

Dimension-Free Exponentiated Gradient a.k.a. Gradient Descent without any Parameter

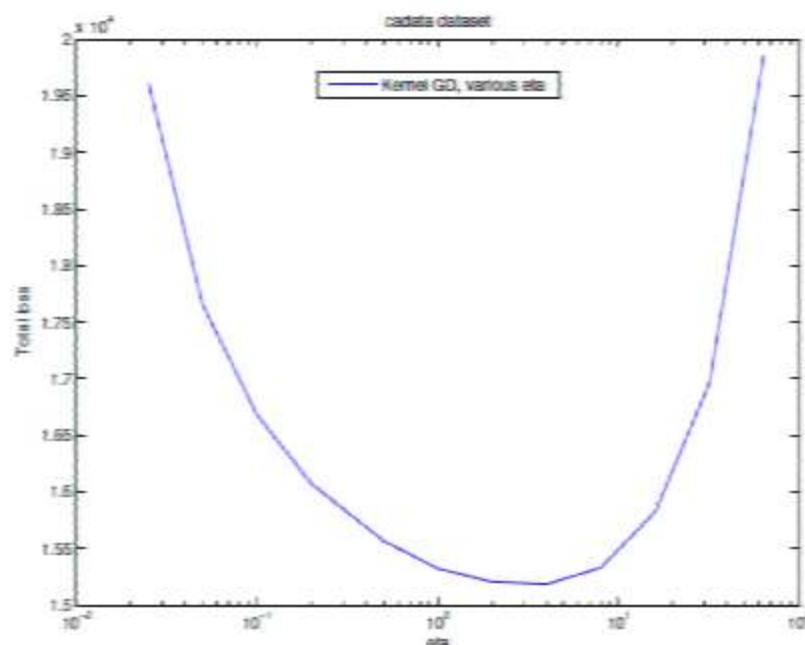
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What is Online Learning?

- Sequential prediction over rounds $t = 1, 2, \dots$
- At each round t
 - Learner receives a question $\mathbf{x}_t \in \mathbb{X}$
 - Predicts answer \hat{y}_t
 - Receives “correct” answer $y_t \in Y$ and suffers loss $\ell(\hat{y}_t, y_t)$
- Allows x_t and y_t to be generated by an adversary
- Goal of learner: minimize “Regret” over T rounds
- Online learning “implies” stochastic optimization

Unconstrained Online Learning with Lipschitz Loss

- Learning rate should be $\frac{\eta}{\sqrt{t}}$, e.g. Zinkevich (2003)
- Setting η optimally the regret is $\mathcal{O}(\|\mathbf{u}\|\sqrt{T})$ otherwise $\mathcal{O}((\|\mathbf{u}\|^2 + 1)\sqrt{T})$
- Unfortunately the optimal η depends on the *future*



An Improved Lower Bound

Bad news: The optimal rate $\mathcal{O}(\|\mathbf{u}\|\sqrt{T})$ cannot be achieved!

Theorem

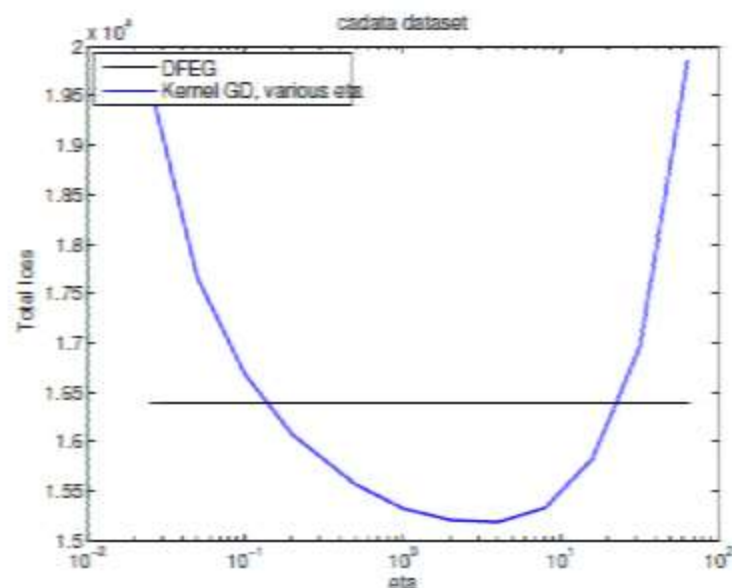
- Regret against $\mathbf{u} = 0$ is 0 \Rightarrow Regret against other \mathbf{u} is $\Omega(T)$
- Regret against $\mathbf{u} = 0$ is $\epsilon > 0 \Rightarrow$ Regret against other \mathbf{u} is $\Omega\left(\|\mathbf{u}\|\sqrt{T}\sqrt{\log\frac{\|\mathbf{u}\|\sqrt{T}}{\epsilon}}\right)$

Is it possible to obtain this regret without having to tune any parameter?

See also Streeter and McMahan (2012)

Dimension-Free Exponentiated Gradient

- FTRL with a new regularizer, and new analysis
- Parameter-free
- Same complexity of SGD
- Dimension-Free \Rightarrow Kernelizable



Theorem

For any sequence of Lipschitz convex losses

$$\text{Regret}(T) \leq \mathcal{O} \left(\|\mathbf{u}\| \sqrt{T} \left(\ln \left(T^{1.5} \|\mathbf{u}\| \right) - 1 \right) \right)$$

See how at poster **Sun13**

Do you like adaptive algorithms? Read my other paper too: Kpotufe&Orabona, "Regression-tree Tuning in a Streaming Setting"