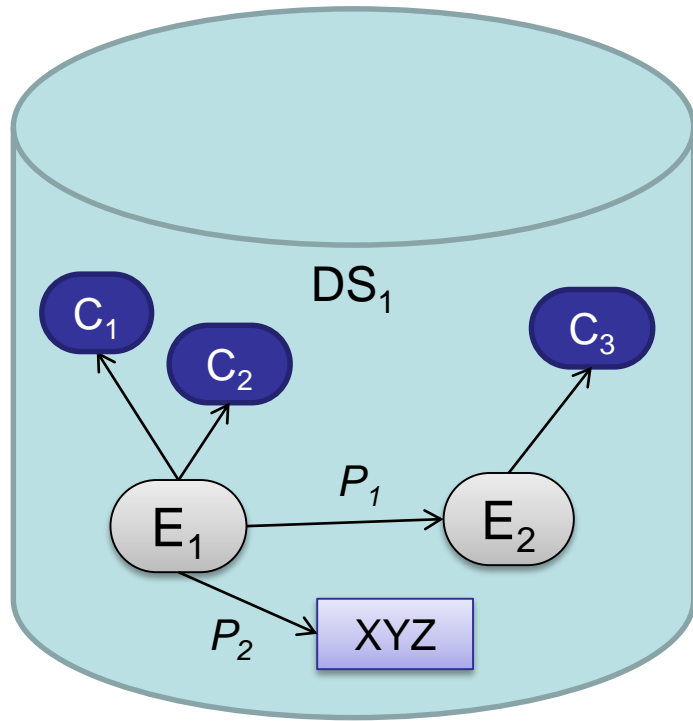


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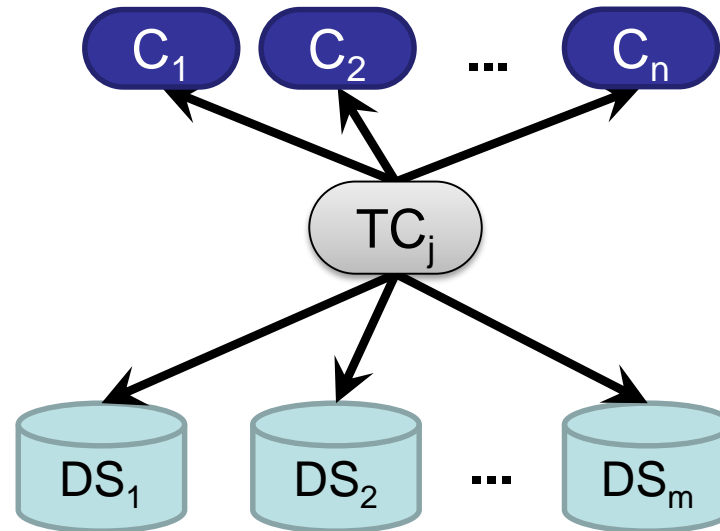


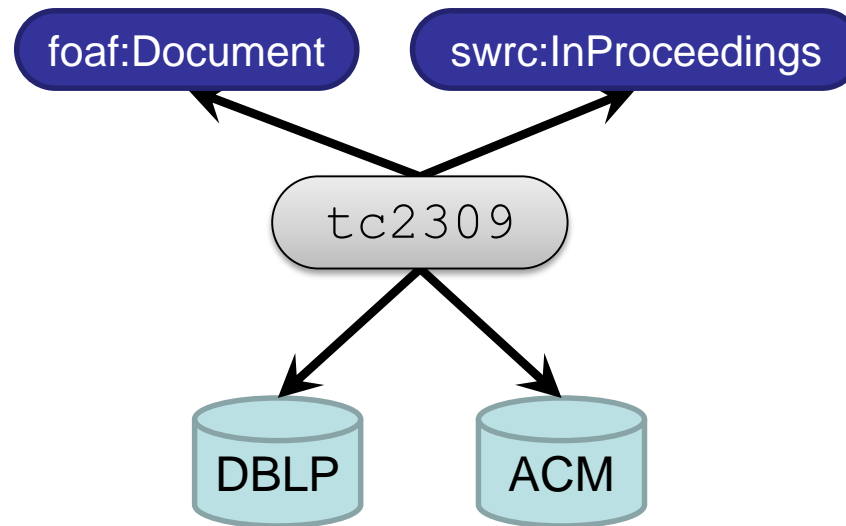
- Schema information on LOD



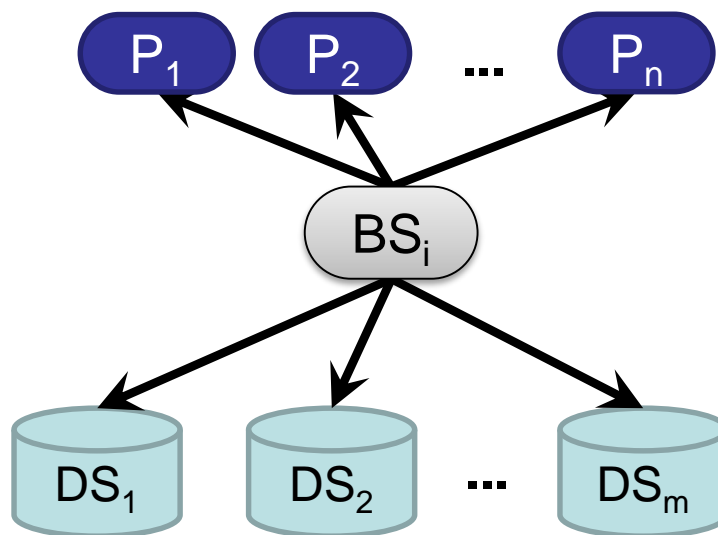


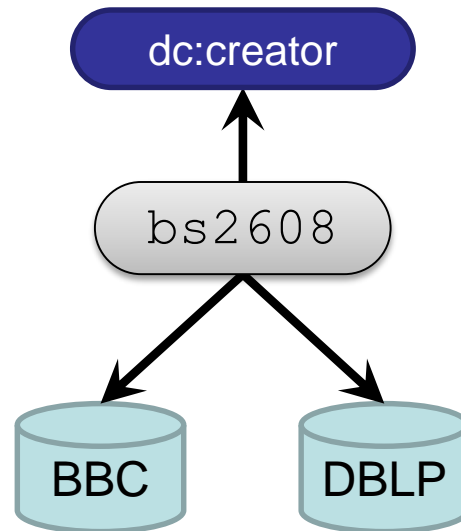
- Entities with the same *Set* of types





- Entities are equivalent, if they refer with the same attributes to equivalent entities
- Restriction: 1-Bi-Simulation

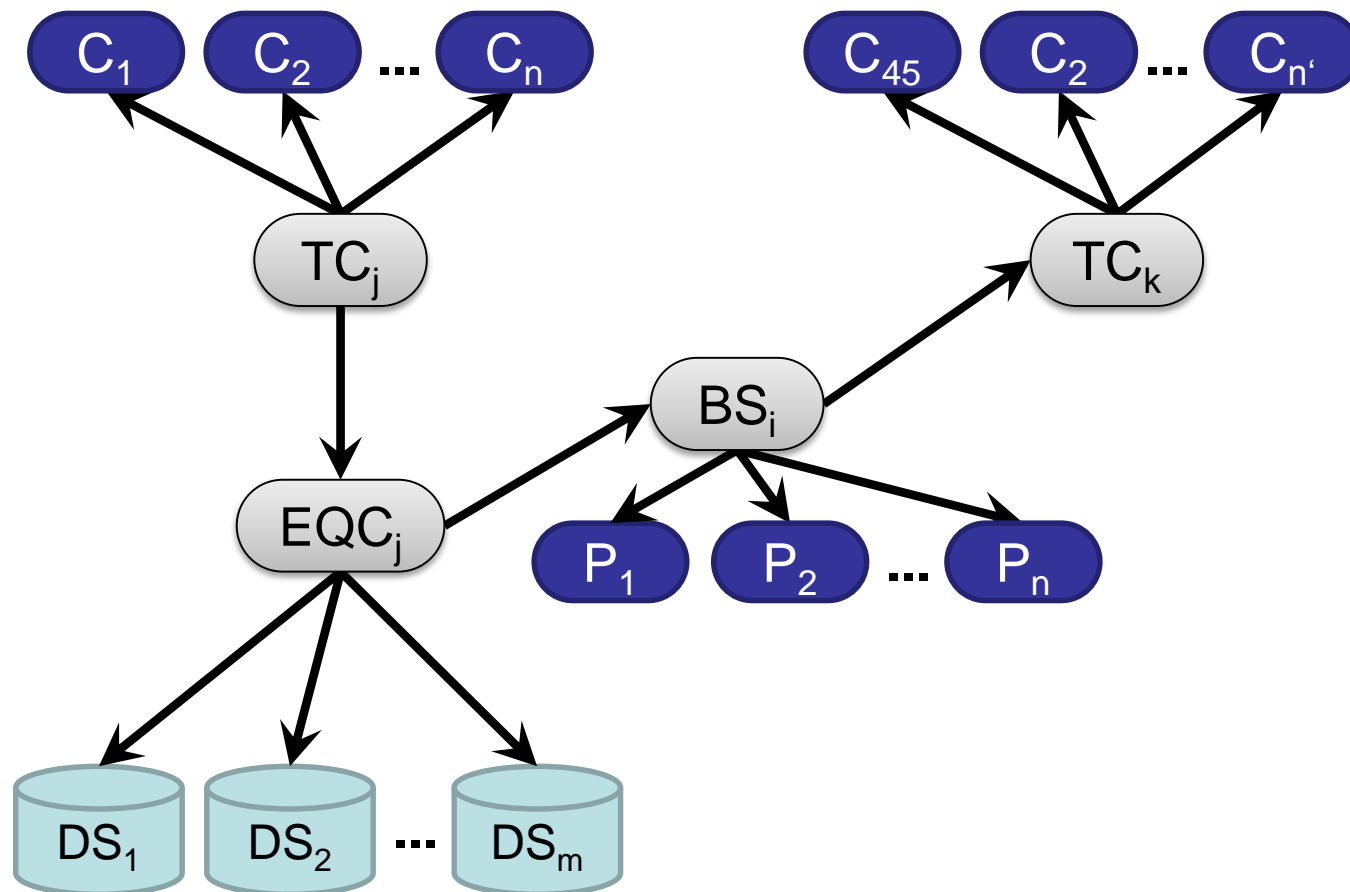




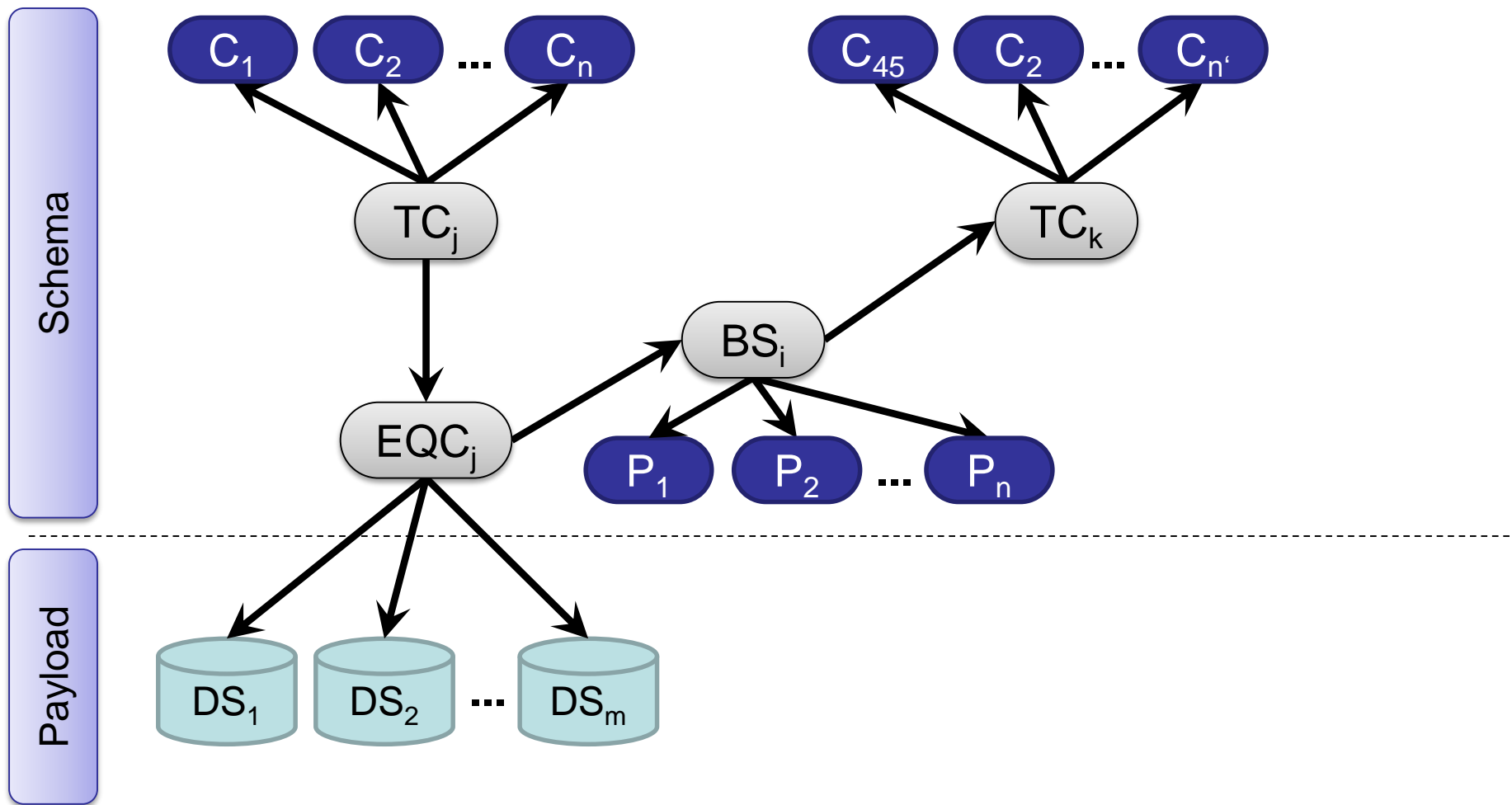
- Partition of TC based on 1-Bi-Simulation with restrictions on the destination TC



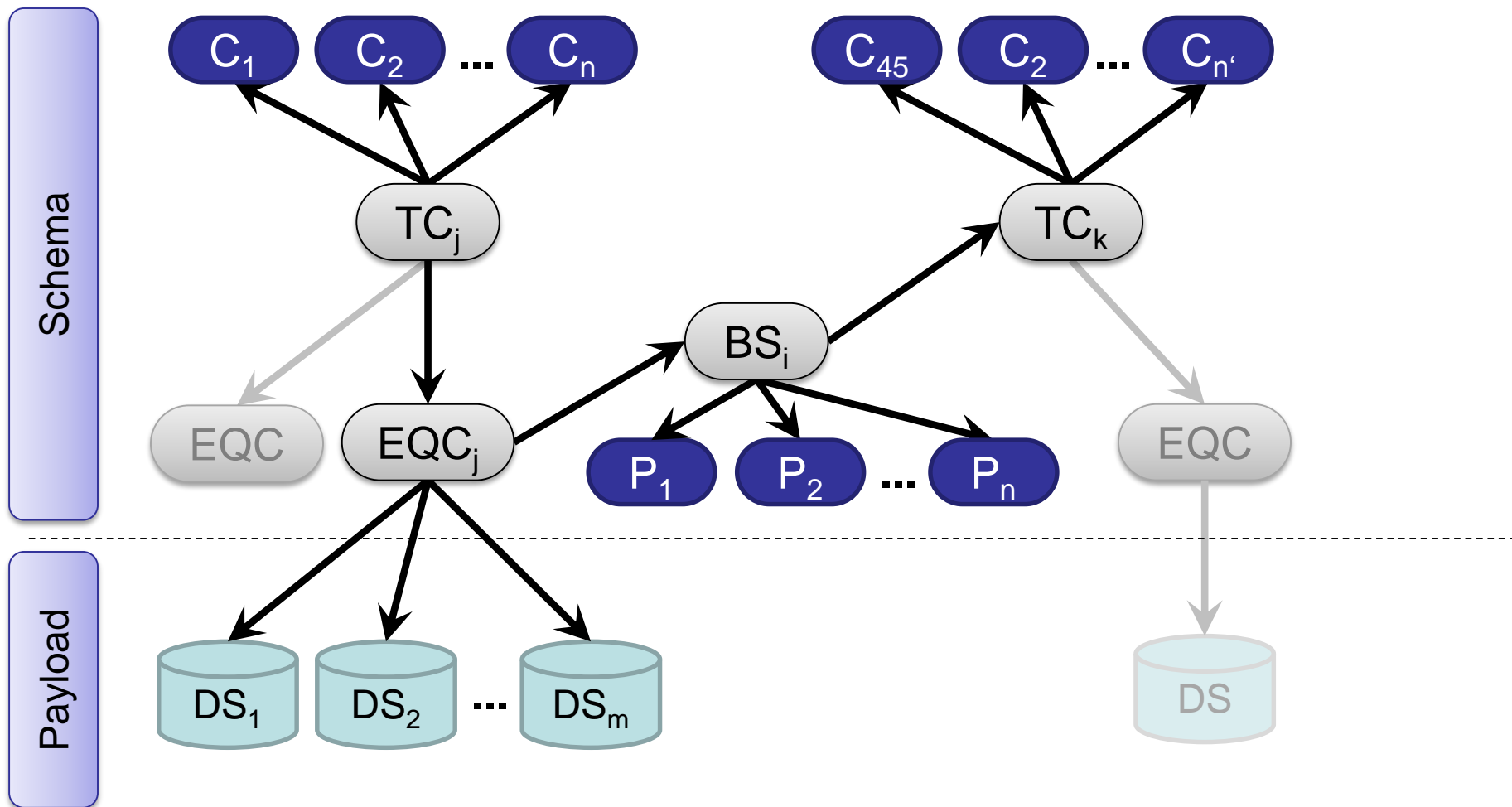
- Partition of TC based on 1-Bi-Simulation with restrictions on the destination TC

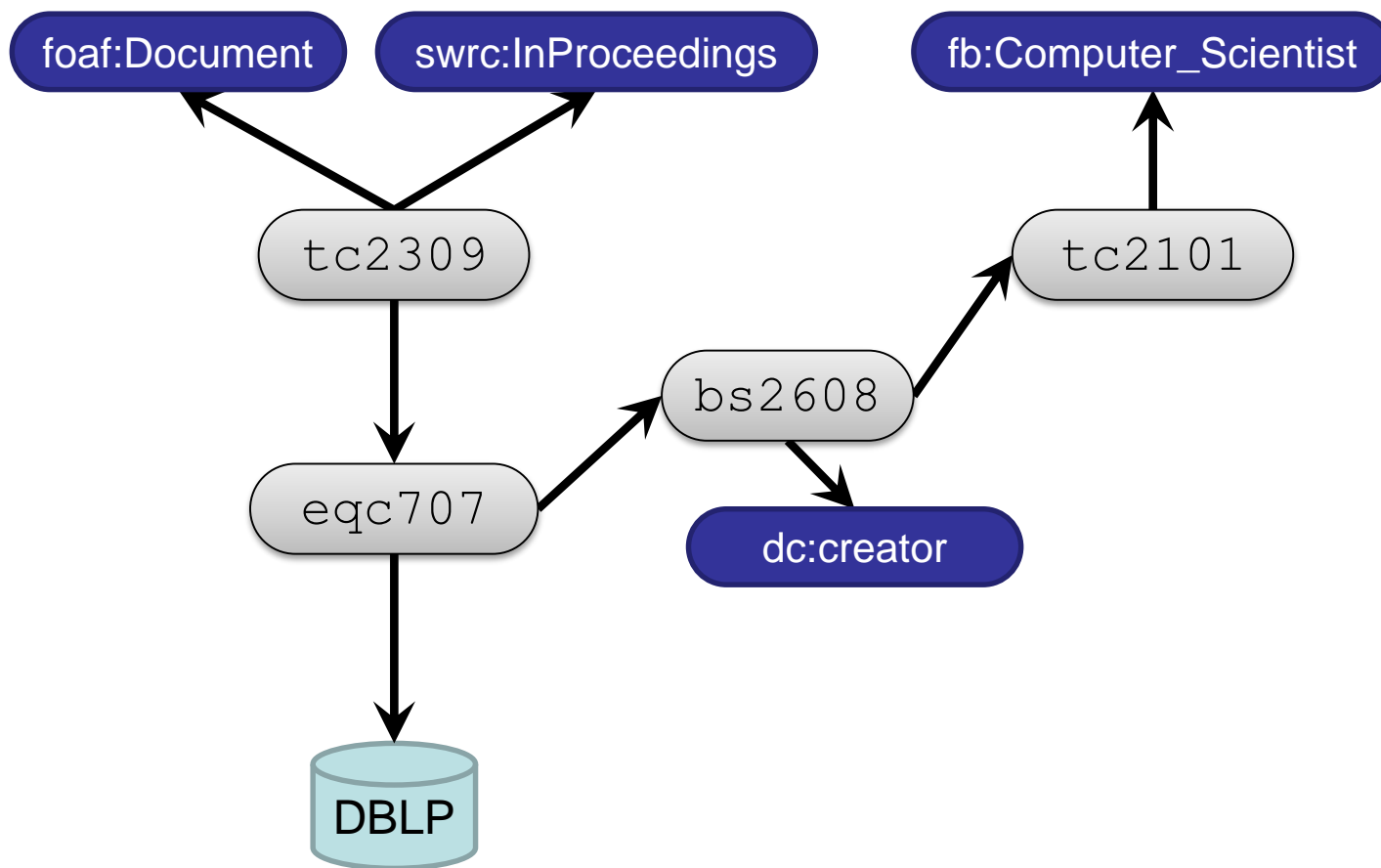


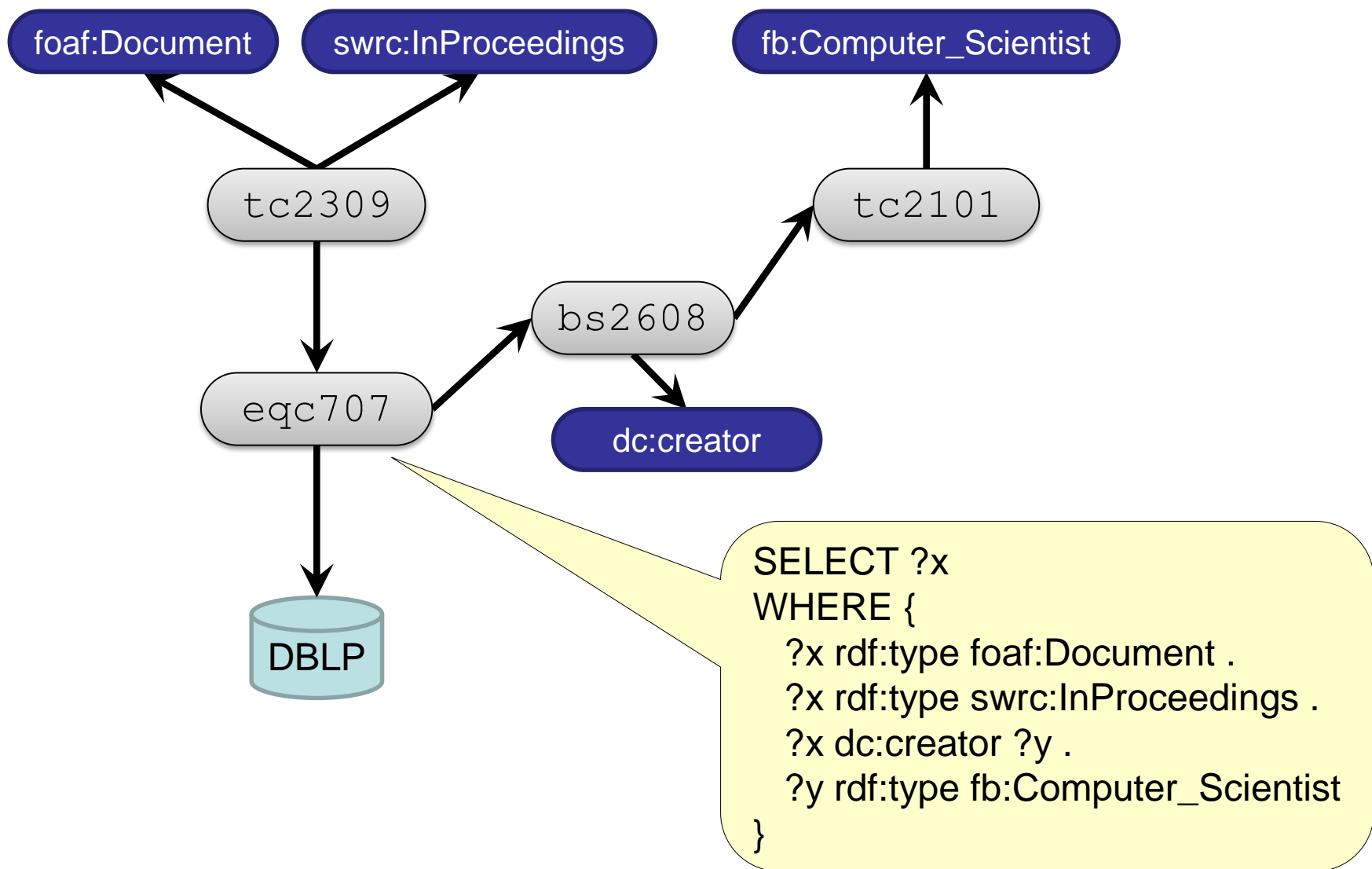
- Partition of TC based on 1-Bi-Simulation with restrictions on the destination TC



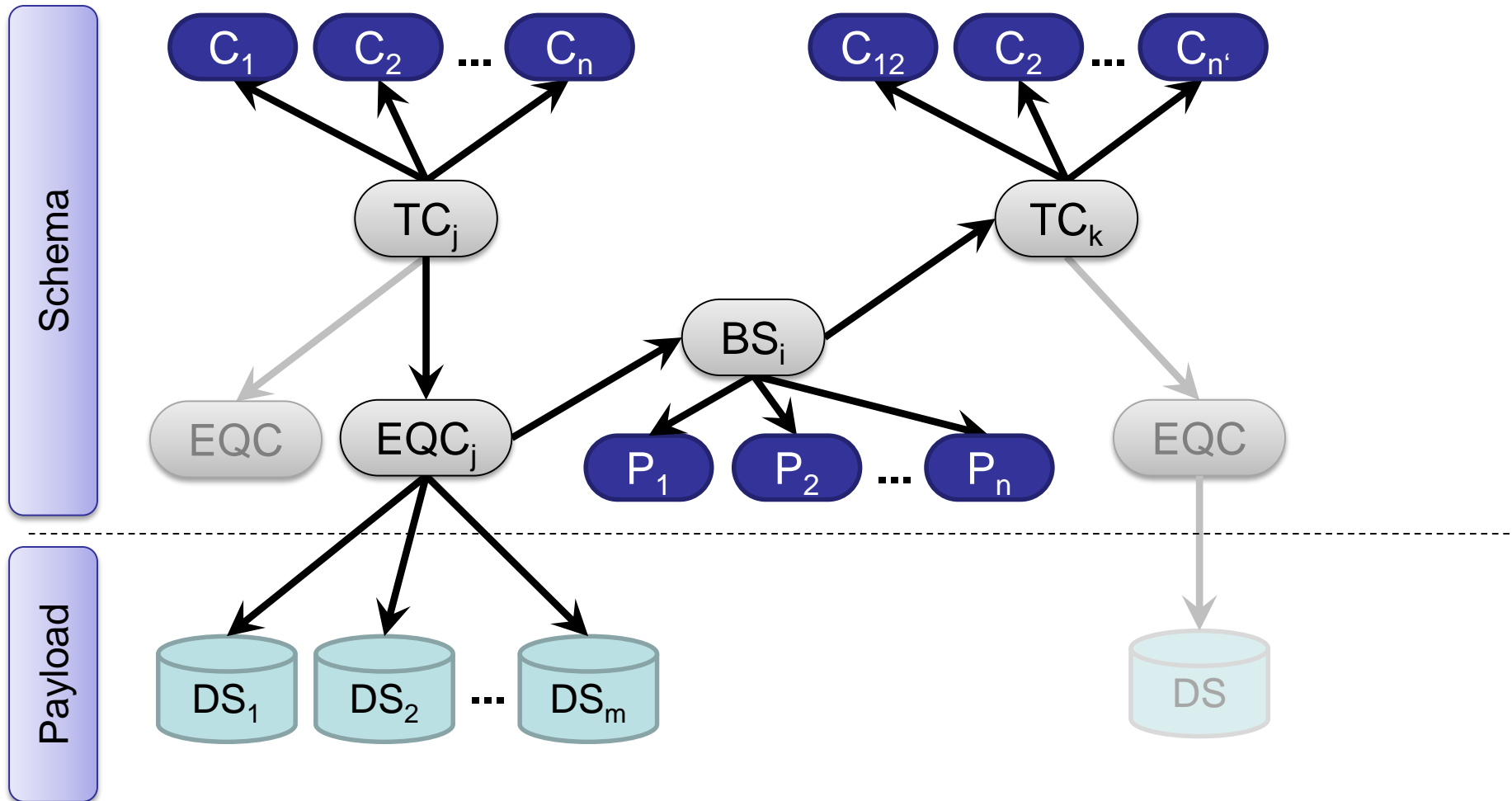
- Partition of TC based on 1-Bi-Simulation with restrictions on the destination TC



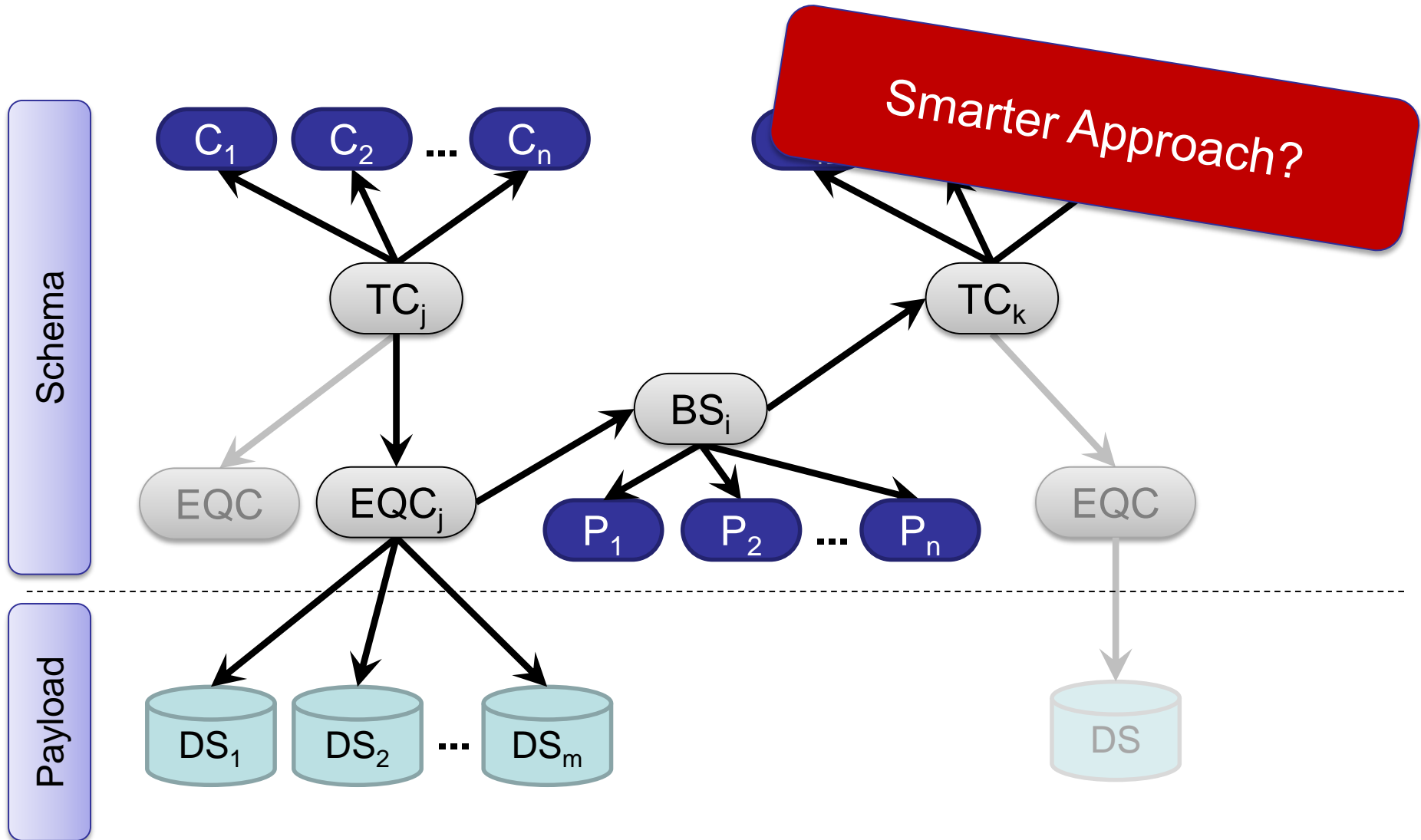




- Precise computation: Brute-Force

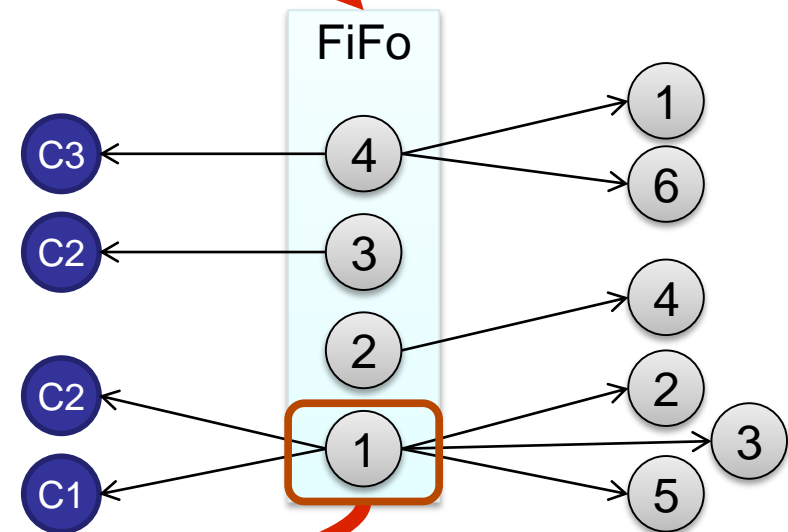
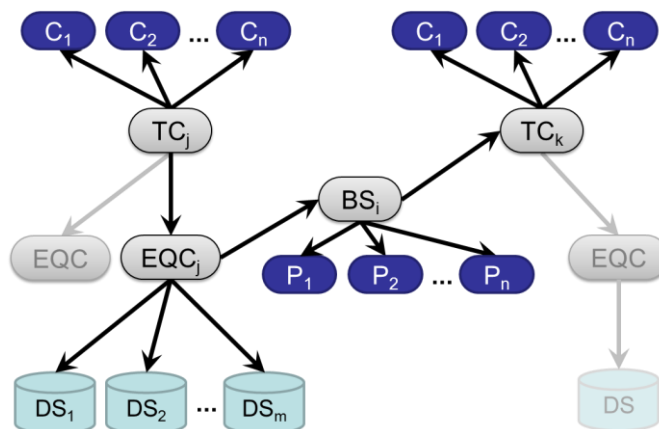
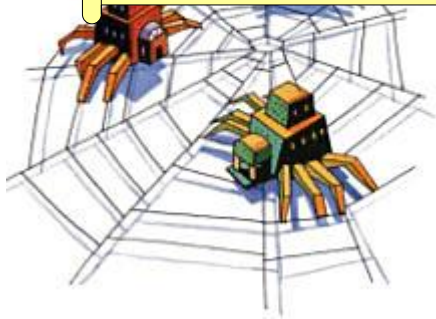


- Precise computation: Brute-Force



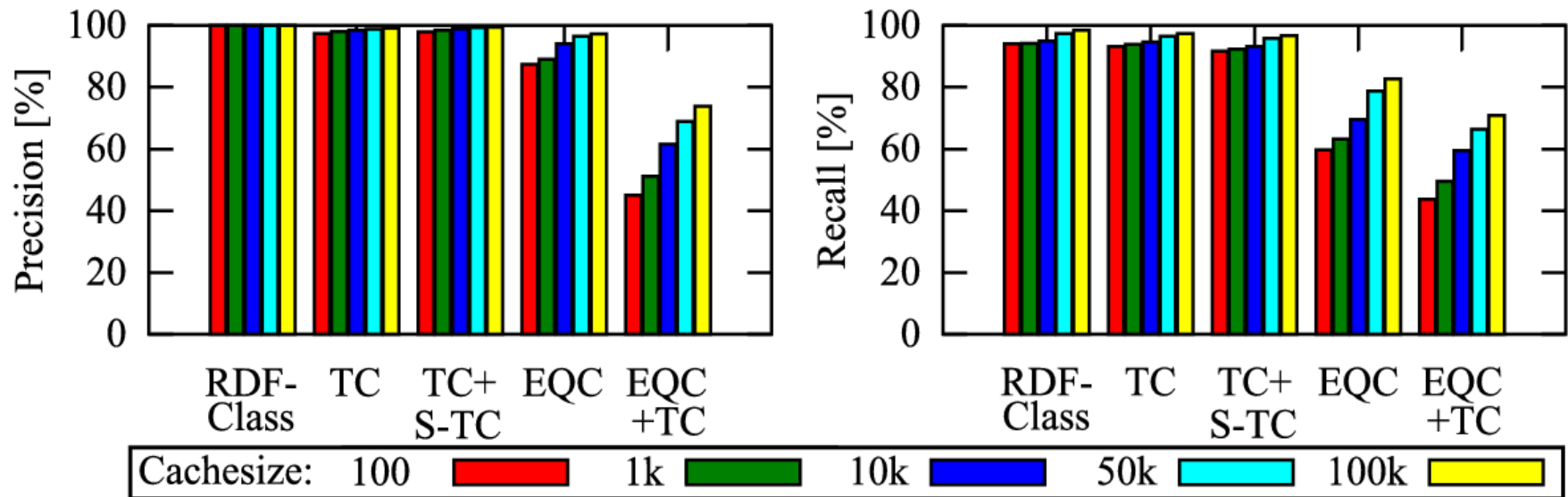
- LOD Crawler: Stream of n-Quads (triple + data source)

... Q16, Q15, Q14, Q13, Q12, Q11, Q10, Q9, Q8, Q7, Q6, Q5, Q4, Q3, Q2, Q1





- Stream-based computation vs. brute force
  - ◆ Data set of 11 Mio. triple





- SchemEX
  - ◆ Allows complex queries (Star, Chain)
  - ◆ Scalable computation
  - ◆ High quality



- Index over BTC 2011 data
  - ◆ 2.17 billion triplets
  - ◆ Index: 55 million triplets



- Commodity hardware
  - ◆ VM: 1 Core, 4 GB RAM
  - ◆ Throughput: 39.500 triplets / second
  - ◆ Computation of full index: 15h



- SchemEX
  - ◆ Allows complex queries (Star, Chain)
  - ◆ Scalable computation
  - ◆ High quality

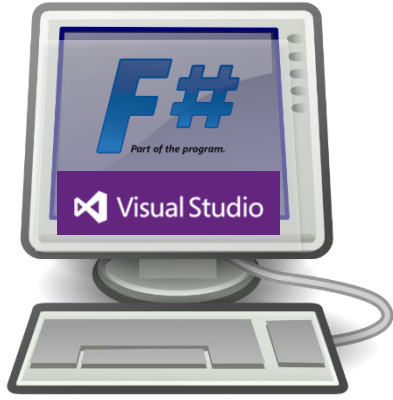


- Index over BTC 2011 data
  - ◆ 2.17 billion triplets
  - ◆ Index: 55 million triplets



- Commodity hardware
  - ◆ VM: 1 Core, 4 GB RAM
  - ◆ Throughput: 39.500 triplets / second
  - ◆ Computation of full index: 15h

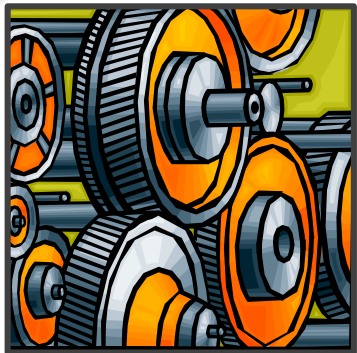
1. Place  
BTC 2011



- LiteQ – Language integrated types, extensions and queries for RDF graphs
  - ◆ Exploring
  - ◆ Programming, Typing



- SchemEX
  - ◆ Where do I find relevant data?
  - ◆ Efficient construction of a schema-level index



- Application
  - ◆ LODatio: Search the LOD cloud
  - ◆ Active user support

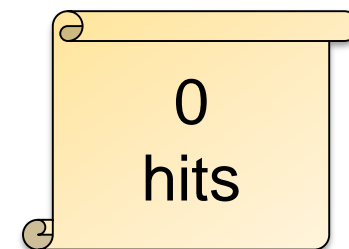
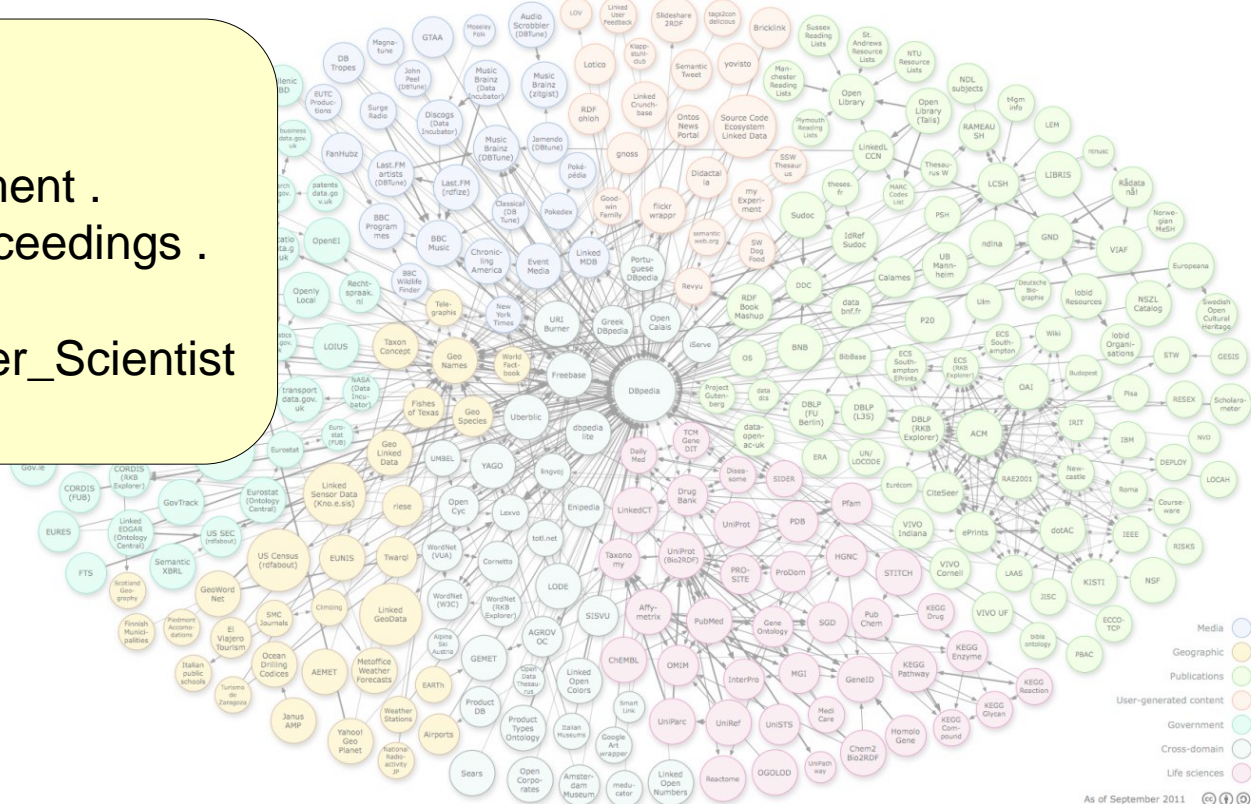
ment .  
ceedings .  
er\_Scientist



- ACM
- DBLP



```
SELECT ?x
WHERE {
  ?x rdf:type foaf:Document .
  ?x rdf:type swrc:InProceedings .
  ?x dc:creator ?y .
  ?y rdf:type fb:Computer_Scientist
}
```



ment .  
ceedings .  
er\_Scientist



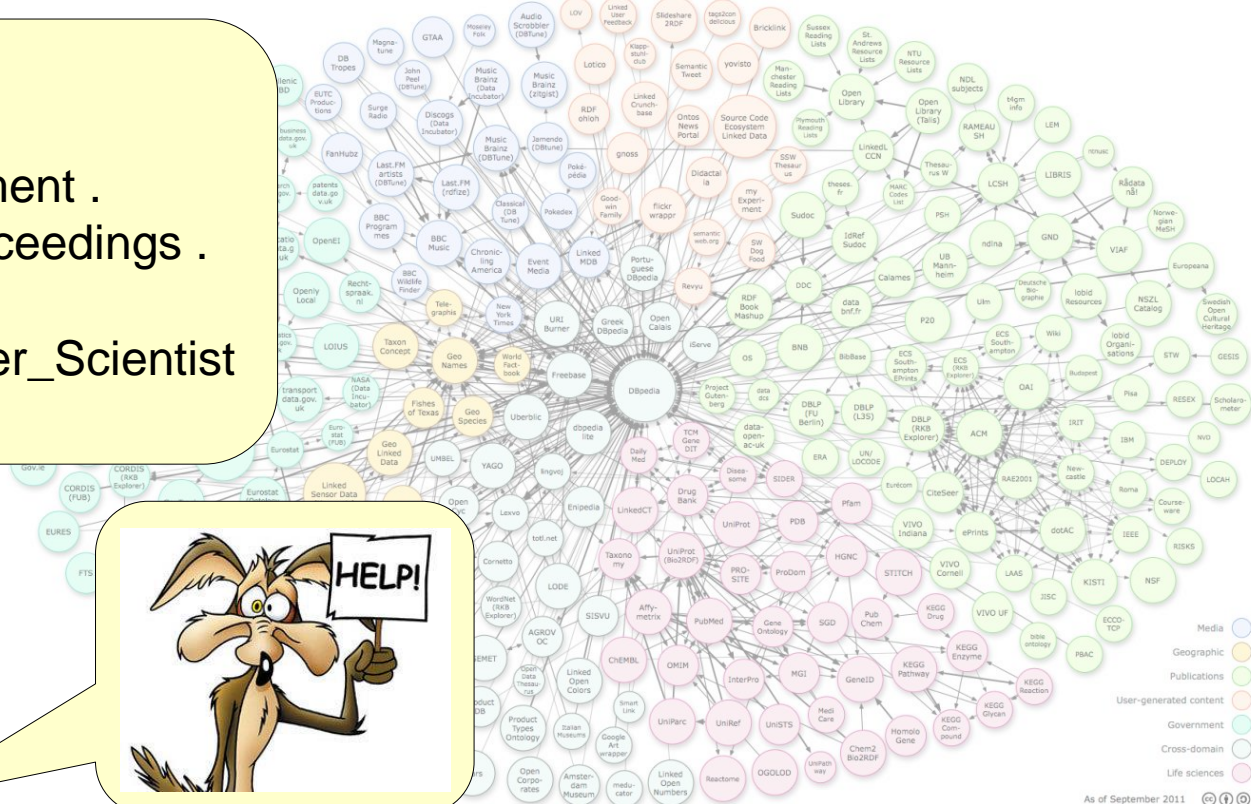
1.000  
hits



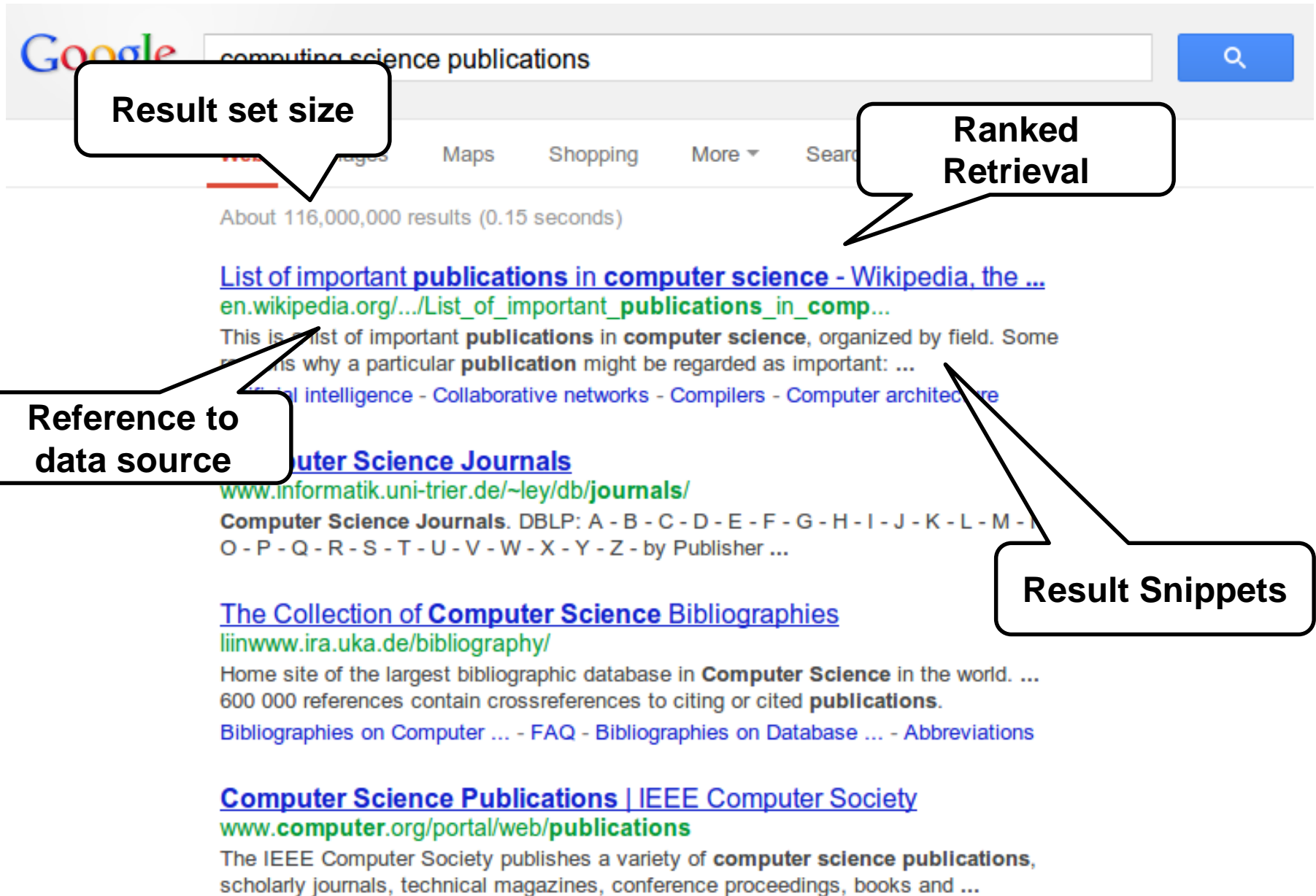
```
SELECT ?x
WHERE {
  ?x rdf:type foaf:Document .
  ?x rdf:type swrc:InProceedings .
  ?x dc:creator ?y .
  ?y rdf:type fb:Computer_Scientist
}
```



Where?







The image shows a Google search interface with the query "computing science publications". The search results page displays "About 116,000,000 results (0.15 seconds)". The first result is a Wikipedia link titled "List of important publications in computer science - Wikipedia, the ...". The second result is a link to "Computer Science Journals" from the University of Trier. The third result is "The Collection of Computer Science Bibliographies" from the University of Karlsruhe. The fourth result is "Computer Science Publications | IEEE Computer Society".

**Result set size**: A callout box pointing to the search bar area.

**Ranked Retrieval**: A callout box pointing to the search results.

**Reference to data source**: A callout box pointing to the URL of the first result.

**Result Snippets**: A callout box pointing to the descriptive text of the first result.

[www.springer.com](http://www.springer.com) > Home > Computer Science

Springer books and **journals** in computing for scientists and students in **computer science**, as well as for computer professionals and experts.

## [Publications - School of Computer Science](#)

[www.cs.cmu.edu/research/publications/](http://www.cs.cmu.edu/research/publications/)

The School of **Computer Science** has always been at the forefront in developing innovative techniques and theories. Here you will find a list of resources ...

## [CSC Journals:: the largest network of Open Access Publications](#)

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WELCOME TO **COMPUTER SCIENCE JOURNALS** (CSC JOURNALS). **Computer Science Journals** (CSC Journals) is an International Publisher serving the ...

## Searches related to **computing science publications**

[scientific computing journals](#)

[computer science publishers](#)

[journal of computer science science publications](#)

[important publications in computer science](#)

[springer journals in computer science](#)

[elsevier journals computer science](#)

[computer science journals with impact factor](#)

[computer science journals list](#)

Related Queries



```
PREFIX rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>
PREFIX foaf: <http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/>
PREFIX swrc: <http://swrc.ontoware.org/ontology#>
PREFIX dc: <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/>
SELECT ?x
WHERE {
    ?x rdf:type foaf:Document .
    ?x dc:author ?y .
    ?y rdf:type foaf:Person .
}
```

Send Query

## Did you mean?

Remove: ?y rdf:type foaf:Person

Try this query

Remove: ?x dc:author ?y

Try this query

Remove: ?x rdf:type foaf:Document

Try this query

## 9 datasources with 9 instances

(1.668 seconds)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/bizer/foaf.rdf> (1 instances)<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/bizer/foaf.rdf> (1 instances)<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/events/Event1> (1 instances)<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/events/Event3> (1 instances)<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/persons/Person6> (1 instances)<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/persons/Person6> (1 instances)<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/persons/Person7> (1 instances)<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/publications/Publication2> (1 instances)

- D2R Server - Publishing Relational Databases on the Semantic Web.

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/publications/Publication3> (1 instances)

- The TriQL.P Browser: Filtering Information using Context-, Content- and Rating-Based Trust Policies.

Page 1 of 1

## Related Queries

Add: ?x dc11:title ?unknown1458

Try this query

## Examples:

txn:authority

Try it!

po:Genre

Try it!

po:Series po:genre po:Genre

Try it!

More examples



```

PREFIX rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>
PREFIX foaf: <http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/>
PREFIX swrc: <http://swrc.ontoware.org/ontology#>
PREFIX dc: <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/>
SELECT ?x
WHERE {
    ?x rdf:type foaf:Document .
    ?x dc:author ?y .
    ?y rdf:type foaf:Person .
}
    
```

Send Query

## Did you mean?

**Remove:** ?y rdf:type foaf:Person

Try this query

**Remove:** ?x dc:author ?y

Try this query

**Remove:** ?x rdf:type foaf:Document

Try this query

Result set size

## 9 datasources with 9 instances

(1.668 seconds)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/bizer/foaf.rdf> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/bizer/foaf.rdf> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/events/Event1> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/events/Event3> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/persons/Person6> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/persons/Person6> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/persons/Person7> (1 instances)

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Page 1 of 1

## Related Queries

**Add:** ?x dc11:title ?unknown1458

Try this query

## Examples:

txn:authority

Try it!

po:Genre

Try it!

po:Series po:genre po:Genre

Try it!

More examples

```

PREFIX rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>
PREFIX foaf: <http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/>
PREFIX swrc: <http://swrc.ontoware.org/ontology#>
PREFIX dc: <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/>
SELECT ?x
WHERE {
    ?x rdf:type foaf:Document .
    ?x dc:author ?y .
    ?y rdf:type foaf:Person .
}

```

Send Query

## Did you mean?

Remove: ?y rdf:type foaf:Person

Try this query

Remove: ?x dc:author ?y

Try this query

Remove: ?x rdf:type foaf:Document

Try this query

Result set size

Ranked Retrieval

## 9 datasources with 9 instances

(1.668 seconds)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/bizer/foaf.rdf> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/bizer/foaf.rdf> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/events/Event1> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/events/Event3> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/persons/Person6> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/persons/Person6> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/persons/Person7> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/publications/Publication2> (1 instances)

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- The TriQL.P Browser: Filtering Information using Context-, Content- and Rating-Based Trust Policies.

Page 1 of 1

## Related Queries

Add: ?x dc11:title ?unknown1458

Try this query

## Examples:

txn:authority

Try it!

po:Genre

Try it!

po:Genre

More examples



```

PREFIX rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>
PREFIX foaf: <http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/>
PREFIX swrc: <http://swrc.ontoware.org/ontology#>
PREFIX dc: <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/>
SELECT ?x
WHERE {
    ?x rdf:type foaf:Document .
    ?x dc:author ?y .
    ?y rdf:type foaf:Person .
}

```

Send Query

### Did you mean?

Remove: ?y rdf:type foaf:Person

Try this query

Remove: ?x dc:author ?y

Try this query

Remove: ?x rdf:type foaf:Document

Try this query

Result set size

Ranked Retrieval

### 9 datasources with 9 instances

(1.668 seconds)

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<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/bizer/foaf.rdf> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/events/Event1> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/events/Event3> (1 instances)

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<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/persons/Person6> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/persons/Person7> (1 instances)

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- The TriQL.P Browser: Filtering Information using Context-, Content- and Rating-Based Trust Policies.

Page 1 of 1

### Related Queries

Add: ?x dc11:title ?unknown1458

Try this query

txn:authority

Try it!

po:Genre

Try it!

po:Genre

More examples

Reference to data source

```
PREFIX rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>
PREFIX foaf: <http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/>
PREFIX swrc: <http://swrc.ontoware.org/ontology#>
PREFIX dc: <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/>
SELECT ?x
WHERE {
  ?x rdf:type foaf:Document .
  ?x dc:author ?y .
  ?y rdf:type foaf:Person .
}
```

Send Query

### Did you mean?

Remove: ?y rdf:type foaf:Person

Try this query

Remove: ?x dc:author ?y

Try this query

Remove: ?x rdf:type foaf:Document

Try this query

Result set size

Ranked  
Retrieval

### 9 datasources with 9 instances

(1.668 seconds)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/bizer/foaf.rdf> (1 instances)

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- The TriQL.P Browser: Filtering Information using Context-, Content- and Rating-Based Trust Policies.

Reference to  
data source

Result Snippets

Page 1 of 1

### Related Queries

Add: ?x dc11:title ?unknown1458

Try this query

txn:authority

Try it!

po:Genre

Try it!

po:Genre

More examples





Did you mean?

```
PREFIX rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>
PREFIX foaf: <http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/>
PREFIX swrc: <http://swrc.ontoware.org/ontology#>
PREFIX dc: <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/>
SELECT ?x
WHERE {
  ?x rdf:type foaf:Document .
  ?x dc:author ?y .
  ?y rdf:type foaf:Person .
}
```

Send Query

## Did you mean?

Remove: ?y rdf:type foaf:Person

Try this query

Remove: ?x dc:author ?y

Try this query

Remove: ?x rdf:type foaf:Document

Try this query

Result set size

## 9 datasources with 9 instances

(1.668 seconds)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/bizer/foaf.rdf> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/bizer/foaf.rdf> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/events/Event1> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/events/Event3> (1 instances)

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<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/persons/Person6> (1 instances)

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<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/publications/Publication3> (1 instances)

- The TriQL.P Browser: Filtering Information using Context-, Content- and Rating-Based Trust Policies.

Page 1 of 1

## Related Queries

Add: ?x dc11:title ?unknown1458

Try this query

## Examples:

txn:authority

Try it!

po:Genre

Try it!

po:Genre

Ranked Retrieval

More examples

Reference to data source

Result Snippets



Did you mean?

```

PREFIX rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>
PREFIX foaf: <http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/>
PREFIX swrc: <http://swrc.ontoware.org/ontology#>
PREFIX dc: <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/>
SELECT ?x
WHERE {
  ?x rdf:type foaf:Document .
  ?x dc:author ?y .
  ?y rdf:type foaf:Person .
}
```

Send Query

## Examples:

txn:authority

Try it!

po:Genre

Try it!

po:Genre

More examples

## Did you mean?

Remove: ?y rdf:type foaf:Person

Try this query

Remove: ?x dc:author ?y

Try this query

Remove: ?x rdf:type foaf:Document

Try this query

Result set size

Ranked Retrieval

## 9 datasources with 9 instances

(1.668 seconds)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/bizer/foaf.rdf> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/bizer/foaf.rdf> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/events/Event1> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/events/Event3> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/persons/Person6> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/persons/Person6> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/persons/Person7> (1 instances)

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/publications/Publication2> (1 instances)

- D2R Server - Publishing Relational Databases on the Semantic Web.

<http://www4.wiwiss.fu-berlin.de/is-group/data/publications/Publication3> (1 instances)

- The TriQL.P Browser: Filtering Information using Context-, Content- and Rating-Based Trust Policies.

Reference to data source

Result Snippets

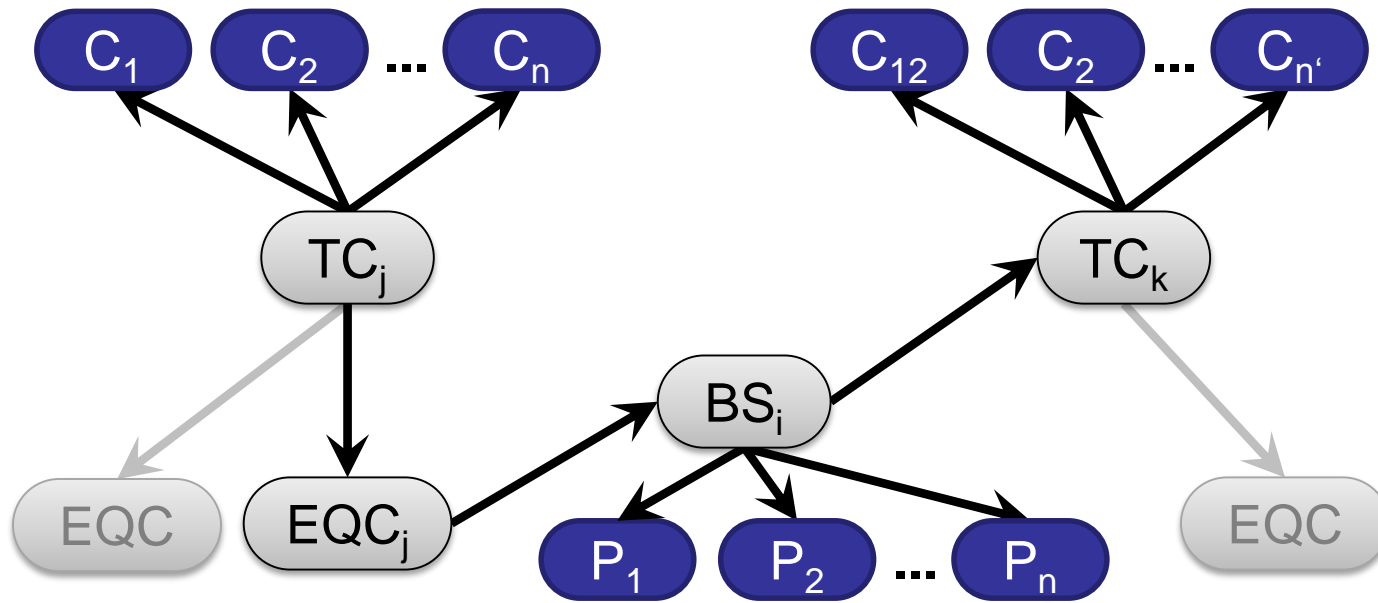
Related Queries

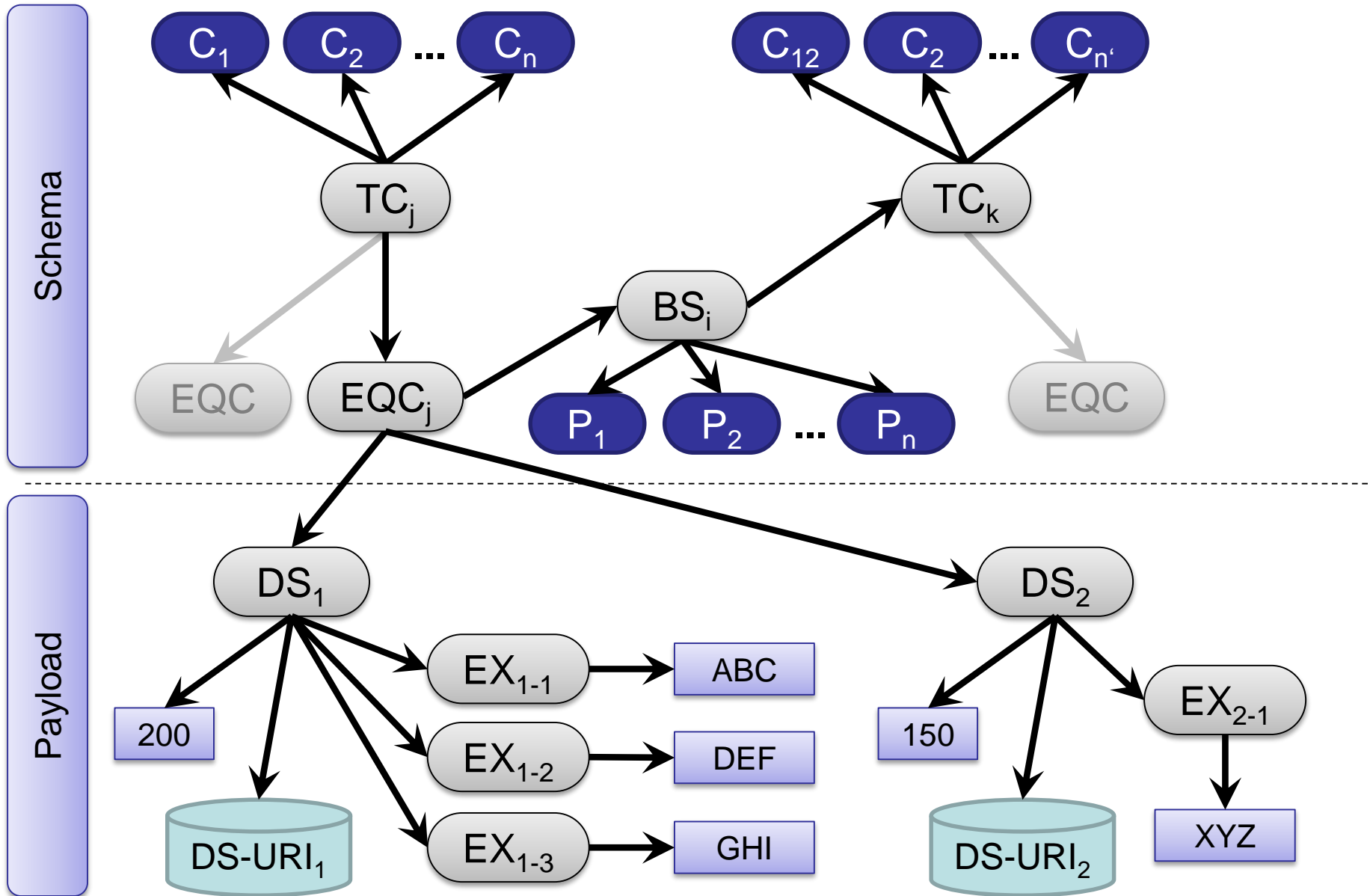
Page 1 of 1

## Related Queries

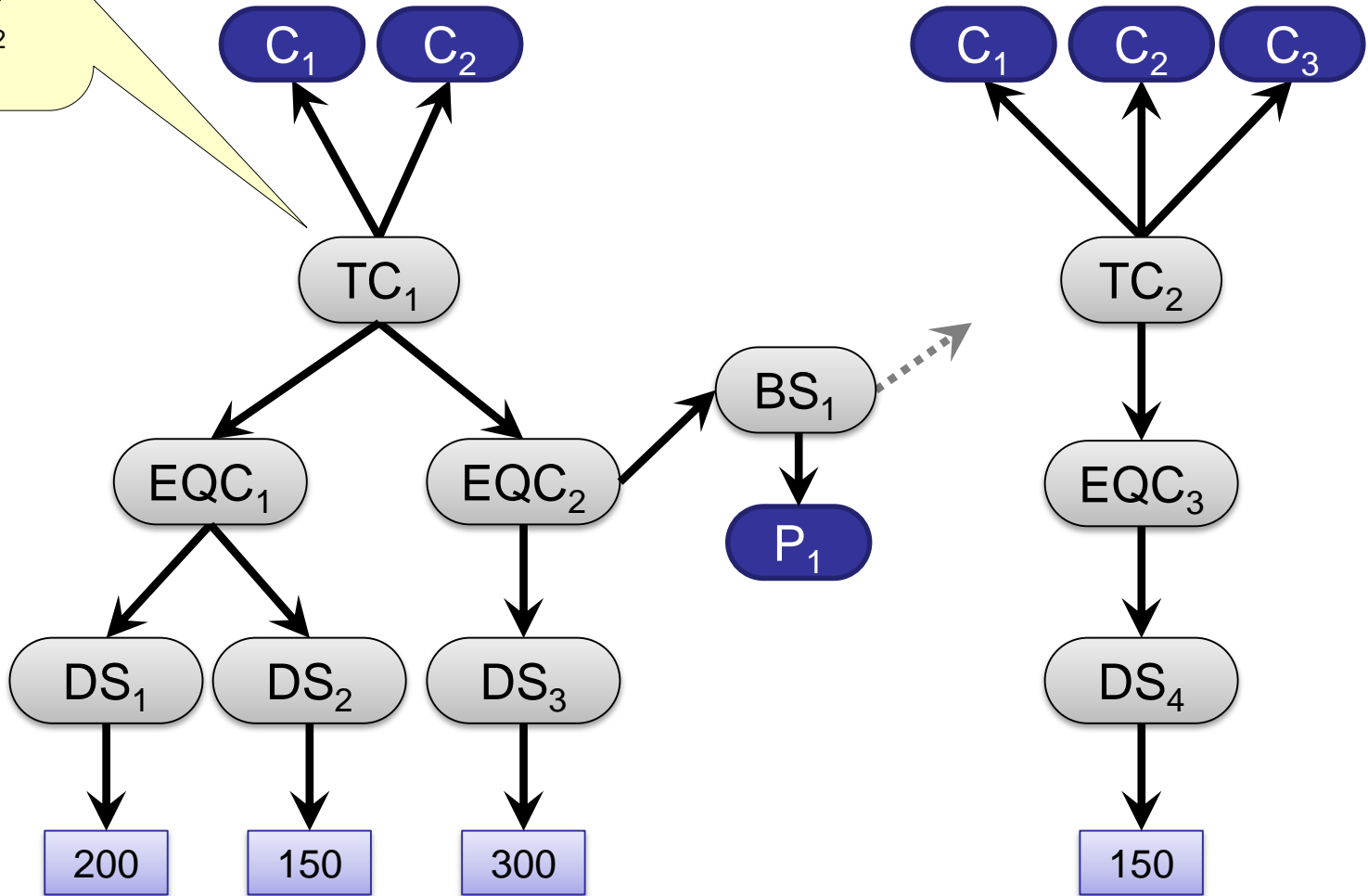
Add: ?x dc11:title ?unknown1458

Try this query

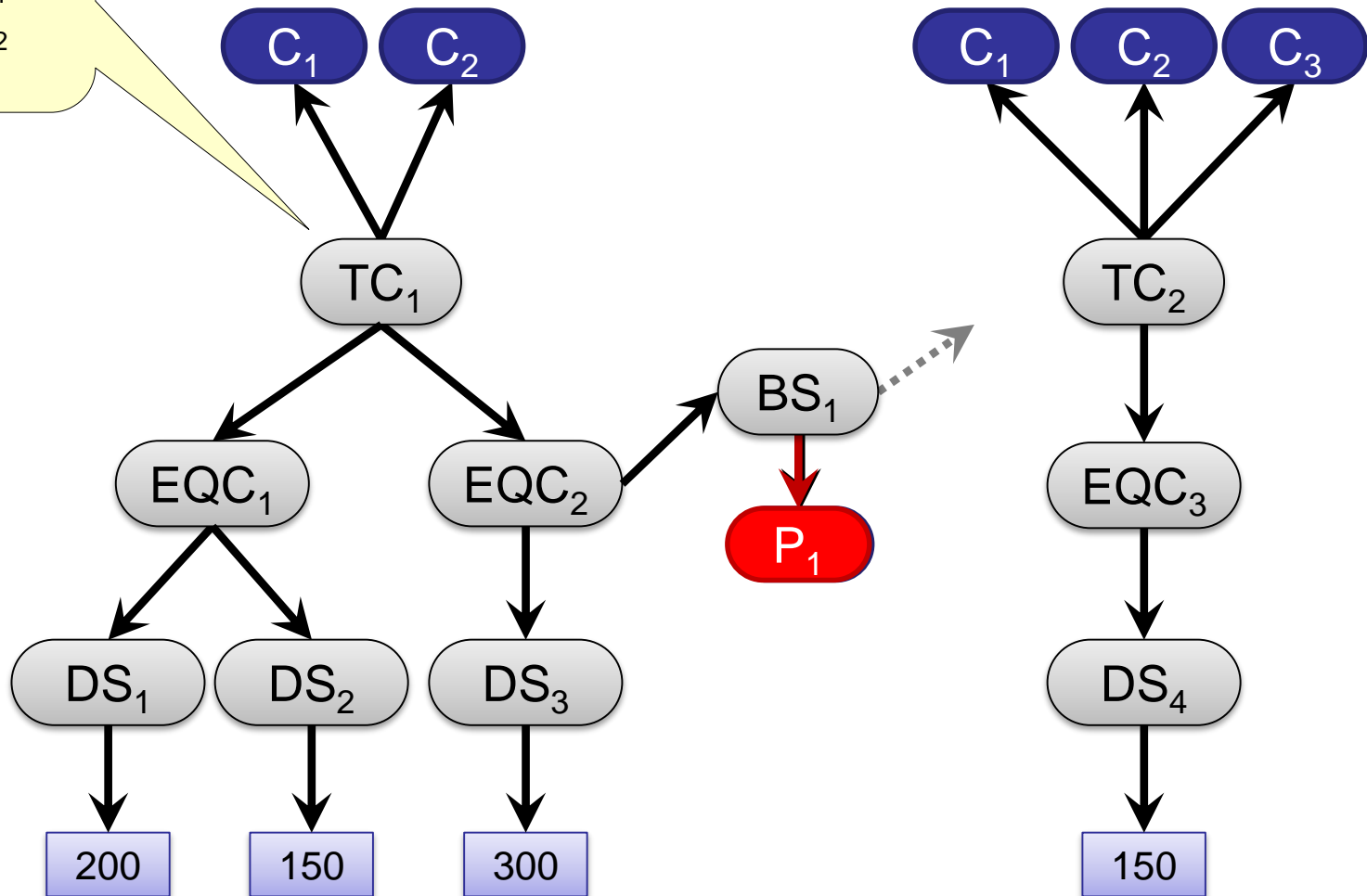




SELECT ?x  
WHERE {  
 ?x rdf:type C<sub>1</sub> .  
 ?x rdf:type C<sub>2</sub>  
}

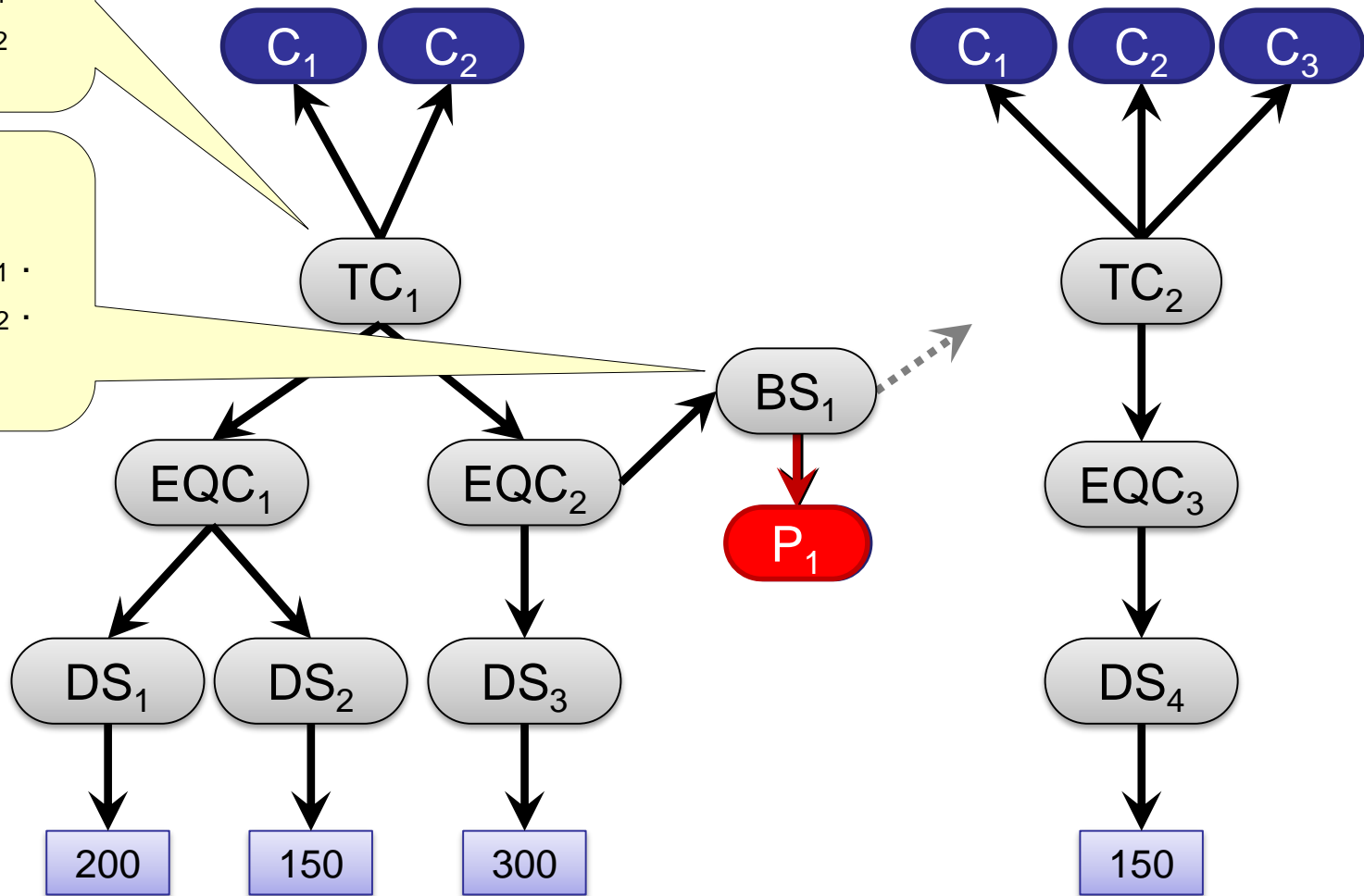


SELECT ?x  
WHERE {  
 ?x rdf:type C<sub>1</sub> .  
 ?x rdf:type C<sub>2</sub>  
}



SELECT ?x  
WHERE {  
?x rdf:type C<sub>1</sub>.  
?x rdf:type C<sub>2</sub>  
}

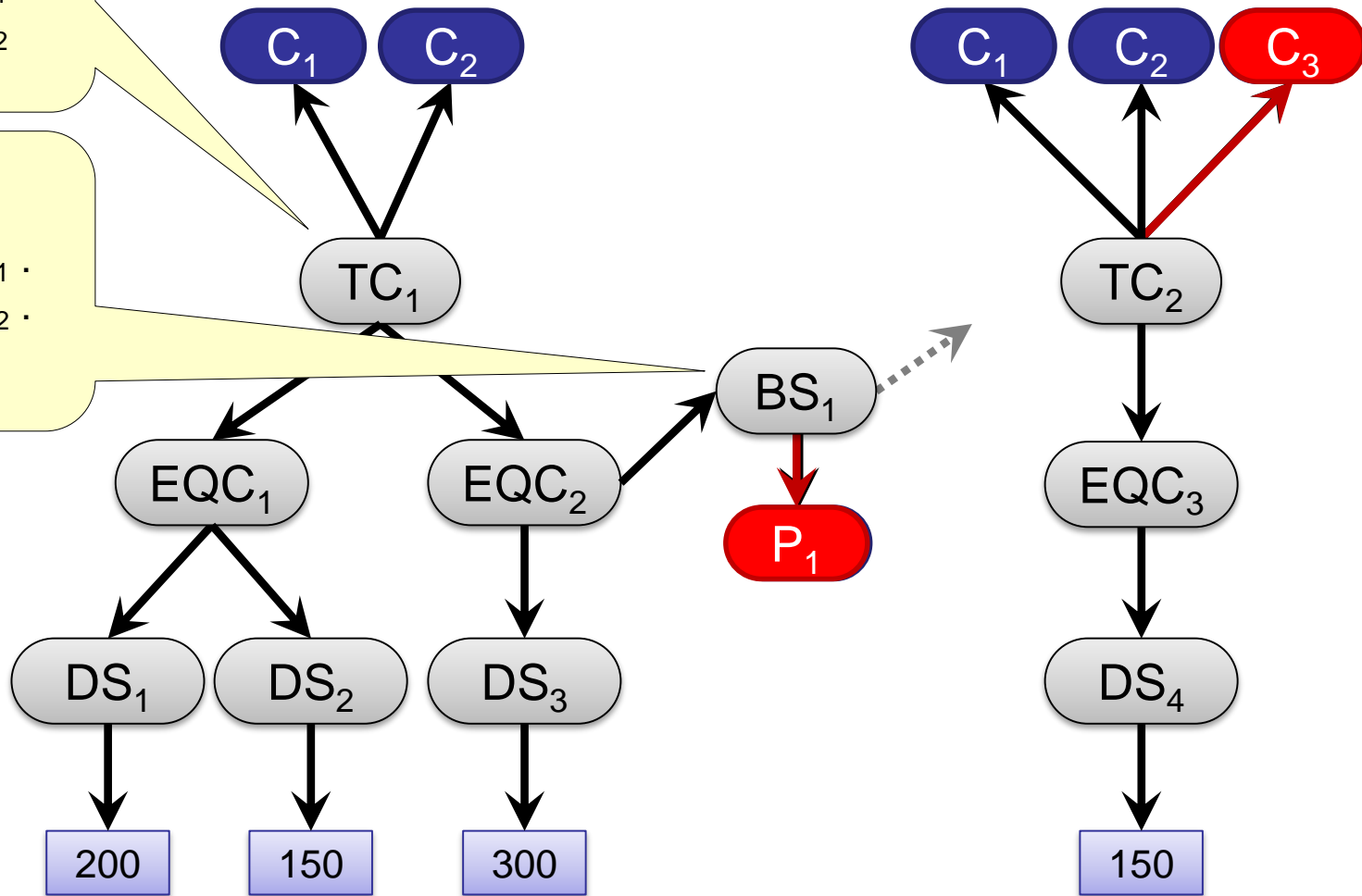
SELECT ?x  
WHERE {  
?x rdf:type C<sub>1</sub>.  
?x rdf:type C<sub>2</sub>.  
**?x P<sub>1</sub> ?y**  
}





SELECT ?x  
WHERE {  
?x rdf:type C<sub>1</sub> .  
?x rdf:type C<sub>2</sub>  
}

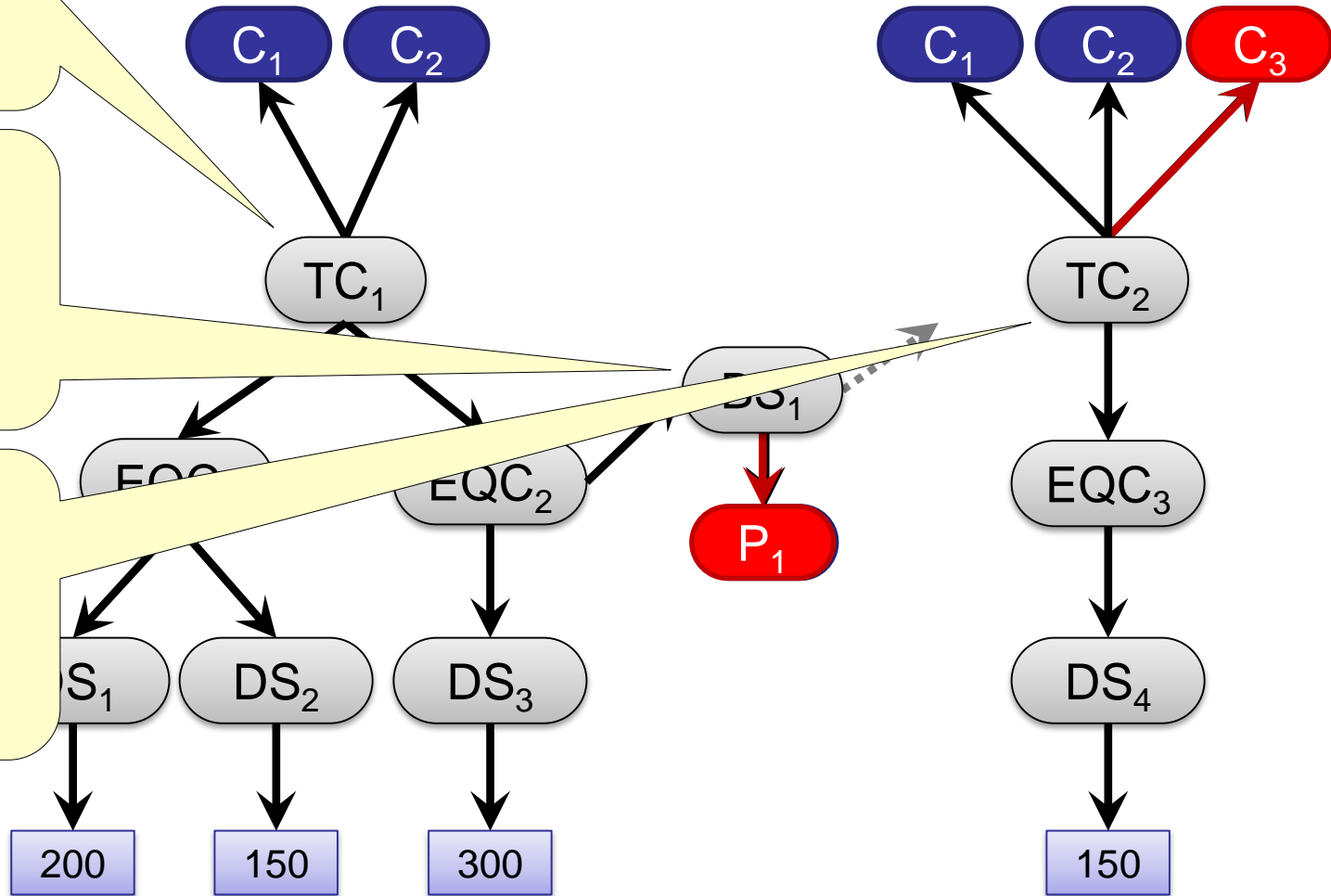
SELECT ?x  
WHERE {  
?x rdf:type C<sub>1</sub> .  
?x rdf:type C<sub>2</sub> .  
**?x P<sub>1</sub> ?y**  
}



```
SELECT ?x
WHERE {
  ?x rdf:type C1 .
  ?x rdf:type C2
}
```

```
SELECT ?x
WHERE {
  ?x rdf:type C1 .
  ?x rdf:type C2 .
  ?x P1 ?y
}
```

```
SELECT ?x
WHERE {
  ?x rdf:type C1 .
  ?x rdf:type C2 .
  ?x P1 ?y .
  ?y rdf:type C3 .
}
```



- Programming the Semantic Web requires new concepts
- Linked Open Data
  - ◆ High volume, Varied data, Varying schemata
- Schema-level indices
  - ◆ Efficient approximative computation
  - ◆ High accuracy
- Applications
  - ◆ Search
  - ◆ Analysis
  - ◆ ... (many more)

Thank you!

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