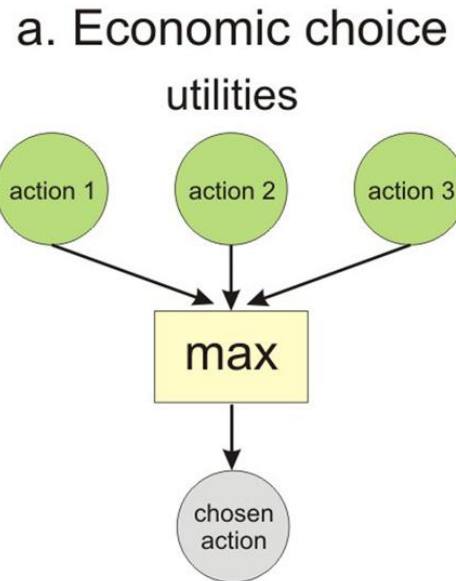


The Role of Medial Prefrontal Cortex in Uncertainty-based Decision Making in Rats

Nace Mikuš – Contact: nace.mikus@meduniwien.ac.at

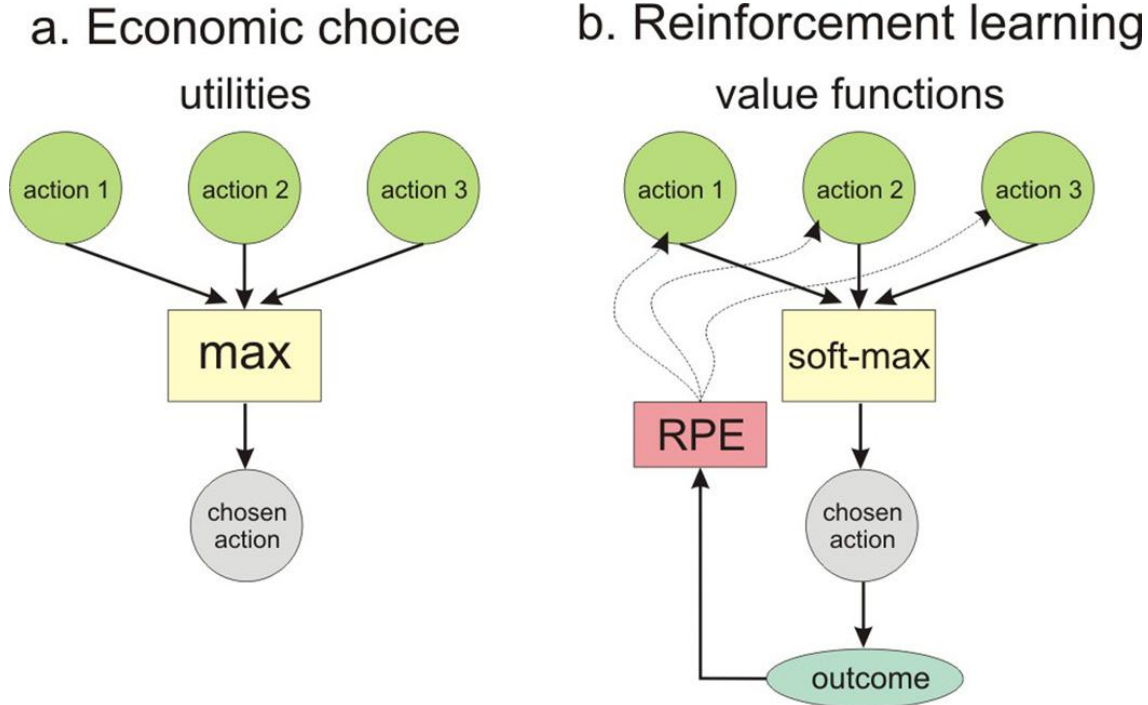
Introduction



Von Neumann & Morgenstern 1944

Lee, et al. 2013

Introduction



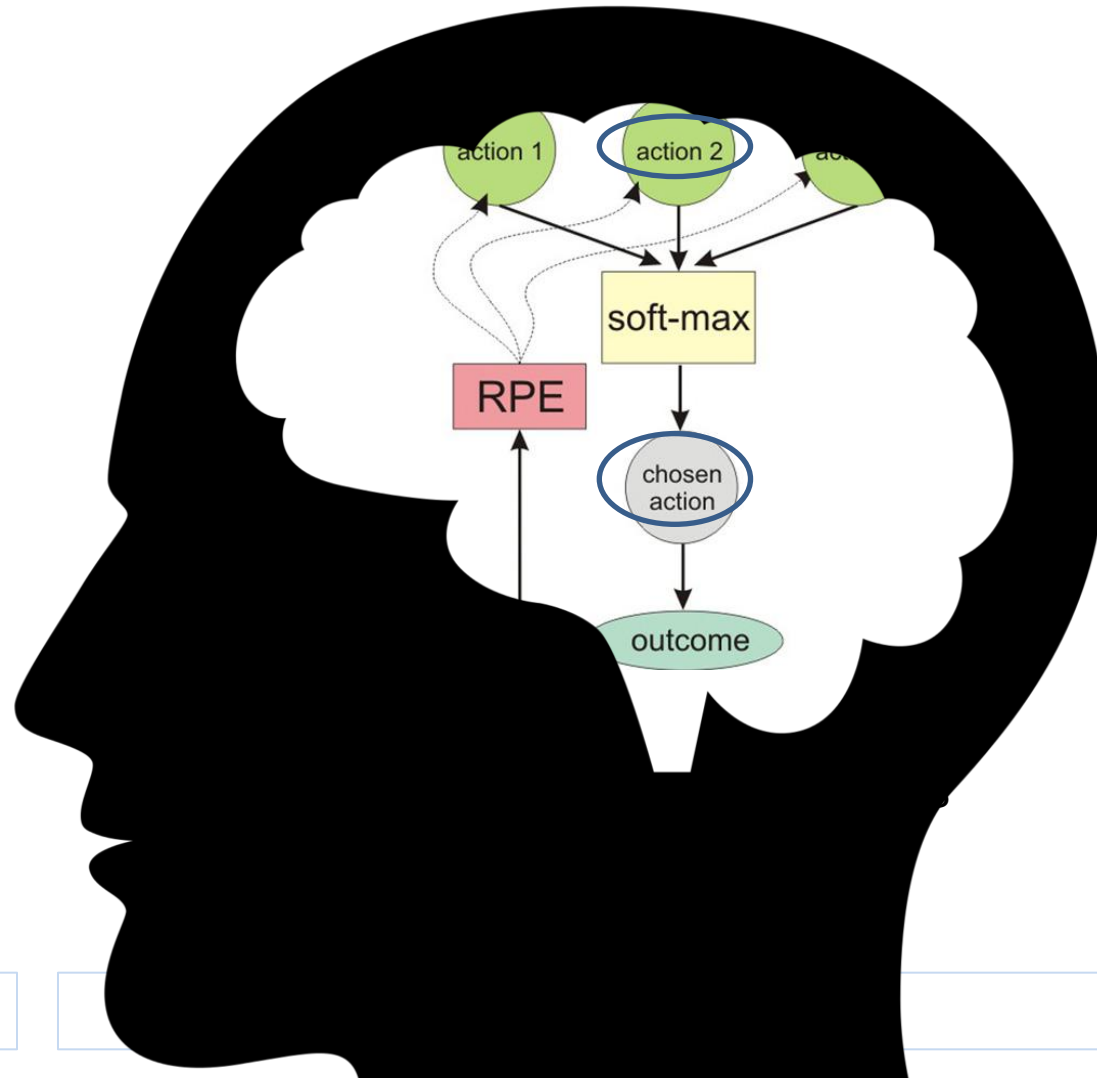
Von Neumann & Morgenstern 1944

Sutton and Barto 1998

Lee, et al. 2013

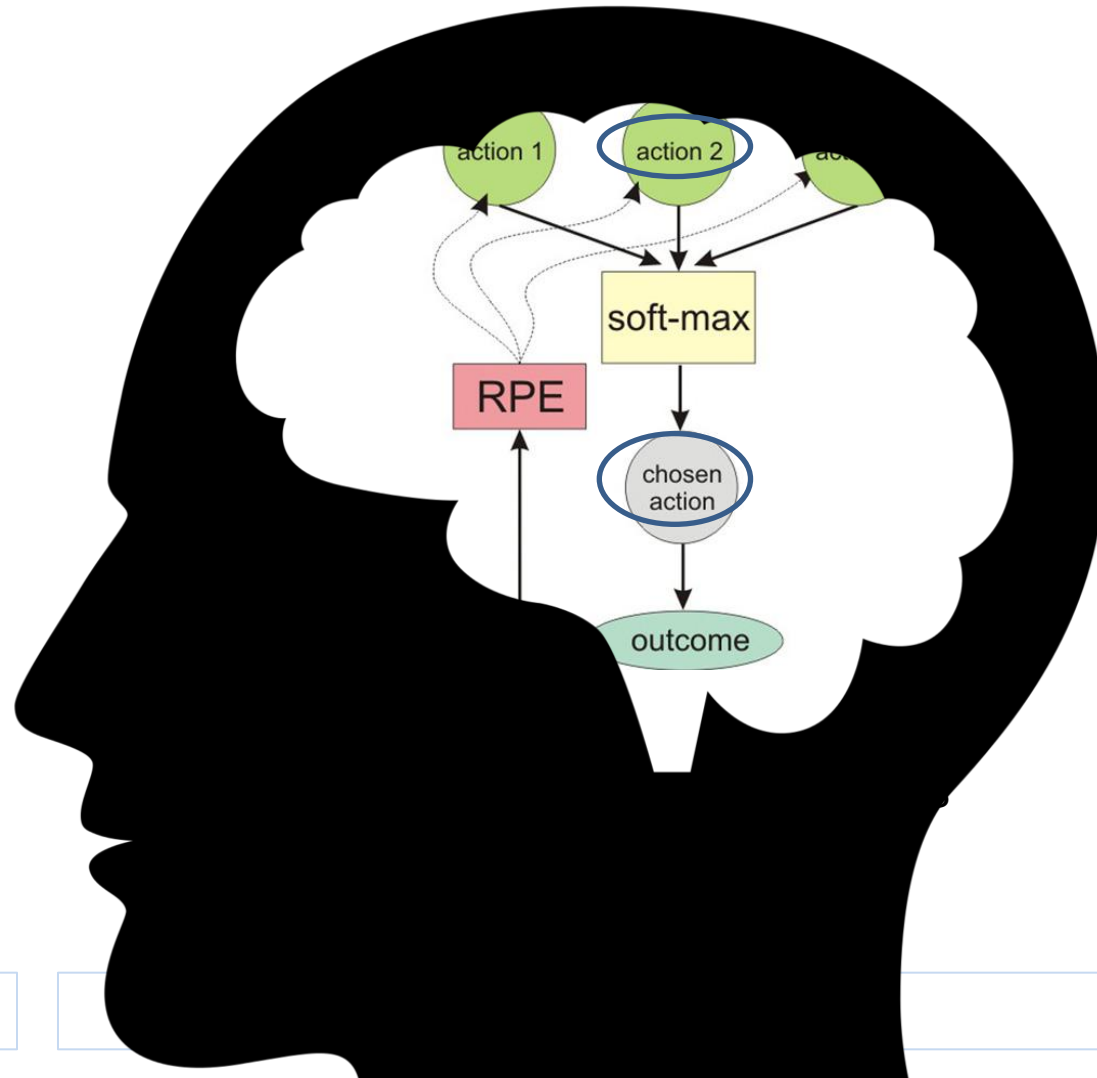
Introduction

How?



Introduction

Where?

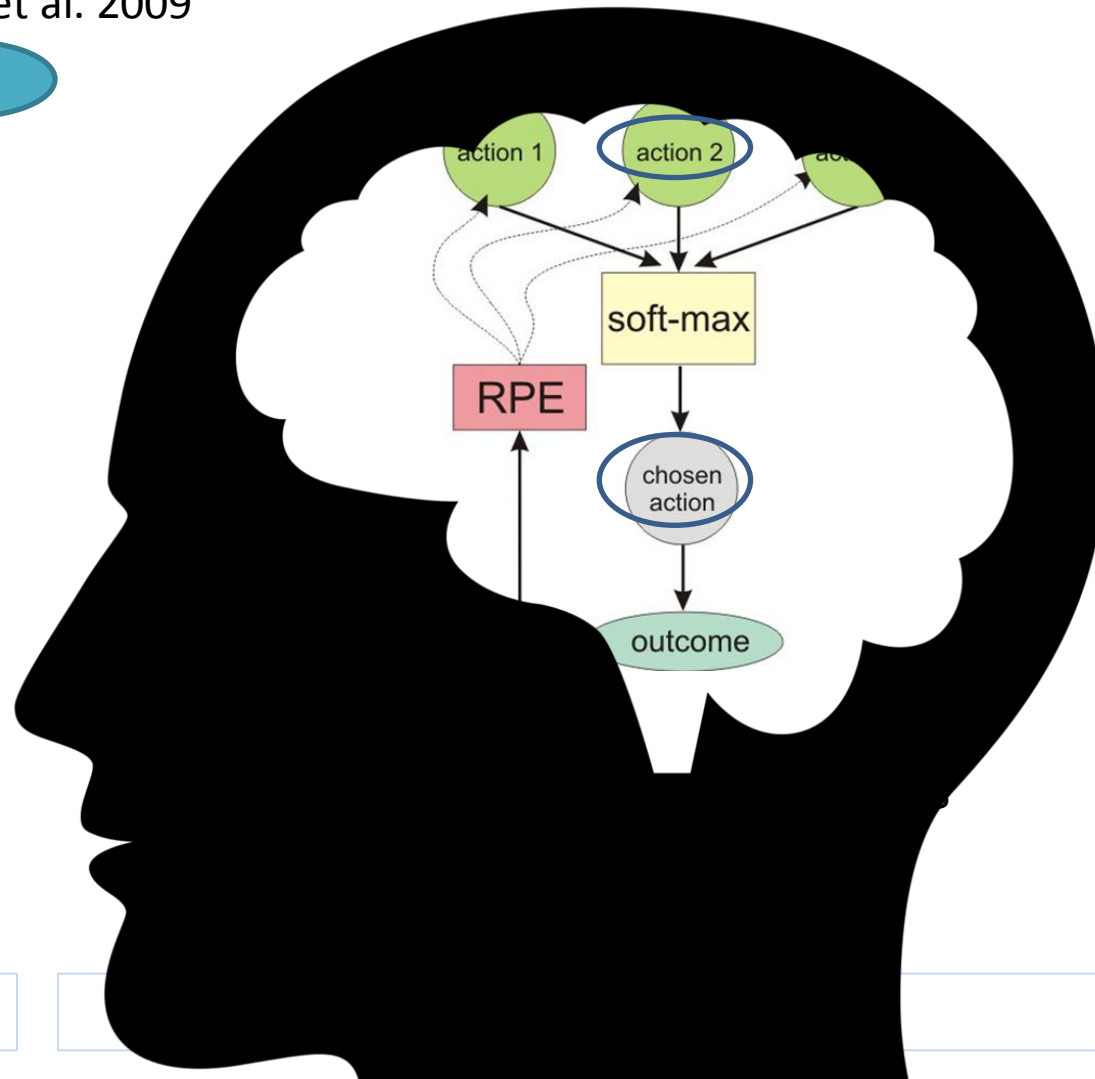


Introduction

Platt & Glimcher
1999, Seo et al. 2009

pPC

Where?



Lee, et al. 2013

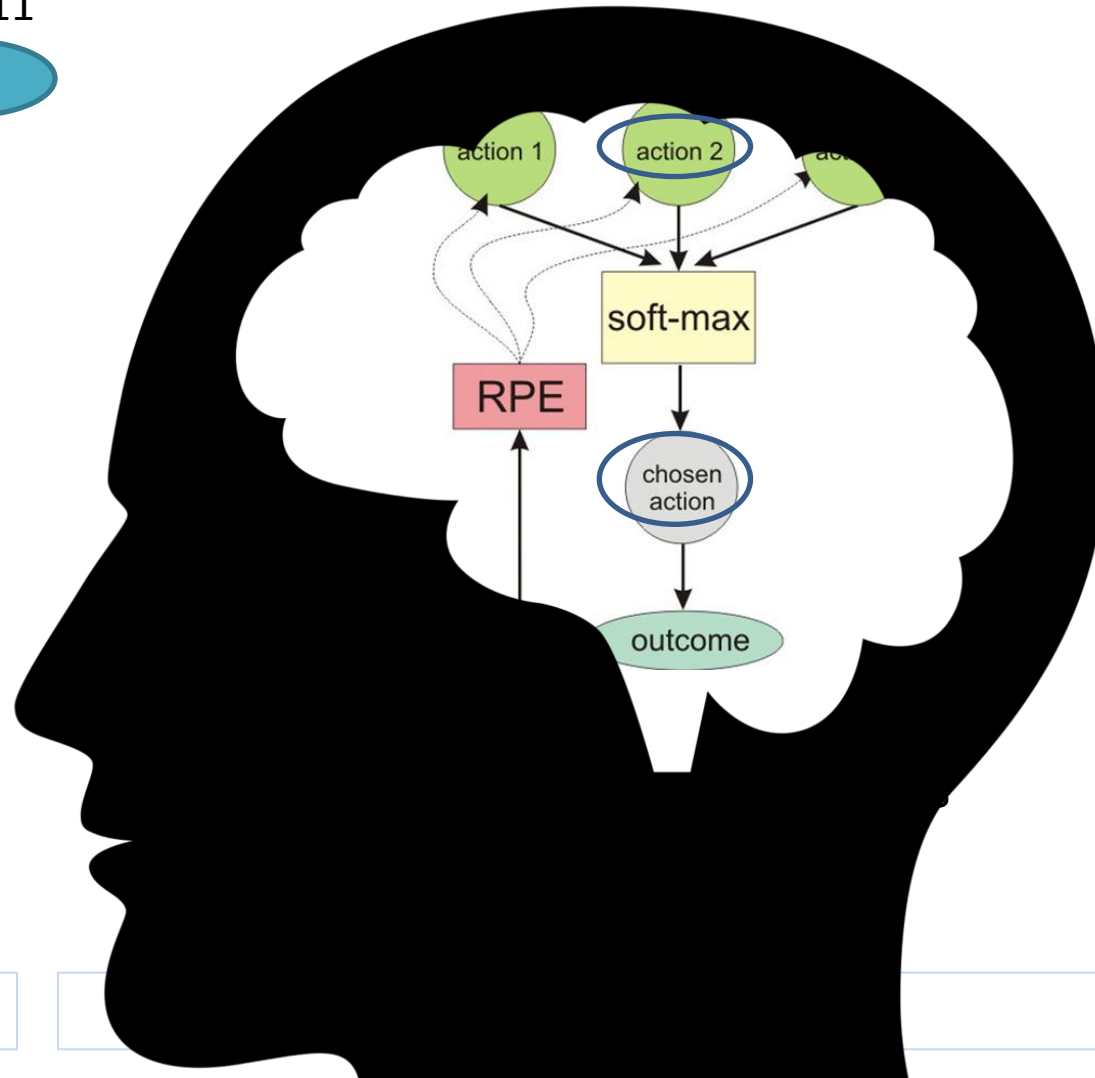
Introduction

Pastor-Bernier & Cisek 2011

Premotor C.

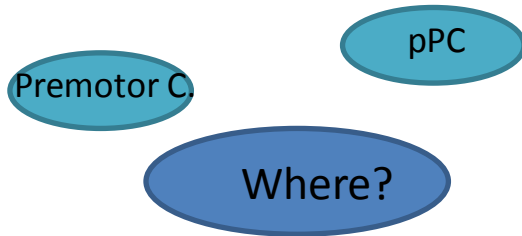
pPC

Where?

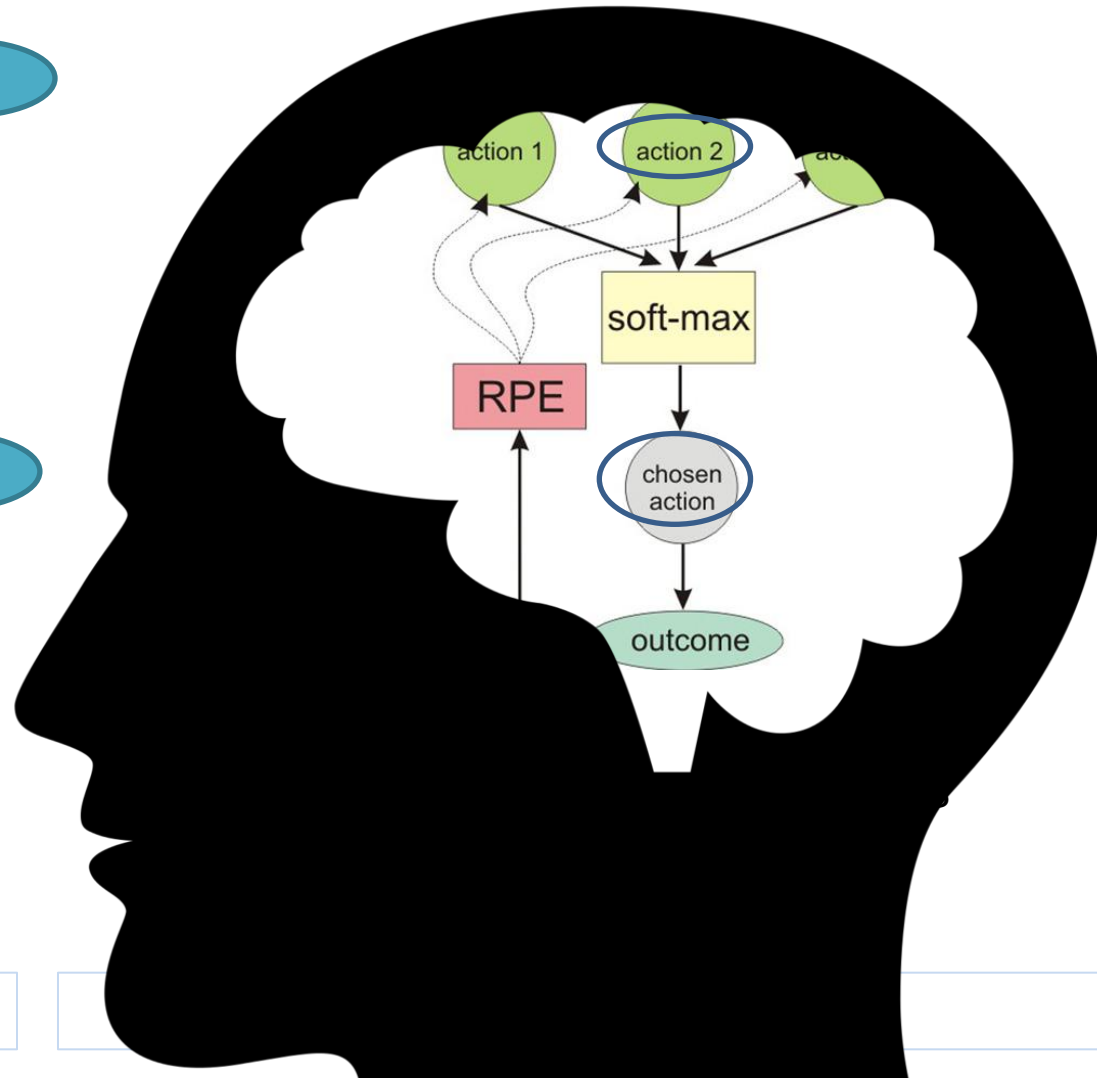


Lee, et al. 2013

Introduction

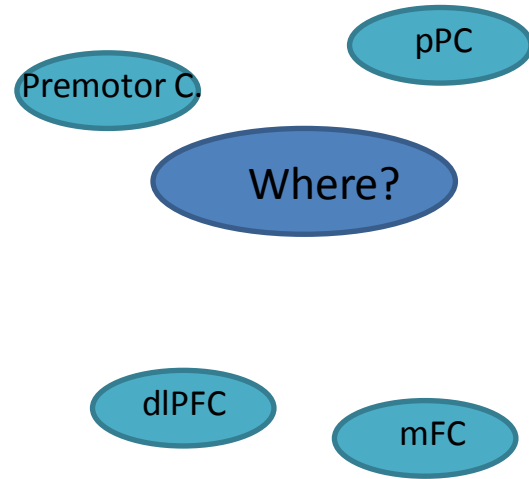


Seo&Lee 2007, 2009,
Sul et al. 2010

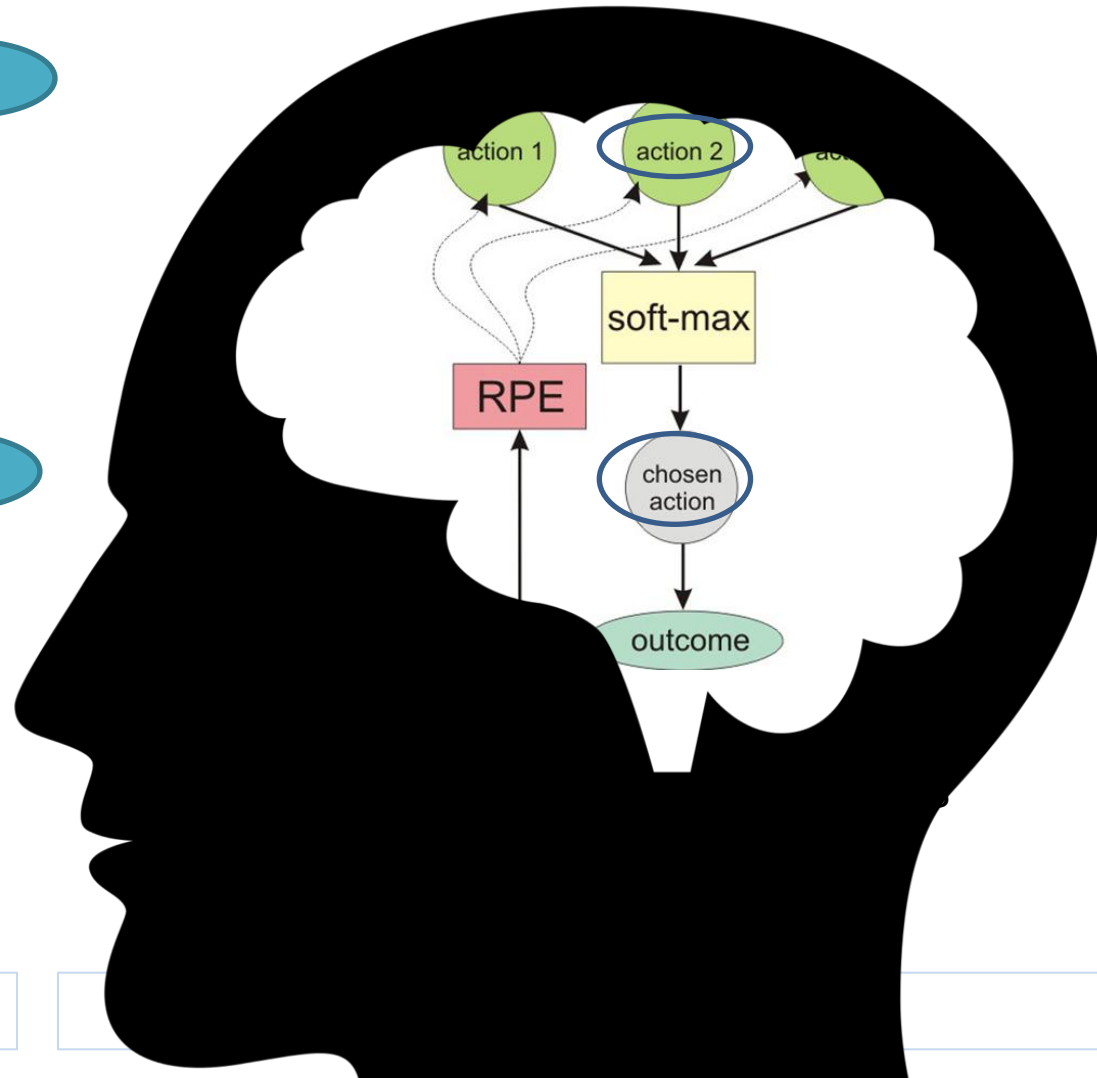


Lee, et al. 2013

Introduction



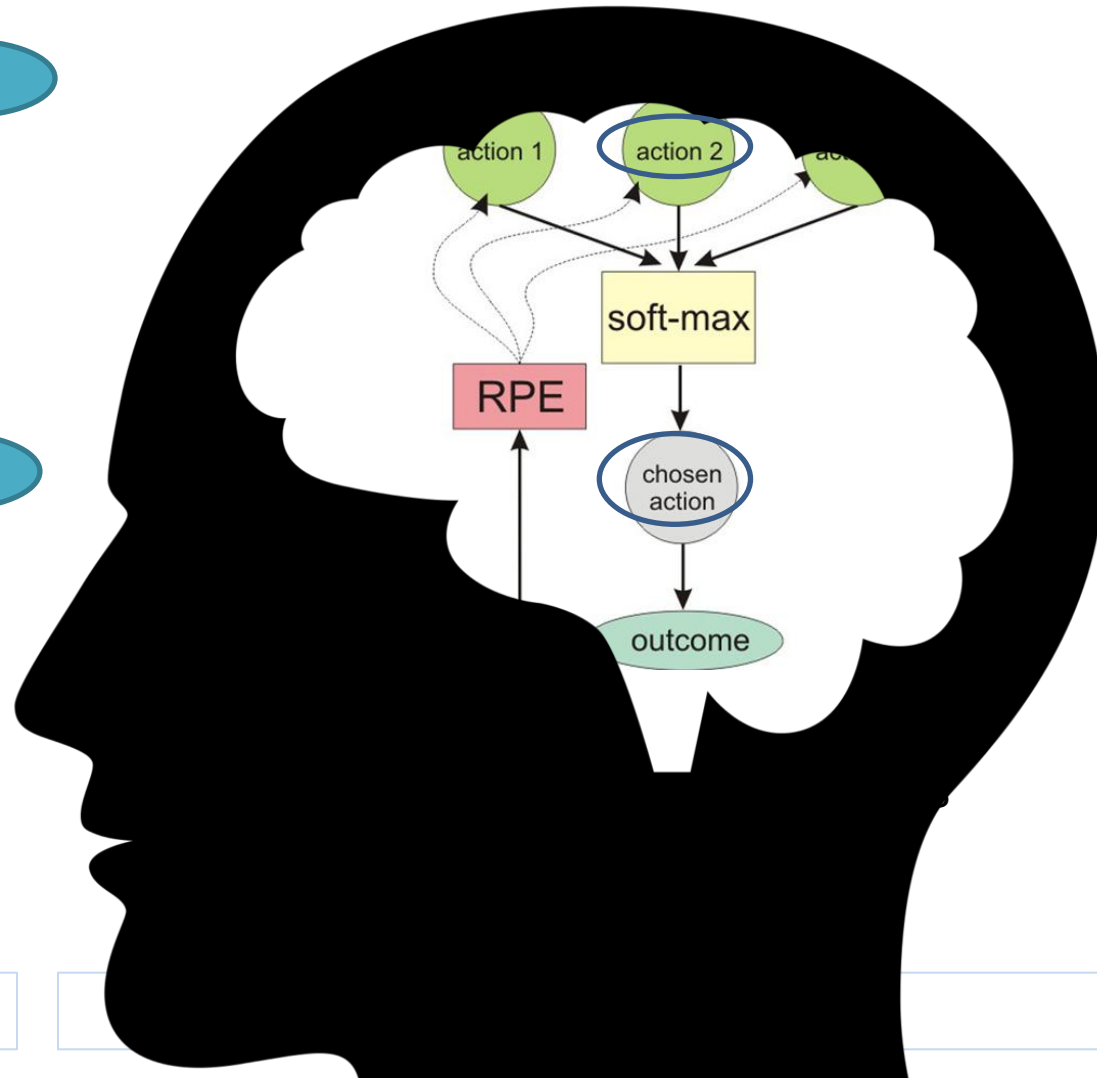
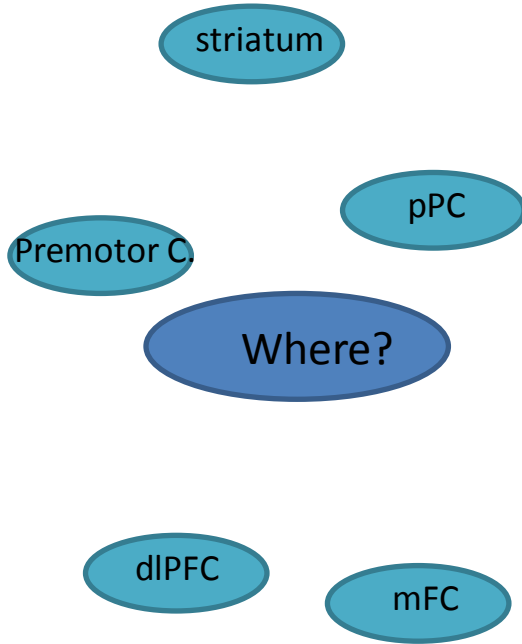
Baraclough et al. 2004,
Kim et al. 2008



Lee, et al. 2013

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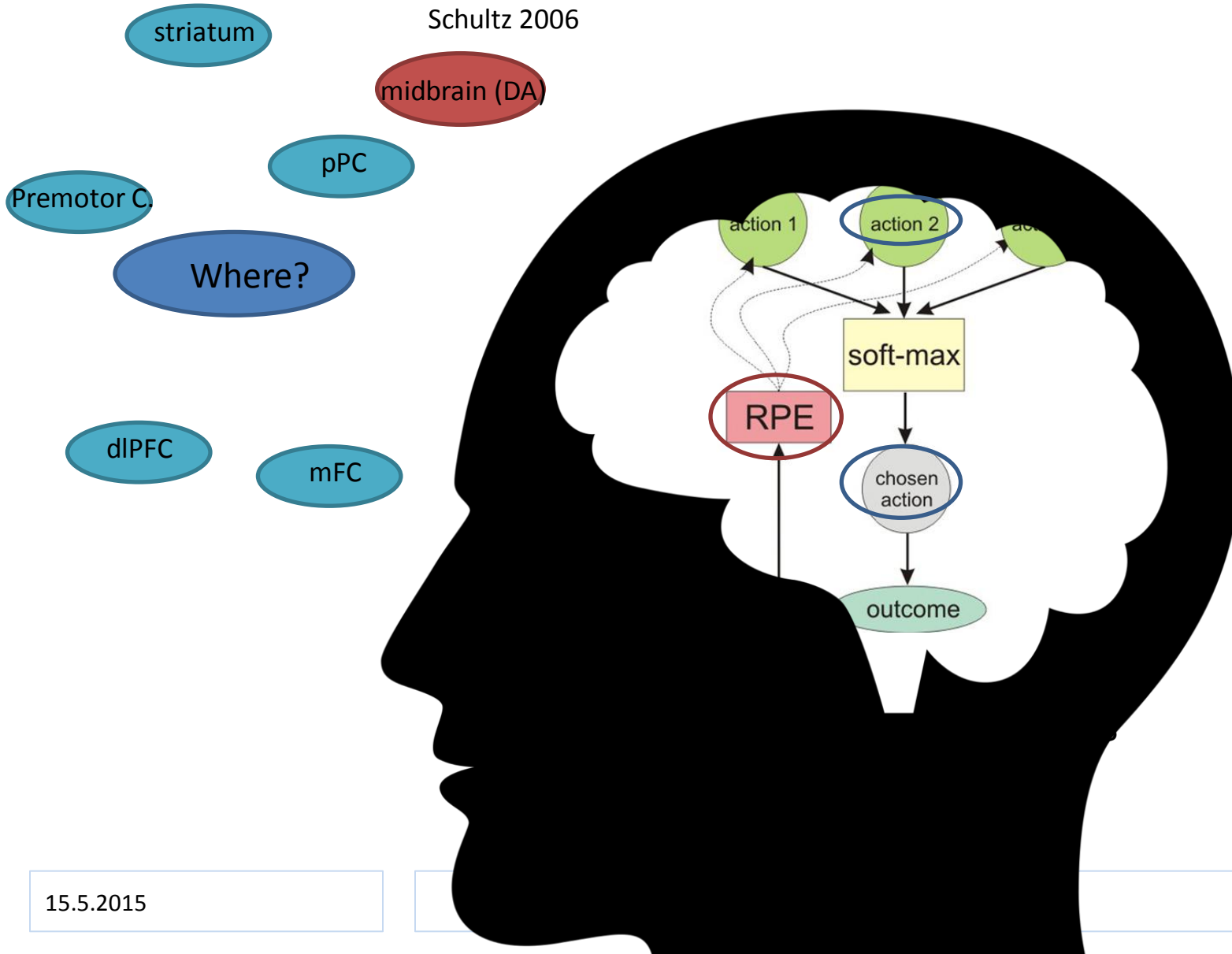
Samejima et al. 2005,
Lau & Glimcher 2008



Lee, et al. 2013

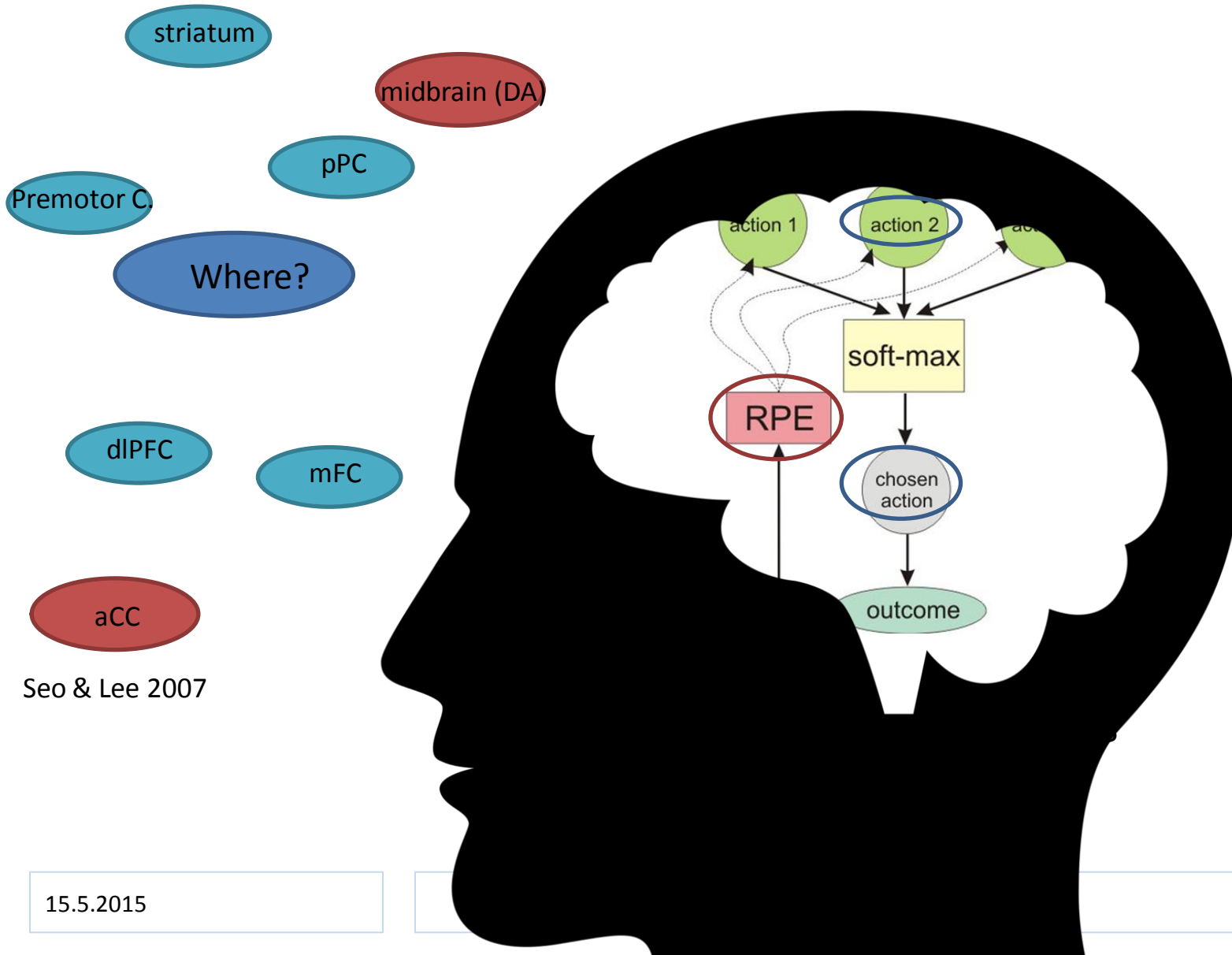
Introduction

Schultz 2006



Lee, et al. 2013

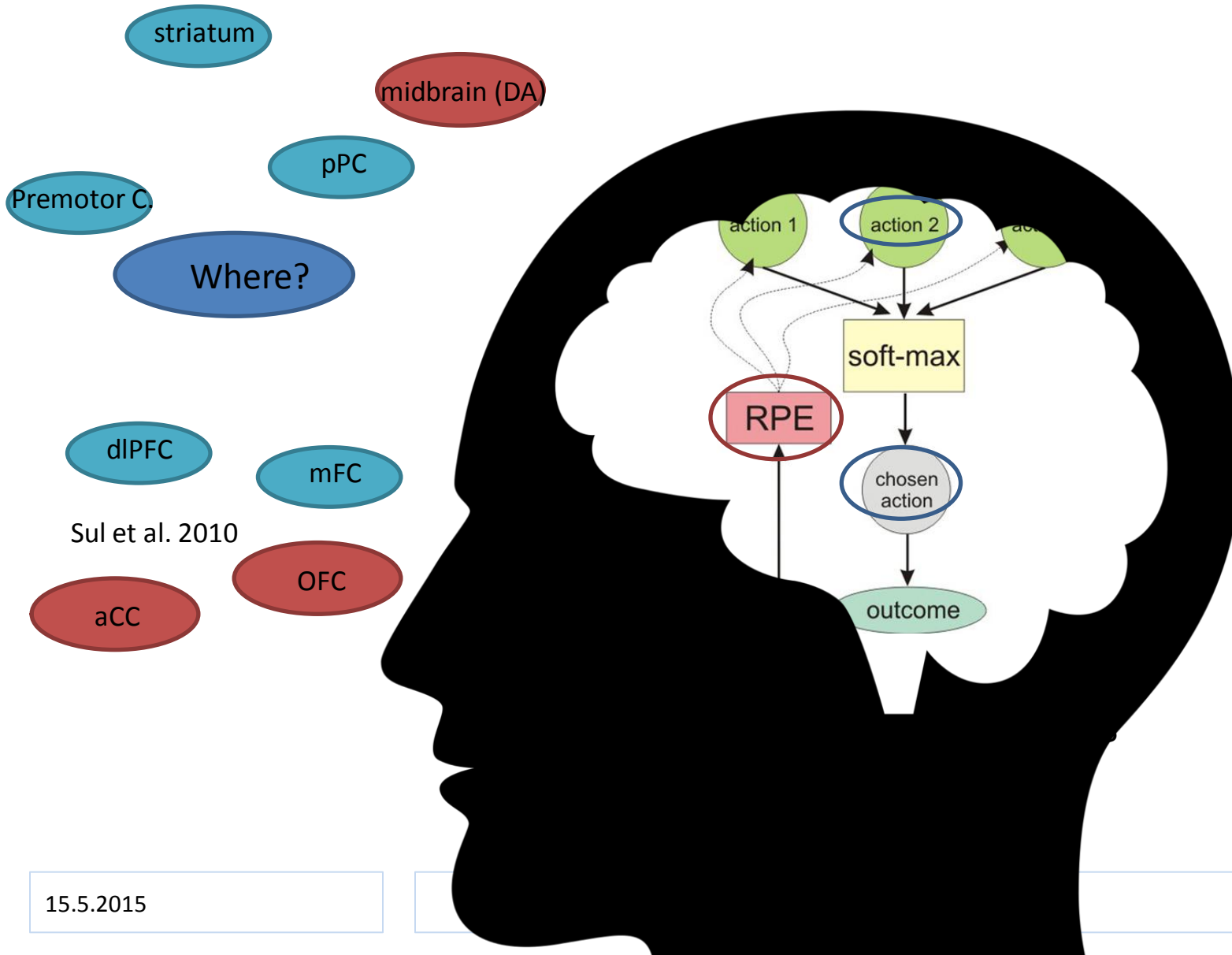
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Seo & Lee 2007

Lee, et al. 2013

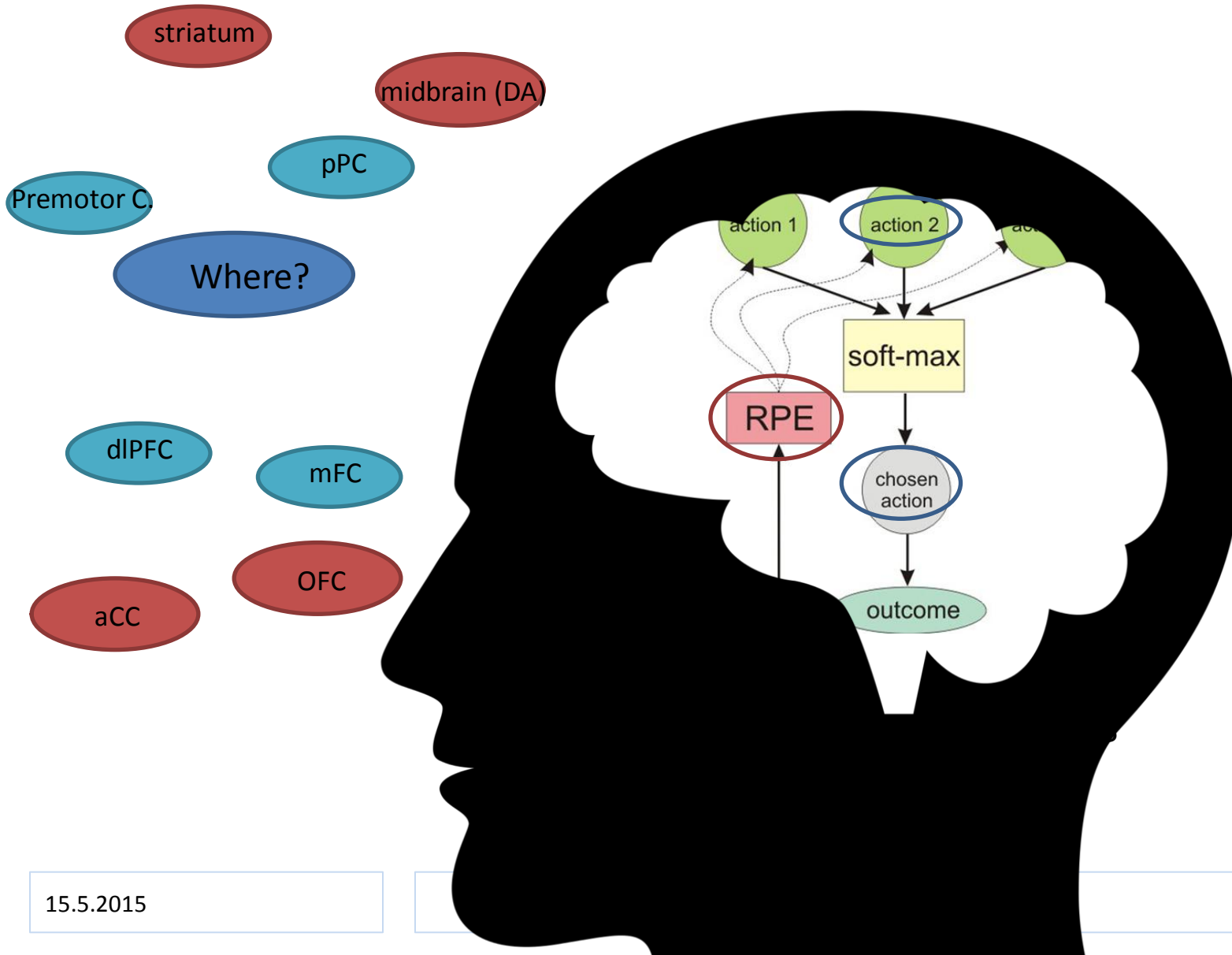
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Lee, et al. 2013

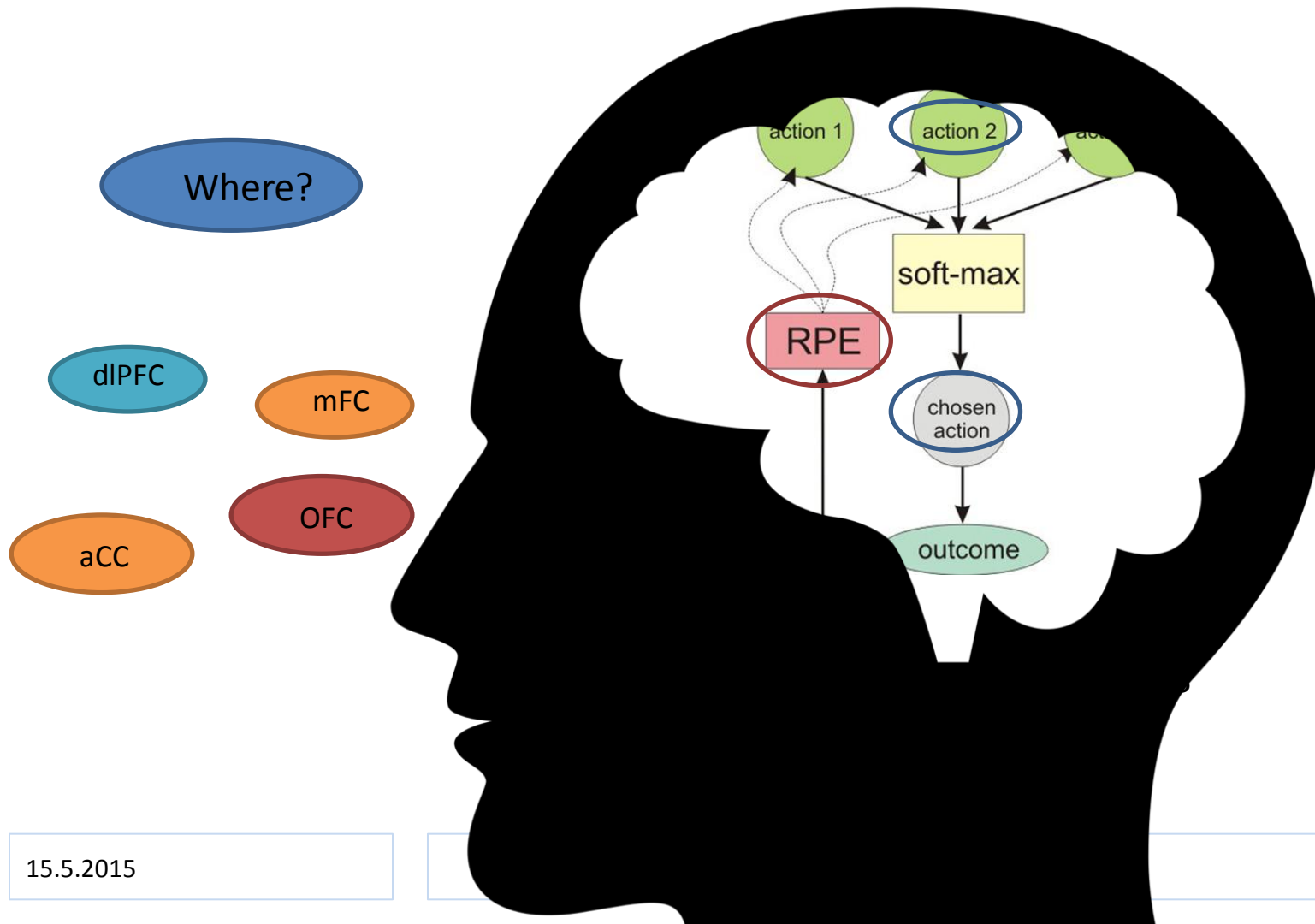
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Kim et al. 2009

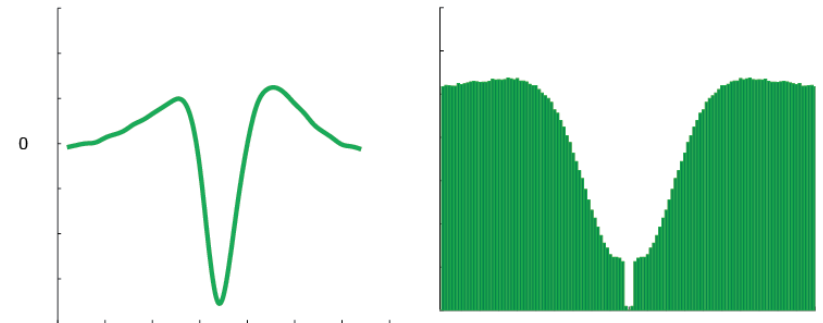
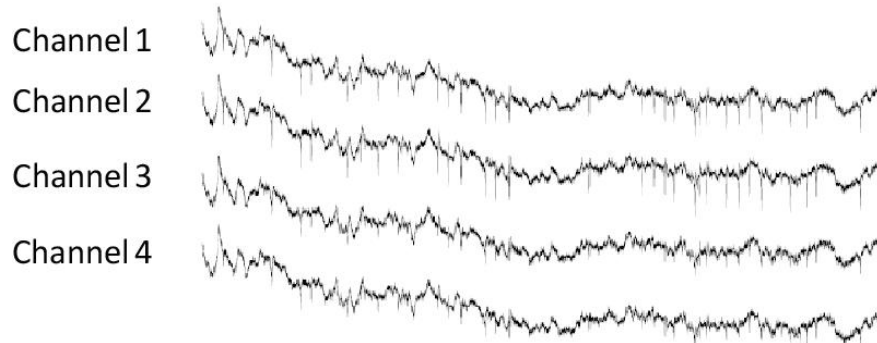
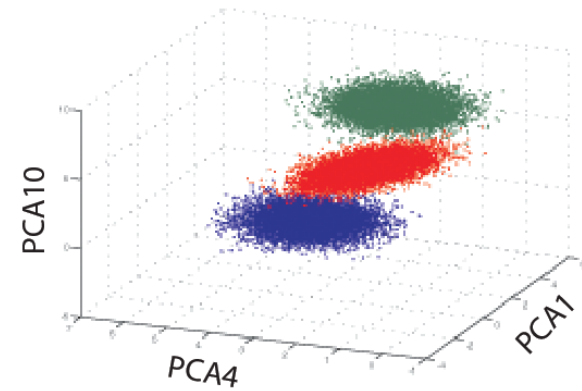
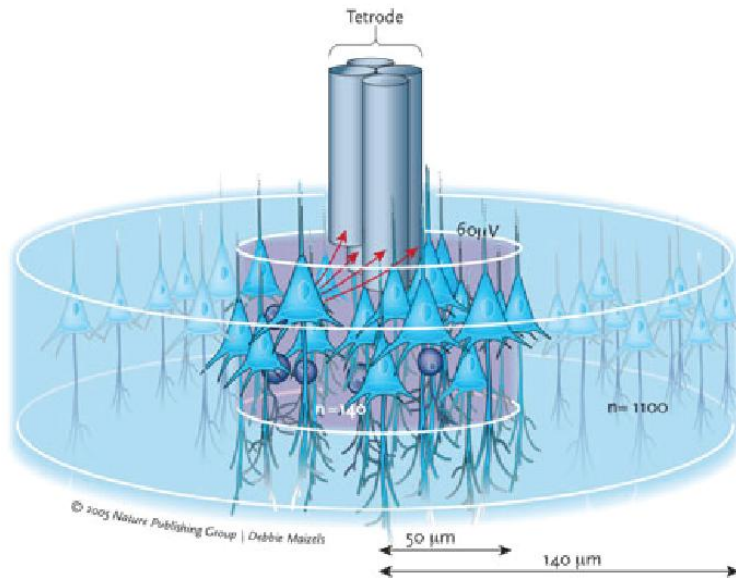


Lee, et al. 2013

Introduction

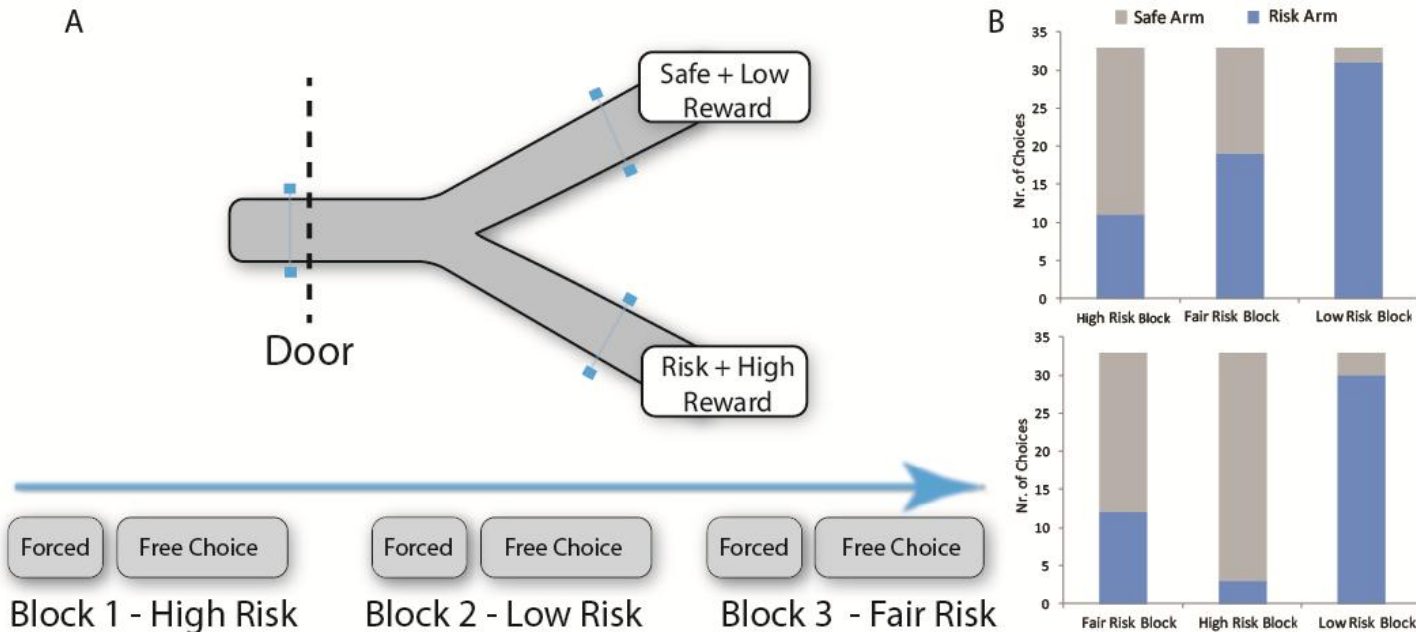


Experimental Outline

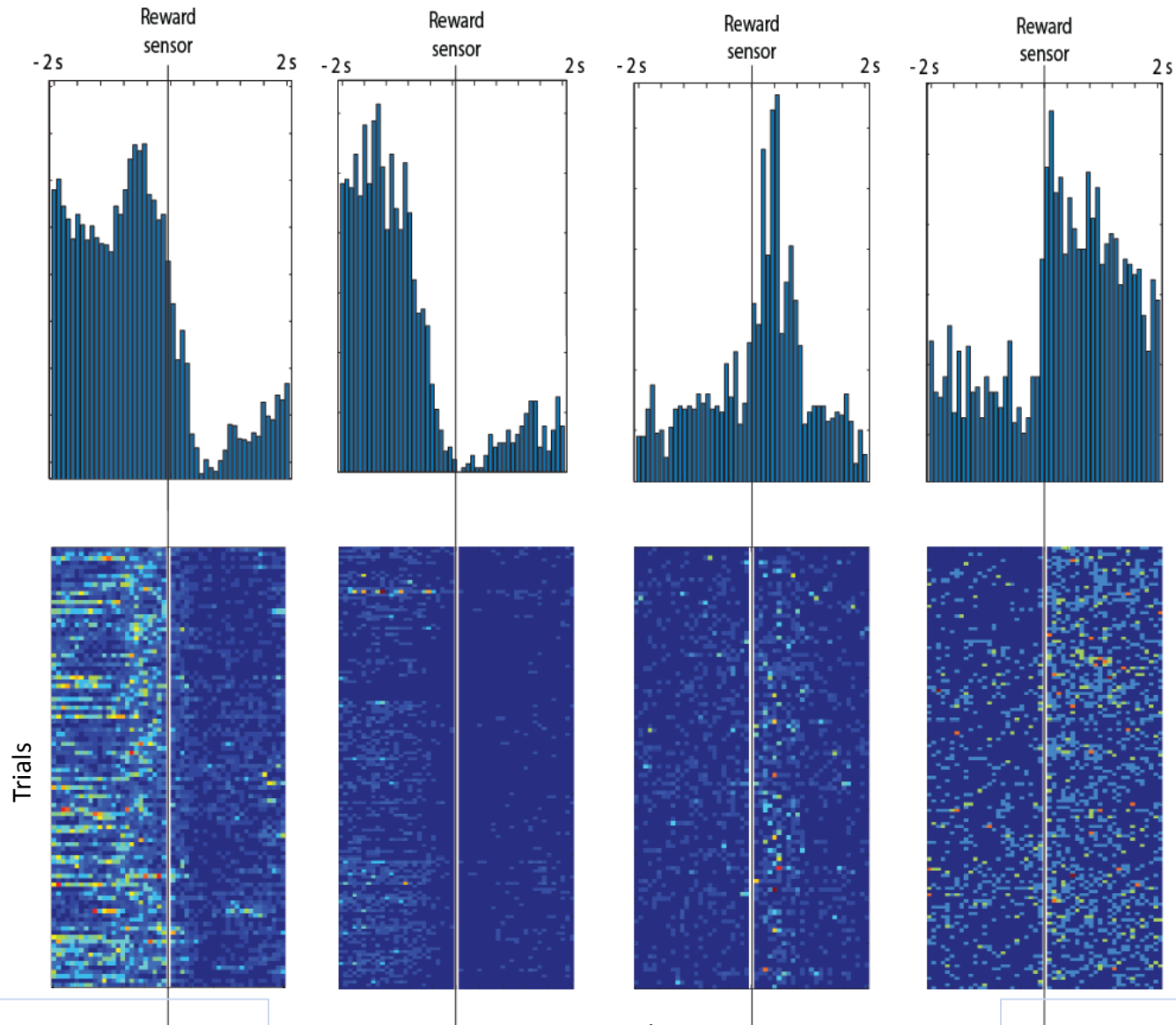


Behavioural Task

- Based on a rodent Iowa gambling Task (St. Onge et al. 2009)



Reward related firing



Reinforcement Learning Model

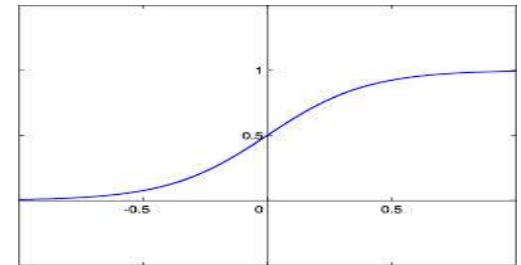
$$RPE = R(t) - Q_{action}(t)$$

$$Q_{action}(t+1) = Q_{action}(t) + \alpha RPE$$

$$Q_{action}(t+1) = Q_{action}(t)$$

$Q_c(t)$ – Chosen Value, $R(t)$ – Choice Outcome, RPE – Reward Prediction Error, α learning rate

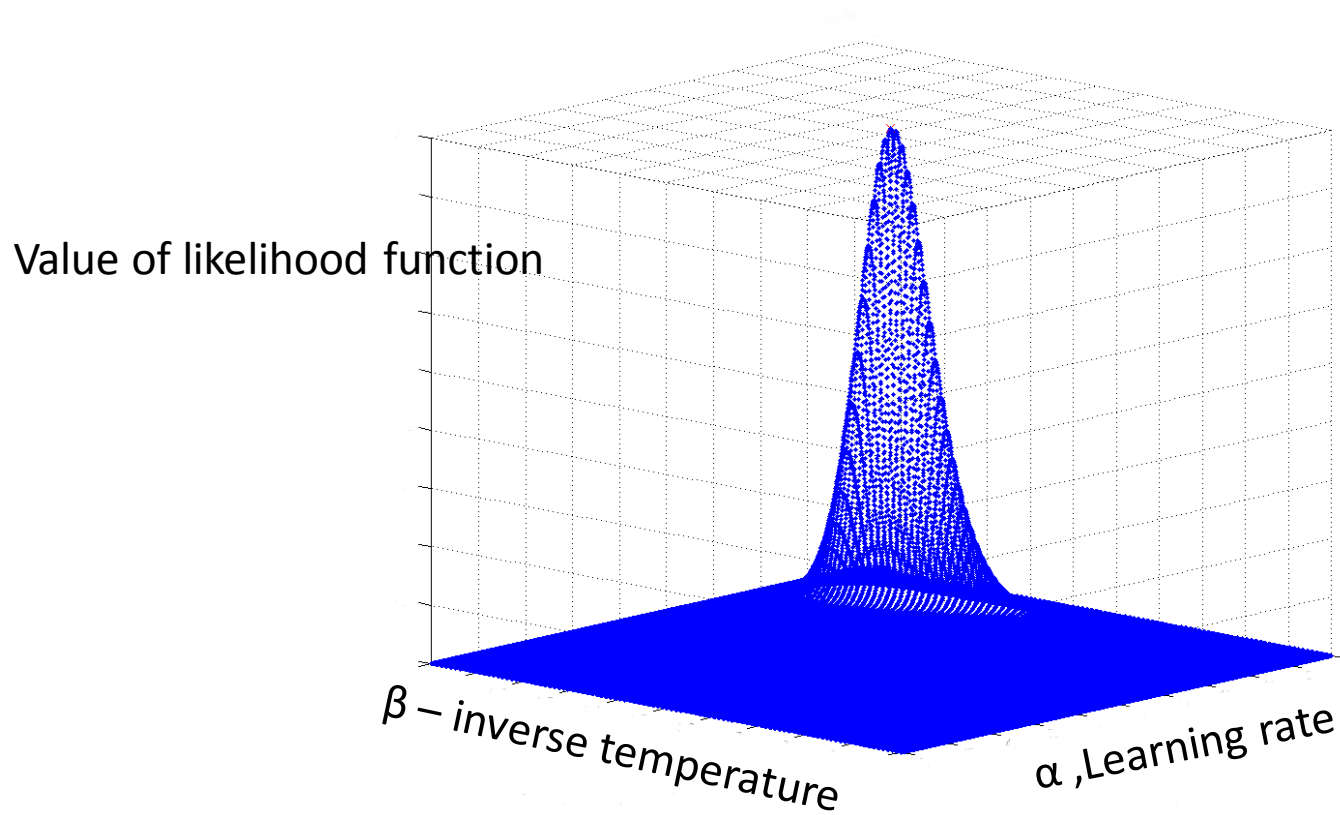
$$p_L(t) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-\beta(Q_L(t) - Q_R(t)))}$$



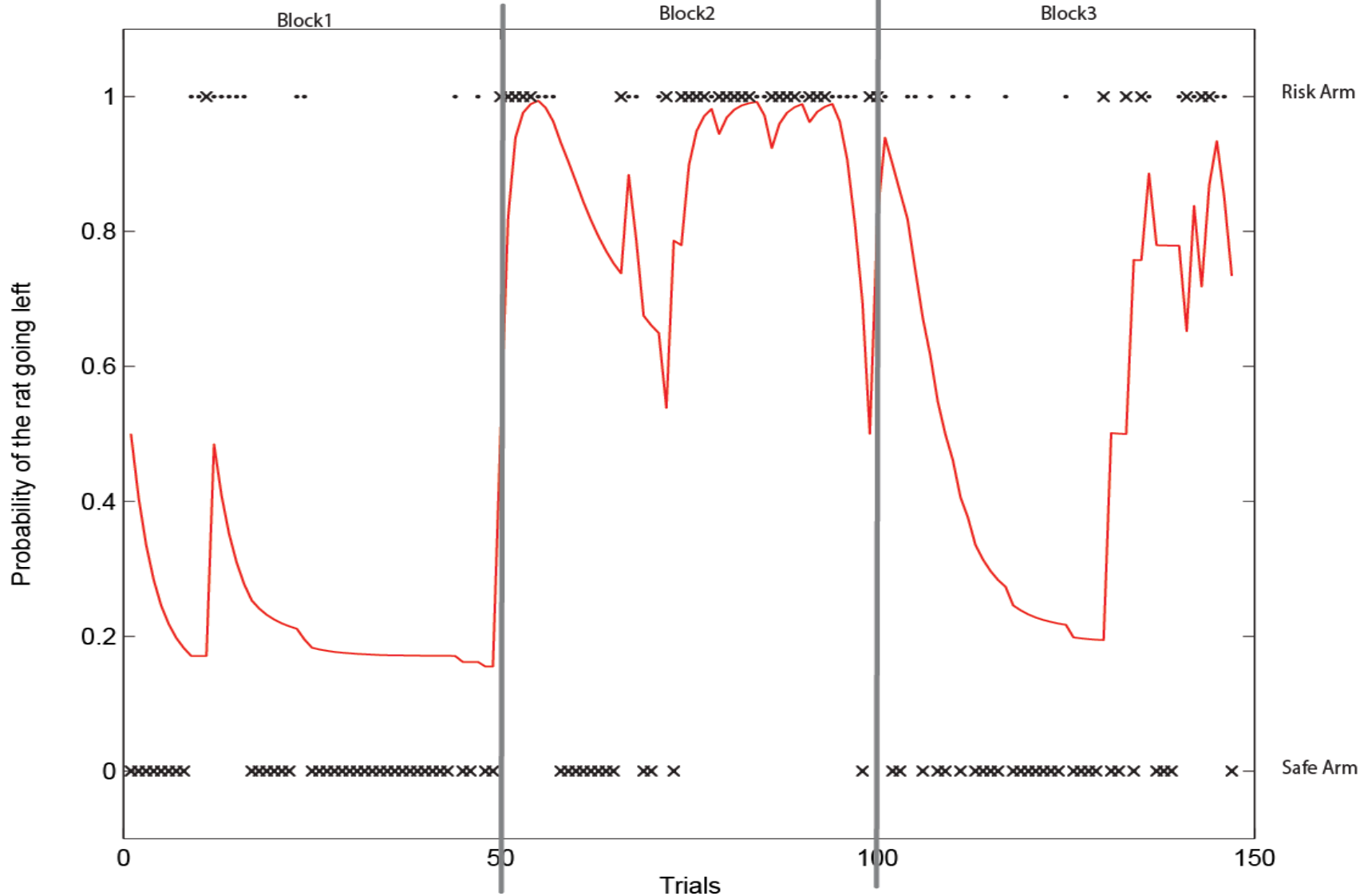
$p_L(t)$ – Probability going to the left, $Q_L(t)$ – Action Value for Left choice, $Q_R(t)$ – Action Value for Right choice, β inverse temperature variable

Reinforcement Learning Model

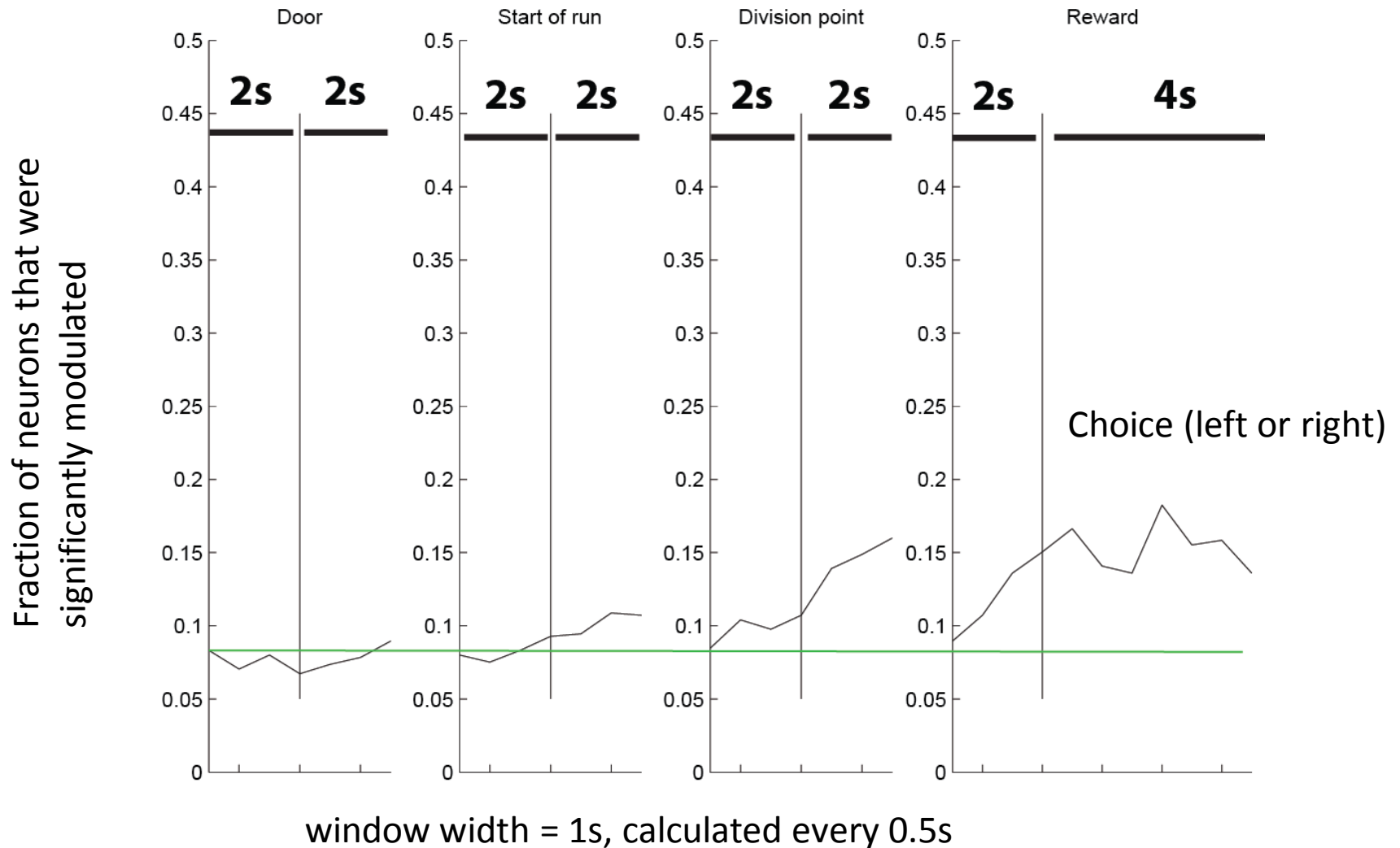
Maximum likelihood estimation



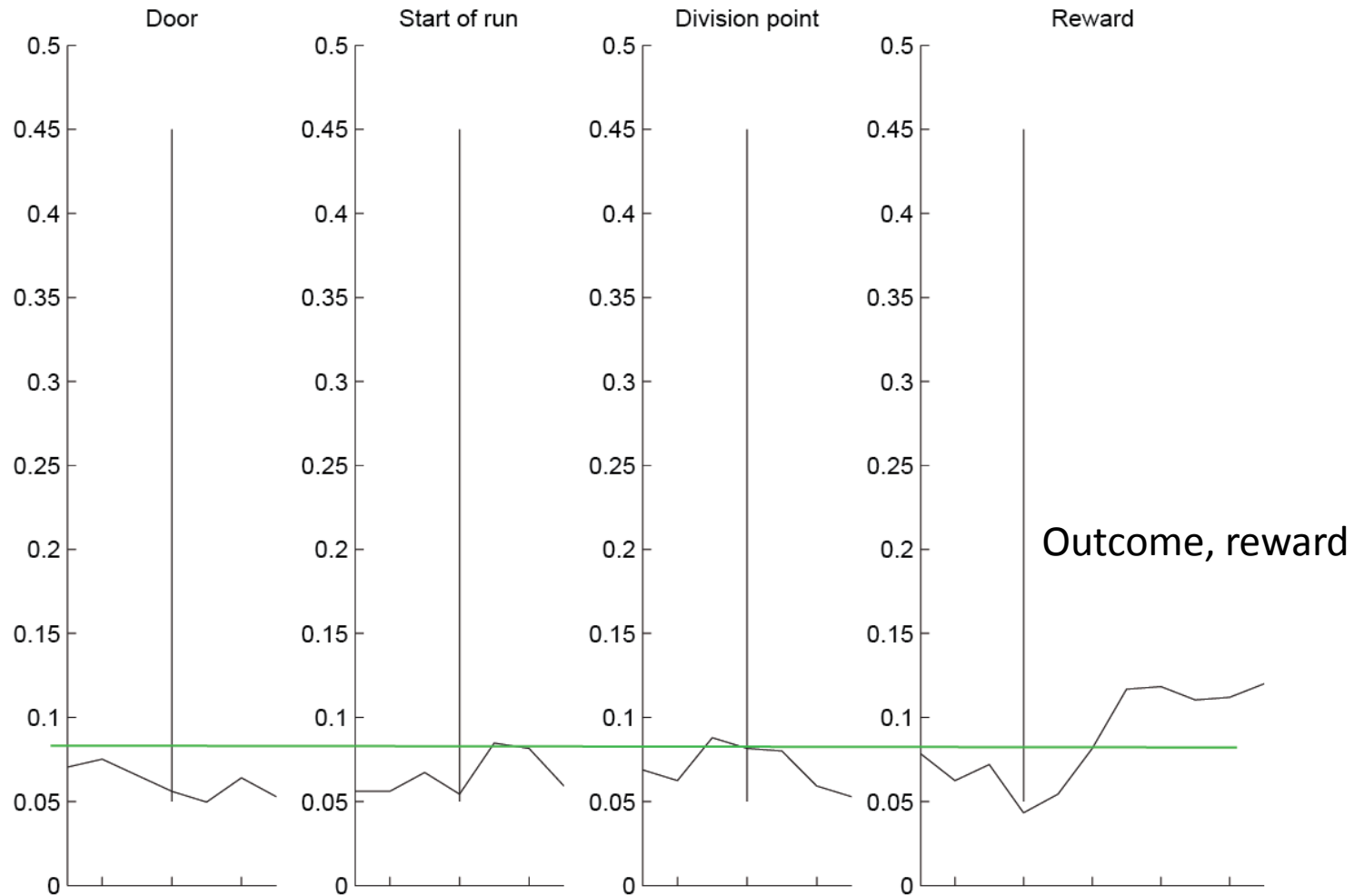
Reinforcement Learning Model



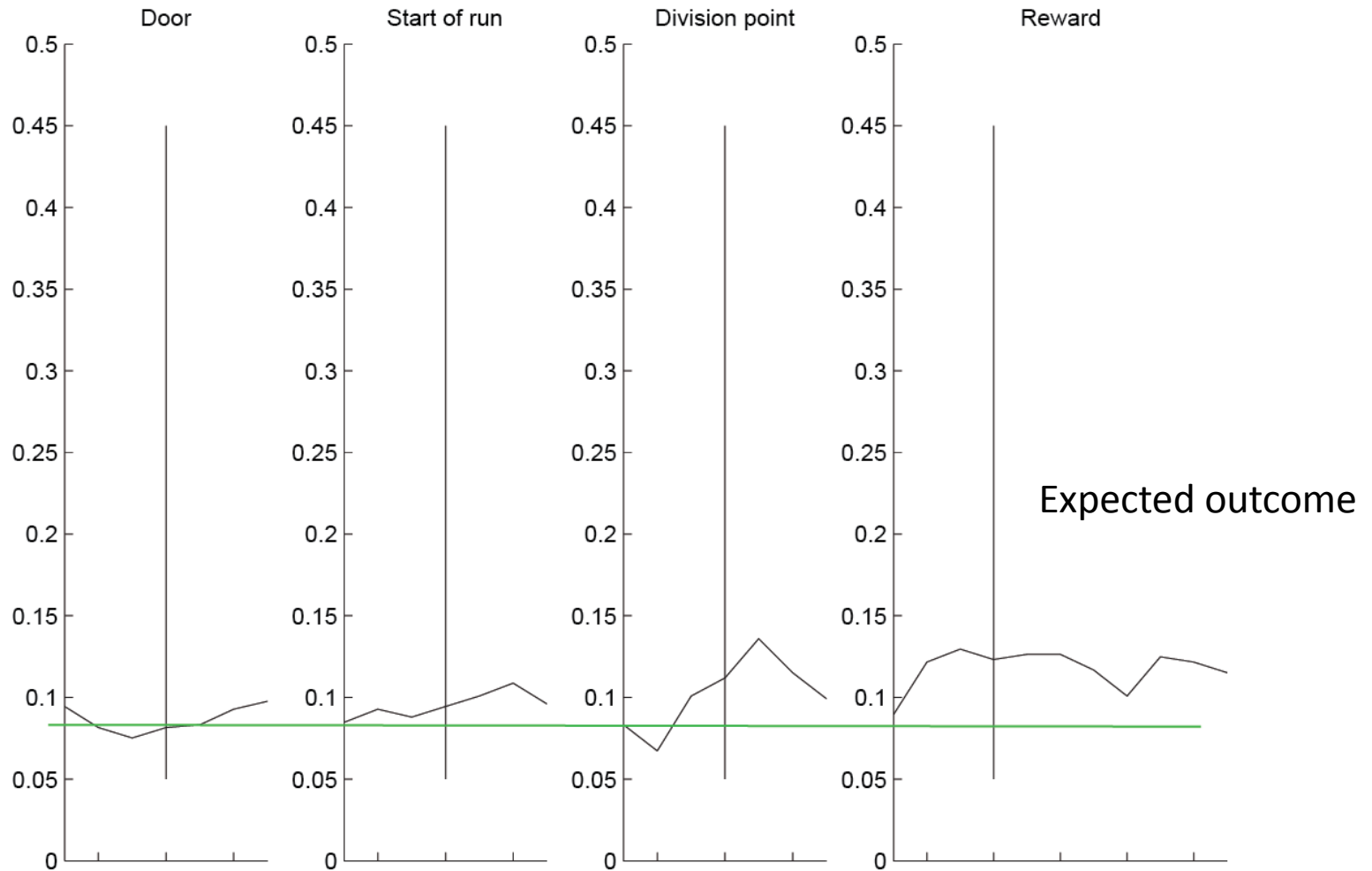
Multi Regression Analysis



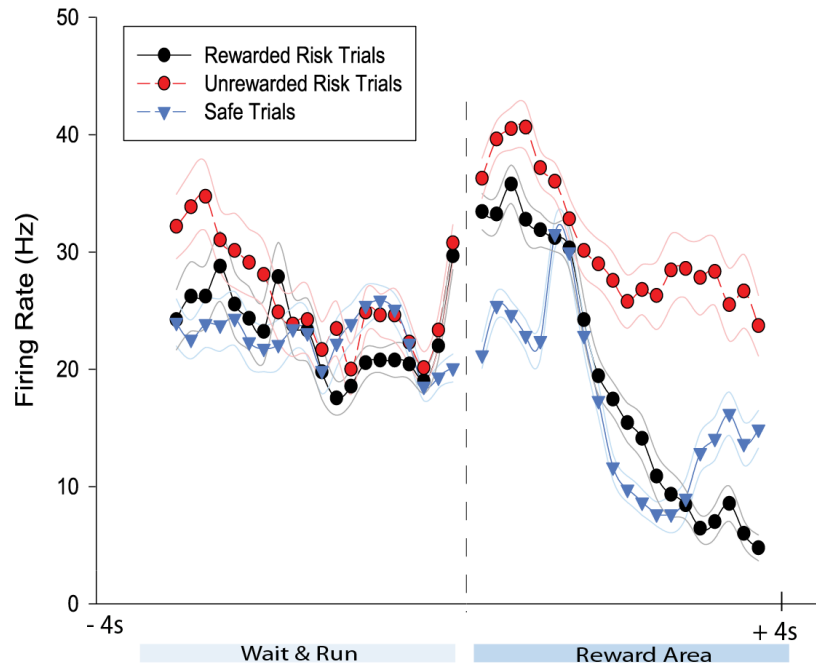
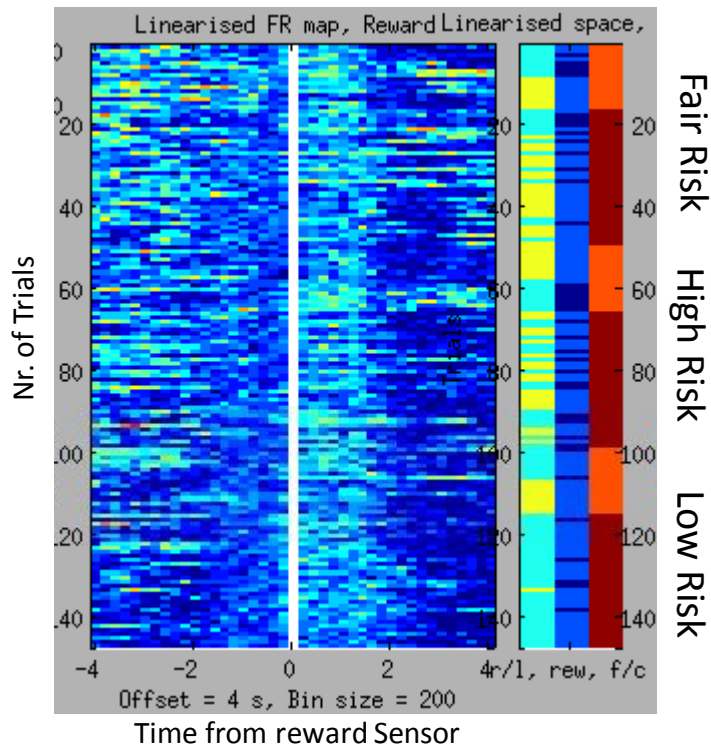
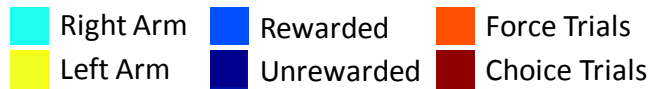
Multi Regression Analysis



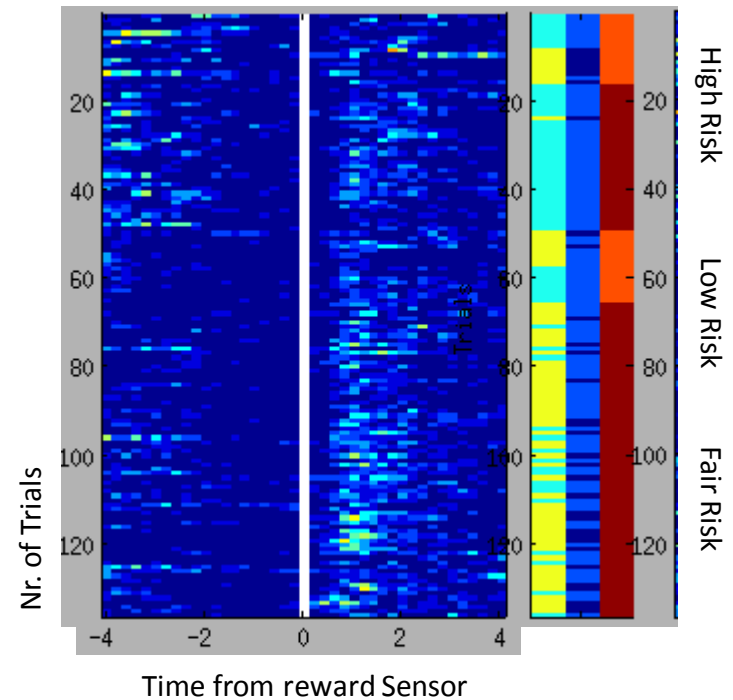
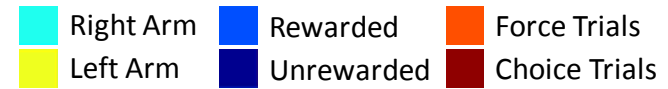
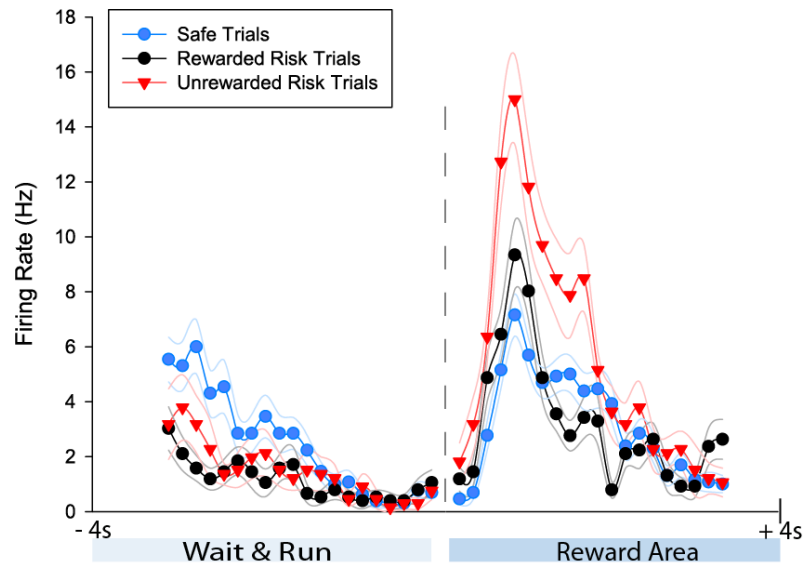
Multi Regression Analysis



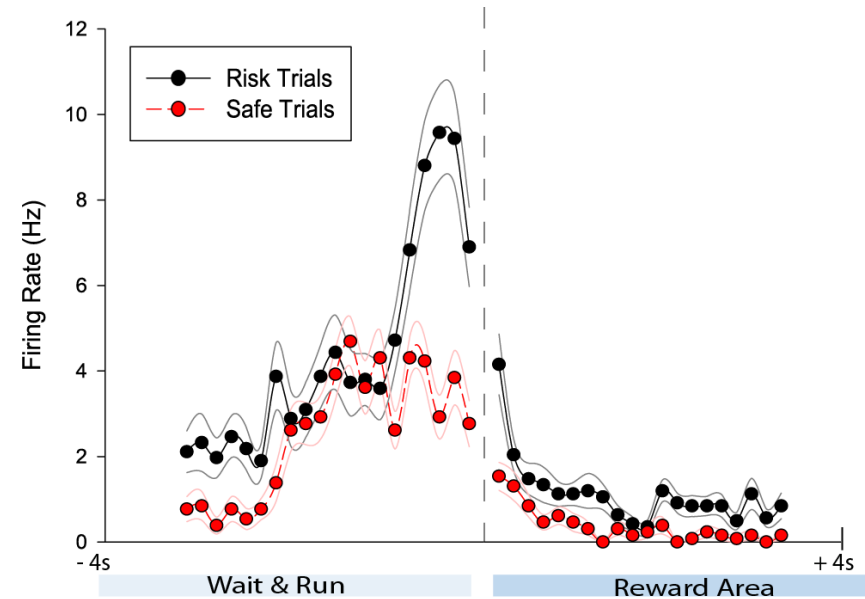
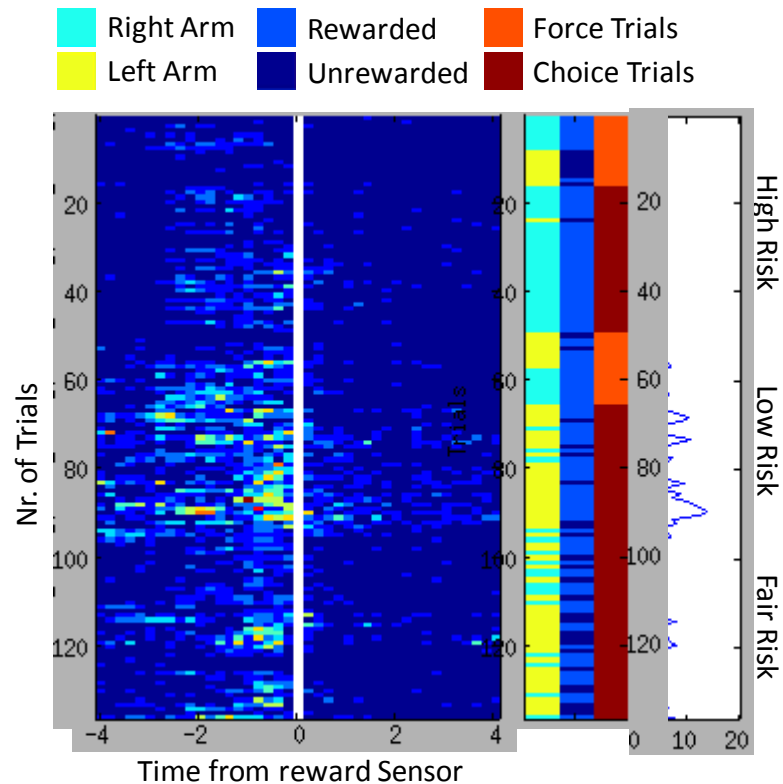
Reward and Error Coding



Reward & Error Coding



High Uncertainty



mPFC involved in decision making under risk?
(Mohr et al. 2010)

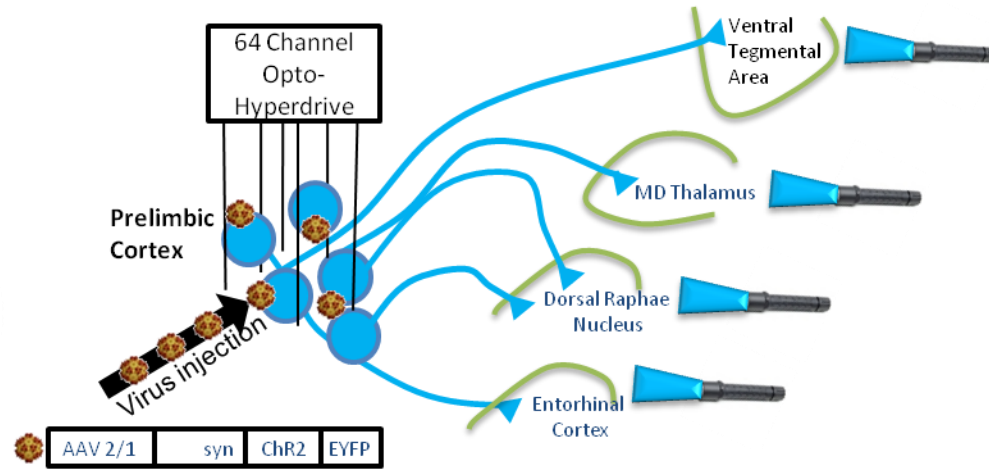
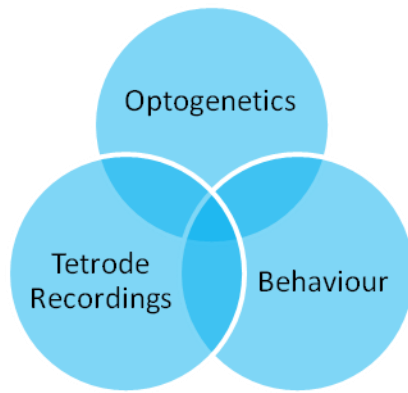
Current “half-time” Conclusions

- There seem to be cells in the mPFC of rats that modulate their activity according to :
 - the future choice (where choice could in be represented by movement direction or spatial location)
 - outcome (1s after the reward sensor)
 - Expected outcome (0.5 s before the rat turns into one of the arms)
- cells that respond differently to risk trials in comparison to safe trials

Further Analysis

- Alternatives to Multiregression Analysis
- Improve the Reinforcement Learning Model

Future Directions





Johannes Passecker

Hugo Malagon-Vina

Stephane Ciochi

Erzsebet Borok

Romana Hauer

And all Tklab
members

Thomas Klausberger

Todor Asenov

ISTA - Miba Machine
Shop

Thank you for your attention.

Thank you for your attention.

Further Slides

- De Vissier20111 injection
- St.Onge et al. 2009 injection sites

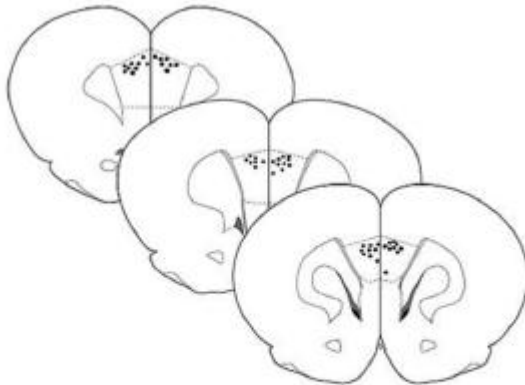


FIGURE 1 | Schematic drawing of coronal sections of rat brain showing the location of cannula tips used for micro infusions into the mPFC. Sections correspond to the atlas of Paxinos and Watson (2005).

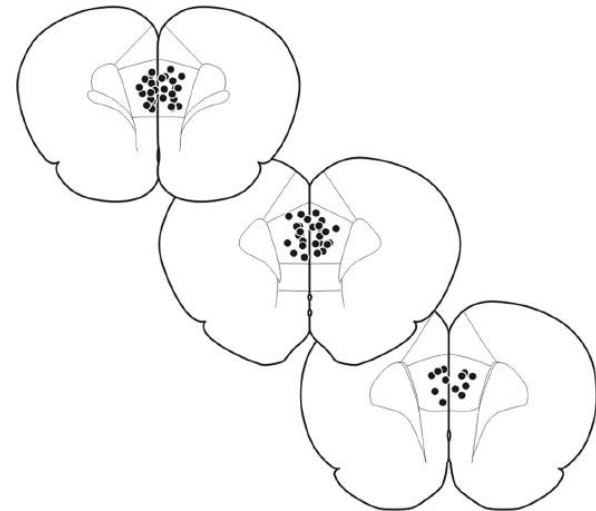
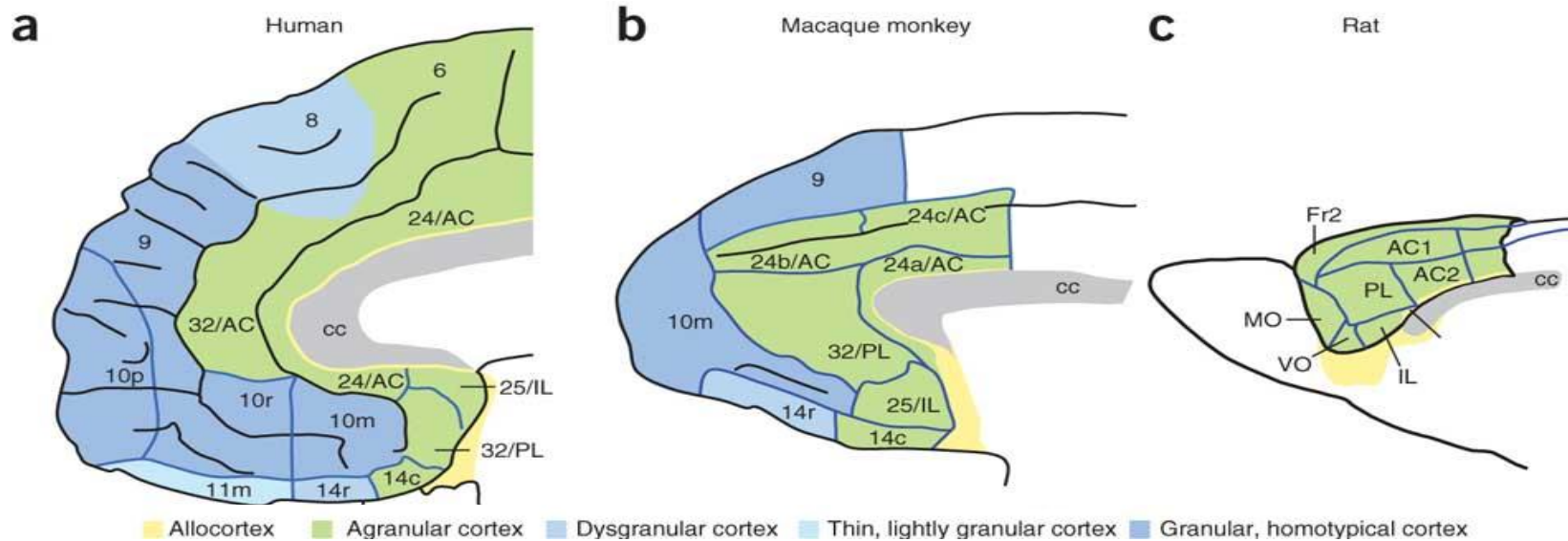


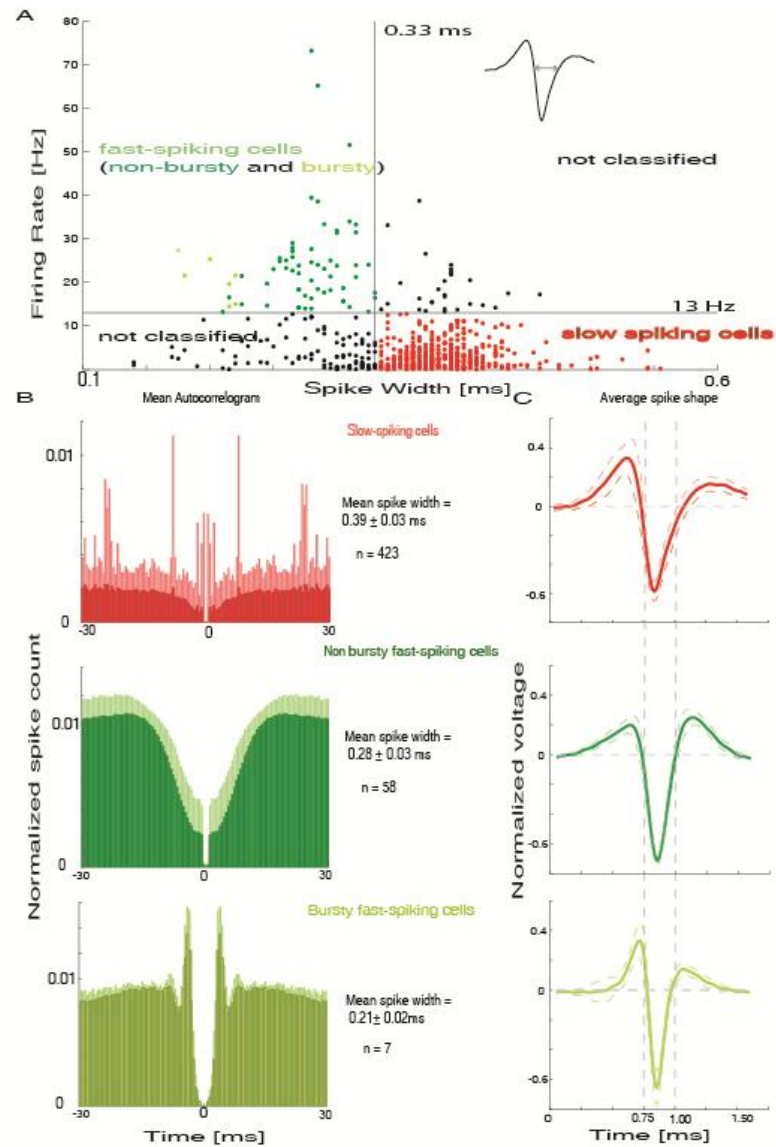
Figure 2. Histology. Schematic of coronal sections of the rat brain showing the range of acceptable locations of infusions through the rostral-caudal extent of the medial PFC for all rats.

Further Slides

Prefrontal cortex

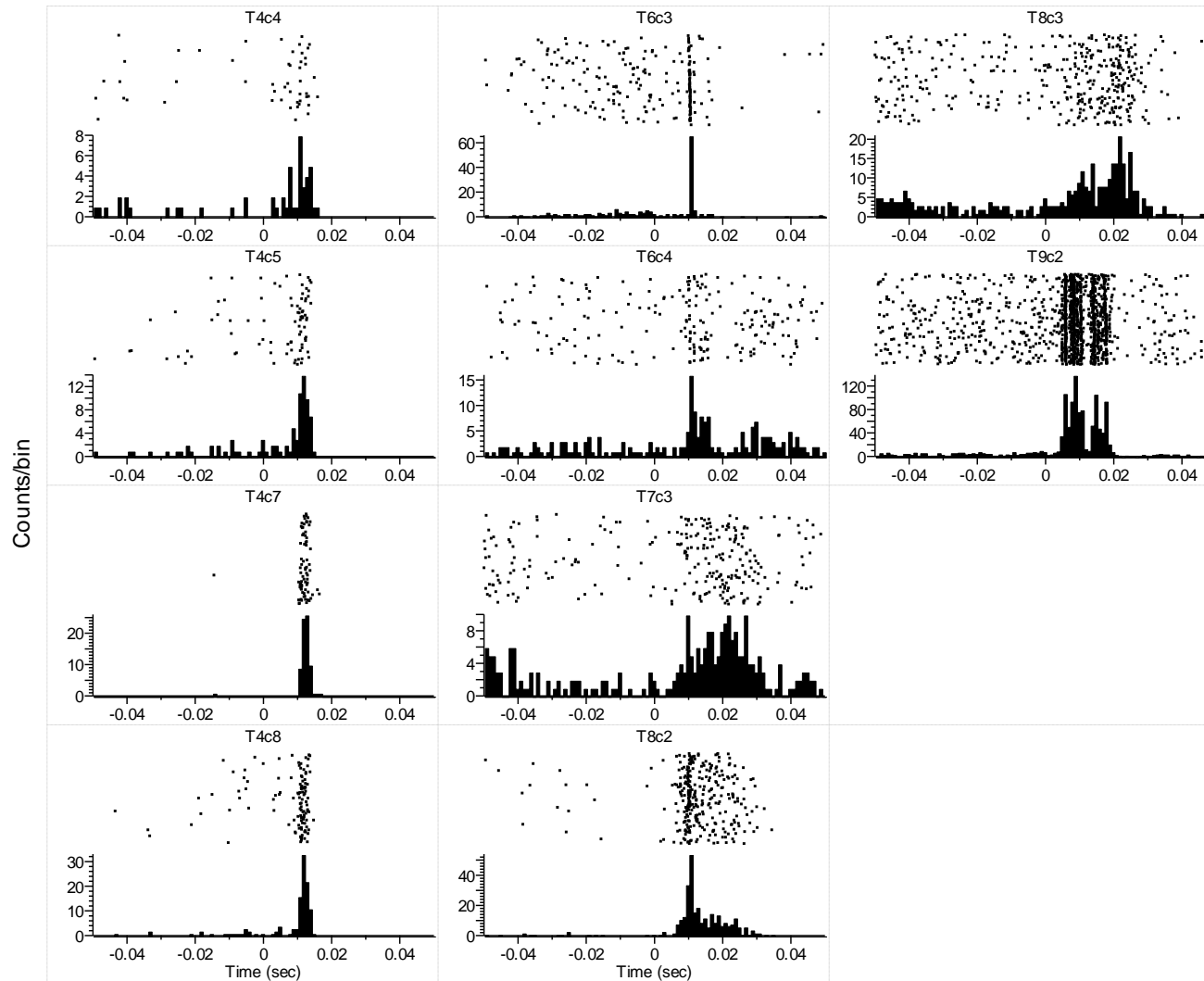


Further Slides



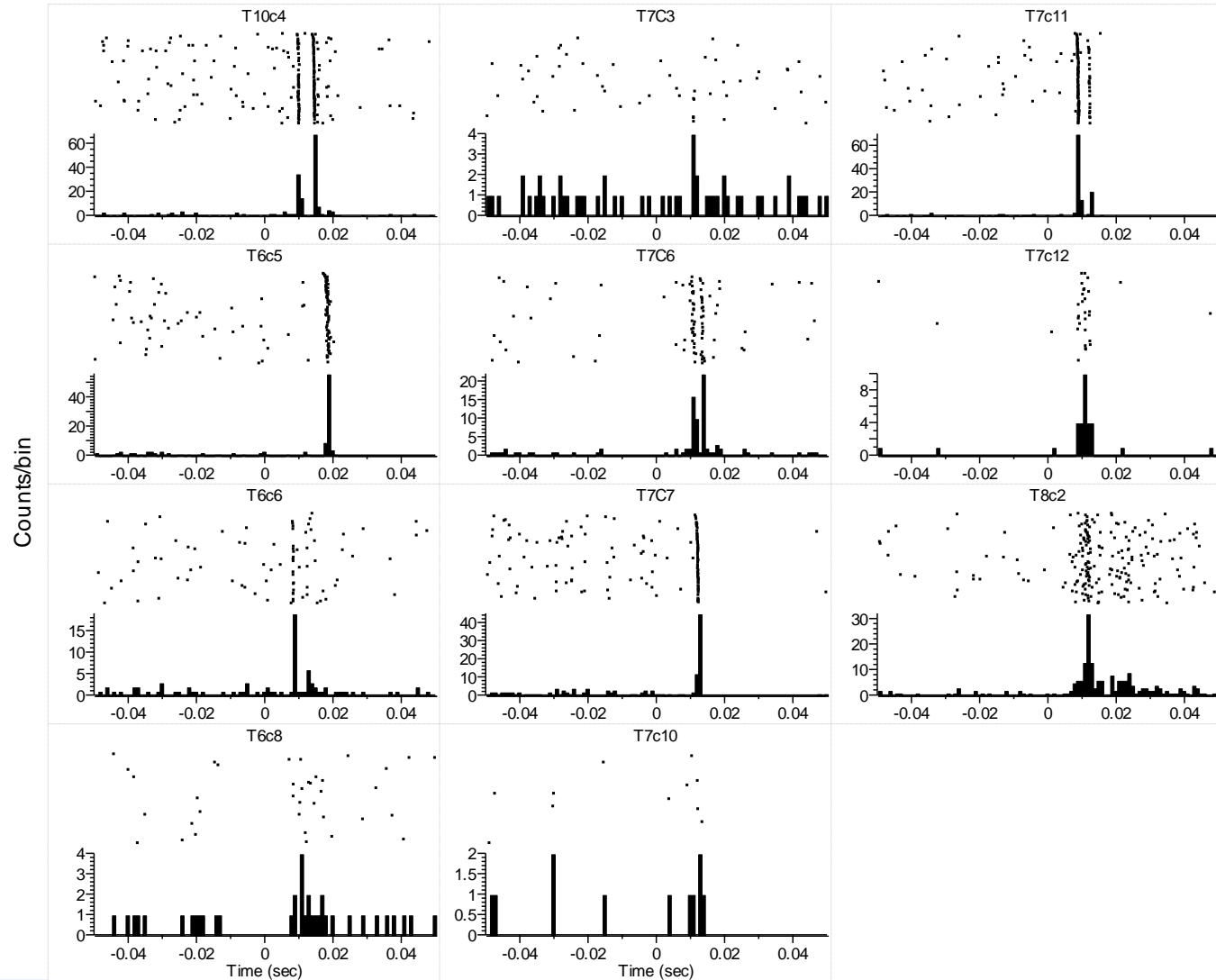
Thalamic Stimulation – 1 Session

Perievent Rasters, reference = TH, bin = 1 ms



Raphae Stimulation – 1 Session

Perievent Rasters, reference = DR1, bin = 1 ms



Telencephalon			substantia innominata	+++	+
cortex			tania tecta		
cingulate	+++	+++	dorsal	++	++
ectorhinal	+	--	ventral	+	--
entorhinal	++	++	ventral pallidum	+	--
frontal polar			Diencephalon		
medial part	+++	+++	Thalamus		
lateral part	--	--	anterodorsal n.	--	--
infralimbic	+++	+++	anteromedial n.	+	++
insular			anteroventral n.	--	--
dorsal agranular	+	+++	central lateral n.	--	+
ventral agranular	++	+++	central medial n.	++	++
posterior agranular	+	--	interanteromedial	++	+++
dysgranular	--	--	intermediodorsal n.	+++	+++
granular	--	--	lateral geniculate n.	--	--
lateral agranular (motor)	--	--	lateral habenula	+	+
medial agranular (motor)	+	+	laterodorsal n.	+	+
occipital	--	--	lateroposterior n.	+	+
orbital			medial geniculate n.	--	--
lateral part	+	+	medial habenula	--	--
medial part	+++	+++	mediodorsal n.		
ventral part	++	+	medial division	+++	+++
ventrolateral part	+	+	central division	++	++
perirhinal	+	++	lateral division	+	+++
piriform			paracentral n.	--	--
anterior part	--	+	parafascicular n.	+	+
posterior part	++	--	paratentorial n.	+++	+++
prelimbic	+++	+++	paraventricular n.		
retrosplenial	+	+	anterior part	+++	+++
somatosensory I	--	--	posterior part	+++	+++
somatosensory II	--	--	posterior n.	--	--
temporal	--	--	reticular n.	--	--
accumbens n.			reuniens n.	+++	+++
shell	+	+++	rhomboid n.	++	+
core	+	+++	submedial n.	--	--
amygdala			ventral anterior-lateral n.	--	--
anterior area	++	--	ventral basal complex	--	--
basolateral	+	+++	Hypothalamus		
basomedial	+++	+	anterior n.	++	--
central			dorsal hypothalamic area	++	+
capsular part	++	+++	dorsomedial n.	+++	+
medial part	+++	++	lateral n.	+++	++
cortical			mammillary bodies	+	--
anterior part	++	--	paraventricular n.	--	--
posterior part	+	--	perifornical area	+++	++
medial	+++	--	posterior n.	+++	+
lateral	+	+	premamillary n.		
posterior	+	--	dorsal	--	--
anterior olfactory nucleus			ventral	+	--
medial part	+++	++	supramammillary n.	++	++
ventral part	+++	+++	ventromedial n.	--	--
bed n. of stria terminalis	+++	--	Subthalamus		
caudate-putamen	++	++	fields of Forel	+	--
claustrum	--	+++	zona incerta	+	--
diagonal band n.			Brainstem		
horizontal limb	+++	+	anterior pretectal n.	--	--
vertical limb	++	--	Barrington's n.	+	+
endopiriform n.	+++	--	cuneiform n.	--	+
globus pallidus	--	--	dorsal motor n. vagus	+	--
hippocampal formation			dorsal raphe n.	+	+++
Ammon's horn	--	--	dorsal tegmental n.	--	--
dentate gyrus	--	--	interpeduncular n.	++	+
subiculum	--	--	laterodorsal tegmental n.	+	+
lateral septum			locus coeruleus	+	--
dorsal n.	++	--	mesencephalic reticular formation	+	+
intermediate n.	+	--	n. ambiguus	--	--
ventral n.	+++	+	n. incertus	+	++
lateral preoptic area	+++	+	n. gigantocellularis	--	+
magnocellular preoptic n.	+	+	n. pons	--	--
medial preoptic area	+++	+	n. pontis caudalis	--	--
median preoptic n.	++	--	n. pontis oralis	--	--
medial septal n.	+	--	n. posterior commissure		
olfactory tubercle	++	+++	n. solitary tract	+	--
septofimbrial n.	--	--	parabrachial n.		
septohippocampal n.	++	--	medial part	++	--

Progress

- 73 sessions in 5 animals (3 with opto-hyperdrive in place)
- 37 sessions analysed – 630 cells
- 20 Sessions clustered but not yet analysed
- 80 identified antidromically activated cells (2 animals)

